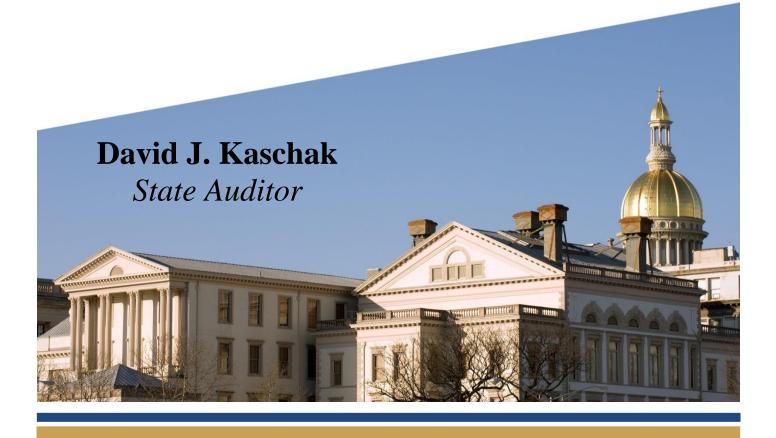


New Jersey Legislature \* Office of LEGISLATIVE SERVICES \* OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

## Pinelands Commission

Fiscal Year 2021



LEGISLATIVE SERVICES COMMISSION 2022-2023

Assemblyman Craig J. Coughlin, Chair

Senator Anthony M. Bucco, Vice-Chair

SENATE Christopher J. Connors Kristin M. Corrado Sandra B. Cunningham Linda R. Greenstein Joseph Pennacchio M. Teresa Ruiz Nicholas P. Scutari

#### GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Annette Chaparro John DiMaio Louis D. Greenwald Nancy F. Muñoz Verlina Reynolds-Jackson Edward H. Thomson Harold J. Wirths



## NEW JERSEY STATE LEGISLATURE \* Office of LEGISLATIVE SERVICES \*

STATE HOUSE ANNEX • P.O. BOX 068 • TRENTON, NJ 08625-0068 www.njleg.state.nj.us

The Honorable Philip D. Murphy Governor of New Jersey

The Honorable Nicholas P. Scutari President of the Senate

The Honorable Craig J. Coughlin Speaker of the General Assembly

Ms. Maureen McMahon Executive Director Office of Legislative Services

Enclosed is our report on the audit of the Pinelands Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. If you would like a personal briefing, please call me at (609) 847-3470.

David Kaschak

David J. Kaschak State Auditor January 31, 2024 OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR 609-847-3470 Fax 609-633-0834

> David J. Kaschak State Auditor

Brian M. Klingele Assistant State Auditor

Thomas Troutman Assistant State Auditor

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LEGISLATIVE SERVICES COMMISSION 2022-2023

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

The Honorable Philip D. Murphy Governor of New Jersey

The Honorable Nicholas P. Scutari President of the Senate

The Honorable Craig J. Coughlin Speaker of the General Assembly

Ms. Maureen McMahon Executive Director Office of Legislative Services

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying modified accrual basis financial statements of the Pinelands Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified accrual basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR 609-847-3470 Fax 609-633-0834

> David J. Kaschak State Auditor

Brian M. Klingele Assistant State Auditor

Thomas Troutman Assistant State Auditor

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the Pinelands Commission prepares its financial statements on a modified accrual basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified accrual basis financial position of the Pinelands Commission as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds for the year then ended in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting described in Note 1.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

### Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion was not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements

As discussed in Note 1, the Commission adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, and GASB Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 61*. Our opinion was not modified with respect to these matters.

## **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules listed under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Pinelands Commission's financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is presented for the purpose of additional analysis as required by New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular No. 15-08-OMB and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2024 on our consideration of the Pinelands Commission management's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Pinelands Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

David & Kaschak

David J. Kaschak State Auditor January 31, 2024

#### PINELANDS COMMISSION COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2021

		GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES		FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES ACCOUN				T GROU	IPS								
	(	GENERAL FUND		SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		REVENUE		EVENUE PURPOSE FIXED LONG-TERM		PURPOSE		FIXED LONG-TERM		FIXED		TOTAL (Memorandum Only)	
ASSETS																	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	3,062,278	\$	8,367,531	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,429,809					
Receivables: Federal		177,613										177,613					
Other		177,015		-		-		-		-		1/7,015					
General Fixed Assets:		-		-		-		-		-		-					
Furniture & Equipment		-		-		-		1,129,821		-		1,129,821					
Vehicles		-		-		-		110,720		-		110,720					
Amount to be Provided for																	
Retirement of Long-Term Liabilities		-		-		-		-		620,102		620,102					
Due from Other Funds		563,277		-		-		-		-		563,277					
Restricted Cash & Cash Equivalents		29,698		-		48,856		-		-		78,554					
Total Assets	\$	3,832,866	\$	8,367,531	\$	48,856	\$	1,240,541	\$	620,102	\$	14,109,896					
LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITY																	
Liabilities:																	
Accounts Payable	\$	753,315	\$	41,305	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	794,620					
Salaries Payable		97,944		-		-		-		-		97,944					
Payroll Deductions Payable		95,963		-		-		-		-		95,963					
Compensated Absences		77,844		-		-		-		620,102		697,946					
Deferred Revenue		29,600		1,759,200		-		-		-		1,788,800					
Due to State of New Jersey		255		-		-		-		-		255					
Due to Other Funds		-		541,384	<u> </u>	21,893		-		-	<u> </u>	563,277					
Total Liabilities	\$	1,054,921	\$	2,341,889	\$	21,893	\$	-	\$	620,102	\$	4,038,805					
Fund Equity:																	
Restricted For:																	
Unemployment Compensation	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,602	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,602					
Katie Fund		-		-		8,361		-		-		8,361					
Timber Rattlesnake Study		6,675		-		-		-		-		6,675					
Rattlesnake Fencing		21,749		-		-		-		-		21,749					
Committed To:				F 102 24F								F 102 24F					
Pinelands Conservation Kirkwood-Cohansey Study		-		5,102,245 29,185		-		-		-		5,102,245 29,185					
Encumbrances		203,176		29,103								203,176					
Retiree's Health Benefits		799,155		_		-		_		_		799,155					
Microfilming Project				-		-		-		-							
Building Improvements		-		-		-		-		-		-					
Vehicle Replacements		-		-		-		-		-		-					
Computer Replacements		-		-		-		-		-		-					
Other		-		-		-		-		-		-					
Investment in General Fixed Assets		-		-		-		1,240,541		-		1,240,541					
Assigned To:				014 207		15 000						(127 (07)					
Subsequent Years Expenditures Other		(957,004)		814,397		15,000		-		-		(127,607)					
Unassigned Fund Balance:		- 2,704,194		79,815		-		-		-		79,815 2,704,194					
Total Fund Equity	\$	2,704,194	\$	6,025,642	\$	26,963	\$	1,240,541	\$	<u> </u>	\$	10,071,091					
Total Liabilities & Fund Equity	Ś	3,832,866	\$	8,367,531	\$	48,856	\$	1,240,541	\$	620,102	\$	14,109,896					
rotar Euronitics & Fund Equity	Ļ	3,032,000	Ý	0,007,001	Ŷ	-0,000	ې	1,270,341	Ļ	020,102	Ŷ	1,109,090					

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this Statement.

#### PINELANDS COMMISSION COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL AND FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		GOVERI FUNE		ES	FUI	OUCIARY ND TYPE		
			SPECIAL		PRIVATE			
	(	GENERAL	REVENUE		PURPOSE		() ( = ==	TOTAL
REVENUES		FUND		FUNDS	TRU	ST FUNDS	(ivien	norandum Only)
State of New Jersey Appropriations	Ś	3,099,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,099,000
Fringe Benefits Paid by the State	Ŷ	687,000	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	687,000
State of New Jersey Supplemental Appropriations		-		-		-		-
Federal Grants		678,820		-		-		678,820
State Grants		-		500,000		-		500,000
Other Grants		-		-		-		-
Interest Income		2,170		5,143		30		7,343
Unemployment Deductions		, -		, -		-		-
Application Fees		643,429		-		-		643,429
Other		79,258		-		75		79,333
Total Revenues	\$	5,189,677	\$	505,143	\$	105	\$	5,694,925
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Personnel	\$	4,367,532	\$	512,758	\$	-	\$	4,880,290
Supplies		80,493		15,239		-		95,732
Services		466,733		62,030		-		528,763
Maintenance & Rent		27,556		-		-		27,556
Capital Outlay		17,648		850		-		18,498
State Aid & Grants		-		-		-		-
Land Acquisition		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures	\$	4,959,962	\$	590,877	\$	-	\$	5,550,839
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	229,715	\$	(85,734)	\$	105	\$	144,086
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Uncollectible Receivables	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Operating Transfers Out		-		(60,000)		-		(60,000)
Operating Transfers In		60,000		-		-		60,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	60,000	\$	(60,000)	\$	-	\$	-
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures								
& Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	289,715	\$	(145,734)	\$	105	\$	144,086
Fund Balance - Beginning of the Year		2,488,230		6,171,376		26,858		8,686,464
Fund Balance - End of the Year	Ş	2,777,945	\$	6,025,642	\$	26,963	\$	8,830,550

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this Statement.

#### PINELANDS COMMISSION COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TYPES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	GENERAL FUND			VARIANCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					VARIANCE						
	ADOPTED		FINAL			FA	VORABLE/	A	DOPTED		FINAL			FAV	ORABLE/
	BUDGET		BUDGET		ACTUAL	(UNF	AVORABLE)	E	BUDGET	E	BUDGET	A	ACTUAL	(UNFA	VORABLE)
REVENUES						-	<u> </u>								<u> </u>
State of New Jersey Appropriations	\$ 3,099,000	\$	3,099,000	\$	3,099,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State Supplemental Appropriations	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fringe Benefits Paid by the State	687,000		687,000		687,000		-		-		-		-		-
Federal Grants	585,000		585,000		678,820		93,820		-		-		-		-
State Grants	-		-		-		-		500,000		500,000		500,000		-
Other Grants	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest Income	4,000		4,000		2,170		(1,830)		7,098		7,098		5,143		(1,955)
Application Fees	380,000		380,000		643,429		263,429		-		-		-		-
Anticipated from Reserves	142,070		142,070		-		(142,070)		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance Anticipated	957,004		957,004		957,004		-		31,586		31,586		-		(31,586)
Pinelands Conservation Activities Reserves	-		-		-		-		323,556		323,556		-		(323,556)
Other	1,000		1,000		79,258		78,258		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues	\$ 5,855,074	\$	5,855,074	\$	6,146,681	\$	291,607	\$	862,240	\$	862,240	\$	505,143	\$	(357,097)
EXPENDITURES															
Current:															
Personnel	\$ 4,955,565	\$	4,955,565	\$	4,367,532	\$	588,033	\$	675,239	\$	675,239	\$	512,758	\$	162,481
Supplies	128,784		128,784		81,932		46,852		16,545		16,545		15,239		1,306
Services	701,967		701,967		376,676		325,291		107,456		107,456		62,030		45,426
Maintenance & Rent	83,620		83,620		35,556		48,064		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay	45,138		45,138		11,655		33,483		3,000		3,000		850		2,150
State Aid and Grants	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Land Acquisition	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures	\$ 5,915,074	\$	5,915,074	\$	4,873,351	\$	1,041,723	\$	802,240	\$	802,240	\$	590,877	\$	211,363
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)															
Uncollectible Receivables	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Operating Transfers Out	-		-		-		-		(60,000)		(60,000)		(60,000)		-
Operating Transfers In	60,000		60,000		60,000		-		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	-	\$	(60,000)	\$	(60,000)	\$	(60,000)	\$	-
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Fund Balances	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,333,330	\$	1,333,330	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(145,734)	\$	(145,734)
·· ·		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	/		/

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this Statement.

#### PINELANDS COMMISSION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### Note 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

**Description of the Reporting Entity** – The Pinelands Commission (Commission) was formed in 1979 by the Pinelands Protection Act. The Commission is charged with the development and implementation of the Comprehensive Management Plan for the Pinelands. It plays significant roles in monitoring the level and types of development that occur within the Pinelands including, but not limited to, acquisition of land, planning, zoning, permitting, research, and education. The Commission consists of 15 members. Seven are appointed by the Governor of New Jersey. Another seven are appointed by each of the counties within the Pinelands, i.e., Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, and Ocean. One member is appointed by the U.S. Secretary of the Interior. The Commission works closely with all levels of government, organizations, and interested citizens to help them understand and implement the Pinelands Comprehensive Management Plan.

The primary criterion for including activities within the Commission's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB <u>Codification of Governmental</u> <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Commission. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. The combined financial statements include all funds and account groups of the Commission over which the board exercises operating control. There were no additional entities required to be included in the reporting entity under the criterion as described above in the current fiscal year.

**Basis of Presentation** – The financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The more significant of the Commission's accounting policies are described in this note.

The accounts of the Commission are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources. The various funds and accounts are grouped into three fund types within two broad fund categories and two account groups as follows:

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Commission. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Special Revenue Funds** – The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenues, other than trusts, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Commission utilizes the following three special revenue funds:

<u>Pinelands Development Credit Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for appropriations from the State of New Jersey that are restricted to purchasing Pinelands Development Credits through the Pinelands Development Credit Bank.

<u>Kirkwood-Cohansey Study Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for monies transferred to the Commission from the "Water Supply Fund" by the State of New Jersey to fund the completion of a report on the assessment on how the future and current water supply needs within the Pinelands area may be met while protecting the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system.

<u>Pinelands Conservation Fund</u> – The Commission has reserved a portion of this fund to be used for preservation of land and designated other portions to be used for conservation planning/research and for community planning/design.

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

**Private Purpose Trust Funds** – The Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the Commission in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. These include two Private Purpose Trust Funds: the Unemployment Compensation Insurance Fund and the "Katie Fund". Private Purpose Trust Funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as governmental funds. Private Purpose Trust Funds account for assets of which both the principal and interest may be spent.

### ACCOUNT GROUPS

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> – Fixed assets used in governmental fund type operations are accounted for in the General Fixed Assets Account Group rather than in governmental funds.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> – Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from governmental funds are accounted for in the General Long-Term

Debt Account Group, not in the governmental funds. This includes the non-current portion of the liability for compensated absences.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types is limited to exclude amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities. They are instead reported as liabilities in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

**Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus** – The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for measuring financial position and operating results of all governmental and fiduciary fund types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recorded when due.

**<u>Budgets/Budgetary Control</u>** – An annual appropriated budget is approved by the Commission each year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. The budgets are prepared using the budgetary basis of accounting. Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types.

The accounting records of the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are maintained on the budgetary basis. The budgetary basis differs from modified accrual basis in that the budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes increases/decreases in internal designations of fund balance, whereas the modified accrual basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of modified basis financial reports.

The budget, as detailed on the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – General and Special Revenue Fund Types, Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis, includes all amendments to the adopted budget.

The following presents a reconciliation of the General Fund from the budgetary basis of accounting as presented in the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – General and Special Revenue Fund Types, Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting as presented in the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – All Governmental and Fiduciary Fund Types.

Net increase (decrease) in fund balances for the year (budgetary basis)	
adjustments:	\$ 1,333,330
Less: net decrease in revenue recognized in previous years	(957,004)
Less: prior-year encumbrances recognized as current-year expenditures	(289,787)
Add: current-year encumbrances	 203,176
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over	
expenditures and other financing uses (modified accrual basis)	\$ 289,715

The following presents a reconciliation of the Special Revenue Funds from the budgetary basis of accounting as presented in the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – General and Special Revenue Fund Types – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting as presented in the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – All Governmental and Fiduciary Fund Types.

Net increase (decrease) in fund balances for the year (budgetary basis)	
adjustments:	\$ (145,734)
Less: net decrease in revenue recognized in previous years	-
Less: prior-year encumbrances recognized as current-year expenditures	-
Add: current-year encumbrances	 -
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over	
expenditures and other financing uses (modified accrual basis)	\$ (145,734)

**Encumbrances** – Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balances at fiscal year end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> – Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds, cash in banks, and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and are stated at cost that approximates fair value. The Commission also participates in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund administered by the New Jersey Department of the Treasury, Division of Investment, wherein amounts contributed by the state, as well as other local government units, are combined into a large-scale investment program.

**Fixed Assets** – General fixed assets are reflected as expenditures in the applicable governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. Fixed assets are defined by the Commission as assets that have a cost in excess of \$250 at the date of acquisition and a useful life of one year or more.

<u>**Compensated Absences**</u> – Compensated absences are those absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation, sick, administration, and paid leave bank. A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the Commission and

its employees is accrued as the employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences related to future services or contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the Commission and its employees are accounted for in the period in which such services are rendered or in which such events take place.

In governmental funds, compensated absences that are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expenditure and fund liability in the fund that will pay for the compensated absences. The remainder of the compensated absences liability is reported in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

**Due from/to Other Funds** – Amounts due from/to other funds represent monies owed from or to other funds. The General Fund disburses all the funds for expenditures incurred by all other funds, and the monies are transferred between funds.

**<u>Deferred Revenue</u>** – Deferred revenue in the General and Special Revenue Funds represents cash that has been received but not yet earned.

**Fund Balance** – Refer to Note 11 for full description.

<u>Total Columns on Combined Statements</u> – Total columns are captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, nor is such data comparable to a consolidation.

<u>Management Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States required management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results can differ from those estimates.

### CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY

### **Recently Issued Accounting Principles**

In Fiscal Year 2021, the Commission adopted two new Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards as follows:

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* was issued to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported.

GASB Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 61* improves the consistency and comparability of

reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units.

Accounting standards not yet adopted that the Commission is currently reviewing for applicability and potential impact include:

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* was issued to establish standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. After the issuance of GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* in May 2020, the effective date was postponed for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The requirements of this statement will improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with more relevant information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period. The resulting information also will enhance the comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for both governmental activities and business-type activities. This standard is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations* will improve financial reporting by providing a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations for government issuers and eliminate diversity in practice. The statement achieves these objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. This standard is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020* was issued in January 2020 to improve the consistency in authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. Paragraphs 4, 5, 11 and 13 of this statement were effective upon issuance, though paragraphs 4 and 5 were later delayed by GASB Statement No. 95. The remaining paragraphs of the statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 93 *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates* applies to governments who enter into agreements that were subject to the Interbank Offered Rate (IBOR). This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships (PPPs) and Availability Payment Arrangements (APAs)* was issued as guidance stating that PPP is an arrangement in which a government contracts with an operator to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate of use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset, for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The statement also provides guidance for APAs, which is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, construction, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. This statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to -use subscription asset and a corresponding liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*, was issued to increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units, mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution benefit plans and enhance the relevance, consistency and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans. This standard is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Management has not yet determined the impact of these statements on the financial statements.

### Note 2: <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</u>

The Pinelands Commission is governed by the deposit limitations of New Jersey state law. The deposits held at June 30, 2021, and reported at fair value are as follows:

Deposits:	Amount
Demand deposits	\$ 11,507,734
Cash on hand	629
Total Deposits	\$ 11,508,363
Reconciliation of Statement of Comparative Balance Sheets:	
General Fund	\$ 3,091,976
Special Revenue Funds	8,367,531
Private Purpose Trust Funds	48,856
Total Reconciliation of Comparative Balance Sheets	\$ 11,508,363

GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure*, requires that the Pinelands Commission disclose bank deposits that are subject to custodial credit risk. The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depositary financial institution, the Commission will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that may be in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2021, the Commission's confirmed bank balances amounted to \$204,053.35, and \$0 was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized.

The balance of the Commission's cash and cash equivalents are deposited in the New Jersey Cash Management Fund (CMF). The CMF is governed by regulations of the State Investment Council, which prescribe standards designed to ensure the quality of investments in order to minimize risk to the CMF's participants. An amount totaling \$11,369,410 was deposited with the CMF as of June 30, 2021; the Commission had \$138,335 in the operating account and \$629 in petty cash. The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Investment, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements of the CMF. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of Investment, P.O. Box 290, Trenton, NJ 08625-0290.

#### Note 3: <u>FIXED ASSETS</u>

The following schedule is a summarization of general fixed assets by source as of June 30, 2021:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2020	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2021
Furniture/ Equipment	\$ 1,114,858	\$ 14,963	\$ -	\$ 1,129,821
Vehicles	110,720	-		110,720
Total	\$ 1,225,578	\$ 14,963	\$ -	\$ 1,240,541

#### Note 4: <u>LEASES</u>

**Lease Obligations** – At June 30, 2021, the Commission had no operating lease agreements in effect. The Commission is paying a monthly rental charge for a copy machine that is no longer under an agreement. Payments under the month-to-month rental for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were \$5,251.

#### Note 5: <u>RETIREMENT SYSTEM</u>

All required employees of the Commission are covered by the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), which has been established by state statute and is administered by the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits (division). According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of the system will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the system terminate. The division issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to:

State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits P.O. Box 295 Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295 http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/gasb-notices.shtml

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

### **Description of Retirement Plan**

**PERS** – is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established as of January 1, 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A. The PERS's designated purpose is to provide retirement, death, disability, and medical benefits to certain qualified members. Membership in the PERS is mandatory for substantially all full-time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, school district, or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state-administered retirement system, other state pension fund, or local jurisdiction's pension fund.

#### **Vesting and Benefit Provisions**

**PERS** – The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and 43:3B. The PERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of the PERS.

The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier	Definition
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

## Contributions

**PERS** – The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Members contribute at a uniform rate. Pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, the active member contribution rate increased from 5.5% of annual compensation to 6.5% plus an additional 1% phased-in over seven years beginning in July 2012.

The member contribution rate was 7.50% in state fiscal year 2020. The phase-in of the additional incremental member contribution rate takes place in July of each subsequent state fiscal year. The rate for members who are eligible for the Prosecutors Part of PERS (Chapter 366, P.L. 2001) was 10%. Employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate. The Commission's contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability.

The Commission's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was 15.90% of the Commission's covered payroll. This amount was actuarially determined as the amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, including an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Based on the most recent PERS measurement date of June 30, 2020, the Commission's contractually required contribution to the pension plan for the fiscal

year ended June 30, 2021 was \$486,504, and was paid on April 7, 2022. The Commission's contractually required contribution to the pension plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was \$502,099 and was paid by April 8, 2021. Commission employee contributions to the pension plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were \$255,880.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

**PERS** – At June 30, 2021, the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability was \$7,484,719. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The total pension liability was calculated through the use of updated procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The Commission's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Commission's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. For the June 30, 2020 measurement date, the Commission's proportion was 0.0458977285%, which was an increase of 0.0034941411% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Commission's proportionate share of the pension expense was \$484,597. This pension expense was based on the pension plan's June 30, 2020 measurement date. This expense is not recognized by the Commission because of the basis of accounting as described in Note 1; however, as previously mentioned for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Commission's contribution to PERS was \$502,099 and was paid by April 8, 2021.

At June 30, 2020, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

	0	Deferred Dutflows Resources	I	eferred nflows Resources
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	\$	136,284	\$	26,469
Changes of assumptions		242,813	3	3,133,923
Net difference between projected				
and actual earnings on pension				
plan investments		255,834		-
Changes in proportion		1,129,043		35,001
Commission contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date		486,504		-
	\$	2,250,478	\$ 3	3,195,393

The amount of \$486,504, included in deferred outflows of resources, will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Amount
2022	\$ (638,049)
2023	(559,559)
2024	(194,920)
2025	(20,486)
2026	(18,405)
	\$(1,431,419)

The amortization of the above other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be over the following number of years:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources (in years)	Deferred Inflows of Resources (in years)
Differences between expected		
and actual experience		
Year of pension plan deferral:		
June 30, 2014	-	-
June 30, 2015	5.72	-
June 30, 2016	5.57	-
June 30, 2017	5.48	-
June 30, 2018	-	5.63
June 30, 2019	5.21	-
June 30, 2020	5.16	-
Changes of assumptions		
Year of pension plan deferral:		
June 30, 2014	6.44	-
June 30, 2015	5.72	-
June 30, 2016	5.57	-
June 30, 2017	-	5.48
June 30, 2018	-	5.63
June 30, 2019	-	5.21
June 30, 2020	-	5.16
Net difference between projected		
and actual earnings on pension		
plan investments		
Year of pension plan deferral:		
June 30, 2014	-	5.00
June 30, 2015	5.00	-
June 30, 2016	5.00	-
June 30, 2017	-	5.00
June 30, 2018	-	5.00
June 30, 2019	5.00	-
June 30, 2020	5.00	-
Changes in proportion		
Year of pension plan deferral:		
June 30, 2014	6.44	6.44
June 30, 2015	5.72	5.72
June 30, 2016	5.57	5.57
June 30, 2017	5.48	5.48
June 30, 2018	5.63	5.63
June 30, 2019	5.21	5.21
June 30, 2020	5.16	5.16

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The total pension liability was calculated through the use of updated procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	PERS
Inflation - Price	2.75%
Inflation - Wage	3.25%
Salary increases:	
FY 2017 to 2026	2.00% - 6.00% Based on Years of Service
FY 2026 and thereafter	3.00% - 7.00% Based on Years of Service
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Mortality rate table	Pub-2010
Period of actuarial experience study upon which actuarial	
assumptions were based	July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2018

For PERS, pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis.

In accordance with state statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2020) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the PERS Board of Trustees, and the actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

	PERS		
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Risk mitigation strategies	3.00%	3.40%	
Cash equivalents	4.00%	0.50%	
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	1.94%	
Investment grade credit	8.00%	2.67%	
High yield	2.00%	5.95%	
Private credit	8.00%	7.59%	
Real assets	3.00%	9.73%	
Real estate	8.00%	9.56%	
U.S. equity	27.00%	7.71%	
Non-U.S. developed markets equity	13.50%	8.57%	
Emerging markets equity	5.50%	10.23%	
Private equity	13.00%	11.42%	
	100.00%		

**Discount Rate** – The discount rates used to measure the total pension liability at June 30, 2020 was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be based on 78% of the actuarially determined contributions for the state employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### <u>Sensitivity of Commission's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability to</u> <u>Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability at June 30, 2020, the plans measurement date, calculated using a discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of the net

pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rates used:

	PERS				
	1%	Current	1% Increase (8.00%)		
	Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)			
Commission's proportionate share					
of the net pension liability	\$9,496,104	\$ 7,484,719	\$5,886,800		

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the respective fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. Accordingly, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. For additional information about PERS, please refer to the plan's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at: https://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml.

#### Note 6: <u>HEALTH CARE BENEFITS</u>

The Commission provides health care benefits, through the New Jersey State Health Benefits Program, to all continuing employees who are scheduled to work 25 or more hours per week, along with their spouses and eligible dependents. Expenditures for health care benefits are recognized on a pay-as-you-go basis.

In accordance with P. L. 2011, Chapter 78, employees enrolled in the New Jersey State Health Benefits Program are required to contribute a portion of their bi-weekly salary. The balance of the monthly health care benefits premium is paid by the Commission, which receives a credit from the state. Employees covered by other health insurance can elect to waive coverage and receive \$1,000 annually.

The Commission's health care benefits premiums, including employees' contributions, are as follows:

Health Care Costs							
Fiscal Cost to Employee						Cr	edit from
Year	Premium	Co	nmission	Con	tributions		State
2021	\$ 725,594	\$	(14,786)	\$	174,373	\$	566,007
2020	789,947		37,872		168,970		583,105
2019	817,394		105,692		174,699		537,003
2018	806,293		135,627		154,447		516,219
2017	798,708		152,158		134,323		512,227
2016	797,988		152,839		134,285		510,864
2015	840,454		195,690		130,114		514,650

#### Note 7: **OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)**

#### **General Information about the OPEB Plan**

Plan Description and Benefits Provided – The Commission contributes to the State Health Benefits Local Government Retired Employees' Plan (plan), which is a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan. It covers employees of local governments that have adopted a resolution to participate in the plan. The plan meets the definition of an equivalent arrangement as defined in GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for the Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions; therefore, assets are accumulated to pay associated benefits. For additional information about the plan, please refer to the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which can be found at the following link.

https://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml.

The plan provides medical and prescription drug benefits to retirees and their covered dependents. Under the provisions of Chapter 88, P.L 1974 and Chapter 48, P.L. 1999, local government employers electing to provide postretirement medical coverage to their employees must file a resolution with the division. Under Chapter 88, local employers elect to provide benefit coverage based on the eligibility rules and regulations promulgated by the State Health Benefits Commission. Chapter 48 allows local employers to establish their own age and service eligibility for employer-paid health benefits coverage for retired employees. Under Chapter 48, the employer may assume the cost of postretirement medical coverage for employees and their dependents who: 1) retired on a disability pension; or 2) retired with 25 or more years of service credit in a state or locally administered retirement system and a period of service of up to 25 years with the employer at the time of retirement as established by the employer; or 3) retired and reached the age of 65 with 25 or more years of service credit in a state or locally administered retirement system and a period of service of up to 25 years with the employer at the time of retirement as

established by the employer; or 4) retired and reached age 62 with at least 15 years of service with the employer. Further, the law provides that the employer-paid obligations for retiree coverage may be determined by means of a collective negotiations agreement.

Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L., 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 or more years of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

**Contributions** – The funding policy for the OPEB Plan is pay-as-you-go; therefore, there is no prefunding of the liability. However, due to premium rates being set prior to each calendar year, there is a minimal amount of net position available to cover benefits in future years. Contributions to pay for the health benefit premiums of participating employees in the OPEB plan are collected from participating local employers and retired members.

The Commission was billed monthly by the plan and has expended \$163,364 for the fiscal ended June 30, 2021, representing 5.34% of the Commission's covered payroll. The Commission has recognized revenue in the amount of \$120,993 for a credit from the State of New Jersey to cover retiree health benefits; however this credit has no effect on the calculations in the plan. At June 30, 2021, there were no retirees required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage.

## **OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

**OPEB Liability** – At June 30, 2021, the Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability was \$9,645,048. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2020.

The Commission's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the ratio of the plan members of an individual employer to the total members of the plan's nonspecial funding situation during the measurement period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020. For the June 30, 2020 measurement date, the Commission's proportion was 0.053743%, which was an increase of 0.000985% from its proportion measured as of the June 30, 2019 measurement date.

**OPEB Expense** – At June 30, 2021, the Commission's proportionate share of the OPEB expense, calculated by the plan as of June 30, 2020 measurement date is \$19,407. This expense is not recognized by the Commission because of the basis of the accounting as described in Note 1; however, as previously mentioned, for the

fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Commission made contributions to the plan totaling \$163,364.

**Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources** – At June 30, 2021, the Commission had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB liability from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected		
and actual experience	\$ 254,043	\$ 1,796,088
Changes of assumptions	1,442,596	2,144,910
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB		
plan investments	6,125	-
Changes in proportion	191,717	425,376
Changes in contributions subsequent to		
the measurement date	163,364	
Total	\$ 2,057,845	\$ 4,366,374

The amount of \$163,364, included in deferred outflows of resources, resulting from the Commission's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be included as a reduction of the Commission's net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

The Commission will amortize the other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB liability over the following number of years:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources (in years)	Deferred Inflows of Resources (in years)
Changes of assumptions	7.87	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB		
plan investments	5.00	-
Changes in proportion	7.87	7.87

Other amounts included as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB liability will be recognized in future periods as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30		Amount
2022	\$	(552,481)
2023		(552,952)
2024		(553,711)
2025		(554,406)
2026		(388,854)
Thereafter		130,511
Total	\$ (	2,471,893)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan in which the member is enrolled. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2020 and used the following assumptions:

	Actuarial Assumptions
Inflation	2.50%
*Salary increases:	
Through 2026	2.00% - 6.00%
Thereafter	3.00% - 7.00%

\*Salary increases are based on the years of service within the respective plan.

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Employee Male/Female mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2020 scale. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Annuitant Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2020 scale. Disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 Headcount-Weighted Disabled Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2020 scale. Disability mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2020 scale.

Certain actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the pension plan's experience study for which the members are eligible for coverage under this plan, the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). The PERS experience study was prepared for the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2019.

**Discount Rate** – The discount rate used to measure the OPEB Liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.21%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the state. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal bond rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

**Health Care Trend Assumptions** – For pre-Medicare preferred provider organization (PPO) and health maintenance organization (HMO) medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.6% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years. For self-insured post-65 PPO and HMO medical benefits, the trend rate is 4.5%. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 7.0% decreasing to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%. The Medicare Advantage trend rate is 4.5% and will continue in all future years.

**Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** – The Commission's net OPEB liability as of the plan's June 30, 2020 measurement date, calculated using a discount rate of 2.21%, as well as using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rates used is as follows:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	<b>Discount Rate</b>	Increase
	(1.21%)	(2.21%)	(3.21%)
Commission's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$11,402,485	\$ 9,645,048	\$8,253,877

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2020, using a healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate used is as follows:

	1% Decrease	lthcare Cost end Rates	1% Increase	
Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 7,981,287	\$ 9,645,048	\$ 11,823,766	

#### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the respective fiduciary net position of the State Health Benefits Local Government Retired Employees' Plan and additions to/deductions from the plan's respective fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. Accordingly, contributions (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. For additional information about the plan, please refer to the plan's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which can be found at:

https://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml.

#### Note 8: <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

<u>**Property and Liability Insurance**</u> – The Commission maintains an umbrella policy and commercial insurance coverage for property, general liability, commercial auto, and workers' compensation.

<u>New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance</u> – In 1979, the Commission elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan, the Commission is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Fund for benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the state. The Commission is billed quarterly for amounts due to the state. The following is a summary of employee contributions, reimbursements to the state for benefits paid, and the ending balance of the Commission's trust fund for the current and previous four years:

	Fiscal	Employee		1	Annual		Funding	
_	Year	Contribution		bution Reimbursement		Ba	lance *	
	2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,602	
	2020		419		-		3,586	
	2019		4,454		16,614		2,724	
	2018		6,334		872		14,302	
	2017		4,375		12,050		8,566	

\*Includes annual interest income

#### Note 9: LONG-TERM DEBT

<u>**Compensated Absences**</u> – The Commission's policy states that employees are entitled, upon termination, to the current year's earned but unused vacation time in addition to any unused vacation time previously earned. In addition, employees are eligible, at retirement, to receive payment for one-half of their accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of \$15,000. Unused vacation time expected to be taken in the succeeding fiscal year in the amount of \$77,844 has been recorded as a liability in the General Fund on the accompanying balance sheet.

A liability for vested compensated absences has also been established in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group as the benefits accrue to employees. As of June 30, 2021, the estimated long-term liability for compensated absences was \$620,102. Net long-term debt as of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	6/30/2020	Additions	Deductions	6/30/2021	One Year
Compensated absences payable	\$ 88,910	\$-	\$ 11,066	\$ 77,844	\$ 77,844
Estimated compensated absences payable	410,906	209,196	-	620,102	-
Total	\$499,816	\$209,196	\$ 11,066	\$697,946	\$ 77,844

#### Note 10: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The following interfund balances remained on the balance sheet at June 30, 2021:

	Interfund	Interfund
Fund	Receivable	Payable
General Fund	\$ 563,277	\$ -
Special Revenue Funds	-	541,384
Private Purpose Trust Funds		21,893
Total	\$ 563,277	\$ 563,277

The interfund receivables and payables above predominately resulted from collections and payments made by certain funds on behalf of the other funds. During the fiscal year 2021, the Commission expects to liquidate such interfund balances, depending on the availability of cash flow.

### Note 11: <u>GASB 54 – FUND BALANCE DISCLOSURES</u>

In accordance with GASB No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the Commission classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

• <u>Non-spendable</u> – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

• <u>Restricted</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are externally imposed by external parties, constitutional provision, or enabling legislation.

• <u>Committed</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end.

• <u>Assigned</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the executive director or the board of commissioners.

• <u>Unassigned</u> – includes balance within the General Fund that has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

Specific reservations of fund balances are described below:

## **RESTRICTED FOR:**

<u>Unemployment Compensation</u> – This reserve was established with funds contributed by employees and used to reimburse the state for benefits paid, \$3,602.

<u>Katie Fund</u> – The Kathleen M. Lynch-van de Sande Fund consists of contributions from the public which are dedicated to the support of reforestation and vegetation activities in the Pinelands and to further educational programs and projects that enhance the understanding of the Pinelands National Reserve, \$8,361.

<u>Timber Rattlesnake Study</u> – This reserve was created as a result of a settlement in order to fund an escrow for the study and monitoring of the timber rattlesnakes in and near a particular development site, 6,675.

<u>Rattlesnake Fencing</u> – This reserve was created to account for funds restricted for possible future fencing necessitated by the above rattlesnake study, \$21,749.

### **COMMITTED TO:**

<u>Pinelands Conservation Fund</u> – This reserve was established with funds provided by the Atlantic Electric Co. as a result of the proposed electric transmission line project to further the Pinelands protection program and ensure a greater level of protection for the unique resources of the Pinelands area, \$5,102,245.

<u>Kirkwood-Cohansey Study</u> – This reserve was created from funds from the Water Supply Fund to assess and prepare a report on the key hydrological and ecological information needed to determine how the current and future water supply needs of the Pinelands may be met while protecting the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system and avoiding any adverse ecological impact, \$29,185. <u>Encumbrances</u> – The reserve for encumbrances was created to represent encumbrances outstanding at the end of the year based on purchase orders and contracts signed by the Commission but not completed as of the close of the fiscal year, \$203,176.

<u>Retirees' Health Benefits</u> – This is a designation of fund balance that the Commission intends to use to fund future retirees' health benefits, \$799,155.

<u>Investment in General Fixed Assets</u> – This represents the amount invested in fixed assets, \$1,240,541.

#### **ASSIGNED TO:**

<u>Subsequent Year's Expenditures</u> – This designation of fund balance has been appropriated and included as anticipated revenue for the year ending June 30, 2022, \$(127,607).

<u>Other</u> – This represents designations of fund balance that the Commission intends to use for various projects, such as Pinelands poster reprinting and service awards, \$79,815.

#### **UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE:**

<u>Unassigned</u> – This represents the portion of fund balance resources available for appropriation, \$2,704,194.

### Note 12: ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Commission receives a significant portion of its total revenues from the State of New Jersey. Because these revenues are subject to annual appropriation, any reduction in the amount appropriated in the state's budget will have a material impact on the operations of the Commission. A comparison of annual operating revenues is shown below:

Fiscal	<b>Total State Aid</b>	<b>General Fund</b>	
Year	Revenues	<b>Revenues</b> *	Percentage
2021	\$ 3,786,000	\$ 5,249,677	72%
2020	3,636,000	4,659,249	78%
2019	3,486,000	5,335,483	65%
2018	3,336,000	4,342,259	77%
2017	3,486,000	4,225,149	83%

\* Includes transfers from other funds

**Required Supplementary Information** 

## PINELANDS COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF THE COMMISSION'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS) - LOCAL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	Measurement date ending June 30							
	2020			2019*		2018		2017
Commission's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	458977285%	0.0	424035874%	0.0	396726809%	0.0	387524433%
Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	7,484,719	\$	7,640,483	\$	7,811,353	\$	9,020,949
Commission's covered payroll (plan measurement period)	\$	3,255,936	\$	2,964,972	\$	2,664,084	\$	2,713,988
Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		229.88%		257.69%		293.21%		332.39%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (local)		58.32%		56.27%		53.60%		48.10%

### PINELANDS COMMISSION

## SCHEDULE OF THE COMMISSION'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS) - LOCAL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	Measurement date ending June 30							
	2016			2015	2014			2013
Commission's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	393468730%	0.03	385232928%	0.0	406718663%	0.03	9469948500%
Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	11,653,415	\$	8,647,707	\$	7,614,886	\$	7,543,491
Commission's covered payroll (plan measurement period)	\$	2,706,800	\$	2,739,132	\$	2,796,096	\$	2,698,088
Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		430.52%		315.71%		272.34%		279.59%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (local)		40.14%		47.93%		52.08%		48.72%

Note: Until a full ten-year trend is completed, information will be presented

for years for which information is available.

\*For 2019, Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liablity (local) changed from 40.45% reported in the prior year's report to 56.27%.

# PINELANDS COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF THE COMMISSION'S CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS) - LOCAL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$	486,504	\$ 502,099	\$ 412,464	\$ 394,615	\$ 359,000	\$ 349,552	\$ 331,197	\$ 335,293	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(486,504)	(502,099)	(412,464)	(394,615)	(359,000)	(349,552)	(331,197)	(331,197)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,096	
Commission's covered payroll (fiscal year)	\$	3,060,315	\$3,170,017	\$3,140,268	\$2,915,910	\$2,692,751	\$2,707,759	\$2,697,688	\$2,697,688	
Contributions as a percentage of commission's covered payroll		15.90%	15.84%	13.13%	13.53%	13.33%	12.91%	12.28%	12.43%	

Note: Until a full ten-year trend is completed, information will be presented

for years for which information is available.

Changes in Benefit Terms

None

### **Changes in Assumptions**

For 2020, the discount rate changed to 7.00%, the long-term expected rate of return remained at 7.00%, demographic assumptions remained in accordance with the results of the July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2018 experience study and the mortality improvement scale incorporated the plan actuary's modified MP-2020 projection scale. Further, salary was assumed to increase between 2.00% and 6.00% (based on years of service) through fiscal year 2026 and 3.00% and 7.00% (based on years of service) for each fiscal year thereafter. For 2019, the discount rate changed to 6.28%, the long-term expected rate of return remained at 7.00%, demographic assumptions were revised in accordance with the results of the July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2018 experience study and the mortality improvement scale incorporated the plan actuary's modified MP-2019 projection scale. For 2018, the discount rate changed to 5.66%, the long-term expected rate of return remained at 7.00%, demographic assumptions were revised in accordance with the results of the July 1, 2011 - June 30, 2014 experience study and the mortality improvement scale incorporated the plan actuary's modified MP-2019 projection scale. For 2018, the discount rate changed to 5.66%, the long-term expected rate of return remained at 7.00%, demographic assumptions were revised in accordance with the results of the July 1, 2011 - June 30, 2014 experience study and the mortality improvement scale incorporated the plan actuary's modified MP-2014 projection scale. For 2017, the discount rate changed to 5.00%, the long-term expected rate of return changed to 7.00% from 7.65%. For 2016, the discount rate changed to 3.98%, and the long-term expected rate of return changed to 7.05% for 2015 and 2014, the discount rate was 4.90% and 5.39% respectively. In addition, the social security wage base was set at \$118,500 for 2015, increasing 4.00% per annum, compounded annually, and the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17) pay limit was set at \$265,000 for 2015, increasing 3.00% per annum, compounded annua

### PINELANDS COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND THE COMMISSION'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY STATE HEALTH BENEFIT RETIRED EMPLOYEES' OPEB PLAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	Measurement date ending June 30						
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016		
Total net OPEB liability:							
Service cost	\$ 605,949,339	\$ 666,574,660	\$ 896,235,148	\$ 1,064,525,862	\$ 793,330,866		
Interest	497,444,533	636,082,461	764,082,232	648,423,508	693,228,312		
Change of Benefit Terms	1,034,142	(1,903,958)	-	-	-		
Differences between expected and actual experience	541,506,395	(1,399,921,930)	(3,626,384,047)	-	-		
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	3,074,968,821	(1,635,760,217)	(2,314,240,675)	(2,587,850,974)	3,126,488,338		
Net investment income	(2,858,334)	(4,826,936)	(2,320,422)	(791,049)	(310,043)		
Contributions from employers and non- employers	(327,416,317)	(390,269,556)	(474,742,947)	(434,877,635)	(397,482,072)		
Administrative expense	9,913,267	9,478,435	8,200,113	8,894,576	528,244		
Net change in total net OPEB liability	\$ 4,400,541,846	\$ (2,120,547,041)	\$ (4,749,170,598)	\$ (1,301,675,712)	\$ 4,215,783,645		
Total OPEB liability, beginning	13,546,071,100	15,666,618,141	20,415,788,739	21,717,464,451	17,501,680,806		
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 17,946,612,946	\$ 13,546,071,100	\$ 15,666,618,141	\$ 20,415,788,739	\$ 21,717,464,451		
Commission's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.053743%	0.052758%	0.054073%	0.054329%	0.055825%		
Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 9,645,048	\$ 7,146,636	\$ 8,471,410	\$ 11,091,694	\$ 12,123,775		
Commission's covered payroll (plan measurement period)	\$ 3,170,017	\$ 3,140,268	\$ 2,915,910	\$ 2,692,751	\$ 2,707,759		
Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	304.26%	227.58%	290.52%	411.91%	447.74%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.9100%	1.9800%	1.9700%	1.0300%	0.6900%		

Notes to schedule:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 45 of GASB 75

In accordance with GASB 75, the above information is also presented for the State Health Benefit Local Government Retired Employees' Plan. These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this presentation will only include information for those years for which information is available.

## PINELANDS COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF THE COMMISSION'S CONTRIBUTIONS STATE HEALTH BENEFIT RETIRED EMPLOYEES' OPEB PLAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	Fiscal year ending June 30							
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017			
Commission's required contribution	\$ 163,364	\$ 159,893	\$ 218,955	\$ 284,092	\$ 305,161			
Contributions in relation to the required contribution	(163,364)	(159,893)	(218,955)	(284,092)	(305,161)			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -			
Commission's covered payroll (fiscal year)	\$3,060,315	\$3,170,017	\$3,140,268	\$2,915,910	\$2,692,751			
Contributions as a percentage of commission's covered payroll	5.34%	5.04%	6.97%	9.74%	11.33%			

Note: In accordance with GASB 75, the above information is also presented for the State Health Benefit Local Government Retired Employees' Plan. These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this presentation will only include information for those years for which information is available.

### **Changes in Benefit Terms**

None

### Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The increase in liability from June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020 is due to changes in the census, claims, and premium experience.

#### **Changes in Assumptions**

The decrease in the liability from June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019 is due to the combined effect of the decrease in the assumed discount rate from 3.87% as of June 30, 2018 to 3.50% as of June 30, 2019; and changes in the trend, excise tax, updated decrements, PPO/HMO future retiree elections, salary scale and mortality assumptions. The increase in the liability from June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020 is due to the decrease in the assumed discount rate from 3.50% as of June 30, 2019 to 2.21% as of June 30, 2020, as well as changes in the trend, repealment of the excise tax and updated mortality improvement assumptions.

**Other Information** 

### PINELANDS COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Р	ROGRAM or			ACCOUNTS	DEFERRED			ACCOUNTS	DEFERRED
STATE GRANT or	AWARD	GRANT	PERIOD	RECEIVABLE	REVENUE	CASH/ CREDIT	[	RECEIVABLE	REVENUE
GMIS NUMBER	AMOUNT	FROM	TO	6/30/20	6/30/20	RECEIVED	EXPENDITURES	6/30/21	6/30/21
100-042-4800-082	\$3,099,000	07/01/20	06/30/21	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,099,000	\$ 3,099,000	\$-	\$-
100-042-4800-324	13,000,000	07/01/99	Completion		1,759,200				1,759,200
not applicable	687,000	07/01/20	06/30/21			687,000	687,000		
				\$-	\$1,759,200	\$ 3,786,000	\$ 3,786,000	\$-	\$1,759,200
	STATE GRANT or GMIS NUMBER 100-042-4800-082 100-042-4800-324	STATE GRANT or         AWARD           GMIS NUMBER         AMOUNT           100-042-4800-082         \$3,099,000           100-042-4800-324         13,000,000	GMIS NUMBER         AMOUNT         FROM           100-042-4800-082         \$3,099,000         07/01/20           100-042-4800-324         13,000,000         07/01/99	STATE GRANT or GMIS NUMBER         AWARD AMOUNT         GRANT PERIOD FROM         TO           100-042-4800-082         \$3,099,000         07/01/20         06/30/21           100-042-4800-324         13,000,000         07/01/99         Completion	STATE GRANT or         AWARD         GRANT PERIOD         RECEIVABLE           GMIS NUMBER         AMOUNT         FROM         TO         6/30/20           100-042-4800-082         \$3,099,000         07/01/20         06/30/21         \$         -           100-042-4800-324         13,000,000         07/01/99         Completion         _         -           not applicable         687,000         07/01/20         06/30/21         _         -	STATE GRANT or GMIS NUMBER         AWARD AMOUNT         GRANT PERIOD FROM         RECEIVABLE         REVENUE           100-042-4800-082         \$3,099,000         07/01/20         06/30/21         \$ -         \$ -           100-042-4800-324         13,000,000         07/01/20         06/30/21         \$ -         \$ -           not applicable         687,000         07/01/20         06/30/21	STATE GRANT or GMIS NUMBER         AWARD AMOUNT         GRANT PERIOD FROM         RECEIVABLE         REVENUE         CASH/ CREDIT           100-042-4800-082         \$3,099,000         07/01/20         06/30/21         \$ - \$ 3,099,000         RECEIVABLE         REVENUE         CASH/ CREDIT           100-042-4800-082         \$3,099,000         07/01/20         06/30/21         \$ - \$ \$ 3,099,000         -           100-042-4800-324         13,000,000         07/01/20         06/30/21         - 1,759,200         -           not applicable         687,000         07/01/20         06/30/21         - 687,000         -	STATE GRANT or GMIS NUMBER         AWARD AMOUNT         GRANT PERIOD FROM         RECEIVABLE         REVENUE         CASH/ CREDIT           100-042-4800-082         \$3,099,000         07/01/20         06/30/21         \$         -         \$         3,099,000         \$         3,099,000         \$         3,099,000         \$         3,099,000         \$         3,099,000         \$         3,099,000         \$         3,099,000         \$         3,099,000         \$         3,099,000         \$         3,099,000         \$         3,099,000         \$	STATE GRANT or GMIS NUMBER         AWARD AMOUNT         GRANT PERIOD FROM         RECEIVABLE TO         REVENUE 6/30/20         CASH/ CREDIT         RECEIVABLE EXPENDITURES         RECEIVABLE 6/30/21           100-042-4800-082         \$3,099,000         07/01/20         06/30/21         \$         -         \$         \$         3,099,000         \$         -           100-042-4800-082         \$3,099,000         07/01/20         06/30/21         \$         -         \$         \$         3,099,000         \$         -           100-042-4800-324         13,000,000         07/01/20         06/30/21         \$         -         \$         \$         3,099,000         \$         -           not applicable         687,000         07/01/20         06/30/21         _         _         _         687,000         _         _

See Report and Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance.

# PINELANDS COMMISSION NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 1: <u>GENERAL</u>

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance presents the activity of all state financial assistance programs of the New Jersey Pinelands Commission. The Commission is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements. All state financial assistance received directly from state agencies is included on the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance.

## Note 2: BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is described in Note 1 to the Commission's general purpose financial statements.

## Note 3: <u>RELATIONSHIP TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule agree with amounts reported in the Commission's financial statements.

## Note 4: <u>RELATIONSHIP TO STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS</u>

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related state financial reports.

## Note 5: MAJOR PROGRAMS

Major programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

**Pinelands Commission** 

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

LEGISLATIVE SERVICES COMMISSION 2022-2023

Assemblyman Craig J. Coughlin, Chair

Senator Anthony M. Bucco, Vice-Chair

SENATE

Christopher J. Connors Kristin M. Corrado Sandra B. Cunningham Linda R. Greenstein Joseph Pennacchio M. Teresa Ruiz Nicholas P. Scutari

**GENERAL ASSEMBLY** 

Annette Chaparro John DiMaio Louis D. Greenwald Nancy F. Muñoz Verlina Reynolds-Jackson Edward H. Thomson Harold J. Wirths



NEW JERSEY STATE LEGISLATURE
\* Office of LEGISLATIVE SERVICES \*

STATE HOUSE ANNEX • P.O. BOX 068 • TRENTON, NJ 08625-0068 www.njleg.state.nj.us

<u>REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON</u> <u>COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF</u> <u>FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE</u> <u>WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

The Honorable Philip D. Murphy Governor of New Jersey

The Honorable Nicholas P. Scutari President of the Senate

The Honorable Craig J. Coughlin Speaker of the General Assembly

Ms. Maureen McMahon Executive Director Office of Legislative Services

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Pinelands Commission, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2024.

## **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Pinelands Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit

OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR 609-847-3470 Fax 609-633-0834

> David J. Kaschak State Auditor

Brian M. Klingele Assistant State Auditor

Thomas Troutman Assistant State Auditor procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pinelands Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pinelands Commission's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Pinelands Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gavidg. Waschale

David J. Kaschak State Auditor January 31, 2024

**Pinelands Commission** 

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular No. 15-08-OMB

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

LEGISLATIVE SERVICES COMMISSION 2022-2023

Assemblyman Craig J. Coughlin, Chair

Senator Anthony M. Bucco, Vice-Chair

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> David J. Kaschak State Auditor

Brian M. Klingele Assistant State Auditor

Thomas Troutman Assistant State Auditor

## REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE REQUIRED BY NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY CIRCULAR No. 15-08-OMB

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

The Honorable Philip D. Murphy Governor of New Jersey

The Honorable Nicholas P. Scutari President of the Senate

The Honorable Craig J. Coughlin Speaker of the General Assembly

Ms. Maureen McMahon Executive Director Office of Legislative Services

## Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Pinelands Commission's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the New Jersey Grant Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Pinelands Commission's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Pinelands Commission's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular No. 15-08-OMB. These standards and New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular No. 15-08-OMB require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Pinelands Commission's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Pinelands Commission's compliance.

# **Opinion on Each Major State Program**

In our opinion, the Pinelands Commission complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

# **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Pinelands Commission is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Pinelands Commission's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular No. 15-08-OMB, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pinelands Commission's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing

their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular No. 15-08-OMB. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purposes.

# Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular No. 15-08-OMB.

We have audited the financial statements of the Pinelands Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2024, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular No. 15-08-OMB and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

(Savid G. Kaschak

David J. Kaschak State Auditor January 31, 2024

## PINELANDS COMMISSION SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

## Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

## **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	✓_No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	✓ None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	✓ No

### **Federal Awards Section**

Federal Awards Section is not applicable; The Pinelands Commission did not meet the \$750,000 threshold for federal single audit.

### **State Awards Section**

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	✓ No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	None Reported
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular No. 15-08-OMB	Yes	✓ No

## PINELANDS COMMISSION SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

## Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results (continued):

Identification of major programs:

State Program Number

100-042-4800-082

Not applicable

Name of State Program State of New Jersey Appropriation Credit from State - Fringe Benefits

## Section II – Schedule of Financial Statement Findings

No compliance or internal control over financial reporting findings were noted that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Section III – Schedule of State Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

The audit disclosed no findings or questioned costs for the current period.

## PINELANDS COMMISSION SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Finding No.ConditionStatus

None.