SENATE, No. 2332 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 221st LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 25, 2024

Sponsored by: Senator NICHOLAS P. SCUTARI District 22 (Somerset and Union) Senator JOSEPH F. VITALE District 19 (Middlesex)

Co-Sponsored by: Senators Space, Pou and Diegnan

SYNOPSIS

Allows complaint for guardianship of minor to be filed six months before minor reaches age 18 under certain circumstances; establishes certain standards for filing guardianship complaints.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 3/14/2024)

1 AN ACT concerning guardianship of a minor and amending 2 P.L.2005, c.304 and P.L.1970, c.289. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 12 of P.L.2005, c.304 (C.3B:12-24.1) is amended to 8 read as follows: 9 12. Determination by the court of need for guardianship 10 services, specific services. 11 a. General Guardian. If the court finds that an individual is 12 incapacitated as defined in N.J.S.3B:1-2 and is without capacity to 13 govern himself or manage his affairs, the court may appoint a general guardian who shall exercise all rights and powers of the 14 15 incapacitated person. The general guardian of the estate shall 16 furnish a bond conditioned as required by the provisions of 17 N.J.S.3B:15-1 et seq., unless the guardian is relieved from doing so 18 by the court. 19 b. Limited Guardian. If the court finds that an individual is 20 incapacitated and lacks the capacity to do some, but not all, of the 21 tasks necessary to care for himself, the court may appoint a limited 22 guardian of the person, limited guardian of the estate, or limited 23 guardian of both the person and estate. A court, when establishing 24 a limited guardianship shall make specific findings regarding the 25 individual's capacity, including, but not limited to which areas, such 26 as residential, educational, medical, legal, vocational and financial 27 decision making, the incapacitated person retains sufficient capacity 28 to manage. A judgment of limited guardianship may specify the 29 limitations upon the authority of the guardian or alternatively the 30 areas of decision making retained by the person. The limited 31 guardian of the estate shall furnish a bond in accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.3B:15-1 et seq., unless the guardian is relieved 32 33 from doing so by the court. 34 c. Pendente lite; Temporary Guardian. 35 (1) Whenever a complaint is filed in the Superior Court to 36 declare a person incapacitated and appoint a guardian, the 37 complaint may also request the appointment of a temporary 38 guardian of the person or estate, or both, pendente lite. Notice of a 39 pendente lite temporary guardian application shall be given to the 40 alleged incapacitated person or alleged incapacitated person's 41 attorney or the attorney appointed by the court to represent the 42 alleged incapacitated person.

43 (2) Pending a hearing for the appointment of a guardian, the 44 court may for good cause shown and upon a finding that there is a

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets **[**thus**]** in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

critical need or risk of substantial harm, including, but not limited
 to:

(a) the physical or mental health, safety and well-being of the
person may be harmed or jeopardized;

5 (b) the property or business affairs of the person may be 6 repossessed, wasted, misappropriated, dissipated, lost, damaged or 7 diminished or not appropriately managed;

8 (c) it is in the best interest of the alleged incapacitated person to 9 have a temporary guardian appointed and such may be dealt with 10 before the hearing to determine incapacity can be held, after any 11 notice as the court shall direct, appoint a temporary guardian 12 pendente lite of the person or estate, or both, of the alleged 13 incapacitated person.

14 (3) A pendente lite temporary guardian appointed pursuant to 15 this section may be granted authority to arrange interim financial, 16 medical or mental health services or temporary social, 17 accommodations for the alleged incapacitated person determined to 18 be necessary to deal with critical needs of or risk of substantial 19 harm to the alleged incapacitated person or the alleged incapacitated 20 person's property or assets. The pendente lite temporary guardian 21 may be authorized to make arrangements for payment for such 22 services from the estate of the alleged incapacitated person.

(4) A pendente lite temporary guardian appointed hereunder
shall be limited to act for the alleged incapacitated person only for
those services determined by the court to be necessary to deal with
critical needs or risk of substantial harm to the alleged incapacitated
person.

28 (5) The alleged incapacitated person's attorney or attorney 29 appointed by the court to represent the alleged incapacitated person 30 shall be given notice of the appointment of the pendente lite 31 temporary guardian. The pendente lite temporary guardian shall 32 communicate all actions taken on behalf of the alleged incapacitated 33 individual to the alleged incapacitated person's attorney or attorney 34 appointed by the court to represent the alleged incapacitated person 35 who shall have the right to object to such actions.

36 (6) A pendente lite temporary guardian appointment shall not
37 have the effect of an adjudication of incapacity or effect of
38 limitation on the legal rights of the individual other than those
39 specified in the court order.

40 (7) If the court enters an order appointing a pendente lite
41 temporary guardian without notice, the alleged incapacitated person
42 may appear and move for its dissolution or modification on two
43 days' notice to the plaintiff and to the temporary guardian or on
44 such shorter notice as the court prescribes.

(8) Every order appointing a pendente lite temporary guardian
granted without notice expires as prescribed by the court, but within
a period of not more than 45 days, unless within that time the court
extends it for good cause shown for the same period.

1 (9) The pendente lite temporary guardian, upon application to 2 the court, shall be entitled to receive reasonable fees for his 3 services, as well as reimbursement of his reasonable expenses, 4 which shall be payable by the estate of the alleged incapacitated 5 person or minor.

6 (10) The pendente lite temporary guardian shall furnish a bond in
7 accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.3B:15-1 et seq., unless the
8 guardian is relieved from doing so by the court.

9 d. Disclosure of information. Physicians and psychologists 10 licensed by the State are authorized to disclose medical information, 11 including but not limited to medical, mental health and substance 12 abuse information as permitted by State and federal law, regarding 13 the alleged incapacitated person in affidavits filed pursuant to the 14 Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey.

e. Court appearance. The alleged incapacitated person shall
appear in court unless the plaintiff and the court-appointed attorney
certify that the alleged incapacitated person is unable to appear
because of physical or mental incapacity.

19 Communication. When a person who is allegedly in need of f. 20 guardianship services appears to have a receptive or expressive 21 communication deficit, all reasonable means of communication 22 with the person shall be attempted for the purposes of this section, 23 including written, spoken, sign or non-formal language, which 24 includes translation of the person's spoken or written word when the 25 person is unable to communicate in English, and the use of adaptive 26 equipment.

g. Additional subject areas. At the request of the limited guardian, and if the incapacitated person is not represented, after appointment of an attorney for the incapacitated person and with notice to all interested parties, the court may determine that a person is in need of guardian services regarding additional subject areas and may enlarge the powers of the guardian to protect the person from significant harm.

h. Limitations of guardian powers. At the request of the guardian, the incapacitated person or another interested person, and if the incapacitated person is not represented, after appointment of an attorney for the incapacitated person and with notice to all interested parties, the court may limit the powers conferred upon a guardian.

40 <u>i. Complaint for Adjudication of Incapacity and Appointment</u>
41 <u>of Guardian.</u>

42 (1) A complaint for adjudication of incapacity and appointment
43 of a guardian of an individual who is alleged to be incapacitated as
44 defined in N.J.S.3B:1-2 shall be filed in accordance with the Rules
45 of Court.

46 (2) The complaint and accompanying documentation shall not
47 be withdrawn absent a showing that the individual is deceased or
48 has capacity. This showing shall not require medical evidence but

1 may, in the court's discretion, be satisfied by the testimony of the 2 applicant or other witness with knowledge of the alleged 3 incapacitated person's condition and circumstances. 4 (3) If the individual is a minor under the age of 18 who is 5 anticipated to require a guardian upon attaining the age of 18, the 6 complaint may be filed up to 180 days prior to the date the minor attains the age of 18. Any judgment designating a guardian 7 8 pursuant to this paragraph shall take effect no earlier than the date 9 the minor attains the age of 18. 10 (cf: P.L.2005, c.304, s.12) 11 12 2. Section 1 of P.L.1970, c.289 (C.30:4-165.7) is amended to 13 read as follows: 14 1. a. The commissioner or any parent, spouse, relative, or 15 interested party, on behalf of an alleged incapacitated person who is 16 receiving functional or other services and is [over] 18 years of age 17 or over, may file a complaint upon notice to the alleged 18 incapacitated person with the Superior Court in the county 19 furnishing the services or in which [such] the parent, spouse, 20 relative, or interested party resides, for a judgment designating a 21 guardian. 22 b. If the commissioner or any parent, relative, or interested party 23 on behalf of a minor under the age of 18 who is receiving functional 24 or other services anticipates that the minor may require a guardian 25 upon attaining the age of 18, the commissioner, parent, relative, or 26 interested party may file a complaint with the Superior Court in the 27 county furnishing the services or in which the parent, relative, or 28 interested party resides, for a judgment designating a guardian. The 29 complaint may be filed up to 180 days prior to the date the minor 30 attains the age of 18. Any judgment designating a guardian shall 31 take effect no earlier than the date the minor attains the age of 18. 32 c. The county of settlement shall be served with a copy of the 33 moving papers, however, the county may waive service of the 34 moving papers if it has no reason to oppose the action. If the 35 county elects to oppose the action it shall do so within 30 days after 36 being served with a copy of the moving papers. 37 d. Unless filed by the commissioner, a complaint shall be served 38 by the filing party upon the Division of Developmental Disabilities, 39 to the attention of the Regional Director for the region in which the 40 alleged incapacitated person is receiving functional or other 41 services. The filing party shall likewise serve upon the Regional 42 Director a copy of the Order Fixing Hearing Date and Appointing 43 Attorney for Alleged Incapacitated Person, as well as a copy of any 44 Judgment of Incapacity and Order Appointing Guardian. 45 (cf: P.L.2015, c.132, s.2) 46 47 3. This act shall take effect on the first day of the fourth month

48 following enactment.

S2332 SCUTARI, VITALE

STATEMENT

1 2

3 This bill allows a complaint for guardianship of a minor who is anticipated to require a guardian upon attaining the age of 18 to be 4 5 filed six months before the minor attains the age of 18. The bill also 6 establishes certain standards for filing guardianship complaints in 7 general.

8 Under current law, once a child reaches age 18, a parent or other 9 appropriate person may file a complaint for guardianship. However, if 10 proceedings are delayed and a guardian is not yet appointed, the young 11 person is left without the legal protection of a parent, other appropriate 12 person, or appointed guardian, until such time as the guardian is actually appointed. Allowing guardianship proceedings to be initiated 13 14 in advance will help avoid potential administrative or procedural 15 delays and ensure a seamless transition as the minor turns age 18. 16 Under the bill, an order of guardianship entered before a minor is 18 17 would not take effect until the day the minor turns 18.

18 The bill additionally specifies that a complaint for adjudication of 19 incapacity and appointment of a guardian shall not be withdrawn 20 absent a showing that the alleged incapacitated person is deceased 21 or has capacity. The showing of capacity does not require medical 22 evidence but may, in the court's discretion, be satisfied by 23 testimony of a witness with knowledge of the alleged incapacitated 24 person's condition and circumstances.