ASSEMBLY, No. 414 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 221st LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2024 SESSION

Sponsored by: Assemblyman ROBERT AUTH District 39 (Bergen and Passaic)

SYNOPSIS

Legalizes possession of six or fewer marijuana plants, subject to enactment of legislation legalizing marijuana or cannabis for personal use.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



1 AN ACT concerning marijuana and amending N.J.S.2C:35-10. 2 3 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 4 of New Jersey: 5 6 1. N.J.S.2C:35-10 is amended to read as follows: 7 2C:35-10. Possession, Use or Being Under the Influence, or 8 Failure to Make Lawful Disposition. 9 a. It is unlawful for any person, knowingly or purposely, to 10 obtain, or to possess, actually or constructively, a controlled 11 dangerous substance or controlled substance analog, unless the 12 substance was obtained directly, or pursuant to a valid prescription 13 or order form from a practitioner, while acting in the course of his 14 professional practice, or except as otherwise authorized by 15 P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-1 et seq.). Any person who violates this 16 section with respect to: 17 (1) A controlled dangerous substance, or its analog, classified in 18 Schedule I, II, III or IV other than those specifically covered in this 19 section, is guilty of a crime of the third degree except that, 20 notwithstanding the provisions of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a 21 fine of up to [\$35,000.00] <u>\$35,000</u> may be imposed; 22 (2) Any controlled dangerous substance, or its analog, classified 23 in Schedule V, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree except that, 24 notwithstanding the provisions of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a 25 fine of up to **[**\$15,000.00**]** <u>\$15,000</u> may be imposed; 26 (3) **[**Possession**]** (a) Prior to the effective date of) (pending before the Legislature as Assembly, 27 P.L., c. (C. 28 No. 21(2R) of 2020-2021), possession of more than 50 grams of 29 marijuana, including any adulterants or dilutants, or more than five 30 grams of hashish is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree, except 31 that, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a fine of up to [\$25,000.00] <u>\$25,000</u> may be 32 33 imposed; [or] 34 (b) On and after to the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) 35 (pending before the Legislature as Assembly, No. 21(2R) of 2020-36 2021), possession of more than six ounces of marijuana, including 37 any adulterants or dilutants, or more than 17 grams of hashish is 38 guilty of a crime of the fourth degree, except that, notwithstanding 39 the provisions of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a fine of up to 40 \$25,000 may be imposed; 41 (i) The odor of marijuana or hashish, or burnt marijuana or 42 hashish, shall not constitute reasonable articulable suspicion to 43 initiate a search of a person to determine a violation of 44 subparagraph (b) of paragraph (3) of this subsection. A person

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

1 who violates this paragraph shall not be subject to arrest, detention, 2 or otherwise be taken into custody, unless the person is being 3 arrested, detained, or otherwise taken into custody for also 4 committing another violation of law for which that action is legally 5 permitted or required; 6 (ii) A person shall not be deprived of any legal or civil right, 7 privilege, benefit, or opportunity provided pursuant to any law 8 solely by reason of committing a violation of subparagraph (b) of 9 paragraph (3) of this subsection, nor shall committing one or more 10 violations modify any legal or civil right, privilege, benefit, or 11 opportunity provided pursuant to any law, including, but not limited 12 to, the granting, renewal, forfeiture, or denial of a license, permit, or certification, qualification for and the receipt, alteration, 13 14 continuation, or denial of any form of financial assistance, housing 15 assistance, or other social services, rights of or custody by a 16 biological parent, or adoptive or foster parent, or other legal 17 guardian of a child or newborn infant, or pregnant woman, in any 18 action or proceeding by the Division of Child Protection and 19 Permanency in the Department of Children and Families, or 20 qualification, approval, or disapproval to serve as a foster parent or 21 other legal guardian; 22 (iii) All local and county law enforcement authorities shall, 23 following the submission process used for the uniform crime 24 reporting system established by P.L.1966, c.37 (C.52:17B-25 5.1 et seq.), submit a quarterly report to the Uniform Crime Reporting Unit, within the Division of State Police in the 26 27 Department of Law and Public Safety, or to another designated 28 recipient determined by the Attorney General, containing the 29 number of violations of subparagraph (b) of paragraph (3) of this 30 subsection committed within their respective jurisdictions, plus the 31 race, ethnicity, gender, and age of each person committing a 32 violation, and the disposition of each person's violation. These 33 violations and associated information, along with a quarterly 34 summary of violations investigated, and associated information 35 collected, by the Division of State Police for the same period shall 36 be summarized by county and municipality in an annual report, and 37 both quarterly summaries and annual reports shall be made 38 available at no cost to the public on the Division of State Police's 39 Internet website; or 40 (4) [Possession] (a) Prior to the effective date of P.L.) (pending before the Legislature as Assembly, No. 41 c. (C. 42 21(2R) of 2020-2021), possession of 50 grams or less of marijuana, 43 including any adulterants or dilutants, or five grams or less of 44 hashish is a disorderly person; 45 (b) On and after the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as Assembly, No. 21(2R) of 2020-46 47 2021), possession of six ounces or less of marijuana, including any 48 adulterants or dilutants, six or fewer marijuana plants, or 17 grams 1 or less of hashish is not subject to any punishment, as this

- 2 <u>possession is not a crime, offense, act of delinquency, or civil</u> 2 <u>reislation of large</u>
- 3 <u>violation of law;</u>

4 Any person who commits any offense [defined in] set forth in 5 paragraphs (1) through (3) of this [section] subsection while on any 6 property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to 7 any elementary or secondary school or school board, or within 8 1,000 feet of any such school property or a school bus, or while on 9 any school bus, and who is not sentenced to a term of 10 imprisonment, shall, in addition to any other sentence which the court may impose, be required to perform not less than 100 hours of 11 12 community service.

b. (1) Any person who uses or who is under the influence of any controlled dangerous substance, or its analog, <u>not including</u> <u>marijuana or hashish</u>, for a purpose other than the treatment of sickness or injury as lawfully prescribed or administered by a physician is a disorderly person.

18 In a prosecution under this subsection, it shall not be necessary 19 for the State to prove that the accused did use or was under the 20 influence of any specific, prohibited drug, but it shall be sufficient 21 for a conviction under this subsection for the State to prove that the 22 accused did use or was under the influence of some prohibited 23 controlled dangerous substance, counterfeit controlled dangerous 24 substance, or controlled substance analog, by proving that the 25 accused did manifest physical and physiological symptoms or 26 reactions caused by the use of any prohibited controlled dangerous 27 substance or controlled substance analog.

28 (2) Notwithstanding that using or being under the influence of 29 marijuana or hashish is not a punishable crime, offense, act of 30 delinquency, or civil violation pursuant to this subsection, the 31 smoking, vaping, or aerosolizing of marijuana or hashish may be 32 prohibited or otherwise regulated on or in any property by the 33 person or entity that owns or controls that property, including 34 multifamily housing that is a multiple dwelling as defined in section 3 of P.L.1967, c.76 (C.55:13A-3), the structure or specific units of 35 36 the structure of a cooperative as defined in section 3 of P.L.1987, 37 c.381 (C.46:8D-3), the units of a condominium, as those terms are 38 defined by section 3 of P.L.1969, c.257 (C.46:8B-3), or a site in a 39 mobile home park as defined in section 3 of P.L.1983, c.386 40 (C.40:55D-102), which site is leased to the owner of a 41 manufactured home, as defined in that section, that is installed 42 thereon. 43 c. Any person who knowingly obtains or possesses a controlled

dangerous substance or controlled substance analog in violation of paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection a. of this section and who fails to voluntarily deliver the substance to the nearest law enforcement officer is guilty of a disorderly persons offense. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to preclude a prosecution or

5

1 conviction for any other offense defined in this title or any other 2 statute. 3 (cf: P.L.1997, c.181, s.6) 4 5 2. N.J.S 2C:36-1 is amended to read as follows: 6 2C:36-1. Drug paraphernalia, defined; determination. 7 a. As used in this act, "drug paraphernalia" means all 8 equipment, products and materials of any kind which are used or 9 intended for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, 10 harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, 11 processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, 12 storing, containing, concealing, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise 13 introducing into the human body a controlled dangerous substance, 14 controlled substance analog or toxic chemical, other than marijuana 15 or hashish, in violation of the provisions of chapter 35 of this title. 16 It shall include, but not be limited to: 17 [a.] (1) kits used or intended for use in planting, propagating, 18 cultivating, growing or harvesting of any species of plant, other than the plant Cannabis sativa L., which is a controlled dangerous 19 substance or from which a controlled dangerous substance can be 20 21 derived; 22 [b.] (2) kits used or intended for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, or preparing 23 24 controlled dangerous substances or controlled substance analogs; 25 [c.] (3) isomerization devices used or intended for use in 26 increasing the potency of any species of plant, other than the plant 27 <u>Cannabis sativa L.</u>, which is a controlled dangerous substance; 28 [d.] (4) testing equipment used or intended for use identifying, 29 or in analyzing the strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled 30 dangerous substances or controlled substance analogs; 31 [e.] (5) scales and balances used or intended for use in 32 weighing or measuring controlled dangerous substances or 33 controlled substance analogs; [f.] (6) dilutants and adulterants, such as quinine hydrochloride, 34 35 mannitol, mannite, dextrose and lactose, used or intended for use in 36 cutting controlled dangerous substances or controlled substance 37 analogs; 38 [g. separation gins and sifters used or intended for use in 39 removing twigs and seeds from, or in otherwise cleaning or 40 refining, marihuana; 41 [h.] (7) blenders, bowls, containers, spoons and mixing devices 42 used or intended for use in compounding controlled dangerous 43 substances or controlled substance analogs; 44 [i.] (8) capsules, balloons, envelopes and other containers used 45 or intended for use in packaging small quantities of controlled 46 dangerous substances or controlled substance analogs;

6

[j.] (9) containers and other objects used or intended for use in
 storing or concealing controlled dangerous substances, controlled
 substance analogs or toxic chemicals;

4 [k.] (10) objects used or intended for use in ingesting, inhaling, 5 or otherwise introducing [marihuana,] cocaine, [hashish, hashish 6 oil, **]** nitrous oxide or the fumes of a toxic chemical into the human 7 body, such as **[**(1)**]** (a) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, 8 or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, 9 [hashish heads,] or punctured metal bowls; [(2)] (b) water pipes; 10 [(3)] (c) carburetion tubes and devices; [(4)] (d) smoking and 11 carburetion masks; [(5)] (e) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material [, such as a marihuana cigarette,] that has 12 13 become too small or too short to be held in the hand; [(6)] (f) 14 miniature cocaine spoons, and cocaine vials; **[**(7)**]** (g) chamber 15 pipes; [(8)] (h) carburetor pipes; [(9)] (i) electric pipes; [(10)] (j) 16 air-driven pipes; [(11)] (k) chillums; [(12)] (l) bongs; [(13)] (m) ice pipes or chillers; [(14)] (n) compressed gas containers, such as 17 18 tanks, cartridges or canisters, that contain food grade or 19 pharmaceutical grade nitrous oxide as a principal ingredient; [(15)] 20 (o) chargers or charging bottles, meaning metal, ceramic or plastic 21 devices that contain an interior pin that may be used to expel 22 compressed gas from a cartridge or canister; and [(16)] (p) tubes, 23 balloons, bags, fabrics, bottles or other containers used to 24 concentrate or hold in suspension a toxic chemical or the fumes of a 25 toxic chemical.

<u>b.</u> In determining whether or not an object is drug
paraphernalia, the trier of fact, in addition to or as part of the
proofs, may consider the following factors:

29 [a.] (1) (a) statements by an owner or by anyone in control of
30 the object concerning its use;

31 [b.] (b) the proximity of the object [of] to illegally possessed
32 controlled dangerous substances, controlled substance analogs or
33 toxic chemicals;

34 [c.] (c) the existence of any residue of illegally possessed
35 controlled dangerous substances, controlled substance analogs or
36 toxic chemicals on the object;

Id.] (d) direct or circumstantial evidence of the intent of an
owner, or of anyone in control of the object, to deliver it to persons
whom he knows intend to use the object to facilitate a violation of
this act; the innocence of an owner, or of anyone in control of the
object, as to a direct violation of this act shall not prevent a finding
that the object is intended for use as drug paraphernalia;

43 [e.] (e) instructions, oral or written, provided with the object 44 concerning its use;

45 [f.] (f) descriptive materials accompanying the object which 46 explain or depict its use;

```
7
```

[g.] (g) national or local advertising whose purpose the person 1 2 knows or should know is to promote the sale of objects intended for 3 use as drug paraphernalia; 4 [h.] (h) the manner in which the object is displayed for sale; 5 [i.] (i) the existence and scope of legitimate uses for the object 6 in the community; and 7 [j.] (i) expert testimony concerning its use. 8 (2) If an object appears to be for use, intended for use, or designed for use with cannabis or cannabis items in accordance with 9 10 the "New Jersey Cannabis Regulatory, Enforcement Assistance, and Marketplace Modernization Act," P.L. , c. (C.) (pending 11 12 before the Legislature as Assembly, No. 21(2R) of 2020-2021), the 13 object is presumed to be a lawful cannabis paraphernalia as defined 14 in section 3 of Assembly, No. 21(2R) of 2020-2021 (C.), and 15 does not alone constitute reasonable articulable suspicion that the 16 object is a drug paraphernalia, notwithstanding that the object could 17 also be used with an illegal controlled substance or controlled 18 substance analog, unless the owner or any other person in proximity 19 to or in control of the object was in possession of an illegal 20 controlled dangerous substance or controlled substance analog, or 21 the object was in proximity of an illegally possessed controlled 22 dangerous substance or controlled substance analog to indicate its 23 use, intended use, or design for use with that controlled dangerous 24 substance or controlled substance analog. 25 (cf: P.L.2007, c.31, s.2) 26 3. N.J.S.2C:36-2 is amended to read as follows: 27 28 2C:36-2. a. Use or possession with intent to use, disorderly 29 persons offense. It shall be unlawful for any person to use, or to 30 possess with intent to use, drug paraphernalia to plant, propagate, 31 cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, 32 process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, 33 ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body a 34 controlled dangerous substance, controlled substance analog or 35 toxic chemical in violation of the provisions of chapter 35 of this 36 title, other than when used, or possessed with intent to use, for 37 ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing marijuana or hashish 38 into the human body. Any person who violates this section is guilty 39 of a disorderly persons offense. 40 b. Notwithstanding that using or possessing with intent to use 41 drug paraphernalia to ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce 42 marijuana or hashish into the human body is not a punishable crime, 43 offense, act of delinquency, or civil violation pursuant to this 44 section, the use of drug paraphernalia for that purpose may be 45 prohibited or otherwise regulated on or in any property by the 46 person or entity that owns or controls that property, including 47 multifamily housing that is a multiple dwelling as defined in section 48 3 of P.L.1967, c.76 (C.55:13A-3), the structure or specific units of

8

1	the structure of a cooperative as defined in section 3 of P.L.1987,
2	c.381 (C.46:8D-3), the units of a condominium, as those terms are
3	defined by section 3 of P.L.1969, c.257 (C.46:8B-3), or a site in a
4	mobile home park as defined in section 3 of P.L.1983, c.386
5	(C.40:55D-102), which site is leased to the owner of a
6	manufactured home, as defined in that section, that is installed
7	thereon.
8	(cf: P.L.2007, c.31, s.3)
9	
10	4. This act shall take effect upon the enactment of Assembly,
11	No. 21(2R) of 2020-2021.
12	
13	
13 14	STATEMENT
	STATEMENT
14	STATEMENT This bill would legalize the possession of six or fewer marijuana
14 15	
14 15 16	This bill would legalize the possession of six or fewer marijuana
14 15 16 17	This bill would legalize the possession of six or fewer marijuana plants, subject to the enactment of legislation that legalizes the
14 15 16 17 18	This bill would legalize the possession of six or fewer marijuana plants, subject to the enactment of legislation that legalizes the personal use of marijuana or cannabis. Assembly, No. 21(2R), the
14 15 16 17 18 19	This bill would legalize the possession of six or fewer marijuana plants, subject to the enactment of legislation that legalizes the personal use of marijuana or cannabis. Assembly, No. 21(2R), the "Cannabis Regulatory, Enforcement Assistance, and Marketplace
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	This bill would legalize the possession of six or fewer marijuana plants, subject to the enactment of legislation that legalizes the personal use of marijuana or cannabis. Assembly, No. 21(2R), the "Cannabis Regulatory, Enforcement Assistance, and Marketplace Modernization Act," would legalize personal use.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	This bill would legalize the possession of six or fewer marijuana plants, subject to the enactment of legislation that legalizes the personal use of marijuana or cannabis. Assembly, No. 21(2R), the "Cannabis Regulatory, Enforcement Assistance, and Marketplace Modernization Act," would legalize personal use. A-21(2R) was substituted for identical bill Senate, No. 21(2R) on
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	This bill would legalize the possession of six or fewer marijuana plants, subject to the enactment of legislation that legalizes the personal use of marijuana or cannabis. Assembly, No. 21(2R), the "Cannabis Regulatory, Enforcement Assistance, and Marketplace Modernization Act," would legalize personal use. A-21(2R) was substituted for identical bill Senate, No. 21(2R) on December 17, 2020, and passed both Houses. The bill is currently