SENATE, No. 3760 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 8, 2023

Sponsored by: Senator JOSEPH P. CRYAN District 20 (Union)

SYNOPSIS

Authorizes State employees to take administrative leave days in observance of Eid al-Fitr and Eid al-Adha; requires school districts to permit students excused absences for observance of Eid al-Fitr and Eid al-Adha.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



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AN ACT concerning Eid al-Fitr and Eid al-Adha, amending

N.J.S.11A:6-6, and supplementing chapter 36 of Title 18A of the

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New Jersey Statutes. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. N.J.S.11A:6-6 is amended to read as follows: 9 11A:6-6. State administrative leave. Administrative leave for 10 personal reasons including religious observances for full-time State employees or those employees of Rutgers, The State University, 11 12 New Jersey Institute of Technology, Rowan University, Montclair 13 State University, and Kean University who perform services similar 14 to those performed by employees of the New Jersey State colleges 15 who are in the career service shall be three working days per 16 calendar year. Administrative leave shall not be cumulative and any 17 administrative leave unused by an employee at the end of any year 18 shall be cancelled. One additional day of administrative leave per 19 calendar year shall be granted to an employee pursuant to this 20 section if that employee is absent from work in observance of Eid al-Fitr. One additional day of administrative leave per calendar year 21 22 shall be granted to an employee pursuant to this section if that 23 employee is absent from work in observance of or Eid al-Adha. 24 (cf: P.L.2021, c.282, s.34) 25 26 2. (New section) a. Any student of a public school who is absent 27 from school on the day designated and known as Eid al-Fitr or the day designated and known as Eid al-Adha, due to the observance of 28 29 those religious holidays, shall have the absence for those reasons 30 recorded as an excused absence. 31 b. In accordance with N.J.S.18A:36-15, a student absence because of the observance of Eid al-Fitr or Eid al-Adha shall be 32 33 recorded as an excused absence on the student's attendance record 34 or on that of any group or class of which the student is a member. 35 Any transcript or application or employment form or any similar form on which information concerning a pupil's attendance record 36 is requested shall show, with respect to school absences, only 37 38 absences other than absences excused because of the observance of 39 Eid al-Fitr, Eid al-Adha, or of any other religious holidays or 40 because of any other reasons provided by law. 41 c. In accordance with N.J.S.18A:36-14, a student who is absent 42 from school due to the observance of Eid al-Fitr or Eid al-Adha 43 shall not by reason of such absence be deprived of any award or of 44 eligibility or opportunity to compete for any award, or of the right 45 to take an alternate test or examination, for any which the student 46 missed by reason of such absence, if a written excuse signed by a EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

parent or guardian of the student be presented to the proper school
authority.

3 d. The rules relative to absences for religious holidays prescribed by the Commissioner of Education and approved by the 4 5 State Board of Education pursuant to N.J.S.18A:36-16 shall ensure that absence from school due to the observance of Eid al-Fitr or Eid 6 al-Adha is an excused absence. The list of holidays on which it 7 shall be mandatory to excuse a student, prescribed by the 8 9 commissioner with the approval of the State board pursuant to 10 N.J.S.18A:36-16, shall include Eid al-Fitr and Eid al-Adha.

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3. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

This bill provides that full-time State employees would be able to be absent from work for the purposes of observing Eid al-Fitr and Eid al-Adha, without that absence counting toward their administrative leave allotment. The bill also explicitly requires that a student's absence from school due to the observance of Eid al-Fitr or Eid al-Adha will be an excused absence for the purposes of recording attendance.

24 Muslims celebrate two main holidays every lunar year, Eid al-25 Fitr and Eid al-Adha. Eid al-Fitr, which means "festival of the 26 breaking of the fast," is celebrated first at the conclusion of the Muslim holy month of Ramadan. Muslims in the United States 27 28 observe this month of sacrifice and contemplation by fasting, 29 reading the Holy Quran, and participating in charity work, worship, 30 and emphasizing self-discipline. Eid al-Adha, the "feast of the sacrifice," is celebrated two months later and commemorates 31 Abraham's willingness to sacrifice his son Isaac. Eid al-Adha is the 32 33 more sacred of the two Eids, and often coincides with the completion of the Hajj pilgrimage, an annual Islamic pilgrimage in 34 35 the sacred city of Mecca in Saudi Arabia.

Under the bill, one additional day of administrative leave per calendar year would be granted to an employee if that employee is absent from work in observance of Eid al-Fitr. Similarly, one additional day of administrative leave per calendar year would be granted to an employee if that employee is absent from work in observance of or Eid al-Adha.

This bill would require a school district to record an excused absence for a student who is absent from school due to the observance of Eid al-Fitr or Eid al-Adha. The bill also provides that a student absence because of the observance of Eid al-Fitr or Eid al-Adha would not be included on any transcript or application or employment form or any similar form on which information concerning a pupil's attendance record is requested. Further, if the

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student presents a written excuse signed by a parent or guardian, the bill provides that a student absent from school because of the observance of the two holidays would: (1) not be deprived of any award or eligibility or opportunity to compete for any award due to the absence; and (2) would be given the opportunity to take an alternate test or examination if they miss a test or examination due to the absence from school.