

[First Reprint]

SENATE, No. 3604

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 16, 2023

Sponsored by:

Senator FRED H. MADDEN, JR.

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Senator NILSA I. CRUZ-PEREZ

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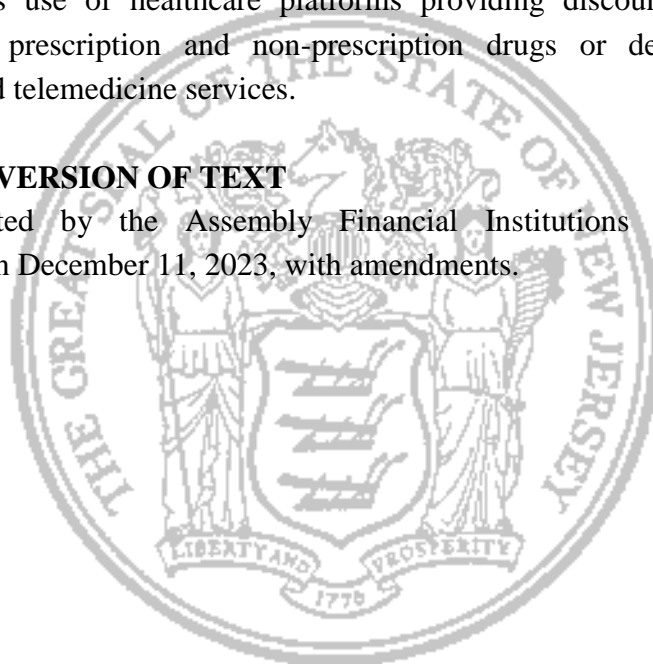
Senators Turner, Singleton and Assemblywoman Mosquera

SYNOPSIS

Authorizes use of healthcare platforms providing discounted prices for payment of prescription and non-prescription drugs or devices and for telehealth and telemedicine services.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Financial Institutions and Insurance Committee on December 11, 2023, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 12/21/2023)

1 AN ACT concerning payment for certain health-related costs and
 2 amending and supplementing various parts of the statutory law.

3
 4 **BE IT ENACTED** *by the Senate and General Assembly of the State*
 5 *of New Jersey:*

6
 7 ¹**[**1. Section 1 of P.L.2019, c.257 (C.17B:27F-6) is amended to
 8 read as follows:

9 1. a. A pharmacy benefits manager, in connection with any
 10 contract or arrangement with a private health insurer, prescription
 11 benefit plan, or the State Health Benefits Program or School
 12 Employees' Health Benefits Program, shall not require a covered
 13 person to make a payment at the point of sale for any amount for a
 14 deductible, coinsurance payment, or a copayment for a prescription
 15 drug benefit in an amount that exceeds the amount the covered
 16 person would pay for the prescription drug if the covered person
 17 purchased the prescription drug without using a health benefits
 18 plan.

19 b. (1) A pharmacy benefits manager shall not prohibit a
 20 network pharmacy from disclosing, and shall not apply a penalty or
 21 any other type of disincentive to a network pharmacy that discloses,
 22 to a covered person lower cost prescription drug options, including
 23 those that are available to the covered person if the covered person
 24 purchases the prescription drug without using health insurance
 25 coverage.

26 (2) A pharmacy benefits manager shall not prohibit or apply any
 27 penalty or disincentive to a network pharmacy if a discounted price
 28 generated by a healthcare platform, as defined pursuant to section 2
 29 of P.L.2003, c.280 (C.45:14-41), is applied to the payment of a
 30 covered person with an account or membership to the healthcare
 31 platform for a prescription drug, even if the covered person
 32 maintains health insurance coverage.

33 c. Any provision of a contract that conflicts with the provisions
 34 of subsection b. of this section shall be void and unenforceable.

35 d. A violation of this section shall be an unlawful practice and
 36 a violation of P.L.1960, c.39 (C.56:8-1 et seq.), and shall also be
 37 subject to any enforcement action that the Commissioner of
 38 Banking and Insurance is authorized to take pursuant to section 5 of
 39 P.L.2015, c.179 (C.17B:27F-5).

40 (cf: P.L.2019, c.57, s.1)¹**]**

41

42 ¹1. Section 1 of P.L.2019, c.257 (C.17B:27F-6) is amended to
 43 read as follows:

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets **[thus]** in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹Assembly AFI committee amendments adopted December 11, 2023.

1 1. a. A pharmacy benefits manager, in connection with any
2 contract or arrangement with a private health insurer, prescription
3 benefit plan, or the State Health Benefits Program or School
4 Employees' Health Benefits Program, shall not require a covered
5 person to make a payment at the point of sale for any amount for a
6 deductible, coinsurance payment, or a copayment for a prescription
7 drug benefit in an amount that exceeds the amount permitted
8 pursuant to subsection d. of section 3 of P.L.2023, c.107
9 (C.17B:27F-3.1).

10 b. A pharmacy benefits manager shall not prohibit a network
11 pharmacy from, and shall not apply a penalty or any other type of
12 disincentive to a network pharmacy for:

13 (1) disclosing to a covered person lower cost prescription drug
14 options, including those that are available to the covered person if
15 the covered person purchases the prescription drug without using
16 health insurance coverage;

17 (2) providing a covered person with the option of paying the
18 pharmacy provider's cash price for the purchase of a prescription
19 drug and not filing a claim with the covered person's health benefits
20 plan if the cash price is less than the covered person's cost-sharing
21 amount; **[or]**

22 (3) providing information to a State or federal agency, law
23 enforcement agency, or the department when such information is
24 required by law; or

25 (4) applying a discounted price generated by a healthcare
26 platform, as defined pursuant to section 2 of P.L.2003, c.280
27 (C.45:14-41), to the payment of a covered person with an account
28 or membership to the healthcare platform for a prescription drug,
29 even if the covered person maintains health insurance coverage.

30 c. Any provision of a contract that conflicts with the provisions
31 of subsection b. of this section shall be void and unenforceable.

32 d. A violation of this section shall be an unlawful practice and
33 a violation of P.L.1960, c.39 (C.56:8-1 et seq.), and shall also be
34 subject to any enforcement action that the Commissioner of
35 Banking and Insurance is authorized to take pursuant to section 5 of
36 P.L.2015, c.179 (C.17B:27F-5).¹

37 (cf: P.L.2023, c.107, s.10)

38
39 2. Section 2 of P.L.2003, c.280 (C.45:14-41) is amended to
40 read as follows:

41 2. As used in this act:

42 "Administer" means the direct application of a drug to the body
43 of a patient or research subject by subcutaneous, intramuscular or
44 intradermal injection, inhalation or ingestion by a pharmacist
45 engaged in collaborative practice or in accordance with regulations
46 jointly promulgated by the board and the State Board of Medical
47 Examiners.

1 "Automated medication device" means a discrete unit that
2 performs specific drug dispensing operations.

3 "Automated medication system" means any process that
4 performs operations or activities, other than compounding or
5 administration, relative to the storage, packaging, dispensing and
6 distribution of medications and which collects, controls and
7 maintains all transaction information.

8 "Board of Pharmacy" or "board" means the New Jersey State
9 Board of Pharmacy.

10 "Certification" means a certification awarded by a recognized
11 non-government specialty organization to signify that a pharmacist
12 has met predetermined qualifications and to signify to the public
13 that the pharmacist is competent to practice in the designated
14 specialty.

15 "Collaborative drug therapy management" means a written
16 protocol directed on a voluntary basis by a patient's physician, with
17 the patient's consent, that is between a patient's physician who is
18 treating the patient for a specific disease and a pharmacist for
19 cooperative management of a patient's drug, biological and device-
20 related health care needs, which shall be conducted in accordance
21 with regulations jointly promulgated by the board and the State
22 Board of Medical Examiners and shall only include the collecting,
23 analyzing and monitoring of patient data; ordering or performing of
24 laboratory tests based on the standing orders of a physician as set
25 forth in the written protocol; ordering of clinical tests based on the
26 standing orders of a physician as set forth in the written protocol,
27 provided those laboratory tests are granted waived status in
28 accordance with the provisions of the "New Jersey Clinical
29 Laboratory Improvement Act," P.L.1975, c.166 (C.45:9-42.26 et
30 seq.) and are for the treatment of a disease state identified jointly by
31 the board and the State Board of Medical Examiners as subject to
32 collaborative drug therapy management; modifying, continuing or
33 discontinuing drug or device therapy; and therapeutic drug
34 monitoring with appropriate modification to dose, dosage regimen,
35 dosage forms or route of administration. The interpretation of
36 clinical or laboratory tests under a written protocol may only be
37 performed by a pharmacist in direct consultation with a physician.

38 "Compounding" means the preparation, mixing, assembling,
39 packaging or labeling of a drug or device as the result of a
40 practitioner's prescription or initiative based on the relationship of
41 the practitioner or patient with the pharmacist in the course of
42 professional practice or for the purpose of, or incident to, research,
43 teaching or chemical analysis and not for sale or dispensing.
44 Compounding also includes the preparation of drugs or devices in
45 anticipation of prescription drug orders based on routine, regularly
46 observed prescribing patterns. Nothing in this act is meant to limit
47 a prescriber's ability under pre-existing law to order a compounded

1 medication for use in the prescriber's practice, as permitted by State
2 and federal law.

3 "Confidential information" means information that is identifiable
4 as to the patient involved that a pharmacist accesses, transmits or
5 maintains in a patient's record or which is communicated to or by
6 the patient as part of patient counseling.

7 "Credentialing" means the process by which an approved
8 academic institution awards a certificate to signify that the
9 credentialed pharmacist has completed the required courses,
10 examinations or both, that indicate advanced knowledge of a
11 particular area of pharmacy.

12 "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or
13 attempted transfer of a drug or device from one person to another,
14 whether or not for consideration.

15 "Device" means an instrument, apparatus, implement, machine,
16 contrivance, implant or other similar or related article, including
17 any component part or accessory, which is required under federal
18 law to bear the label "RX Only."

19 "Dispense" or "dispensing" means the procedure entailing the
20 interpretation of a practitioner's prescription order for a drug,
21 biological or device, and pursuant to that order the proper selection,
22 measuring, compounding, labeling and packaging in a proper
23 container for subsequent administration to, or use by, a patient.

24 "Dosage form" means the physical formulation or medium in
25 which the product is intended, manufactured and made available for
26 use, including, but not limited to: tablets, capsules, oral solutions,
27 aerosols, inhalers, gels, lotions, creams, ointments, transdermals
28 and suppositories, and the particular form of the above which
29 utilizes a specific technology or mechanism to control, enhance or
30 direct the release, targeting, systemic absorption or other delivery of
31 a dosage regimen in the body.

32 "Drug or medication" means articles recognized as drugs in any
33 official compendium, or supplement thereto, designated from time
34 to time by the board for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,
35 treatment or prevention of disease in humans or other animals;
36 articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment
37 or prevention of disease in humans or other animals; articles
38 intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of
39 humans or other animals, except that a food, dietary ingredient or
40 dietary supplement, as those terms are defined in 21 U.S.C.s.321, is
41 not a drug solely because the label or the labeling contains such a
42 claim; and articles intended for use as a component of and articles
43 specified in this definition of "drug or medication."

44 "Drug utilization review" includes, but is not limited to, the
45 following activities:

46 (1) Evaluation of prescription drug orders and patient records
47 for known allergies, rational therapy-contraindications, appropriate
48 dose and route of administration and appropriate directions for use;

1 (2) Evaluation of prescription drug orders and patient records
2 for duplication of therapy;

3 (3) Evaluation of prescription drug orders and patient records
4 for interactions between drug-drug, drug-food, drug-disease and
5 adverse drug reactions; and

6 (4) Evaluation of prescription drug orders and patient records
7 for proper utilization, including over- or under-utilization, and
8 optimum therapeutic outcomes.

9 "Extern" means any person who is in the fifth or sixth year of
10 college or the third or fourth professional year, at an accredited
11 school or college of pharmacy approved by the board, who is
12 assigned to a training site for the purpose of acquiring accredited
13 practical experience under the supervision of the school or college
14 at which the person is enrolled.

15 "Electronic means" means any electronic or digital transmission
16 format, including facsimile or computer generated messaging.

17 "Healthcare platform" means an Internet-based service through
18 which a consumer, who may or may not have separate health
19 insurance coverage, may set-up an account or become a member to
20 obtain discounts on prescription or non-prescription drugs or
21 devices and through which other services, including telemedicine,
22 may be provided.

23 "Immediate supervision" means a level of control which assures
24 that the pharmacist is physically present at the pharmacy practice
25 site and has the responsibility for accuracy and safety with respect
26 to the actions of pharmacy technicians, interns and externs.

27 "Intern" means any person who has graduated from an accredited
28 school or college of pharmacy approved by the board, or if a foreign
29 pharmacy graduate, any person who has met all of the requirements
30 of the board, and who is being trained by an approved preceptor for
31 the purpose of acquiring accredited practical experience and who
32 has first registered for that purpose with the board.

33 "Labeling" means the process of preparing and affixing a label to
34 any drug container, exclusive however, of the labeling by a
35 manufacturer, packer or distributor of a non-prescription drug or
36 commercially packaged legend drug or device.

37 "Licensure" means the process by which the board grants
38 permission to an individual to engage in the practice of pharmacy
39 upon finding that the applicant has attained the degree of
40 competency necessary to ensure that the public health, safety and
41 welfare will be protected.

42 "Medication error" means a preventable event that may cause or
43 lead to inappropriate use of a medication or patient harm while the
44 medication is in the control of the practitioner, patient or consumer.

45 "Medication order" means a prescription for a specific patient in
46 an institutional setting.

47 "Modifying" means to change a specific drug, the dosage, or
48 route of delivery of a drug currently being administered for an

1 existing diagnosis pursuant to a collaborative drug therapy
2 management.

3 "Non-prescription drug or device" means a drug or device which
4 may be obtained without a prescription and which is labeled for
5 consumer use in accordance with the requirements of the laws and
6 rules of this State and the federal government.

7 "Permit" means the authorization granted by the board to a site to
8 engage in the practice of pharmacy.

9 "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership,
10 association or any other legal entity including government.

11 "Pharmaceutical care" means the provision by a pharmacist of
12 drug therapy review and other related patient care services intended
13 to achieve positive outcomes related to the treatment, cure or
14 prevention of a disease; control, elimination or reduction of a
15 patient's symptoms; or arresting or slowing of a disease process as
16 defined by the rules and regulations of the board.

17 "Pharmacist" means an individual currently licensed by this State
18 to engage in the practice of pharmacy.

19 "Pharmacist-in-charge" means a pharmacist who accepts
20 responsibility for the operation of a pharmacy practice site in
21 conformance with all laws and rules pertinent to the practice of
22 pharmacy and the distribution of drugs.

23 "Pharmacist in collaborative practice" means a pharmacist
24 engaged in the collaborative drug therapy management of a patient's
25 drug, biological and device-related health care needs pursuant to a
26 written protocol, in collaboration with a licensed physician and in
27 accordance with the regulations jointly promulgated by the board
28 and the State Board of Medical Examiners.

29 "Pharmacy practice site" means any place in this State where
30 drugs are dispensed or pharmaceutical care is provided by a
31 licensed pharmacist, but shall not include a medical office under the
32 control of a licensed physician.

33 "Pharmacy technician" means an individual working in a
34 pharmacy practice site who, under the immediate supervision of a
35 pharmacist, assists in pharmacy activities as permitted by section 41
36 of this act and the rules and regulations of the board that do not
37 require the professional judgment of a pharmacist.

38 "Practice of pharmacy" means a health care service by a
39 pharmacist that includes: compounding, dispensing and labeling of
40 drugs, biologicals, radio pharmaceuticals or devices; overseeing
41 automated medication systems; interpreting and evaluating
42 prescriptions; administering and distributing drugs, biologicals and
43 devices; maintaining prescription drug records; advising and
44 consulting on the therapeutic values, content, hazards and uses of
45 drugs, biologicals and devices; managing and monitoring drug
46 therapy; collecting, analyzing and monitoring patient data;
47 performing drug utilization reviews; storing prescription drugs and
48 devices; supervising technicians, interns and externs; and such other

1 acts, services, operations or transactions necessary, or incidental to,
2 providing pharmaceutical care and education. In accordance with
3 written guidelines or protocols established with a licensed
4 physician, the "practice of pharmacy" also includes collaborative
5 drug therapy management including modifying, continuing or
6 discontinuing drug or device therapy; ordering or performing of
7 laboratory tests under collaborative drug therapy management; and
8 ordering clinical tests, excluding laboratory tests, unless those tests
9 are part of collaborative drug therapy management.

10 "Practitioner" means an individual currently licensed, registered
11 or otherwise authorized by the jurisdiction in which the individual
12 practices to administer or prescribe drugs in the course of
13 professional practice.

14 "Preceptor" means an individual who is a pharmacist, meets the
15 qualifications under the rules and regulations of the board, and
16 participates in the instructional training of pharmacy interns and
17 externs.

18 "Prescription" means a lawful order of a practitioner for a drug, a
19 device or diagnostic agent for a specific patient.

20 "Prescription drug" or "legend drug" means a drug which, under
21 federal law, is required to be labeled prior to being delivered to the
22 pharmacist, with either of the following statements: "Rx Only" or
23 "Caution: Federal law restricts this drug to use by, or on the order
24 of, a licensed veterinarian" or is required by any applicable federal
25 or state law, rule or regulation to be dispensed pursuant to a
26 prescription drug order or is restricted to use by a practitioner only.

27 "Registration" means the process of making a list or being
28 enrolled in an existing list.

29 "Therapeutic interchange" means the substitution and dispensing
30 of a drug chemically dissimilar from the prescription drug
31 originally prescribed.

32 (cf: P.L.2003, c.280, s.2)

33
34 3. Section 26 of P.L.2003, c.280 (C.45:14-65) is amended to
35 read as follows:

36 26. In addition to the provisions of section 8 of P.L.1978, c.73
37 (C.45:1-21), the board may refuse an application for examination or
38 may suspend or revoke the certificate of a licensed pharmacist upon
39 proof satisfactory to the board that such licensed pharmacist is
40 guilty of grossly unprofessional conduct and the following acts are
41 hereby declared to constitute grossly unprofessional conduct for the
42 purpose of this act:

43 a. Paying rebates or entering into an agreement for payment of
44 rebates to any physician, dentist or other person for the
45 recommending of the services of any person.

46 b. The providing or causing to be provided to a physician,
47 dentist, veterinarian or other person authorized to prescribe,

1 prescription blanks or forms bearing the pharmacist's or pharmacy's
2 name, address or other means of identification.

3 c. The claiming of professional superiority in the compounding
4 or filling of prescriptions or in any manner implying professional
5 superiority which may reduce public confidence in the ability,
6 character or integrity of other pharmacists.

7 d. Fostering the interest of one group of patients at the expense
8 of another which compromises the quality or extent of professional
9 services or facilities made available.

10 e. The distribution of premiums or rebates of any kind
11 whatsoever in connection with the sale of drugs and medications
12 provided, however, that trading stamps and similar devices shall not
13 be considered to be rebates for the purposes of this act and provided
14 further that discounts, premiums and rebates may be provided in
15 connection with the sale of drugs and medications to any person
16 who is 60 years of age or older and that discounts may be provided
17 to any person who is a member of or is an account holder with a
18 healthcare platform.

19 f. Advertising of prescription drug prices in a manner
20 inconsistent with rules and regulations promulgated by the Director
21 of the Division of Consumer Affairs, except that no advertising of
22 any drug or substance shall be authorized unless the Commissioner
23 of Health and Senior Services shall have determined that the
24 advertising is not harmful to public health, safety and welfare.

25 g. Engaging in activities beyond the scope of a collaborative
26 drug therapy management agreement.

27 Before a certificate shall be refused, suspended or revoked, the
28 accused person shall be furnished with a copy of the complaint and
29 given a hearing before the board. Any person whose certificate is
30 so suspended or revoked shall be deemed an unlicensed person
31 during the period of such suspension or revocation, and as those
32 shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in this act, but that
33 person may, at the discretion of the board, have his certificate
34 reinstated at any time without an examination, upon application to
35 the board. Any person to whom a certificate shall be denied by the
36 board or whose certificate shall be suspended or revoked by the
37 board shall have the right to review that action by appeal to the
38 Appellate Division of the Superior Court in lieu of prerogative writ.
39 (cf: P.L.2003, c.280, s.26)
40

41 4. (New section) A patient with a membership or account with
42 a healthcare platform may apply the membership or account as part
43 of the payment for a prescription or non-prescription drug or
44 device.
45

46 5. (New section) A patient with a membership or an account
47 with a healthcare platform, as defined pursuant to section 2 of
48 P.L.2003, c.280 (C.45:14-41), may apply the membership or

1 account towards payment of services provided as a result of
2 telehealth or telemedicine. A patient who uses or intends to use a
3 membership or an account with a healthcare platform to pay for
4 telehealth or telemedicine services shall notify a provider of any
5 identification number, if given, in connection with the membership
6 or account with a healthcare platform to ensure the preservation of a
7 proper patient-provider relationship pursuant to section 3 of
8 P.L.2017, c.117 (C.45:1-63).
9
10 6. This act shall take effect immediately.