# SENATE, No. 1982 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 3, 2022

Sponsored by: Senator M. TERESA RUIZ District 29 (Essex) Senator ANDREW ZWICKER District 16 (Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex and Somerset)

## SYNOPSIS

Establishes office in EDA to assist in provision and expansion of broadband Internet service in State to address inequities in accessing broadband service.

## **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



1 AN ACT concerning broadband Internet service and supplementing 2 Title 48 of the Revised Statutes.

3 4

5

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

6 7

1. a. The Legislature finds and declares that:

8 (1) The efforts taken to contain the spread of coronavirus disease 9 2019 (COVID-19) have resulted in residents, especially students, and 10 certain businesses in this State being required to perform their day-to-11 day activities from home or otherwise from a remote location, and 12 with many schools engaged in remote learning, it is especially 13 important for students and educators to have Internet access suitable 14 for their needs; (2)Telehealth services, which are accessed 15 through the Internet, offered to the public prior to and during the 16 pandemic will continue to help improve equitable access to healthcare; 17 (3) To properly perform telehealth services, remote student

18 learning, and other activities during the pandemic, students, workers, 19 and employers are required to have access to Internet service at 20 broadband speeds to transmit data, graphics, video, and voice 21 communications quickly and efficiently;

22 (4) To document and quantify the extent of the provision of 23 broadband Internet (broadband) service deployment in the United 24 States, twice a year, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) 25 requires all broadband service providers (providers) to file Form 477 26 with the FCC, on which providers indicate where they offer service at 27 speeds exceeding 200 kilobits per second in at least one direction, the 28 minimum speed to be deemed as offering broadband service;

29 (5) Presently, the FCC's method in determining broadband 30 availability, as determined by the information offered on Form 477, 31 requires a provider to measure coverage by census block, which means 32 that some of the people within that area may not have access to 33 broadband service;

34 (6) The FCC's website confirms the potential for inaccuracy in this 35 methodology by stating that, "[p]roviders may not offer service to 36 every home in every [census] block in which they report service. The 37 calculations...treat every location as having service, and may therefore 38 over-estimate broadband coverage, particularly in areas with large 39 census blocks;

40 (7) In March 2020, Congress passed the "Broadband DATA Act," 41 Pub.L.116-130, which requires the FCC to collect granular service

42 availability data from wired, fixed wireless, and satellite broadband 43 providers, and to create maps based on this information. The FCC has 44 already implemented many of the Broadband DATA Act's 45 requirements, and, on July 16, 2020, it released a report and order to 46 implement collection and verification requirements for fixed and 47 mobile broadband service availability and quality of service data. 48 Even under the FCC's implementation of the "Broadband DATA Act,"

1 providers are required to submit advertised broadband speed and not 2 the actual speed that customers receive; (8) In 2018, a study by the Microsoft Corporation found that 162.8 3 4 million people in this country are not using the Internet at broadband 5 speeds, which far exceeds the FCC's estimated number of people without broadband service access at 25 million, a number determined 6 7 by the data reported from Form 477; 8 A 2019 Pew Research Center survey found that only 73 (9) 9 percent of American adults had high-speed Internet access at home and 10 this figure was even lower in rural areas and low-income areas;

11 (10) Having accurate information concerning broadband service 12 connectivity in this State is necessary to determine how to better focus 13 resources on providing broadband access to all areas in New Jersey;

14 (11) Disadvantaged households in New Jersey do not have the 15 means to pay for broadband service because of the high costs 16 associated with maintaining the service;

17 (12)A significant amount of residents and small businesses 18 located in rural areas of this State do not have access to broadband 19 service;

20 (13) COVID-19 has exposed the "digital divide" in this State, 21 making it difficult for rural and low-income areas to access medical 22 care, continue education, and maintain employment; and

23 (14) This lack of access exacerbates social, economic, income, 24 and health inequities in this State that can be addressed by taking 25 measures that secure broadband access for areas in need.

b. The Legislature therefore determines that:

26

27 (1) It shall be the public policy of this State to foster the provision 28 of wired broadband service to disadvantaged households and to 29 residents and small businesses located within rural areas of this State 30 as a measure to lessen the negative economic effects of COVID-19 31 and improve the overall economy of this State;

(2) In order to foster the provision of wired broadband service to 32 33 these residents and businesses, the State of New Jersey should have a 34 role in meeting this need, and to serve as a source of funding for fiber 35 optic or other wireline-based broadband service provided by State, 36 federal, or local government entities and by private entities;

37 (3) The establishment of a Broadband Assistance Office within the 38 New Jersey Economic Development Authority, having duties and 39 responsibilities that include, but are not limited to, the review and 40 approval of proposed projects providing for the deployment of fiber 41 optic or other wireline-based broadband service to disadvantaged 42 households and in critical areas, and the provision of financing for 43 these projects, would meet this important need; and

44 (4) It shall be a goal for the State's residents and businesses to 45 have universal access to a fiber optic or other wireline-based 46 broadband service provider, offering data transfer speeds of at least 25 47 megabits per second (Mbps) download and at least three Mbps upload 48 by 2025 and at least 100 Mbps download and 100 Mbps upload by

# S1982 RUIZ, ZWICKER

2029. This goal shall allow for the Broadband Assistance Office to

increase these minimum data transfer speeds as broadband service

1

2

3 technology or capability advances. 4 5 2. As used in P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature 6 as this bill): 7 "Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development 8 Authority established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80 9 (C.34:1B-4). 10 "Board" means the Board of Public Utilities or any successor 11 agency. 12 "Broadband adoption" means residential subscribership to broadband Internet service that is already available to the customer 13 14 premises. 15 "Broadband Internet service" or "broadband service" means any 16 fiber optic or other wireline-based Internet or other information service 17 used for the purpose of offering high speed, switched, broadband 18 wireline communications capability that enables users to send and 19 receive high-quality voice, data, graphics, or video communications 20 through the Internet and using any technology and with data transfer 21 speeds of at least 25 megabits per second download and at least three 22 megabits per second upload. These minimum data transfer speeds 23 may be increased by an amount determined by the Broadband 24 Assistance Office as broadband service technology or capability 25 advances. "Broadband Internet service" shall not mean or include any 26 Internet or information service that, in part, uses wireless 27 communications equipment or facilities. "Broadband Internet service infrastructure" or "broadband 28 29 infrastructure" means fiber optic or other wireline-based information 30 equipment and facilities, including point-to-point communication 31 connections between two communication endpoints or nodes, 32 information systems, and information technology used for the purpose 33 of providing fiber optic or other wireline-based broadband Internet 34 service. "Broadband Internet service infrastructure" shall not mean or 35 include any Internet or information service equipment or facilities that, in part, use point-to-multipoint wireless communications facilities or 36 37 other wireless communications equipment or facilities. 38 "Broadband Internet service provider" or "service provider" means 39 person, company, corporation, unincorporated association, а 40 partnership, or professional corporation which offers fiber optic or 41 other wireline-based broadband Internet service directly to the public, 42 or to classes of users as to be effectively available directly to the public, regardless of the facilities used. 43 44 "Broadband office" means the "Broadband Assistance Office" 45 established within the New Jersey Economic Development Authority 46 pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the 47 Legislature as this bill).

5

"Broadband project" means a project developed, in whole or in
 part, for a new or existing broadband Internet service infrastructure or
 broadband Internet service, or both.

4 "Critical area" means a census tract in which less than 100 percent
5 of households have access to broadband service, or a census tract that
6 meets the following requirements: a. at least 35 percent of the
7 households qualify as low-income households; or b. at least 40 percent
8 of the residents identify as a minority or as members of a State
9 recognized tribal community.

10 "Disadvantaged household" means any household which receives 11 benefits from or participates in the State Medicaid program, any form 12 of public housing assistance, the New Jersey Supplemental Nutrition 13 Assistance Program (SNAP), Temporary Assistance for Needy 14 Families (TANF), federal Supplemental Security Income (SSI), a 15 program resulting in a Charity Care subsidy to a hospital, the National 16 School Lunch Program (NSLP), the Head Start Program, the federal 17 Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program, the federal Special 18 Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children 19 (WIC), any veterans' pension program, and any federal tribal 20 assistance program. "Disadvantaged household" shall include any 21 household that makes less than 200 percent of the federal poverty level. 22

23 "Fund" means the "State Broadband Fund" established pursuant to
24 section 6 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this
25 bill).

26 "Government entity" means the State, its subdivisions, and any 27 department, agency, commission, authority, board, or instrumentality 28 thereof, a county, a municipality, a regional or municipal authority, a 29 quasi-State agency, a State-created corporation, a municipal 30 corporation. "Governmental entity" may include a combination of 31 governmental entities as defined herein.

32 "Office of Information Technology" means the Office of
33 Information Technology established pursuant to section 9 of P.L.2007,
34 c.56 (C.52:18A-227).

35 "Private entity" means a person, a combination of persons, a
36 business entity, a combination of business entities, or a combination of
37 persons and business entities with experience in the construction and
38 operation of broadband networks.

39 "Public-private partnership agreement" or "P3 agreement" means 40 an agreement entered into by a governmental entity and a private 41 entity for the purposes of undertaking a broadband project approved by 42 the broadband office pursuant to section 3 of , c. 43 P.L. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 44

3. a. There is hereby established in the New Jersey Economic
Development Authority a "Broadband Assistance Office." The
broadband office shall be responsible for the formulation and
execution of a comprehensive Statewide policy that fosters the

6

1 provision of wired broadband service by government or private 2 entities, developing a broadband project, or both, if these entities 3 develop a broadband project under a public-private partnership 4 agreement, and shall be responsible for the development, promotion, 5 coordination, oversight, and approval of a broadband project , c. 6 developed pursuant to P.L. ) (pending before the (C. 7 Legislature as this bill).

8 b. The broadband office, in cooperation with the authority, shall 9 establish guidelines for the broadband office's approval, designation, 10 operation, and reporting of a proposed broadband project, including 11 any proposed broadband project developed under a P3 agreement, in a 12 manner determined by the broadband office. The broadband office, in 13 cooperation with the authority, shall oversee, coordinate, and provide 14 assistance to a broadband project approved by the broadband office 15 pursuant to P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as 16 this bill).

17 c. The broadband office shall consult and coordinate with representatives of other State departments, agencies, boards, and 18 authorities, including the authority and the Office of Information 19 20 Technology, as the broadband office, authority, and Office of 21 Information Technology shall deem necessary and appropriate, to 22 accomplish the goals of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the 23 Legislature as this bill).

d. The broadband office shall identify the resources and personnel
of the board, the authority, and other participating agencies,
departments, boards, and authorities of the State that are deemed
necessary and appropriate to support the broadband office. The
authority may retain one or more qualified private consultants with
relevant expertise to provide the technical assistance and resources
deemed necessary and appropriate to assist the broadband office.

31

4. To accomplish the duties and responsibilities described in
section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as
this bill), the broadband office shall be responsible for:

a. in conjunction with the Office of Information Technology,
mapping Internet connectivity within the State and publicly publishing
this information;

b. engaging with stakeholders, such as broadband infrastructure
developers, broadband service providers, and local government and
school officials representing critical areas;

c. in conjunction with the authority, coordinating financial and
technical assistance to municipalities wherein critical areas
communities are located, which include households and small
businesses that cannot afford to receive broadband service or areas
within municipalities that lack adequate broadband service;

d. establishing policies and procedures that encourage
government and private entity participation and investment in
broadband projects as necessary and appropriate to implement the

provisions of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as
 this bill);

e. providing technical advice, guidance, and assistance to
government and private entities to ensure the availability of the
necessary expertise and capacity to develop and evaluate the merits of
proposed broadband projects;

f. promoting informed and timely decision-making with regard tothe development of broadband projects;

9 g. establishing appropriate qualification criteria for government 10 and private entities, including the qualification of private entities 11 undertaking a broadband project under a P3 agreement;

12 h. monitoring and enforcing the broadband project policies and 13 procedures established pursuant to P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending 14 before the Legislature as this bill), which may include a provision for 15 potential revenue sharing opportunities between a government entity 16 and a private entity in certain defined or agreed circumstances, 17 including broadband projects that achieve profits that exceed a 18 negotiated rate of return established for a private entity in a P3 19 agreement;

i. coordinating with service providers that offer programs to
members of disadvantaged households to raise awareness of these
programs so that the households have a better understanding of
these programs and how to access them;

24 j. cooperating with the Department of Children and Families, 25 Department of Human Services, Department of Health, Department 26 of Labor and Workforce Development, Department of Military and 27 Veterans Affairs, and service providers to complete a field study of 28 barriers to broadband adoption by disadvantaged households, such 29 as housing insecurity, language barriers, and population mobility. 30 The authority shall provide, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 31 (C.52:14-19.1), a report on the results of the field study to the 32 Legislature with recommendations for solutions to remove these 33 barriers within 18 months of the enactment of P.L., c. (C. ) 34 (pending before the Legislature as this bill);

k. cooperating with the Department of Children and Families,
Department of Human Services, Department of Health, Department
of Labor and Workforce Development, and Department of Military
and Veterans Affairs, to identify and secure funding from either the
State's General Fund or federal funding to underwrite the cost of
monthly broadband service and household broadband service
devices for disadvantaged households;

cooperating with the Department of Children and Families,
 Department of Human Services, Department of Health, Department
 of Labor and Workforce Development, and Department of Military
 and Veterans Affairs, to identify and secure funding sources from
 either the State's General Fund or federal funding to support
 development, installation, and financing of community-based
 broadband services that provide broadband access in safe spaces,

1 including but not limited to libraries, homeless shelters, community 2 centers, and school campuses; 3 m. cooperating with the Department of Education to identify and secure funding from either the State's General Fund or federal 4 5 funding to underwrite the cost of monthly broadband service and 6 broadband service devices purchased by public schools on behalf of 7 students in grades from kindergarten to twelfth grade from 8 disadvantaged households; 9 n. identifying and providing financial and technical support to 10 community-based programs that provide digital literacy training in 11 relevant community languages to members of disadvantaged 12 households; and 13 o. developing and funding community-based programs that 14 provide digital literacy training in relevant community languages to 15 members of disadvantaged households. 16 17 5. In evaluating a proposed broadband project, the broadband 18 office shall: a. consider whether leasing or purchasing 19 established 20 broadband infrastructure, such as unused fiber optic cable, is more 21 advantageous in providing faster broadband service; 22 b. consider whether establishing a government entity or a non-23 profit corporation is appropriate to provide broadband infrastructure 24 or broadband service to a critical area community; 25 c. evaluate the different methods, including P3 agreements 26 with private entities, that other communities in this country have used to provide broadband infrastructure or broadband service to an 27 underserved community; 28 29 d. determine the most cost effective method in which to 30 establish broadband infrastructure and broadband service, with a 31 cost estimate for a community and a price estimate for paying 32 customers; and 33 e. explore all possible federal, State, and private sources of funding and technical assistance for the establishment of broadband 34 infrastructure and broadband service in critical area communities 35 and populations of this State. 36 37 6. a. There is established in the New Jersey Economic 38 39 Development Authority a separate non-lapsing fund to be known as the "State Broadband Fund" for use by the broadband office to 40 adequately and properly perform its duties and responsibilities in 41 carrying out the requirements of P.L., c. (C. 42 ) (pending before 43 the Legislature as this bill). The authority, in consultation with the 44 board, shall determine the level of funding and the appropriate 45 administration of the fund. The fund may seek and accept any available funding from federal, State, and private entity sources. The 46 47 authority shall provide sufficient funding to the broadband office to 48 enable the broadband office to provide funding for critical areas in the

State to pay for broadband service and for the installation or expanded 2 use of broadband infrastructure for communities that lack broadband 3 access, specifically the portion of a communications infrastructure network that physically reaches the residents' or small business's 4 5 premises within those communities. 6 The authority, in consultation with the board, is authorized to b. 7 seek and accept gifts, donations, grants, or loans from public or private 8 sources, including, but not limited to, any funding provided by the 9 Federal Communications Commission or any funding from a non-10 profit foundation, specifically for the provision of broadband 11 infrastructure or broadband service, except that the board and authority 12 shall not accept a gift, donation, grant, or loan that is subject to 13 conditions that are inconsistent with any other law of this State. 14 15 7. The authority, in consultation with the board, shall annually 16 prepare a report to the Governor and, pursuant to section 2 of 17 P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature regarding the number, nature, structure, and scope of each broadband project 18 developed pursuant to P.L., c. 19 (C. ) (pending before the 20 Legislature as this bill) and whether the broadband project is 21 developed under a P3 agreement. The report shall include: 22 a. a description of the broadband project and its location; 23 b. the costs incurred for the broadband project; 24 c. the number of jobs created and other economic and societal 25 benefits of the broadband project; 26 d. the increase in the use and demand for broadband service as a 27 result of the broadband project; e. if applicable, the enhancements to the resiliency and reliability 28 29 of the broadband service within the State; and 30 f. other relevant information as determined by the authority. 31 The report shall address any issues related to the implementation ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), 32 P.L. , c. (C. 33 including staffing and resource requirements of the broadband office. 34 The report shall set forth recommendations, including 35 recommendations for legislation, concerning how the processes and methods adopted to foster the development of broadband projects and 36 37 any related P3 agreements under P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before 38 the Legislature as this bill) may be improved, expanded, or made more 39 efficient.

40

1

41 8. The authority shall promulgate rules and regulations, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 42 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), as are necessary to implement the provisions 43 44 ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). of P.L., c. (C. 45 The authority may be assisted, as appropriate, by other participating 46 agencies, departments, boards, and authorities, including the 47 authority and the Office of Information Technology, in the 48 promulgation of necessary rules and regulations.

#### S1982 RUIZ, ZWICKER 10

9. This act shall take effect immediately. 3 4 **STATEMENT** 5 6 This bill establishes in the New Jersey Economic Development 7 Authority (EDA) a "Broadband Assistance Office" (broadband office). 8 The broadband office is to be responsible for formulating and 9 executing a comprehensive Statewide policy that fosters the provision 10 of wired broadband service by government or private entities 11 developing a broadband project, or both, if these entities develop a 12 broadband project under a public-private partnership (P3) agreement, and for the development, promotion, coordination, oversight, and 13 14 approval of a broadband project developed pursuant to the bill. The 15 broadband office, in cooperation with EDA, is to establish guidelines 16 for the broadband office's approval, designation, operation, and 17 reporting of a proposed broadband project, including any proposed 18 broadband project developed under a P3 agreement, in a manner 19 determined by the broadband office. The broadband office, in 20 cooperation with EDA, is to oversee, coordinate, and provide 21 assistance to a broadband project approved by the broadband office. 22 The broadband office is to consult and coordinate with representatives 23 of other State departments, agencies, boards, and authorities, including 24 EDA and the Office of Information Technology (OIT), as these 25 entities deem necessary and appropriate to accomplish the goals of the 26 bill. To accomplish the broadband office's duties and responsibilities, it 28 is to be responsible for certain obligations enumerated in the bill 29 concerning the facilitation of the establishment of broadband projects. 30 In evaluating a proposed broadband project, the broadband office is to 31 consider certain criteria provided in the bill. 32 The bill establishes in EDA a separate non-lapsing fund to be 33 known as the "State Broadband Fund" (broadband fund) for use by the 34 broadband office to adequately and properly perform the duties and 35 responsibilities in carrying out the requirements of the bill. EDA, in 36 consultation with BPU, is to determine the level of funding and the 37 appropriate administration of the broadband fund. With financial 38 assistance from BPU and any available funding from federal, State and 39 private entity sources, EDA is to provide sufficient funding to the 40 broadband office to enable the broadband office to provide funding for 41 underserved communities to pay for broadband service and for the 42 installation or expanded use of broadband infrastructure for 43 communities that lack broadband access, specifically the portion of a 44 communications infrastructure network that physically reaches the 45 residents' or small business's premises within those communities. The 46 bill allows EDA, in consultation with BPU, to seek and accept gifts,

donations, grants, or loans from public or private sources, including,

but not limited to, any funding provided by the Federal

1 2

27

47

48

### S1982 RUIZ, ZWICKER 11

Communications Commission or any funding from a non-profit

foundation, specifically for the provision of broadband infrastructure
or broadband service, except that EDA and BPU are not to accept a
gift, donation, grant, or loan that is subject to conditions that are
inconsistent with any other law of this State.

1

6 The bill requires EDA, in consultation with BPU, to annually 7 prepare a report to the Governor and the Legislature concerning the 8 number, nature, structure, and scope of each broadband project 9 developed, and whether the broadband project is developed under a P3 10 agreement. The report is to include certain information provided in the 11 bill and address any issues related to the implementation the bill, 12 including staffing and resource requirements of the broadband office. 13 The report is to set forth recommendations regarding how the 14 processes and methods adopted to foster the development of 15 broadband projects and any related P3 agreements under the bill may 16 be improved, expanded, or made more efficient.