[First Reprint]

SENATE, No. 732

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

220th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2022 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Senator FRED H. MADDEN, JR. District 4 (Camden and Gloucester)

Co-Sponsored by: Senator Cruz-Perez

SYNOPSIS

Requires certain health care facilities to adopt and implement policies to prevent exposure to surgical smoke via use of smoke evacuation system.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Senate Health, Human Services and Senior Citizens Committee on June 6, 2022, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/13/2022)

1	AN ACT concerning surgical smoke and supplementing Title 26 of
2	the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. a. As used in this section:
- "Health care facility" means a health care facility licensed by the Department of Health pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.) 1. "Health care facility" does not mean a long-term care facility or a provider of adult medical day care services.

"Long-term care facility" means a nursing home, an assisted living residence, an assisted living program, a comprehensive personal care home, a residential health care facility, or a dementia care home licensed pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.).

"Provider of adult medical day care services" means an adult day health services facility licensed by the Department of Health, which provides preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, and rehabilitative services under medical and nursing supervision to meet the needs of functionally impaired adult participants for a period of time that does not exceed 12 hours during any calendar day.¹

"Smoke evacuation system" means smoke evacuation equipment and technologies designed to capture, ¹[neutralize] <u>filter</u>¹, or eliminate surgical smoke at the site of origin and before the surgical smoke makes ocular contact or contact with the respiratory tract of an individual.

"Surgical smoke" means the surgical plume that is generated from the use of an energy generating surgical device, and shall include, but shall not be limited to, smoke plume, bio-aerosols, laser-generated airborne contaminants, and lung damaging dust.

b. ¹[A] <u>Each</u> health care facility shall adopt and implement policies to prevent exposure to surgical smoke via use of a smoke evacuation system for each procedure that generates surgical smoke.

2. The Commissioner of Health shall adopt rules and regulations, in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), as are necessary to effectuate the provisions of this act.

3. This act shall take effect ¹[immediately] <u>90 days after the</u> date of enactment ¹.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.