SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 287

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

ADOPTED JUNE 13, 2022

Sponsored by: Senator LINDA R. GREENSTEIN District 14 (Mercer and Middlesex) Senator TROY SINGLETON District 7 (Burlington)

Co-Sponsored by: Senators Codey, Diegnan, Cunningham, Gopal, Stack and Zwicker

SYNOPSIS

Provides CBT and gross income tax credits for certain deliveries of low carbon concrete and for costs of conducting environmental product declaration analyses of low carbon concrete.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Substitute as adopted by the Senate Environment and Energy Committee.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/27/2022)

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AN ACT concerning the purchase and use of low embodied carbon
 concrete and supplementing Titles 13 and 54 of the Revised
 Statutes and Title 54A of the New Jersey Statutes.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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8 1. a. The Department of Environmental Protection, in
9 consultation with the Director of the Division of Taxation in the
10 Department of the Treasury, shall provide:

(1) for the purpose of calculating tax credits to be issued
pursuant to P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature
as this bill), global warming potential baselines for concrete mixes
supplied pursuant to contracts with State agencies;

(2) thresholds for low embodied carbon concrete and concrete
that incorporates carbon capture, utilization, and storage technology
to qualify for a tax credit pursuant to P.L., c. (C.)
(pending before the Legislature as this bill), which the department
may review and modify pursuant to advancements in low carbon
concrete technology or future State laws, regulations, or orders
pertaining to the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions;

22 (3) formulae for the tax credits issued pursuant to 23 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) 24 for (1) low embodied carbon concrete and (2) concrete that 25 incorporates carbon capture, utilization, and storage technology. 26 The formulae shall provide that the amount of each tax credit is 27 proportional to the reduction of the global warming potential value 28 below the baseline;

(4) a uniform process for concrete producers to certify that
concrete is low embodied carbon concrete, or that it utilizes carbon
capture, utilization, and storage technology, and for determining the
global warming potential value of concrete; and

(5) any forms and guidance that the department determines are
necessary for the submissions required to receive the tax credits
allowed pursuant to P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the
Legislature as this bill) or to otherwise implement the provisions of
P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

38 b. No later than three years after the effective date of 39 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, in consultation with 40 41 the State Treasurer, shall prepare and submit a report to the 42 Governor and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-43 19.1), the Legislature, containing a cost-benefit analysis of the tax 44 credits established pursuant to P.L., c. (C.) (pending 45 before the Legislature as this bill), in order to quantify the 46 budgetary impact of the program relative to its carbon reduction 47 impact. The report shall recommend whether the program should 48 be continued. modified, or repealed, and include any

recommendations for legislative or regulatory action to improve the
 program.

3 c. As used in this section:

4 "Carbon capture, utilization, and storage technology" means 5 technologies or methods to remove carbon dioxide generated by the 6 concrete manufacturing process from the flue gas or the 7 atmosphere, and to recycle the carbon dioxide either through 8 utilization of the captured carbon dioxide in the concrete 9 manufacturing process, or through safe and permanent storage of 10 the captured carbon dioxide.

"Concrete" means structural and non-structural masonry, andpre-cast and ready-mix concrete building products.

13 "Department" means the Department of Environmental14 Protection.

15 "Director" means Director of the Division of Taxation in the16 Department of the Treasury.

17 "Embodied carbon emissions" means carbon emissions generated
18 as a result of a material's production, including mining, refining,
19 manufacturing, and shipping.

"Global warming potential" means a numeric value that measures
the total contribution to global warming from the emission of
greenhouse gases, or the elimination of greenhouse gas sinks, that
results from the production or utilization of concrete.

24 "Low embodied carbon concrete" means concrete that has been 25 certified to embody lower carbon emissions, as measured by a 26 global warming potential metric, than the baseline embodied carbon emissions of conventional concrete made with Portland cement. 27 28 Low embodied carbon emissions may be achieved through any 29 combination of: (1) higher energy efficiency at the level of the 30 concrete or cement plant; (2) low carbon fuel substitution at the 31 level of the concrete or cement plant; (3) local production of, and 32 use of locally sourced material in, the concrete, resulting in reduced 33 concrete delivery miles and reduced emissions from transportation; 34 (4) the reduction of clinker content in the cement component of 35 concrete, or the substitution of clinker content with lower carbon-36 intensive alternative materials such as ground, granulated blast 37 furnace slag, fly ash, or recycled ground-glass pozzolan; (5) the 38 capture and storage of point source carbon dioxide emissions during 39 the cement or concrete production process; or (6) the utilization and 40 storage of carbon in concrete materials.

41 "Portland cement" means hydraulic cement produced by
42 pulverizing clinkers in combination with one or more of the forms
43 of calcium sulfate.

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a. For privilege periods beginning on or after January 1 next
following the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending
before the Legislature as this bill), a taxpayer that is a producer of
low embodied carbon concrete or concrete that utilizes carbon

capture, utilization, and storage technology and that meets the
 requirements of this section shall be allowed a credit against the tax
 due pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) in an
 amount as provided in subsection c. of this section.

5 b. In order to qualify for a tax credit pursuant to subsection a.6 of this section, a concrete producer shall:

(1) deliver, pursuant to a contract with a State procuring agency
or with a private contracting firm that has contracted with the State,
low embodied carbon concrete or concrete that incorporates carbon
capture, utilization, and storage technology, which concrete is used
by a construction or improvement project that requires the purchase
of 50 cubic yards or more of concrete; and

(2) submit to the department for review and approval a certified
environmental product declaration that provides a global warming
potential value for the delivered concrete.

c. (1) For the delivery of low embodied carbon concrete, a
taxpayer may be eligible for a tax credit calculated using the
formula provided by the department pursuant to section 3 of
P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill),
not to exceed five percent of the costs of the low embodied concrete
delivered.

(2) For the delivery of concrete that incorporates carbon capture,
utilization, and storage technology, a taxpayer may be eligible for a
tax credit calculated using the formula provided by the department
pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the
Legislature as this bill), not to exceed three percent of the costs of
the concrete delivered that incorporates carbon capture, utilization,
and storage technology.

(3) A taxpayer delivering concrete that is both low embodied
carbon concrete and concrete that incorporates carbon capture,
utilization, and storage technology may qualify for both tax credits
authorized pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, not
to exceed eight percent of the costs of the concrete delivered that is
low embodied carbon concrete that incorporates carbon capture,
utilization, and storage technology.

36 d. In order to receive the tax credit allowed pursuant to this 37 section, a taxpayer shall submit to the using agency a certification, 38 in a form provided by the department, that includes: (a) a statement 39 of the amount and cost of the low embodied carbon concrete or 40 concrete that incorporates carbon capture, utilization and storage technology that was delivered in accordance with paragraph (1) of 41 42 subsection b. of this section, with appropriate supporting 43 documentation; (b) the environmental product declaration approved 44 by the department pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this 45 section; (c) the amount of the tax credit calculated pursuant to 46 subsection c. of this section; (d) a copy of the contract pursuant to 47 which concrete was delivered; and (e) any other information as

determined relevant by the department or requested by the using
 agency.

e. Upon approval of the certification, the using agency shall
notify the director as to the eligibility of the taxpayer for a tax
credit in the amount approved by the department and using agency.
The director, prior to issuing a tax credit certificate pursuant to this
section, may require the submission by the taxpayer of any
information the director deems necessary.

9 f. When filing a tax return that includes a claim for a credit 10 pursuant to this section, the taxpayer who received the credit shall 11 include a copy of the tax credit certificate issued by the director.

12 The order of priority of the application of the credit allowed g. 13 pursuant to this section and any other credits allowed against the tax 14 imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) for 15 a privilege period shall be as prescribed by the director. The 16 amount of the credit applied pursuant to this section against the tax 17 imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5), 18 shall not reduce a taxpayer's tax liability for a privilege period to an 19 amount less than the statutory minimum provided in subsection (e) 20 of section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5). Any credit shall be 21 valid in the privilege period in which the tax credit certificate is 22 approved and any unused portion thereof may be carried forward 23 into the next seven privilege periods or until depleted, whichever is 24 earlier, after which the tax credit shall expire.

25 h. The total value of tax credits approved pursuant to 26 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) 27 shall not in the aggregate exceed \$10 million in any year. The 28 director shall issue tax credit certificates pursuant to this section on 29 a first-come, first-serve basis, except that the director shall not issue 30 tax credit certificates to a single taxpayer pursuant to this section 31 and section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 32 Legislature as this bill) in excess of \$1 million in any privilege 33 period. The director may issue a tax credit certificate to a taxpayer 34 that has previously been allowed a tax credit under this section.

A using agency shall, in its sole discretion, determine 35 i. 36 whether to purchase or use low embodied concrete or concrete that 37 uses carbon capture, utilization, and storage technology in a 38 construction or improvement project. In preparing the 39 specifications for any contract for the purchase of 50 cubic yards or 40 more of concrete, or for any construction or improvement project 41 that requires the use of 50 cubic yards or more of concrete, the 42 procuring agency shall include in the invitation to bid, where 43 relevant, a statement that any response to the invitation that 44 proposes or calls for the use low embodied carbon concrete or 45 concrete that utilizes carbon capture, utilization, and storage 46 technology shall be eligible for a tax credit pursuant to subsection a. 47 of this section. If the agency makes a determination to purchase or use low embodied carbon concrete or concrete that uses carbon 48

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capture, utilization, and storage technology in the construction
 project, the agency shall include in the invitation to bid a
 predetermined bid allowance price for the concrete, which shall be
 used by all bidders in the public bidding process.

5 j. Nothing in this section shall be construed to exempt any 6 entity from complying with any applicable law, rule, standard, or 7 specification, including, but not limited to, those regarding the use 8 of concrete in construction projects.

9 k. As used in this section:

"Carbon capture, utilization, and storage technology" means the
same as the term is defined in section 1 of P.L., c. (C.)
(pending before the Legislature as this bill).

13 "Department" means the Department of Environmental14 Protection.

15 "Director" means Director of the Division of Taxation in the16 Department of the Treasury.

"Environmental product declaration" means a product-specific
Type III environmental product declaration that conforms to ISO
Standard 14025, assesses the numeric global warming potential of
the product, and allows for environmental impact comparisons
between concrete mixes fulfilling the same functions.

"Global warming potential" means the same as the term is
defined in section 1 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the
Legislature as this bill).

"Low embodied carbon concrete" means the same as the term is
defined in section 1 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the
Legislature as this bill).

28 "Procuring agency" means any State department, authority, or29 commission having authority to contract for goods or services.

30 "Using agency" means any State department, authority, or 31 commission that makes a purchase, pursuant to a State contract, of 32 50 cubic yards or more of concrete or that enters into a contract for 33 a construction or improvement project that requires the use of 50 34 cubic yards or more of concrete.

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36 3. a. (1) For privilege periods beginning on or after January 1 37 next following the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending 38 before the Legislature as this bill), a taxpayer that is a producer of 39 concrete, or a producer of a major component of concrete including cement or aggregate, shall be allowed a credit against the tax 40 imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) to 41 42 compensate the taxpayer for costs incurred as a result of conducting 43 an environmental product declaration analysis to determine the 44 global warming potential of the concrete or concrete component 45 produced at a production facility that the taxpayer owns or operates. 46 (2) The amount of the credit authorized pursuant to this section

shall not exceed the lesser of: (a) the full cost incurred for anenvironmental product declaration analysis of a single concrete,

cement, aggregate, or related production facility, or (b) \$3,000. A
 taxpayer may claim the credit authorized pursuant to this section for
 the cost of completing environmental product declaration analyses
 at up to eight production facilities owned or operated by the same
 taxpayer in a single privilege period.
 b. In order to receive the tax credit allowed pursuant to this

section, the taxpayer shall submit to the department for approval a
certification, in the form required by the department, that includes:
(1) the costs incurred to complete the environmental product
declaration; (2) the amount of the tax credit calculated pursuant to
subsection (2) of subsection a. of this section; (3) a copy of the
environmental product declaration; and (4) any other information
determined to be relevant by the department.

c. Upon approval of the certification, the department shall notify the director as to the eligibility of the taxpayer for a tax credit in the amount approved by the department. The director, prior to issuing a tax credit certificate pursuant to this section, may require the submission by the taxpayer of any information the director deems necessary.

d. When filing a return that includes a claim for a credit
pursuant to this section, the taxpayer who received the credit shall
include a copy of the tax credit certificate.

23 The order of priority of the application of the tax credit e. 24 allowed pursuant to this section, and any other credits allowed 25 against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 26 (C.54:10A-5) for a privilege period, shall be as prescribed by the 27 director. The amount of the credit applied pursuant to this section 28 against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 29 (C.54:10A-5) shall not reduce a taxpayer's tax liability to an amount less than the statutory minimum provided in subsection (e) of 30 section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5). The amount of the tax 31 32 credit otherwise allowable under this section which cannot be 33 applied for the privilege period due to the limitations of this 34 subsection or under other provisions of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-35 1 et seq.) may be carried forward for seven privilege periods following the privilege period for which the tax credit certificate 36 37 was issued, after which the tax credit shall expire.

38 f. The total value of tax credits approved by the department, in 39 consultation with the director, pursuant to P.L., c. (C.) 40 (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall not in the 41 aggregate exceed \$10 million in any year. The director shall issue 42 tax credits pursuant to this section on a first-come, first-serve basis. 43 The director may issue a tax credit certificate to a taxpayer that has 44 previously been allowed a tax credit under this section. The 45 director, prior to issuing a tax credit certificate pursuant to this 46 section, may require the submission by the taxpayer of any 47 information the director deems necessary.

48 g. As used in this section:

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1 "Concrete" means structural and non-structural masonry, and 2 pre-cast and ready-mix concrete building products. 3 "Department" means the Department of Environmental 4 Protection. 5 "Director" means Director of the Division of Taxation in the 6 Department of the Treasury. 7 "Environmental product declaration" means a product-specific 8 Type III environmental product declaration that conforms to ISO Standard 14025, assesses the numeric global warming potential of 9 the product, and allows for environmental impact comparisons 10 between concrete mixes fulfilling the same functions. 11 12 "Global warming potential" means the same as the term is defined in section 1 of P.L., c. (C. 13) (pending before the 14 Legislature as this bill). 15 16 4. a. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1 next 17 following the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending 18 before the Legislature as this bill), a taxpayer that is a producer of 19 low embodied carbon concrete or concrete that utilizes carbon capture, utilization, and storage technology and that meets the 20 requirements of this section shall be allowed a credit against the tax 21 22 otherwise due for the taxable year under the "New Jersey Gross 23 Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., in an amount as provided 24 in subsection c. of this section. b. In order to qualify for a tax credit pursuant to subsection a. 25 26 of this section, a concrete producer shall: 27 (1) deliver, pursuant to a contract with a State procuring agency 28 or with a private contracting firm that has contracted with the State, 29 low embodied carbon concrete or concrete that incorporates carbon 30 capture, utilization, and storage technology, which concrete is used by a construction or improvement project that requires the purchase 31 32 of 50 cubic yards or more of concrete; and 33 (2) submit to the department for review and approval a certified 34 environmental product declaration that provides a global warming potential value for the delivered concrete. 35 36 c. (1) For the delivery of low embodied carbon concrete, a 37 taxpayer may be eligible for a tax credit calculated using the 38 formula provided by the department pursuant to section 3 of 39 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), 40 not to exceed five percent of the costs of the low embodied concrete 41 delivered. 42 (2) For the delivery of concrete that incorporates carbon capture, 43 utilization, and storage technology, a taxpayer may be eligible for a 44 tax credit calculated using the formula provided by the department 45 pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 46 Legislature as this bill), not to exceed three percent of the costs of 47 the concrete delivered that incorporates carbon capture, utilization, 48 and storage technology.

1 (3) A taxpayer delivering concrete that is both low embodied 2 carbon concrete and concrete that incorporates carbon capture, 3 utilization, and storage technology may qualify for both tax credits 4 authorized pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, not 5 to exceed eight percent of the costs of the concrete delivered that is 6 low embodied carbon concrete that incorporates carbon capture, 7 utilization, and storage technology.

8 d. In order to receive the tax credit allowed pursuant to this 9 section, a taxpayer shall submit to the using agency a certification, 10 in a form provided by the department, that includes: (a) a statement 11 of the amount and cost of the low embodied carbon concrete or 12 concrete that incorporates carbon capture, utilization and storage 13 technology that was delivered in accordance with paragraph (1) of 14 subsection b. of this section, with appropriate supporting 15 documentation; (b) the environmental product declaration approved 16 by the department pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this 17 section; (c) the amount of the tax credit calculated pursuant to 18 subsection c. of this section; (d) a copy of the contract pursuant to 19 which concrete was delivered; and (e) any other information as 20 determined relevant by the department or requested by the using 21 agency.

e. Upon approval of the certification, the using agency shall notify the director as to the eligibility of the taxpayer for a tax credit in the amount approved by the department and using agency. The director, prior to issuing a tax credit certificate pursuant to this section, may require the submission by the taxpayer of any information the director deems necessary.

f. When filing a tax return that includes a claim for a credit
pursuant to this section, the taxpayer who received the credit shall
include a copy of the tax credit certificate issued by the director.

31 g. The order of priority of the application of the credit allowed 32 pursuant to this section and any other credits allowed against the tax 33 imposed pursuant the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," 34 N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., for a taxable year shall be as prescribed by 35 the director. The amount of the credit applied under this section 36 against the New Jersey gross income tax imposed pursuant to 37 N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. for a taxable year, when taken together with 38 any other payments, credits, deductions, and adjustments allowed 39 by law, shall not reduce a taxpayer's tax liability to an amount less 40 than zero. Any credit shall be valid in the taxable year in which the 41 tax credit certificate is approved and any unused portion thereof 42 may be carried forward into the next seven taxable years or until 43 depleted, whichever is earlier, after which the tax credit shall 44 expire.

h. The total value of tax credits approved pursuant to
P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
shall not in the aggregate exceed \$10 million in any year. The
director shall issue tax credit certificates pursuant to this section on

a first-come, first-serve basis, except that the director shall not issue
tax credit certificates to a single taxpayer pursuant to this section
and section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the
Legislature as this bill) in excess of \$1 million in any taxable year.
The director may issue a tax credit certificate to a taxpayer that has
previously been allowed a tax credit under this section.

7 A using agency shall, in its sole discretion, determine i. 8 whether to purchase or use low embodied concrete or concrete that 9 uses carbon capture, utilization, and storage technology in a 10 construction or improvement project. In preparing the specifications for any contract for the purchase of 50 cubic yards or 11 12 more of concrete, or for any construction or improvement project that requires the use of 50 cubic yards or more of concrete, the 13 14 procuring agency shall include in the invitation to bid, where 15 relevant, a statement that any response to the invitation that proposes or calls for the use low embodied carbon concrete or 16 17 concrete that utilizes carbon capture, utilization, and storage 18 technology shall be eligible for a tax credit pursuant to subsection a. 19 of this section. If the agency makes a determination to purchase or 20 use low embodied carbon concrete or concrete that uses carbon capture, utilization, and storage technology in the construction 21 22 project, the agency shall include in the invitation to bid a 23 predetermined bid allowance price for the concrete, which shall be 24 used by all bidders in the public bidding process.

j. Nothing in this section shall be construed to exempt any
entity from complying with any applicable law, rule, standard, or
specification, including, but not limited to, those regarding the use
of concrete in construction projects.

29 k. As used in this section:

"Carbon capture, utilization, and storage technology" means the
same as the term is defined in section 1 of P.L., c. (C.)
(pending before the Legislature as this bill).

33 "Department" means the Department of Environmental34 Protection.

35 "Director" means Director of the Division of Taxation in the36 Department of the Treasury.

37 "Environmental product declaration" means a product-specific
38 Type III environmental product declaration that conforms to ISO
39 Standard 14025, assesses the numeric global warming potential of
40 the product, and allows for environmental impact comparisons
41 between concrete mixes fulfilling the same functions.

"Global warming potential" means the same as the term is
defined in section 1 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the
Legislature as this bill).

45 "Low embodied carbon concrete" means the same as the term is
46 defined in section 1 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the
47 Legislature as this bill).

"Procuring agency" means any State department, authority, or
 commission having authority to contract for goods or services.

3 "Using agency" means any State department, authority, or 4 commission that makes a purchase, pursuant to a State contract, of 5 50 cubic yards or more of concrete or that enters into a contract for 6 a construction or improvement project that requires the use of 50 7 cubic yards or more of concrete.

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9 5. a. (1) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1 next following the effective date of P.L., c. 10) (pending (C. before the Legislature as this bill), a taxpayer that is a producer of 11 12 concrete, or a producer of a major component of concrete including 13 cement or aggregate, shall be allowed a credit against the tax 14 otherwise due for the taxable year under the "New Jersey Gross 15 Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., to compensate the taxpayer for costs incurred as a result of conducting an environmental 16 17 product declaration analysis to determine the global warming 18 potential of concrete or concrete component produced at a 19 production facility that the taxpayer owns or operates.

(2) The amount of the credit authorized pursuant to this section 20 shall not exceed the lesser of: (a) the full cost incurred for an 21 22 environmental product declaration analysis of a single concrete, 23 cement, aggregate, or related production facility, or (b) \$3,000. A 24 taxpayer may claim the credit authorized pursuant to this section for 25 the cost of completing environmental product declaration analyses 26 at up to eight production facilities owned or operated by the same 27 taxpayer in a single taxable year.

b. In order to receive the tax credit allowed pursuant to this 28 29 section, the taxpayer shall submit to the department for approval a 30 certification, in the form required by the department, that includes: (1) the costs incurred to complete the environmental product 31 32 declaration; (2) the amount of the tax credit calculated pursuant to 33 subsection (2) of subsection a. of this section; (3) a copy of the 34 environmental product declaration; and (4) any other information 35 determined to be relevant by the department.

c. Upon approval of the certification, the department shall
notify the director as to the eligibility of the taxpayer for a tax
credit in the amount approved by the department. The director,
prior to issuing a tax credit certificate pursuant to this section, may
require the submission by the taxpayer of any information the
director deems necessary.

d. When filing a return that includes a claim for a credit
pursuant to this section, the taxpayer who received the credit shall
include a copy of the tax credit certificate.

e. The order of priority of the application of the tax credit
allowed pursuant to this section, and any other credits allowed
against the tax imposed pursuant to the "New Jersey Gross Income
Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., for a taxable year, shall be as

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prescribed by the director. The amount of the credit applied under 1 2 this section against the New Jersey gross income tax imposed 3 pursuant to N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. for a taxable year, when taken 4 together with any other payments, credits, deductions, and 5 adjustments allowed by law, shall not reduce a taxpayer's tax liability to an amount less than zero. The amount of the tax credit 6 7 otherwise allowable under this section which cannot be applied for 8 the taxable year due to the limitations of this subsection or under 9 other provisions of N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. may be carried forward for seven taxable years following the taxable year for which the tax 10 11 credit certificate was issued, after which the tax credit shall expire. 12 f. The total value of tax credits approved by the department, in consultation with the director, pursuant to P.L., c. 13 (C.) 14 (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall not in the 15 aggregate exceed \$10 million in any year. The director shall issue 16 tax credits pursuant to this section on a first-come, first-serve basis. 17 The director may issue a tax credit certificate to a taxpayer that has 18 previously been allowed a tax credit under this section. The 19 director, prior to issuing a tax credit certificate pursuant to this section, may require the submission by the taxpayer of any 20 21 information the director deems necessary. 22 g. As used in this section: 23 "Concrete" means structural and non-structural masonry, and 24 pre-cast and ready-mix concrete building products. 25 "Department" means the Department of Environmental 26 Protection. 27 "Director" means Director of the Division of Taxation in the 28 Department of the Treasury. 29 "Environmental product declaration" means a product-specific 30 Type III environmental product declaration that conforms to ISO Standard 14025, assesses the numeric global warming potential of 31 32 the product, and allows for environmental impact comparisons 33 between concrete mixes fulfilling the same functions. 34 "Global warming potential" means the same as the term is 35 defined in section 1 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 36 Legislature as this bill). 37 38 6. The Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department 39 of the Treasury and the Department of Environmental Protection, in consultation with each other, may adopt, pursuant to the 40 41 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-42 1 et seq.), such rules and regulations as may be necessary to 43 implement the provisions of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before 44 the Legislature as this bill). 45 46 7. This act shall take effect six months after the date of 47 enactment, and shall apply to privilege periods beginning on or

48 after the January 1 next following the effective date of the bill.