[First Reprint] SENATE, No. 275

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2022 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator SHIRLEY K. TURNER District 15 (Hunterdon and Mercer) Senator JOSEPH F. VITALE District 19 (Middlesex)

Co-Sponsored by: Senator Ruiz

SYNOPSIS

Permits pharmacists to furnish self-administered hormonal contraceptives pursuant to a standing order, in accordance with protocols established by Board of Pharmacy and Board of Medical Examiners.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Senate Health, Human Services and Senior Citizens Committee on May 12, 2022, with amendments.



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AN ACT concerning contraceptives and supplementing P.L.2003,
 c.280 (C.45:14-40 et seq.).

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a 7 1. a. 8 pharmacist shall be authorized to furnish self-administered 9 hormonal contraceptives to a patient, in accordance with 10 standardized procedures and protocols to be jointly developed and approved by the Board of Pharmacy and the State Board of Medical 11 12 Examiners, in consultation with the American Congress of Obstetricians and Gynecologists, the New Jersey Pharmacists 13 14 Association, and other appropriate entities, and in accordance with 15 the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-16 1 et seq.) and the provisions of this subsection.

b. At a minimum, the standardized procedures and protocolsadopted under this subsection shall:

(1) require a pharmacist, as a condition of furnishing selfadministered hormonal contraceptives to patients pursuant to this
section, to complete a training program jointly approved by the
Board of Pharmacy and the State Board of Medical Examiners;

(2) provide for the issuance of a standing order authorizing
pharmacists in this State to furnish self-administered hormonal
contraceptives to patients without an individual prescription;

(3) identify the self-administered hormonal contraceptives that a
pharmacist will be authorized to furnish to patients pursuant to the
standing order;

(4) require a pharmacist to make clinical decisions that are free
from any financial influence imposed by insurance providers,
contraceptive product manufacturers, and other parties having a
financial interest in the disbursement or non-disbursement of selfadministered hormonal contraceptives;

(5) require a patient, prior to obtaining a self-administered
hormonal contraceptive pursuant to this section, to use a selfscreening tool that will identify patient risk factors for the use of
self-administered hormonal contraceptives, based on the current
United States Medical Eligibility Criteria for Contraceptive Use
(US MEC) developed by the federal Centers for Disease Control
and Prevention;

41 (6) require a pharmacist to offer to provide counseling to a
42 patient about other forms of contraception that have been approved
43 by the federal Food and Drug Administration, and, if the patient
44 accepts the offer for counseling, require the pharmacist to provide

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: ¹Senate SHH committee amendments adopted May 12, 2022.

the patient with specific and appropriate information about such
other forms of contraception, based on the results of the selfscreening tool administered pursuant to paragraph (5) of this
subsection; and

5 (7) require a pharmacist, upon furnishing a self-administered 6 hormonal contraceptive to a patient, or upon determining that a self-7 administered hormonal contraceptive is not recommended, to refer 8 the patient to the patient's primary care provider, or, if the patient 9 does not have a primary care provider, to an appropriate and nearby 10 medical clinic.

11 c. The Board of Pharmacy and the Board of Medical 12 Examiners are ¹[both] <u>each</u>¹ authorized to ensure compliance with 13 the provisions of this section, and each board is specifically charged 14 with the enforcement of this section as applied to its respective 15 licensees.

d. As used in this section, "self-administered hormonal
contraceptive" means any oral, transdermal, or vaginal
contraceptive product, including, but not limited to, birth control
pills, vaginal rings, and diaphragms.

e. Nothing in this section shall be '[deemed] <u>construed</u>¹ to
expand the authority of a pharmacist to prescribe any prescription
medication. 'The requirements of this section shall not apply to a
pharmacist dispensing a self-administered hormonal contraceptive
pursuant to an individual prescription issued by a health care
practitioner authorized to prescribe self-administered hormonal
contraceptives in the course of professional practice.'

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2. The Commissioner of Health shall establish a public 28 29 awareness campaign to inform the general public concerning the 30 ability to obtain self-administered hormonal contraceptives from a pharmacy without an individual prescription pursuant to the 31 32 provisions of section 1 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 33 Legislature as this bill). There shall be appropriated to the Department of Health such funding as shall be necessary to 34 implement the provisions of this section. 35

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37 3. This act shall take effect on the first day of the fourth month
38 next following the date of enactment, except that the Board of
39 Pharmacy and the State Board of Medical Examiners may take any
40 administrative action in advance thereof as shall be necessary for
41 the implementation of this act.