**§**1 Note to R.S.39:4-50, C.39:4-50.4a, C.39:4-50.16a, C.39:4-50.17, C.39:4-50.17b, and C.39:4-50.18 §6 Note to C.39:3-10.13 §7 C.39:4-50.21a §8 C.39:4-50c and Note to C.39:3-10.13 **§**9 Note to §§7,8, C.39:3-10.20, R.S.39:4-50, C.39:4-50.4a, C.39:4-50.16a, C.39:4-50.17, C.39:4-50.17b, and C.39:4-50.18

#### P.L. 2023, CHAPTER 191, approved December 21, 2023 Senate, No. 3011 (Fifth Reprint)

1	AN ACT concerning certain drunk driving offenses <sup>3</sup> [and], <sup>3</sup>
2	amending <sup>1</sup> [P.L.2019, c.248] various sections of the statutory
3	law <sup>1 3</sup> , and supplementing Title 39 of the Revised Statutes <sup>3</sup> .
4	
5	BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
6	of New Jersey:
7	
8	1. Section 7 of P.L.2019, c.248 is amended to read as follows:
9	7. This act shall take effect on the first day of the fourth month
10	after enactment and shall apply to any offense occurring on or after
	EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.
	Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter. Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

<sup>1</sup>Senate SLP committee amendments adopted May 18, 2023.

<sup>4</sup>Assembly AAP committee amendments adopted December 18, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Senate floor amendments adopted June 26, 2023.
<sup>3</sup>Senate floor amendments adopted June 30, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Senate floor amendments adopted December 21, 2023.

1 that date; the [act] amendments to R.S.39:4-50 <sup>1</sup>enacted by 2 P.L.2019, c.248<sup>1</sup>; section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a) 3 <sup>1</sup>enacted by P.L.2019, c.248<sup>1</sup>; section 2 of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.17) <sup>1</sup>enacted by P.L.2019, c.248<sup>1</sup>; section 3 of P.L.1999, 4 <sup>1</sup>enacted by P.L.2019, c.248<sup>1</sup>; and 5 c.417 (C.39:4-50.18) supplemental sections 1 and 6 <sup>1</sup>enacted by P.L.2019, c.248<sup>1</sup> shall 6 expire on the first day of the [fifth] tenth year next following the 7 8 effective date. The Chief Administrator of the New Jersey Motor 9 Vehicle Commission may take any anticipatory administrative 10 action in advance of the date as shall be necessary to implement the 11 provisions of this act. 12 (cf: P.L.2019, s.248, s.7)

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14 <sup>1</sup>2. R.S.39:4-50 is amended to read as follows:

15 39:4-50. (a) A person who operates a motor vehicle while under 16 the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or 17 habit-producing drug, or operates a motor vehicle with a blood 18 alcohol concentration of 0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in the 19 defendant's blood or permits another person who is under the 20 influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-21 producing drug to operate a motor vehicle the person owns or which 22 is in the person's custody or control or permits another to operate a 23 motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.08% or more 24 by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood shall be subject:

(1) For the first offense:

26 (i) if the person's blood alcohol concentration is 0.08% or 27 higher but less than 0.10%, or the person operates a motor vehicle 28 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, or the person permits another person who is under the influence of intoxicating 29 30 liquor to operate a motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or 31 control or permits another person with a blood alcohol 32 concentration of 0.08% or higher but less than 0.10% to operate a 33 motor vehicle, to a fine of not less than \$250 nor more than \$400 34 and a period of detainment of not less than 12 hours nor more than 35 48 hours spent during two consecutive days of not less than six 36 hours each day and served as prescribed by the program 37 requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers established 38 under subsection (f) of this section and, in the discretion of the 39 court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days. In addition, 40 the court shall order the person to forfeit the right to operate a 41 motor vehicle over the highways of this State until the person 42 installs an ignition interlock device in one motor vehicle the person 43 owns, leases, or principally operates, whichever the person most 44 often operates, for the purpose of complying with the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.). A person who <sup>2</sup>[was] has<sup>2</sup> 45 46 been arrested for a violation of this section whose blood alcohol 47 concentration was at least 0.08% but less than 0.10% or who was 48 otherwise under the influence of intoxicating liquor may, upon

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1 arrest and prior to any conviction, voluntarily install an ignition 2 interlock device in one motor vehicle the person owns, leases, or 3 principally operates, whichever the person most often operates, and 4 request from the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission a driver's 5 license with a notation stating that the person shall not operate a 6 motor vehicle unless it is equipped with an ignition interlock device 7 pursuant to subsection b. of section 3 of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-8 50.18). <sup>4</sup>The request shall include a copy of the interlock installer's certification and <sup>5</sup>[a copy of a court order indicating the date of 9 installation and the related charges, documentation of pending 10 charges as determined by the Chief Administrator of the Motor 11 Vehicle Commission<sup>5</sup> to be submitted no later than seven days after 12 <sup>5</sup>[the date of the court order] receipt of the documentation<sup>5</sup>.<sup>4</sup> A 13 person who installs an ignition interlock device and obtains a 14 driver's license with the appropriate notation pursuant to this 15 16 subparagraph shall not be subject to a fine pursuant to this 17 subparagraph <sup>4</sup>if the person possessed a valid New Jersey driver's 18 license in good standing at the time of the offense and maintained a 19 license in good standing until the date of conviction<sup>4</sup>; 20 (ii) if the person's blood alcohol concentration is 0.10% or higher, or the person operates a motor vehicle while under the

21 22 influence of a narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, or 23 the person permits another person who is under the influence of a 24 narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to operate a motor 25 vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control, or permits 26 another person with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more 27 to operate a motor vehicle, to a fine of not less than \$300 nor more 28 than \$500 and a period of detainment of not less than 12 hours nor 29 more than 48 hours spent during two consecutive days of not less 30 than six hours each day and served as prescribed by the program 31 requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers established 32 under subsection (f) of this section and, in the discretion of the 33 court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days. A person 34 who has been arrested for a violation of this section whose blood 35 alcohol concentration was 0.10% or higher may, upon arrest and 36 prior to any conviction, voluntarily install an ignition interlock 37 device in one motor vehicle the person owns, leases, or principally 38 operates, whichever the person most often operates, and request 39 from the Motor Vehicle Commission a driver's license with a 40 notation stating that the person shall not operate a motor vehicle 41 unless it is equipped with an ignition interlock device pursuant to subsection b. of section 3 of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.18). <sup>4</sup>The 42 43 request shall include a copy of the interlock installer's certification 44 and <sup>5</sup>[a copy of a court order indicating the date of installation and the related charges, documentation of pending charges as 45 determined by the Chief Administrator of the New Jersey Motor 46 <u>Vehicle Commission</u><sup>5</sup> to be submitted no later than seven days after 47 <sup>5</sup>[the date of the court order] receipt of the documentation<sup>5</sup>.<sup>4</sup> A 48

1 person who installs an ignition interlock device and obtains a 2 driver's license with the appropriate notation pursuant to this 3 subparagraph shall not be subject to a fine pursuant to this 4 subparagraph <sup>4</sup>if the person possessed a valid New Jersey driver's 5 license in good standing at the time of the offense and maintained a license in good standing until the date of conviction<sup>4</sup>; 6 7 in the case of a person who is convicted of operating a motor 8 vehicle while under the influence of a narcotic, hallucinogenic or 9 habit-producing drug or permitting another person who is under the 10 influence of a narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to 11 operate a motor vehicle owned by the person or under the person's 12 custody or control, the person shall forfeit the right to operate a 13 motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of not 14 less than seven months nor more than one year; 15 in the case of a person whose blood alcohol concentration is 16 0.10% or higher but less than 0.15%, the person shall forfeit the 17 right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State until 18 the person installs an ignition interlock device in one motor vehicle 19 the person owns, leases, or principally operates, whichever the 20 person most often operates, for the purpose of complying with the 21 provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.); 22 in the case of a person whose blood alcohol concentration is 23 0.15% or higher, the person shall forfeit the right to operate a motor 24 vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of **[**not less than 25 four ] three months [or more than six months] following 26 installation of an ignition interlock device in one motor vehicle the 27 person owns, leases, or principally operates, whichever the person 28 most often operates, for the purpose of complying with the 29 provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.). A person who 30 has been arrested for a violation of this section whose blood alcohol 31 concentration was 0.15% or higher may, upon arrest and prior to 32 any conviction, voluntarily install an ignition interlock device in 33 one motor vehicle the person owns, leases, or principally operates, 34 whichever the person most often operates, and request from the 35 Motor Vehicle Commission a driver's license with a notation 36 stating that the person shall not operate a motor vehicle unless it is 37 equipped with an ignition interlock device pursuant to subsection b. of section 3 of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.18). <sup>4</sup>The request shall 38 include a copy of the interlock installer's certification and <sup>5</sup>[a copy 39 40 of a court order indicating the date of installation and the related charges, documentation of pending charges as determined by the 41 Chief Administrator of the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission<sup>5</sup> 42 to be submitted no later than seven days after <sup>5</sup>[the date of the court 43 order] receipt of the documentation<sup>5</sup>.<sup>4</sup> A person who installs an 44 45 ignition interlock device and obtains a driver's license with the appropriate notation pursuant to this subparagraph shall receive a 46 <sup>2</sup><u>one day</u><sup>2</sup> <u>credit</u> <sup>2</sup><u>against the period that the person is required to</u> 47 forfeit the right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this 48

State pursuant to this subparagraph<sup>2</sup> for <sup>2</sup>[each day] every two 1 2 days<sup>2</sup> that the person has an ignition interlock device installed and a 3 driver's license with the appropriate notation <sup>2</sup>[against the period 4 that the person is required to forfeit the right to operate a motor 5 vehicle over the highways of this State pursuant to this subparagraph] and shall not be subject to a fine pursuant to this 6 7 subparagraph <sup>4</sup>if the person possessed a valid New Jersey driver's 8 license in good standing at the time of the offense and maintained a license in good standing until the date of conviction<sup>4</sup>. A person 9 10 shall not be entitled to a credit against the period that the person is 11 required to forfeit the right to operate a motor vehicle over the 12 highways of this State pursuant to this subparagraph if the violation 13 of this section resulted in serious bodily injury as defined in 14 N.J.S.2C:11-1 to another person<sup>2</sup>; 15 (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2019, c.248) 16 (2) For a second violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of 17 not less than \$500 nor more than \$1,000, and shall be ordered by 18 the court to perform community service for a period of 30 days, 19 which shall be of such form and on terms the court shall deem 20 appropriate under the circumstances, and shall be sentenced to 21 imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive hours, 22 which shall not be suspended or served on probation, or more than 23 90 days, and shall forfeit the right to operate a motor vehicle over 24 the highways of this State for a period of not less than one year or 25 more than two years upon conviction. A person who has been 26 arrested for a second violation of this section may, upon arrest and 27 prior to any conviction, voluntarily install an ignition interlock 28 device in one motor vehicle the person owns, leases, or principally 29 operates, whichever the person most often operates, and request 30 from the Motor Vehicle Commission a driver's license with a 31 notation stating that the person shall not operate a motor vehicle 32 unless it is equipped with an ignition interlock device pursuant to 33 subsection b. of section 3 of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.18). <sup>4</sup>The request shall include a copy of the interlock installer's certification 34 and <sup>5</sup>[a copy of a court order indicating the date of installation and 35 the related charges, documentation of pending charges as 36 37 determined by the Chief Administrator of the New Jersey Motor <u>Vehicle Commission</u><sup>5</sup> to be submitted no later than seven days after 38 <sup>5</sup>[the date of the court order] receipt of the documentation<sup>5</sup>.<sup>4</sup> A 39 person who installs an ignition interlock device and obtains a 40 driver's license with the appropriate notation pursuant to this 41 paragraph shall receive a <sup>2</sup>one day<sup>2</sup> credit <sup>2</sup>against the period that 42 43 the person is required to forfeit the right to operate a motor vehicle 44 over the highways of this State pursuant to this paragraph<sup>2</sup> for <sup>2</sup>[each day] every two days<sup>2</sup> that the person has an ignition 45 interlock device installed and a driver's license with the appropriate 46 notation <sup>2</sup>[against the period that the person is required to forfeit 47

1 the right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State pursuant to this paragraph]<sup>2</sup> and shall not be subject to a fine 2 pursuant to this paragraph <sup>4</sup>if the person possessed a valid New 3 Jersey driver's license in good standing at the time of the offense 4 5 and maintained a license in good standing until the date of conviction<sup>4</sup>. <sup>2</sup>A person shall not be entitled to a credit against the 6 7 period that the person is required to forfeit the right to operate a 8 motor vehicle over the highways of this State pursuant to this 9 paragraph if the violation of this section resulted in serious bodily injury as defined in N.J.S.2C:11-1 to another person.<sup>2</sup> 10 11 After the expiration of the license forfeiture period, the person 12 may make application to the Chief Administrator of the New Jersey 13 Motor Vehicle Commission for a license to operate a motor vehicle, 14 which application may be granted at the discretion of the chief 15 administrator, consistent with subsection (b) of this section. For a 16 second violation, a person also shall be required to install an 17 ignition interlock device under the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 18 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.). 19 (3) For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject 20 to a fine of \$1,000, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a 21 term of not less than 180 days in a county jail or workhouse, except 22 that the court may lower such term for each day, not exceeding 90 23 days, served participating in a drug or alcohol inpatient 24 rehabilitation program approved by the Intoxicated Driver Resource 25 Center and shall thereafter forfeit the right to operate a motor 26 vehicle over the highways of this State for eight years. A person 27 who has been arrested for a third or subsequent violation of this 28 section may, upon arrest and prior to any conviction, voluntarily 29 install an ignition interlock device in one motor vehicle the person 30 owns, leases, or principally operates, whichever the person most often operates <sup>2</sup>,<sup>2</sup> and request from the Motor Vehicle Commission 31 a driver's license with a notation stating that the person shall not 32 33 operate a motor vehicle unless it is equipped with an ignition 34 interlock device pursuant to subsection b. of section 3 of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.18). <sup>4</sup>The request shall include a copy of the 35 interlock installer's certification and <sup>5</sup>[a copy of a court order 36 indicating the date of installation and the related charges,] 37 documentation of pending charges as determined by the Chief 38 Administrator of the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission<sup>5</sup> to be 39 submitted no later than seven days after <sup>5</sup>[the date of the court 40 order] receipt of the documentation<sup>5</sup>.<sup>4</sup> A person who installs an 41 ignition interlock device and obtains a driver's license with the 42

43 appropriate notation pursuant to this paragraph shall receive a <sup>2</sup>one
44 day<sup>2</sup> credit <sup>2</sup>against the period that the person is required to forfeit
45 the right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State
46 pursuant to this paragraph<sup>2</sup> for <sup>2</sup>[each day] every two days<sup>2</sup> that the
47 person has an ignition interlock device installed and a driver's

1 license with the appropriate notation <sup>2</sup> [against the period that the 2 person is required to forfeit the right to operate a motor vehicle over 3 the highways of this State pursuant to this paragraph **]**<sup>2</sup> and shall not be subject to a fine pursuant to this paragraph <sup>4</sup>if the person 4 5 possessed a valid New Jersey driver's license in good standing at the time of the offense and maintained a license in good standing 6 7 until the date of conviction<sup>4</sup>. <sup>2</sup>A person shall not be entitled to a credit against the period that the person is required to forfeit the 8 9 right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State 10 pursuant to this paragraph if the violation of this section resulted in 11 serious bodily injury as defined in N.J.S.2C:11-1 to another person.<sup>2</sup> 12 13 For a third or subsequent violation, a person also shall be 14 required to install an ignition interlock device under the provisions 15 of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.). <sup>2</sup>[Up<u>on</u>] <u>Notwithstanding any judicial directive to the contrary</u>, 16 <u>upon<sup>2</sup> recommendation by the prosecutor, a plea agreement under</u> 17 this section is <sup>2</sup>[specifically]<sup>2</sup> authorized under the appropriate 18 factual basis <sup>2</sup>consistent with any other violation of Title 39 of the 19 Revised Statutes or offense under Title 2C of the New Jersey 20 Statutes<sup>2</sup><sup>4</sup>; provided, however, that if a person is convicted of 21 22 operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of a narcotic, 23 hallucinogenic, or habit-producing drug or permitting another 24 person who is under the influence of a narcotic, hallucinogenic, or 25 habit-producing drug to operate a motor vehicle owned by the 26 person or under the person's custody or control pursuant to the 27 provisions of R.S.39:4-50 or a person is convicted of operating a commercial motor vehicle under the influence of a controlled 28 substance pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.13), 29 30 the person shall forfeit the right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of not less than six months<sup>4</sup>. 31 32 As used in this section, the phrase "narcotic, hallucinogenic or 33 habit-producing drug" includes an inhalant or other substance 34 containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or 35 fumes for the purpose of inducing a condition of intoxication, such 36 as any glue, cement or any other substance containing one or more 37 of the following chemical compounds: acetone and acetate, amyl 38 nitrite or amyl nitrate or their isomers, benzene, butyl alcohol, butyl 39 nitrite, butyl nitrate or their isomers, ethyl acetate, ethyl alcohol, 40 ethyl nitrite or ethyl nitrate, ethylene dichloride, isobutyl alcohol or 41 isopropyl alcohol, methyl alcohol, methyl ethyl ketone, nitrous 42 oxide, n-propyl alcohol, pentachlorophenol, petroleum ether, propyl 43 nitrite or propyl nitrate or their isomers, toluene, toluol or xylene or 44 any other chemical substance capable of causing a condition of 45 intoxication, inebriation, excitement, stupefaction or the dulling of 46 the brain or nervous system as a result of the inhalation of the 47 fumes or vapors of such chemical substance.

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1 Whenever an operator of a motor vehicle has been involved in an 2 accident resulting in death, bodily injury or property damage, a 3 police officer shall consider that fact along with all other facts and 4 circumstances in determining whether there are reasonable grounds 5 to believe that person was operating a motor vehicle in violation of 6 this section.

7 A conviction of a violation of a law of a substantially similar 8 nature in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that jurisdiction 9 is a signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact pursuant to 10 P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior 11 conviction under this subsection unless the defendant can 12 demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the conviction in the other jurisdiction was based exclusively upon a violation of a 13 14 proscribed blood alcohol concentration of less than 0.08%.

15 If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or 16 suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 2C 17 of the New Jersey Statutes at the time of any conviction for a 18 violation of this section, the revocation or suspension period 19 imposed shall commence as of the date of termination of the 20 existing revocation or suspension period. In the case of any person 21 who at the time of the imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, suspension or revocation of the driving 22 23 privilege imposed by the court under this section shall commence 24 immediately, run through the offender's seventeenth birthday and 25 continue from that date for the period set by the court pursuant to 26 paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection. A court that imposes 27 a term of imprisonment for a first or second offense under this 28 section may sentence the person so convicted to the county jail, to 29 the workhouse of the county wherein the offense was committed, to 30 an inpatient rehabilitation program or to an Intoxicated Driver 31 Resource Center or other facility approved by the chief of the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit in the Division of Mental Health 32 33 and Addiction Services in the Department of Health. For a third or 34 subsequent offense a person shall not serve a term of imprisonment 35 at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center as provided in subsection 36 (f).

37 A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this 38 section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in 39 the complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the 40 punishment imposed by this section on a second or subsequent 41 offender, but if the second offense occurs more than 10 years after 42 the first offense, the court shall treat the second conviction as a first 43 offense for sentencing purposes and if a third offense occurs more 44 than 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat the third 45 conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes.

(b) A person convicted under this section must satisfy the
screening, evaluation, referral, program and fee requirements of the
Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services' Intoxicated
Driving Program Unit, and of the Intoxicated Driver Resource

1 Centers and a program of alcohol and drug education and highway 2 safety, as prescribed by the chief administrator. The sentencing 3 court shall inform the person convicted that failure to satisfy such 4 requirements shall result in a mandatory two-day term of 5 imprisonment in a county jail and a driver license revocation or 6 suspension and continuation of revocation or suspension until such 7 requirements are satisfied, unless stayed by court order in 8 accordance with the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of 9 New Jersey, or R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing, the court shall 10 forward to the Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services' 11 Intoxicated Driving Program Unit a copy of a person's conviction 12 record. A fee of \$100 shall be payable to the Alcohol Education, 13 Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established pursuant to 14 section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the 15 Intoxicated Driving Program Unit.

16 (c) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall 17 collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the 18 person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the 19 chief administrator. The court shall inform the person convicted 20 that if he is convicted of personally operating a motor vehicle 21 during the period of license suspension imposed pursuant to 22 subsection (a) of this section, he shall, upon conviction, be subject 23 to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. The person convicted 24 shall be informed orally and in writing. A person shall be required 25 to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. Failure to 26 receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the 27 receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person 28 29 convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-State 30 driver's license, the court shall not collect the license but shall 31 notify forthwith the chief administrator, who shall, in turn, notify 32 appropriate officials in the licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, 33 however, revoke the nonresident's driving privilege to operate a 34 motor vehicle in this State, in accordance with this section. Upon 35 conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall notify the 36 person convicted, orally and in writing, of the penalties for a 37 second, third or subsequent violation of this section. A person shall 38 be required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. 39 Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in 40 writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a 41 subsequent charge of a violation of this section.

(d) The chief administrator shall promulgate rules and
regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act,"
P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) in order to establish a program
of alcohol education and highway safety, as prescribed by this act.

46 (e) Any person accused of a violation of this section who is
47 liable to punishment imposed by this section as a second or
48 subsequent offender shall be entitled to the same rights of discovery

as allowed defendants pursuant to the Rules Governing the Courts
 of the State of New Jersey.

3 (f) The counties, in cooperation with the Division of Mental 4 Health and Addiction Services and the commission, but subject to 5 the approval of the Division of Mental Health and Addiction 6 Services, shall designate and establish on a county or regional basis Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers. These centers shall have the 7 8 capability of serving as community treatment referral centers and as 9 court monitors of a person's compliance with the ordered treatment, 10 service alternative or community service. All centers established 11 pursuant to this subsection shall be administered by a counselor 12 certified by the Addiction Professionals Certification Board of New Jersey or other professional with a minimum of five years' 13 14 experience in the treatment of alcoholism. All centers shall be 15 required to develop individualized treatment plans for all persons 16 attending the centers; provided that the duration of any ordered 17 treatment or referral shall not exceed one year. It shall be the 18 center's responsibility to establish networks with the community 19 alcohol and drug education, treatment and rehabilitation resources 20 and to receive monthly reports from the referral agencies regarding 21 a person's participation and compliance with the program. Nothing 22 in this subsection shall bar these centers from developing their own 23 education and treatment programs; provided that they are approved 24 by the Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services.

Upon a person's failure to report to the initial screening or any subsequent ordered referral, the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center shall promptly notify the sentencing court of the person's failure to comply.

29 Required detention periods at the Intoxicated Driver Resource 30 Centers shall be determined according to the individual treatment 31 classification assigned by the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. Upon attendance at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, a person 32 33 shall be required to pay a per diem fee of \$75 for the first offender 34 program or a per diem fee of \$100 for the second offender program, 35 as appropriate. Any increases in the per diem fees after the first full 36 year shall be determined pursuant to rules and regulations adopted 37 by the Commissioner of Health in consultation with the Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse pursuant to the 38 39 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 40 seq.).

41 The centers shall conduct a program of alcohol and drug
42 education and highway safety, as prescribed by the chief
43 administrator.

The Commissioner of Health shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.

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(g) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2019, c.248)

1 (h) A court also may order a person convicted pursuant to 2 subsection (a) of this section, to participate in a supervised 3 visitation program as either a condition of probation or a form of 4 community service, giving preference to those who were under the 5 age of 21 at the time of the offense. Prior to ordering a person to 6 participate in such a program, the court may consult with any 7 person who may provide useful information on the defendant's 8 physical, emotional and mental suitability for the visit to ensure that 9 it will not cause any injury to the defendant. The court also may 10 order that the defendant participate in a counseling session under 11 the supervision of the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit prior to 12 participating in the supervised visitation program. The supervised 13 visitation program shall be at one or more of the following facilities 14 which have agreed to participate in the program under the supervision of the facility's personnel and the probation department: 15 16 (1) a trauma center, critical care center or acute care hospital 17 having basic emergency services, which receives victims of motor 18 vehicle accidents for the purpose of observing appropriate victims 19 of drunk drivers and victims who are, themselves, drunk drivers;

20 (2) a facility which cares for advanced alcoholics or drug
21 abusers, to observe persons in the advanced stages of alcoholism or
22 drug abuse; or

(3) if approved by a county medical examiner, the office of the
county medical examiner or a public morgue to observe appropriate
victims of vehicle accidents involving drunk drivers.

As used in this section, "appropriate victim" means a victim whose condition is determined by the facility's supervisory personnel and the probation officer to be appropriate for demonstrating the results of accidents involving drunk drivers without being unnecessarily gruesome or traumatic to the defendant.

32 If at any time before or during a visitation the facility's 33 supervisory personnel and the probation officer determine that the 34 visitation may be or is traumatic or otherwise inappropriate for that 35 defendant, the visitation shall be terminated without prejudice to the 36 defendant. The program may include a personal conference after 37 the visitation, which may include the sentencing judge or the judge 38 who coordinates the program for the court, the defendant, 39 defendant's counsel, and, if available, the defendant's parents to 40 discuss the visitation and its effect on the defendant's future 41 conduct. If a personal conference is not practicable because of the 42 defendant's absence from the jurisdiction, conflicting time 43 schedules, or any other reason, the court shall require the defendant 44 to submit a written report concerning the visitation experience and 45 its impact on the defendant. The county, a court, any facility visited 46 pursuant to the program, any agents, employees, or independent 47 contractors of the court, county, or facility visited pursuant to the 48 program, and any person supervising a defendant during the 49 visitation, are not liable for any civil damages resulting from injury

to the defendant, or for civil damages associated with the visitation
which are caused by the defendant, except for willful or grossly
negligent acts intended to, or reasonably expected to result in, that
injury or damage.

5 The Supreme Court may adopt court rules or directives to 6 effectuate the purposes of this subsection.

7 (i) In addition to any other fine, fee, or other charge imposed 8 pursuant to law, the court shall assess a person convicted of a 9 violation of the provisions of this section a surcharge of \$125, of 10 which amount \$50 shall be payable to the municipality in which the 11 conviction was obtained, \$50 shall be payable to the Treasurer of 12 the State of New Jersey for deposit into the General Fund, and \$25 13 which shall be payable as follows: in a matter where the summons 14 was issued by a municipality's law enforcement agency, to that 15 municipality to be used for the cost of equipping police vehicles 16 with mobile video recording systems pursuant to the provisions of 17 section 1 of P.L.2014, c.54 (C.40A:14-118.1); in a matter where the 18 summons was issued by a county's law enforcement agency, to that 19 county; and in a matter where the summons was issued by a State 20 law enforcement agency, to the General Fund.<sup>1</sup>

21 (cf: P.L.2019, c.248, s.2)

22

<sup>1</sup>3. Section 2 of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.17) is amended to read
 as follows:

25 2. a. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, 26 (a) in sentencing a first offender under subparagraph (i) of paragraph 27 (1) of subsection (a) of R.S.39:4-50, whose blood alcohol 28 concentration was at least 0.08% but less than 0.10%, or who was 29 otherwise under the influence of intoxicating liquor, the court shall 30 order, in addition to any other penalty imposed by that section, the 31 installation of an ignition interlock device in one motor vehicle owned, 32 leased, or principally operated by the offender, whichever the offender 33 most often operates, which shall remain installed for three months.

34 (b) In sentencing a first offender under subparagraph (ii) of 35 paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of R.S.39:4-50 whose blood alcohol 36 concentration was 0.10% or higher, but less than 0.15%, the court shall 37 order, in addition to any other penalty imposed, the installation of an 38 ignition interlock device in one motor vehicle owned, leased, or 39 principally operated by the offender, whichever the offender most 40 often operates, which shall remain installed for not less than seven 41 months or more than one year.

42 (2) If the first offender's blood alcohol concentration is 0.15% or higher, or the offender violated section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 43 44 (C.39:4-50.4a), the court shall order, in addition to any other penalty 45 imposed under R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 46 (C.39:4-50.4a), the installation of an ignition interlock device in one 47 motor vehicle owned, leased, or principally operated by the offender, 48 whichever the offender most often operates, during and following the 49 expiration of the period of license forfeiture imposed under those

1 In addition to installation during the period of license sections. 2 suspension, the device shall remain installed for not less than [nine] 12 months or more than 15 months in the case of a first offender 3 4 whose blood alcohol concentration is 0.15% or higher and shall remain 5 installed for not less than nine months or more than 15 months in the 6 case of an offender who violated section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 7 (C.39:4-50.4a), commencing immediately upon installation of the 8 device and the return of the offender's driver's license pursuant to 9 section 3 of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.18) after the required period of 10 forfeiture has been served.

11 b. In sentencing a second or subsequent offender under R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), the court shall 12 13 order, in addition to any other penalty imposed by that section, the 14 installation of an ignition interlock device in the motor vehicle 15 principally operated by the offender during and following the 16 expiration of the period of license forfeiture imposed under 17 R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a). In 18 addition to installation during the period of license forfeiture, the 19 device shall remain installed for not less than two years or more than 20 four years, commencing immediately upon installation of the device 21 and the return of the offender's driver's license pursuant to section 3 of 22 P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.18) after the required period of forfeiture 23 has been served.

c. The court shall require that, for the duration of its order, an
offender shall not drive any vehicle other than one in which an ignition
interlock device has been installed pursuant to the order.

27 The offender shall provide to the court information identifying the 28 motor vehicle on which the ignition interlock is to be installed, and 29 any other information deemed relevant by the court, including, but not limited to, the offender's complete name, address, date of birth, eye 30 31 color, and gender. An offender who does not own, lease, or operate a 32 motor vehicle shall attest to this to the court. A violation of this 33 provision shall constitute perjury pursuant to N.J.S.2C:28-1. An 34 offender immediately shall notify the court of the purchase, lease, or 35 access to operation of a motor vehicle and install an ignition interlock 36 device in the vehicle.

The driver's license of an offender who attests to not owning,
leasing, or operating a motor vehicle shall be forfeited for the ignition
interlock installation period required pursuant to subsections a. and b.
of this section.

d. As used in P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.), "ignition
interlock device" or "device" means a blood alcohol equivalence
measuring device which will prevent a motor vehicle from starting if
the operator's blood alcohol concentration exceeds a predetermined
level when the operator blows into the device.

e. The provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.) and any
amendments and supplements thereto shall be applicable only to
violations of R.S.39:4-50 and section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512
(C.39:4-50.4a).

1 f. A person who does not possess a valid driver's license issued 2 by this State at the time of the imposition of a sentence pursuant to this 3 section shall be prohibited from obtaining a driver's license for the 4 duration of that sentence. Upon obtaining a driver's license, the person 5 shall be sentenced to a period of ignition interlock device installation 6 pursuant to the provisions of this section.<sup>1</sup> 7 (cf: P.L.2019, c.248, s.4) 8 9 <sup>1</sup>4. Section 3 of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.18) is amended to 10 read as follows: 11 3. a. The court shall notify the Chief Administrator of the New 12 Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission when a person has been ordered 13 to install an ignition interlock device in a vehicle pursuant to the 14 provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.). The 15 commission shall require that the device be installed before 16 restoration of the person's driver's license that has been forfeited 17 pursuant to R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-18 50.4a). 19 A vendor may, without a court order, install an ignition interlock 20 device in a vehicle that a person owns, leases, or principally 21 operates if requested by a person who has been arrested for a 22 violation of R.S.39:4-50 as set forth in R.S.39:4-50. Upon proof that the ignition interlock device has been installed, the 23 24 commission, upon request of the licensee, shall imprint a notation 25 on the person's driver's license pursuant to subsection b. of this section. <sup>4</sup>The licensee's request shall include a copy of the interlock 26 installer's certification and <sup>5</sup>[a court order indicating the date of 27 installation and the related charges, documentation of the pending 28 29 charges as determined by the Chief Administrator of the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission<sup>5</sup> to be submitted no later than seven 30 days after <sup>5</sup>[the date of the court order] receipt of the 31 documentation<sup>5</sup>.<sup>4</sup> 32 33 b. The commission shall imprint a notation on the driver's 34 license stating that the person shall not operate a motor vehicle 35 unless it is equipped with an ignition interlock device and shall enter this requirement in the person's driving record. The expiration 36

date of the device requirement shall not be imprinted on the license.
c. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1999,
c.417 (C.39:4-50.17), an ignition interlock device shall be removed
on the date the person completes the installation period only if the
person submits to the chief administrator a certification from the
vendor that:

(1) during the final 30 days of the installation period there was
not more than one failure to take or pass a test with a blood alcohol
concentration of 0.08% or higher unless a re-test conducted within
five minutes of the initial test indicates a blood alcohol
concentration of less than 0.08%; and

1 (2) the person complied with all required maintenance, repair, 2 calibration, monitoring, and inspection requirements related to the 3 device.

d. If the vendor does not issue a certification to the person because there were two or more violations of paragraph (1) of subsection c. of this section, the vendor shall forward the violation information to the chief administrator and the court. The court shall decide whether to extend the period of ignition interlock device installation for up to 90 days or issue the certification to the chief administrator.<sup>1</sup>

11 (cf: P.L.2019, c.248, s.5)

12

<sup>1</sup>5. Section 12 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.20) is amended to read as follows:

15 12. a. In addition to the imposition of any other penalty provided
by law, the chief administrator shall suspend for not less than one year
nor more than three years the commercial motor vehicle driving
privilege of a person convicted for a first violation of:

(1) R.S.39:4-50 if the motor vehicle was a commercial motor
vehicle or section 5 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.13).

(2) R.S.39:4-129 if the motor vehicle was a commercial motorvehicle operated by the person.

(3) Using a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any
"crime" as defined in subsection a., c., or d. of N.J.S.2C:1-4, except in
circumstances where harsher penalties are provided by this section.

(4) Refusal to submit to a chemical test under section 2 of
P.L.1966, c.142 (C.39:4-50.2) or section 16 of P.L.1990, c.103
(C.39:3-10.24) if the motor vehicle was a commercial motor vehicle.

(5) Paragraph (1) of subsection b. of section 10 of P.L.1990, c.103
(C.39:3-10.18).

(6) A violation, arising in connection with a fatal accident, of State
or local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control, other than a
parking violation, regardless of whether the motor vehicle operated by
the person was a commercial motor vehicle or a non-commercial
motor vehicle.

b. If a first violation of any of the violations specified in
subsection a. of this section takes place while transporting hazardous
material or takes place in a vehicle displaying a hazardous material
placard, the chief administrator shall suspend the commercial motor
vehicle driving privilege of the person for three years.

c. Subject to the provisions of subsection d. of this section, the
chief administrator shall revoke for life the commercial motor vehicle
driving privilege of a person for a second or subsequent violation of
any of the offenses specified in subsections a. and j. of this section or
any combination of those offenses arising from two or more separate
incidents.

d. The chief administrator may issue rules and regulationsestablishing guidelines, including conditions under which a revocation

of commercial motor vehicle driving privilege for life under
 subsection c. may be reduced to a period of not less than 10 years.

3 e. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the 4 chief administrator shall revoke for life the commercial motor vehicle 5 driving privilege of a person who uses a commercial motor vehicle or a non-commercial motor vehicle in the commission of a crime 6 7 involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled 8 substance or controlled substance analog, or possession with intent to 9 manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance or 10 controlled substance analog.

11 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the 12 chief administrator shall revoke for life the commercial motor vehicle 13 driving privilege of a person who is convicted of a crime involving an 14 act or practice described in section 1 of P.L.2005, c.77 (C.2C:13-8) or 15 involving an act or practice of one or more of the severe forms of 16 trafficking in persons as described in paragraph (11) of 17 22 U.S.C. S.7102, the federal "Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 18 2000."

A revocation under this subsection shall not be subject to reductionin accordance with subsection d. of this section.

21 f. (1) The chief administrator shall suspend the commercial motor 22 vehicle driving privilege of a person for a period of not less than 60 23 days if the person is convicted of a serious traffic violation, other than 24 a violation arising in connection with a fatal accident as set forth in 25 paragraph (6) of subsection a. of this section, and that conviction 26 constitutes the second serious traffic violation committed in a 27 commercial motor vehicle or non-commercial motor vehicle in this or 28 any other state arising from separate incidents occurring within a 29 The chief administrator shall suspend the three-year period. 30 commercial motor vehicle driving privilege for 120 days if the 31 conviction constitutes the third or subsequent serious traffic violation, 32 other than a violation arising in connection with a fatal accident as set 33 forth in paragraph (6) of subsection a. of this section, committed in a 34 commercial motor vehicle or non-commercial motor vehicle in this or 35 any other state arising from separate incidents occurring within a 36 three-year period.

37 (2) The chief administrator shall suspend the commercial motor 38 vehicle driving privilege of a person for a period of not less than 60 39 days if the person is convicted of a violation of R.S.39:4-128; section 40 68 of P.L.1951, c.23 (C.39:4-127.1); or section 10 of P.L.2005, c.147 41 (C.39:4-128.11). The chief administrator shall suspend the 42 commercial motor vehicle driving privilege for not less than 120 days 43 if the conviction constitutes the second violation of R.S.39:4-128; 44 section 68 of P.L.1951, c.23 (C.39:4-127.1); section 10 of P.L.2005, 45 c.147 (C.39:4-128.11) or any combination of such violations in this or 46 any other state arising from separate incidents occurring within a 47 three-year period. The chief administrator shall suspend the 48 commercial motor vehicle driving privilege for not less than one year 49 if the conviction constitutes the third or subsequent violation of

R.S.39:4-128; section 68 of P.L.1951, c.23 (C.39:4-127.1); section 10
of P.L.2005, c.147 (C.39:4-128.11) or any combination of such
violations in this or any other state arising from separate incidents
occurring within the past three years.

5 (3) The chief administrator shall suspend the commercial motor 6 vehicle driving privilege of a person for a period of not less than 180 7 days or more than one year if the person is convicted of violating a 8 driver, commercial motor vehicle, or motor carrier operation out-of-9 service order while driving a commercial motor vehicle transporting 10 nonhazardous materials. The chief administrator shall suspend the 11 commercial motor vehicle driving privilege of a person for a period of 12 not less than two years or more than five years if the conviction 13 constitutes the second conviction in a separate incident in this or any 14 other state within a 10-year period of violating a driver, commercial 15 motor vehicle, or motor carrier operation out-of-service order while 16 driving a commercial motor vehicle transporting nonhazardous 17 materials. The chief administrator shall suspend the commercial motor 18 vehicle driving privilege of a person for a period of not less than three 19 years or more than five years if the conviction constitutes the third or 20 subsequent conviction in a separate incident in this or any other state 21 within a 10-year period of violating a driver, commercial motor 22 vehicle, or motor carrier operation out-of-service order while driving a 23 commercial motor vehicle transporting nonhazardous materials.

24 (4) The chief administrator shall suspend the commercial motor 25 vehicle driving privilege of a person for a period of not less than 180 26 days or more than two years if the person is convicted of violating a 27 driver, commercial motor vehicle, or motor carrier operation out-of-28 service order while driving a commercial motor vehicle transporting 29 hazardous materials required to be placarded under Subpart F of 49 30 C.F.R. s.172, or while operating a vehicle designed to transport 16 or 31 more passengers, including the driver. The chief administrator shall suspend the commercial motor vehicle driving privilege of a person for 32 33 a period of not less than three years or more than five years if the 34 conviction constitutes a second or subsequent conviction in a separate 35 incident within a 10-year period in this or any other state of violating a 36 driver, commercial motor vehicle, or motor carrier operation out-of-37 service order while driving a commercial motor vehicle transporting 38 hazardous materials required to be placarded under Subpart F of 49 39 C.F.R. s.172, or while operating a vehicle designed to transport 16 or 40 more passengers, including the driver.

g. A court shall make a report to the chief administrator within 41 42 three days in such form as the chief administrator may require 43 concerning conviction for any violation or crime listed or described in 44 P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.9 et seq.). The chief administrator shall 45 notify the Commercial Driver License Information System of the 46 suspension, revocation, or cancellation. In the case of non-residents, 47 the chief administrator also shall notify the licensing authority of the 48 state which issued the commercial driver license or the state where the 49 person is domiciled. The chief administrator shall provide these

1 notices within 10 days after the suspension, revocation, cancellation, 2 or disqualification. 3 h. The chief administrator shall in accordance with this section 4 suspend a commercial motor vehicle driving privilege of a person 5 holding, or required to hold, a commercial driver license issued by this State if the person is convicted in another state or foreign jurisdiction 6 7 of an offense of a substantially similar nature to the offenses specified 8 in subsection a., e., f., g., h., i. or j. of this section. For purposes of this 9 section, a violation such as driving while intoxicated, driving under the 10 influence, or driving while ability is impaired shall be considered 11 substantially similar offenses. For purposes of this section, a violation 12 committed in another state but substantially similar to those 13 enumerated in subsection a., e., f., g., h., i. or j. of this section 14 committed in this State shall be included. 15 i. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a 16 conviction under this section, or section 5 or 16 of P.L.1990, c.103 17 (C.39:3-10.13 or C.39:3-10.24), shall not merge with a conviction for 18 a violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L.1966, c.142 19 (C.39:4-50.2). 20 j. In addition to any other penalty provided by law, the chief 21 administrator shall suspend for one year the commercial motor vehicle 22 driving privilege of a person for a first violation of: 23 (1) R.S.39:4-50 while operating a non-commercial motor vehicle; 24 (2) R.S.39:4-129 while operating a non-commercial motor vehicle; 25 (3) Refusing to submit to a chemical test under section 2 of 26 P.L.1966, c.142 (C.39:4-50.2) while operating a non-commercial 27 motor vehicle; or (4) Using a non-commercial motor vehicle in the commission of 28 29 any "crime" as defined in subsection a., c., or d. of N.J.S.2C:1-4. 30 k. The chief administrator shall in accordance with this section 31 suspend the commercial motor vehicle driving privilege of a person 32 holding, or required to hold, a commercial driver license issued by this 33 State if that person has been disqualified from operating a commercial 34 motor vehicle by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration 35 pursuant to 49 C.F.R. s.383.52 because that person's driving has been 36 determined to constitute an imminent hazard. 37 1. The New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission shall maintain 38 records of accidents, convictions, and disqualification for persons 39 holding, or required to hold, a commercial driver license in accordance 40 with 49 C.F.R. s.384.225 and the AAMVAnet, Inc.'s "Commercial 41 Driver License Information System State Procedures," as amended and 42 supplemented. 43 m. Any driver who is found to be in violation of the provisions of 44 paragraph (a) or (b) of 49 C.F.R. s.392.5, relating to the use of alcohol, 45 being under the influence of alcohol, having any measured alcohol 46 concentration or detected presence of alcohol, or possessing alcohol, 47 shall be placed out-of-service immediately for a period of 24 hours. n. <sup>2</sup>[In addition to any penalty imposed under this section, in 48 49 sentencing a person convicted of a first violation of section 5 of

1 P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.13) whose blood alcohol concentration 2 was at least 0.04% but less than 0.08%, the court shall order the 3 installation of an ignition interlock device in one motor vehicle owned, 4 leased, or principally operated by the offender, whichever the offender 5 most often operates, which shall remain installed for three to six 6 months. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section or any other 7 provision of law to the contrary, the chief administrator shall not 8 suspend the commercial motor vehicle driving privilege of an offender 9 who installs an ignition interlock device pursuant to this subsection.<sup>1</sup>] 10 In sentencing a person convicted of a first violation of section 5 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.13) whose blood alcohol concentration 11 was at least 0.04% but less than 0.08%, the court shall not suspend the 12 13 person's basic driver's license, but shall order the installation of an 14 ignition interlock device in one non-commercial motor vehicle owned, 15 leased, or principally operated by the offender, whichever the offender 16 most often operates, which shall remain installed during the period that 17 the person's commercial motor vehicle driving privilege is 18 suspended.<sup>2</sup> 19 (cf: P.L.2022, c.11, s.1) 20 21 <sup>1</sup>6. Section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512  $^{2}[(C:39:4-50.4a)]$ 22  $(C.39:4-50.4a)^2$  is amended to read as follows: 23 2. a. The municipal court shall order any person who, after being 24 arrested for a violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 1 of P.L.1992, c.189 25 (C.39:4-50.14), refuses to submit, upon request, to a test provided for 26 in section 2 of P.L.1966, c.142 (C.39:4-50.2): 27 (1) if the refusal was in connection with a first offense under this 28 section, to forfeit the right to operate a motor vehicle over the 29 highways of this State until the person installs an ignition interlock 30 device in one motor vehicle owned, leased, or principally operated by 31 the person, whichever the person most often operates, for the purpose 32 of complying with the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et 33 al.); 34 (2) if the refusal was in connection with a second offense under 35 this section, to forfeit the right to operate a motor vehicle over the 36 highways of this State for a period of not less than one year or more 37 than two years following the installation of an ignition interlock device 38 in one motor vehicle owned, leased, or principally operated by the 39 person, whichever the person most often operates, for the purpose of 40 complying with the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et 41 al.): 42 (3) if the refusal was in connection with a third or subsequent 43 offense under this section, to forfeit the right to operate a motor 44 vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of eight years 45 following the installation of an ignition interlock device in one motor 46 vehicle owned, leased, or principally operated by the person, 47 whichever the person most often operates, for the purpose of 48 complying with the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et

al.). A conviction or administrative determination of a violation of a
law of a substantially similar nature in another jurisdiction, regardless
of whether that jurisdiction is a signatory to the Interstate Driver
License Compact pursuant to P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall
constitute a prior conviction under this section.

6 The municipal court shall determine by a preponderance of the 7 evidence whether the arresting officer had probable cause to believe 8 that the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a 9 motor vehicle on the public highways or quasi-public areas of this 10 State while the person was under the influence of intoxicating liquor or 11 a narcotic, hallucinogenic, or habit-producing drug, or marijuana or 12 cannabis item as defined in section 3 of P.L.2021, c.16 (C.24:6I-33); 13 whether the person was placed under arrest, if appropriate, and 14 whether he refused to submit to the test upon request of the officer; 15 and if these elements of the violation are not established, no conviction 16 shall issue. In addition to any other requirements provided by law, a 17 person whose operator's license is revoked for refusing to submit to a 18 test shall be referred to an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center 19 established by subsection (f) of R.S.39:4-50 and shall satisfy the same 20 requirements of the center for refusal to submit to a test as provided 21 for in section 2 of P.L.1966, c.142 (C.39:4-50.2) in connection with a 22 first, second, third or subsequent offense under this section that must 23 be satisfied by a person convicted of a commensurate violation of this 24 section, or be subject to the same penalties as such a person for failure 25 to do so. For a first offense, the revocation may be concurrent with or 26 consecutive to any revocation imposed for a conviction under the 27 provisions of R.S.39:4-50 arising out of the same incident. For a 28 second or subsequent offense, the revocation shall be consecutive to 29 any revocation imposed for a conviction under the provisions of 30 R.S.39:4-50. In addition to issuing a revocation, the municipal court 31 shall fine a person convicted under this section, a fine of not less than 32 \$300 or more than \$500 for a first offense; a fine of not less than \$500 33 or more than \$1,000 for a second offense; and a fine of \$1,000 for a 34 third or subsequent offense.

<sup>2</sup>[<u>Upon</u>] <u>Notwithstanding any judicial directive to the contrary</u>, 35 36 upon<sup>2</sup> recommendation by the prosecutor, a plea agreement under this section is authorized under the appropriate factual basis <sup>2</sup>consistent 37 with any other violation of Title 39 of the Revised Statutes or offense 38 under Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes<sup>2 4</sup>; provided, however, that 39 40 if a person is convicted of operating a motor vehicle while under the 41 influence of a narcotic, hallucinogenic, or habit-producing drug or 42 permitting another person who is under the influence of a narcotic, 43 hallucinogenic, or habit-producing drug to operate a motor vehicle 44 owned by the person or under the person's custody or control pursuant 45 to the provisions of R.S.39:4-50 or a person is convicted of operating a 46 commercial motor vehicle under the influence of a controlled substance pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.13), the 47

1 person shall forfeit the right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of not less than six months<sup>4</sup>. 2 b. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2019, c.248)<sup>1</sup> 3 (cf: P.L.2021, c.16, s.82) 4 5 <sup>2</sup>7. Nothing in P.L., c. (pending before the Legislature as this 6 7 bill) shall be construed to preclude the installation of an ignition interlock device for a violation of Title 39 of the Revised Statutes 8 9 under the appropriate factual basis.<sup>2</sup> 10 <sup>3</sup><u>8. (New section)</u> <sup>4</sup>[<u>The</u>] <u>Notwithstanding the</u><sup>4</sup> <u>provisions of</u> 11 <sup>4</sup>[sections 2 through 7 of P.L., c. (pending before the 12 Legislature as this bill) shall not apply to R.S.39:4-50,<sup>4</sup> a person 13 who has been arrested or convicted of operating a motor vehicle 14 15 while under the influence of a narcotic, hallucinogenic, or habitproducing drug or permitting another person who is under the 16 17 influence of a narcotic, hallucinogenic, or habit-producing drug to 18 operate a motor vehicle owned by the person or under the person's 19 custody or control pursuant to the provisions of R.S.39:4-50 or a 20 person who has been convicted of operating a commercial motor 21 vehicle under the influence of a controlled substance pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.13) <sup>4</sup>shall not be eligible, 22 23 based on the person's installation of an ignition interlock device, for 24 any waiver of the fine or for any credit against the period that the 25 person is required to forfeit the right to operate a motor vehicle on the highways of this State<sup>4</sup>.<sup>3</sup> 26 27 <sup>1</sup>[2.] <sup>2</sup>[ $7.^1$  This] <sup>3</sup>[8.]  $9.^3$  <u>Section 1 of this</u><sup>2</sup> act shall take 28 effect immediately <sup>2</sup>, sections 2 through <sup>3</sup>[7] 8<sup>3</sup> of this act shall 29 take effect 60 days following enactment,  $^{2}$  <sup>1</sup> and the amendments to 30 R.S.39:4-50 pursuant to P.L., c. (pending before the Legislature 31 as this bill); section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a) pursuant to 32 P.L., c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill), section 2 33 of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.17) pursuant to <sup>2</sup>[P.L. c, ] 34 P.L., c. <sup>2</sup>(pending before the Legislature as this bill); section 3 35 of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.18) pursuant to P.L., c. (pending 36 before the Legislature as this bill); and section 12 of P.L.1990, 37 c.103 (C.39:3-10.20) pursuant to P.L., c. (pending before the 38 Legislature as this bill) shall expire on January 1, 2029<sup>1</sup>. 39 40 41 42 43 44 Concerns use of ignition interlock devices for drunk driving 45 offenses.