# ASSEMBLY, No. 5613 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 15, 2023

Sponsored by: Assemblyman JOE DANIELSEN District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset)

#### SYNOPSIS

Makes various changes to process for requesting access to government records for commercial purposes.

### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



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1 AN ACT concerning requests for access to government records for 2 commercial purposes and amending P.L.1995, c.23 and 3 P.L.2001, c.404. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. Section 1 of P.L.1995, c.23 (C.47:1A-1.1) is amended to read 9 as follows: 10 1. As used in P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) as amended and 11 supplemented: 12 "Biotechnology" means any technique that uses living 13 organisms, or parts of living organisms, to make or modify 14 products, to improve plants or animals, or to develop micro-15 organisms for specific uses; including the industrial use of 16 recombinant DNA, cell fusion, and novel bioprocessing techniques. "Commercial purpose" means the direct or indirect use of any 17 part of a government record for sale, resale, solicitation, rent or 18 lease of a service, or any use by which the user expects a profit 19 either through commission, salary, or fee. "Commercial purpose" 20 shall not include using, distributing, gathering, procuring, 21 22 transmitting, compiling, editing, disseminating, or publishing of 23 information or data by the news media, or any parent, subsidiary, or 24 affiliate of any news media, as defined by section 2 of P.L.1977, 25 c.253 (C.2A:84A-21a), or by any news, journalistic, educational, 26 scientific, scholarly, or governmental organization. "Custodian of a government record" or "custodian" means in the 27 28 case of a municipality, the municipal clerk and in the case of any 29 other public agency, the officer officially designated by formal 30 action of that agency's director or governing body, as the case may 31 be. 32 "Government record" or "record" means any paper, written or 33 printed book, document, drawing, map, plan, photograph, 34 microfilm, data processed or image processed document, 35 information stored or maintained electronically or by soundrecording or in a similar device, or any copy thereof, that has been 36 37 made, maintained or kept on file in the course of his or its official 38 business by any officer, commission, agency or authority of the 39 State or of any political subdivision thereof, including subordinate 40 boards thereof, or that has been received in the course of his or its 41 official business by any such officer, commission, agency, or authority of the State or of any political subdivision thereof, 42 43 including subordinate boards thereof. The terms shall not include 44 inter-agency or intra-agency advisory, consultative, or deliberative 45 material.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

**EXPLANATION** – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

A government record shall not include the following information

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2 which is deemed to be confidential for the purposes of P.L.1963, 3 c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) as amended and supplemented: 4 information received by a member of the Legislature from a 5 constituent or information held by a member of the Legislature concerning a constituent, including, but not limited to, information 6 7 in written form or contained in any e-mail or computer data base, or 8 in any telephone record whatsoever, unless it is information the 9 constituent is required by law to transmit; 10 any memorandum, correspondence, notes, report or other 11 communication prepared by, or for, the specific use of a member of 12 the Legislature in the course of the member's official duties, except that this provision shall not apply to an otherwise publicly-13 14 accessible report which is required by law to be submitted to the 15 Legislature or its members; 16 any copy, reproduction or facsimile of any photograph, negative 17 or print, including instant photographs and videotapes of the body, 18 or any portion of the body, of a deceased person, taken by or for the 19 medical examiner at the scene of death or in the course of a post 20 mortem examination or autopsy made by or caused to be made by 21 the medical examiner except: 22 when used in a criminal action or proceeding in this State which 23 relates to the death of that person, 24 for the use as a court of this State permits, by order after good 25 cause has been shown and after written notification of the request 26 for the court order has been served at least five days before the 27 order is made upon the county prosecutor for the county in which 28 the post mortem examination or autopsy occurred, 29 for use in the field of forensic pathology or for use in medical or 30 scientific education or research, or 31 for use by any law enforcement agency in this State or any other 32 state or federal law enforcement agency; 33 criminal investigatory records; 34 the portion of any criminal record concerning a person's 35 detection, apprehension, arrest, detention, trial or disposition for 36 unlawful manufacturing, distributing, or dispensing, or possessing 37 or having under control with intent to manufacture, distribute, or 38 dispense, marijuana or hashish in violation of paragraph (11) of 39 subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:35-5, or a lesser amount of marijuana or 40 hashish in violation of paragraph (12) of subsection b. of that 41 section, or a violation of either of those paragraphs and a violation 42 of subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.1987, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) or subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.1997, c.327 (C.2C:35-7.1) for 43 44 distributing, dispensing, or possessing, or having under control with 45 intent to distribute or dispense, on or within 1,000 feet of any 46 school property, or on or within 500 feet of the real property 47 comprising a public housing facility, public park, or public 48 building, or for obtaining, possessing, using, being under the

4

influence of, or failing to make lawful disposition of marijuana or
hashish in violation of paragraph (3) or (4) of subsection a., or
subsection b., or subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:35-10, or for a violation
of any of those provisions and a violation of N.J.S.2C:36-2 for
using or possessing with intent to use drug paraphernalia with that
marijuana or hashish;

victims' records, except that a victim of a crime shall have accessto the victim's own records;

9 any written request by a crime victim for a record to which the
10 victim is entitled to access as provided in this section, including,
11 but not limited to, any law enforcement agency report, domestic
12 violence offense report, and temporary or permanent restraining
13 order;

personal firearms records, except for use by any person
authorized by law to have access to these records or for use by any
government agency, including any court or law enforcement
agency, for purposes of the administration of justice;

personal identifying information received by the Division of Fish 18 19 and Wildlife in the Department of Environmental Protection in 20 connection with the issuance of any license authorizing hunting 21 with a firearm. For the purposes of this paragraph, personal 22 identifying information shall include, but not be limited to, identity, 23 name, address, social security number, telephone number, fax 24 number, driver's license number, email address, or social media 25 address of any applicant or licensee;

trade secrets and proprietary commercial or financial information
obtained from any source. For the purposes of this paragraph, trade
secrets shall include data processing software obtained by a public
body under a licensing agreement which prohibits its disclosure;

any record within the attorney-client privilege. This paragraph
shall not be construed as exempting from access attorney or
consultant bills or invoices except that such bills or invoices may be
redacted to remove any information protected by the attorney-client
privilege;

administrative or technical information regarding computer
hardware, software and networks which, if disclosed, would
jeopardize computer security;

emergency or security information or procedures for any
buildings or facility which, if disclosed, would jeopardize security
of the building or facility or persons therein;

41 security measures and surveillance techniques which, if
42 disclosed, would create a risk to the safety of persons, property,
43 electronic data or software;

44 information which, if disclosed, would give an advantage to45 competitors or bidders;

46 information generated by or on behalf of public employers or
47 public employees in connection with any sexual harassment
48 complaint filed with a public employer or with any grievance filed

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by or against an individual or in connection with collective
negotiations, including documents and statements of strategy or
negotiating position;

4 information which is a communication between a public agency
5 and its insurance carrier, administrative service organization or risk
6 management office;

7 information which is to be kept confidential pursuant to court8 order;

9 any copy of form DD-214, NGB-22, or that form, issued by the 10 United States Government, or any other certificate of honorable 11 discharge, or copy thereof, from active service or the reserves of a 12 branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, or from service in 13 the organized militia of the State, that has been filed by an 14 individual with a public agency, except that a veteran or the 15 veteran's spouse or surviving spouse shall have access to the 16 veteran's own records;

17 any copy of an oath of allegiance, oath of office or any 18 affirmation taken upon assuming the duties of any public office, or 19 that oath or affirmation, taken by a current or former officer or 20 employee in any public office or position in this State or in any 21 county or municipality of this State, including members of the 22 Legislative Branch, Executive Branch, Judicial Branch, and all law 23 enforcement entities, except that the full name, title, and oath date 24 of that person contained therein shall not be deemed confidential;

25 that portion of any document which discloses the social security 26 number, credit card number, unlisted telephone number or driver 27 license number of any person, or, in accordance with section 2 of 28 P.L.2021, c.371 (C.47:1B-2), that portion of any document which 29 discloses the home address, whether a primary or secondary 30 residence, of any active, formerly active, or retired judicial officer, 31 prosecutor, or law enforcement officer, or, as defined in section 1 of 32 P.L.2021, c.371 (C.47:1B-1), any immediate family member 33 thereof; except for use by any government agency, including any 34 court or law enforcement agency, in carrying out its functions, or 35 any private person or entity acting on behalf thereof, or any private 36 person or entity seeking to enforce payment of court-ordered child 37 support; except with respect to the disclosure of driver information 38 by the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission as permitted by 39 section 2 of P.L.1997, c.188 (C.39:2-3.4); and except that a social 40 security number contained in a record required by law to be made, 41 maintained or kept on file by a public agency shall be disclosed 42 when access to the document or disclosure of that information is not 43 otherwise prohibited by State or federal law, regulation or order or 44 by State statute, resolution of either or both houses of the 45 Legislature, Executive Order of the Governor, rule of court or regulation promulgated under the authority of any statute or 46 47 executive order of the Governor:

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a list of persons identifying themselves as being in need of
special assistance in the event of an emergency maintained by a
municipality for public safety purposes pursuant to section 1 of
P.L.2017, c.266 (C.40:48-2.67); and

a list of persons identifying themselves as being in need of
special assistance in the event of an emergency maintained by a
county for public safety purposes pursuant to section 6 of P.L.2011,
c.178 (C.App.A:9-43.13).

9 A government record shall not include, with regard to any public 10 institution of higher education, the following information which is 11 deemed to be privileged and confidential:

12 pedagogical, scholarly and/or academic research records and/or 13 the specific details of any research project conducted under the 14 auspices of a public higher education institution in New Jersey, 15 including, but not limited to, research, development information, 16 testing procedures, or information regarding test participants, 17 related to the development or testing of any pharmaceutical or 18 pharmaceutical delivery system, except that a custodian may not 19 deny inspection of a government record or part thereof that gives 20 the name, title, expenditures, source and amounts of funding and 21 date when the final project summary of any research will be 22 available;

test questions, scoring keys and other examination data
pertaining to the administration of an examination for employment
or academic examination;

records of pursuit of charitable contributions or records containing the identity of a donor of a gift if the donor requires nondisclosure of the donor's identity as a condition of making the gift provided that the donor has not received any benefits of or from the institution of higher education in connection with such gift other than a request for memorialization or dedication;

valuable or rare collections of books or documents obtained by
gift, grant, bequest or devise conditioned upon limited public
access;

35 information contained on individual admission applications; and

information concerning student records or grievance or
disciplinary proceedings against a student to the extent disclosure
would reveal the identity of the student.

39 "Personal firearms record" means any information contained in a 40 background investigation conducted by the chief of police, the 41 county prosecutor, or the Superintendent of State Police, of any 42 applicant for a permit to purchase a handgun, firearms identification 43 card license, or firearms registration; any application for a permit to 44 purchase a handgun, firearms identification card license, or firearms 45 registration; any document reflecting the issuance or denial of a 46 permit to purchase a handgun, firearms identification card license, 47 or firearms registration; and any permit to purchase a handgun, 48 firearms identification card license, or any firearms license,

certification, certificate, form of register, or registration statement.
 For the purposes of this paragraph, information contained in a
 background investigation shall include, but not be limited to,
 identity, name, address, social security number, phone number, fax
 number, driver's license number, email address, social media
 address of any applicant, licensee, registrant or permit holder.

7 "Public agency" or "agency" means any of the principal 8 departments in the Executive Branch of State Government, and any 9 division, board, bureau, office, commission or other instrumentality 10 within or created by such department; the Legislature of the State 11 and any office, board, bureau or commission within or created by 12 the Legislative Branch; and any independent State authority, 13 commission, instrumentality or agency. The terms also mean any 14 political subdivision of the State or combination of political 15 subdivisions, and any division, board, bureau, office, commission or 16 other instrumentality within or created by a political subdivision of 17 the State or combination of political subdivisions, and any independent authority, commission, instrumentality or agency 18 19 created by a political subdivision or combination of political 20 subdivisions.

"Law enforcement agency" means a public agency, or part
thereof, determined by the Attorney General to have law
enforcement responsibilities.

"Law enforcement officer" means a person whose public duties
include the power to act as an officer for the detection,
apprehension, arrest and conviction of offenders against the laws of
this State.

28 "Constituent" means any State resident or other person29 communicating with a member of the Legislature.

"Judicial officer" means any active, formerly active, or retired
federal, state, county, or municipal judge, including a judge of the
Tax Court and any other court of limited jurisdiction established,
altered, or abolished by law, a judge of the Office of Administrative
Law, a judge of the Division of Workers' Compensation, and any
other judge established by law who serves in the executive branch.

36 "Member of the Legislature" means any person elected or37 selected to serve in the New Jersey Senate or General Assembly.

"Criminal investigatory record" means a record which is not
required by law to be made, maintained or kept on file that is held
by a law enforcement agency which pertains to any criminal
investigation or related civil enforcement proceeding.

42 "Victim's record" means an individually-identifiable file or
43 document held by a victims' rights agency which pertains directly to
44 a victim of a crime except that a victim of a crime shall have access
45 to the victim's own records.

46 "Victim of a crime" means a person who has suffered personal or
47 psychological injury or death or incurs loss of or injury to personal
48 or real property as a result of a crime, or if such a person is

1 deceased or incapacitated, a member of that person's immediate 2 family. 3 "Victims' rights agency" means a public agency, or part thereof, 4 the primary responsibility of which is providing services, including, 5 but not limited to, food, shelter, or clothing, medical, psychiatric, 6 psychological or legal services or referrals, information and referral 7 services, counseling and support services, or financial services to 8 victims of crimes, including victims of sexual assault, domestic 9 violence, violent crime, child endangerment, child abuse or child 10 neglect, and the Victims of Crime Compensation Board, established 11 pursuant to P.L.1971, c.317 (C.52:4B-1 et seq.) and continued as 12 the Victims of Crime Compensation Office pursuant to P.L.2007, c.95 (C.52:4B-3.2 et al.) and Reorganization Plan No. 001-2008. 13 14 (cf: P.L.2021, c.371, s.10) 15 16 2. Section 6 of P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5) is amended to rea 17 as follows: 18 6. a. The custodian of a government record shall permit the 19 record to be inspected, examined, and copied by any person during 20 regular business hours; or in the case of a municipality having a 21 population of 5,000 or fewer according to the most recent federal 22 decennial census, a board of education having a total district 23 enrollment of 500 or fewer, or a public authority having less than 24 \$10 million in assets, during not less than six regular business hours 25 over not less than three business days per week or the entity's 26 regularly-scheduled business hours, whichever is less; unless a 27 government record is exempt from public access by: P.L.1963, c.73 28 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) as amended and supplemented; any other 29 statute; resolution of either or both houses of the Legislature; 30 regulation promulgated under the authority of any statute or 31 Executive Order of the Governor; Executive Order of the Governor; 32 Rules of Court; any federal law; federal regulation; or federal order. 33 Prior to allowing access to any government record, the custodian 34 thereof shall redact from that record any information which 35 discloses the social security number, credit card number, unlisted 36 telephone number or driver license number of any person, or, in 37 accordance with section 2 of P.L.2021, c.371 (C.47:1B-2), the home 38 address, whether a primary or secondary residence, of any active, 39 formerly active, or retired judicial officer, prosecutor, or law 40 enforcement officer, or, as defined in section 1 of P.L.2021, c.371 41 (C.47:1B-1), any immediate family member thereof; except for use 42 by any government agency, including any court or law enforcement 43 agency, in carrying out its functions, or any private person or entity 44 acting on behalf thereof, or any private person or entity seeking to 45 enforce payment of court-ordered child support; except with respect 46 to the disclosure of driver information by the New Jersey Motor 47 Vehicle Commission as permitted by section 2 of P.L.1997, c.188 48 (C.39:2-3.4); and except that a social security number contained in

1 a record required by law to be made, maintained or kept on file by a 2 public agency shall be disclosed when access to the document or 3 disclosure of that information is not otherwise prohibited by State 4 or federal law, regulation or order or by State statute, resolution of 5 either or both houses of the Legislature, Executive Order of the 6 Governor, rule of court or regulation promulgated under the 7 authority of any statute or executive order of the Governor. Except 8 where an agency can demonstrate an emergent need, a regulation 9 that limits access to government records shall not be retroactive in 10 effect or applied to deny a request for access to a government 11 record that is pending before the agency, the council or a court at 12 the time of the adoption of the regulation.

b. (1) A copy or copies of a government record may be 13 14 purchased by any person upon payment of the fee prescribed by law 15 or regulation. Except as otherwise provided by law or regulation 16 and except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the fee 17 assessed for the duplication of a government record embodied in the 18 form of printed matter shall be \$0.05 per letter size page or smaller, 19 and \$0.07 per legal size page or larger. If a public agency can 20 demonstrate that its actual costs for duplication of a government 21 record exceed the foregoing rates, the public agency shall be 22 permitted to charge the actual cost of duplicating the record. The 23 actual cost of duplicating the record, upon which all copy fees are 24 based, shall be the cost of materials and supplies used to make a 25 copy of the record, but shall not include the cost of labor or other 26 overhead expenses associated with making the copy except as 27 provided for in subsection c. of this section. Access to electronic 28 records and non-printed materials shall be provided free of charge, 29 but the public agency may charge for the actual costs of any needed 30 supplies such as computer discs.

31 (2) No fee shall be charged to a victim of a crime for a copy or
32 copies of a record to which the crime victim is entitled to access, as
33 provided in section 1 of P.L.1995, c.23 (C.47:1A-1.1).

34 c. Whenever the nature, format, manner of collation, or volume 35 of a government record embodied in the form of printed matter to 36 be inspected, examined, or copied pursuant to this section is such 37 that the record cannot be reproduced by ordinary document copying 38 equipment in ordinary business size or involves an extraordinary 39 expenditure of time and effort to accommodate the request, the 40 public agency may charge, in addition to the actual cost of 41 duplicating the record, a special service charge that shall be 42 reasonable and shall be based upon the actual direct cost of 43 providing the copy or copies; provided, however, that in the case of 44 a municipality, rates for the duplication of particular records when 45 the actual cost of copying exceeds the foregoing rates shall be 46 established in advance by ordinance. The requestor shall have the 47 opportunity to review and object to the charge prior to it being 48 incurred.

1 d. A custodian shall permit access to a government record and 2 provide a copy thereof in the medium requested if the public agency 3 maintains the record in that medium. If the public agency does not 4 maintain the record in the medium requested, the custodian shall 5 either convert the record to the medium requested or provide a copy 6 in some other meaningful medium. If a request is for a record: (1) 7 in a medium not routinely used by the agency; (2) not routinely 8 developed or maintained by an agency; or (3) requiring a substantial 9 amount of manipulation or programming of information technology, 10 the agency may charge, in addition to the actual cost of duplication, 11 a special charge that shall be reasonable and shall be based on the 12 cost for any extensive use of information technology, or for the 13 labor cost of personnel providing the service, that is actually 14 incurred by the agency or attributable to the agency for the 15 programming, clerical, and supervisory assistance required, or both. 16 Immediate access ordinarily shall be granted to budgets, e. 17 bills, vouchers, contracts, including collective negotiations 18 agreements and individual employment contracts, and public 19 employee salary and overtime information.

20 f. The custodian of a public agency shall adopt a form for the 21 use of any person who requests access to a government record held 22 or controlled by the public agency. The form shall provide space 23 for the name, address, and phone number of the requestor and a 24 brief description of the government record sought. The form also 25 shall include space for a requestor to certify that the government 26 record will be used, or will not be used, by that requestor or another 27 person for a commercial purpose, and the requestor shall be 28 required to provide this information for the request to be fulfilled. 29 The form shall include space for the custodian to indicate which 30 record will be made available, when the record will be available, 31 and the fees to be charged. The form shall also include the 32 following: (1) specific directions and procedures for requesting a 33 record; (2) a statement as to whether prepayment of fees or a 34 deposit is required; (3) the time period within which the public 35 agency is required by P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) as amended and supplemented, to make the record available; (4) a 36 37 statement of the requestor's right to challenge a decision by the 38 public agency to deny access and the procedure for filing an appeal; 39 (5) space for the custodian to list reasons if a request is denied in 40 whole or in part; (6) space for the requestor to sign and date the 41 form; (7) space for the custodian to sign and date the form if the 42 request is fulfilled or denied. The custodian may require a deposit 43 against costs for reproducing documents sought through an 44 anonymous request whenever the custodian anticipates that the 45 information thus requested will cost in excess of \$5 to reproduce.

46 g. A request for access to a government record shall be in
47 writing and hand-delivered, mailed, transmitted electronically, or
48 otherwise conveyed to the appropriate custodian.

1 A custodian shall promptly comply with a request to inspect, 2 examine, copy, or provide a copy of a government record. If the 3 custodian is unable to comply with a request for access, the 4 custodian shall indicate the specific basis therefor on the request 5 form and promptly return it to the requestor. The custodian shall 6 sign and date the form and provide the requestor with a copy 7 thereof. If the custodian of a government record asserts that part of 8 a particular record is exempt from public access pursuant to 9 P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) as amended and supplemented, 10 the custodian shall delete or excise from a copy of the record that 11 portion which the custodian asserts is exempt from access and shall 12 promptly permit access to the remainder of the record. If the government record requested is temporarily unavailable because it 13 14 is in use or in storage, the custodian shall so advise the requestor 15 and shall make arrangements to promptly make available a copy of 16 the record. If a request for access to a government record would 17 substantially disrupt agency operations, the custodian may deny 18 access to the record after attempting to reach a reasonable solution 19 with the requestor that accommodates the interests of the requestor 20 and the agency.

21 A requestor shall be required to use the form adopted in 22 accordance with subsection f. of this section to submit a request for 23 access to a government record. When that record will be used for a 24 commercial purpose by the requestor or another person, the 25 requestor shall not be permitted to submit more than two such 26 requests per month to any one custodian. The requestor shall be 27 required to complete the space on the form provided for the 28 requestor's name. When a requestor is found to have intentionally 29 failed to inform the custodian that the government record will be 30 used for a commercial purpose by the requestor or another person, 31 the requestor shall be reported to the Government Records Council 32 and shall be prohibited from submitting any other request for access 33 to a government record to any custodian for a period of one year. 34 The council shall maintain the names of such requestors reported to 35 it.

36 h. Any officer or employee of a public agency who receives a 37 request for access to a government record shall forward the request to the custodian of the record or direct the requestor to the 38 39 custodian of the record.

40 (1) Unless a shorter time period is otherwise provided by i. 41 statute, regulation, or executive order, a custodian of a government 42 record shall grant access to a government record or deny a request 43 for access to a government record as soon as possible, but not later 44 than seven business days after receiving the request, provided that 45 the record is currently available and not in storage or archived.

46 In the event a custodian fails to respond within seven business 47 days after receiving a request, the failure to respond shall be 48 deemed a denial of the request, unless the requestor has elected not

1 to provide a name, address or telephone number, or other means of 2 contacting the requestor. If the requestor has elected not to provide 3 a name, address, or telephone number, or other means of contacting 4 the requestor, the custodian shall not be required to respond until 5 the requestor reappears before the custodian seeking a response to 6 the original request. If the government record is in storage or 7 archived, the requestor shall be so advised within seven business 8 days after the custodian receives the request. The requestor shall be 9 advised by the custodian when the record can be made available. If 10 the record is not made available by that time, access shall be 11 deemed denied.

12 (2) During a period declared pursuant to the laws of this State as 13 a state of emergency, public health emergency, or state of local 14 disaster emergency, the deadlines by which to respond to a request 15 for, or grant or deny access to, a government record under 16 paragraph (1) of this subsection or subsection e. of this section shall 17 not apply, provided, however, that the custodian of a government 18 record shall make a reasonable effort, as the circumstances permit, 19 to respond to a request for access to a government record within 20 seven business days or as soon as possible thereafter.

j. A custodian shall post prominently in public view in the part or parts of the office or offices of the custodian that are open to or frequented by the public a statement that sets forth in clear, concise and specific terms the right to appeal a denial of, or failure to provide, access to a government record by any person for inspection, examination, or copying or for purchase of copies thereof and the procedure by which an appeal may be filed.

k. The files maintained by the Office of the Public Defender that
relate to the handling of any case shall be considered confidential
and shall not be open to inspection by any person unless authorized
by law, court order, or the State Public Defender.

32 (cf: P.L.2021, c.371, s.11)

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34 3. Section 12 of P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-11) is amended to 35 read as follows:

36 12. a. A public official, officer, employee or custodian who 37 knowingly and willfully violates P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.), 38 as amended and supplemented, and is found to have unreasonably 39 denied access under the totality of the circumstances, shall be 40 subject to a civil penalty of \$1,000 for an initial violation, \$2,500 41 for a second violation that occurs within 10 years of an initial 42 violation, and \$5,000 for a third violation that occurs within 10 43 years of an initial violation. [This penalty]

A requestor who is found to have intentionally failed to certify
 that a records request is for a commercial purpose shall be subject
 to a civil penalty of \$500 for the first offense, \$1,000 for the second

47 offense, and \$1,500 for each subsequent offense. Penalties may be

48 <u>imposed by the courts or the Government Records Council.</u>

1 These penalties shall be collected and enforced in proceedings in 2 accordance with the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," 3 P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.), and the rules of court governing actions for the collection of civil penalties. The Superior 4 5 Court shall have jurisdiction of proceedings for the collection and enforcement of the penalty imposed by this section. 6 7 Appropriate disciplinary proceedings may be initiated against a 8 public official, officer, employee or custodian against whom a 9 penalty has been imposed. 10 (cf: P.L.2001, c.404, s.12) 11 12 4. This act shall take effect on the first day of the fourth month 13 next following the date of enactment. 14 15 16 **STATEMENT** 17 18 This bill makes various changes to the process for submitting a request for access to a government records under the law commonly 19 20 referred to as the open public records act when the record will be 21 used for commercial purposes. 22 The bill: 23 requires a requestor to use the form adopted by the public agency 24 to submit a request for access to a government record; 25 requires that a written request for access to a government record 26 state that the record will be used, or will not be used, by that 27 requestor or another person for a commercial purpose. 28 limits such requests to not more than two per month to any one 29 custodian. 30 require the requestor to provide the requestor's name. 31 requires that when a requestor is found to have intentionally 32 failed to inform the custodian that the government record will be 33 used for a commercial purpose, the requestor will be reported to the 34 Government Records Council and prohibited from submitting any 35 other request for access to any custodian for a period of one year. The council will maintain the names of such requestors reported to 36 37 it. 38 provides for a penalty for intentionally failing to certify that a 39 records request is for a commercial purpose of \$500 for the first 40 offense, \$1,000 for the second offense, and \$1,500 for each 41 subsequent offense. Penalties may be imposed by the courts or the 42 council. 43 defines "commercial purpose" to mean the direct or indirect use 44 of any part of a government record for sale, resale, solicitation, rent 45 or lease of a service, or any use by which the user expects a profit 46 either through commission, salary, or fee. "Commercial purpose" 47 shall not include using, distributing, gathering, procuring, 48 transmitting, compiling, editing, disseminating, or publishing of

- 1 information or data by the news media, or any parent, subsidiary, or
- 2 affiliate of any news media, or by any news, journalistic,
- 3 educational, scientific, scholarly, or governmental organization.