## ASSEMBLY, No. 4909 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED DECEMBER 5, 2022

Sponsored by: Assemblywoman SADAF F. JAFFER District 16 (Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex and Somerset) Assemblyman REGINALD W. ATKINS District 20 (Union) Assemblyman STERLEY S. STANLEY District 18 (Middlesex)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman Danielsen

## **SYNOPSIS**

Regulates use of automated tools in hiring decisions to minimize discrimination in employment.

## **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 12/5/2022)

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1 AN ACT concerning the use of automated tools to assist with hiring 2 decisions and supplementing Title 34 of the Revised Statutes. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. a. As used in P.L. ) (pending before the , c. (C. 8 Legislature as this bill): 9 "Automated employment decision tool" means any system the 10 function of which is governed by statistical theory, or systems the parameters of which are defined by systems, including inferential 11 12 methodologies, linear regression, neural networks, decision trees, random forests, and other learning algorithms, which automatically 13 filters candidates or prospective candidates for hire or for any term, 14 15 condition or privilege of employment in a way that establishes a 16 preferred candidate or candidates. 17 "Bias audit" means an impartial evaluation, including but not 18 limited to testing, of an automated employment decision tool to assess its predicted compliance with the provisions of the "Law 19 20 Against Discrimination," P.L. 1945, c. 169 (C. 10:5-1 et seq.), and 21 any other applicable law relating to discrimination in employment. 22 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Labor and 23 Workforce Development. "Department" means Department of Labor and Workforce 24 25 Development. 26 "Employment decision" means to screen candidates for 27 employment or otherwise to help to decide compensation or any other terms, conditions or privileges of employment in the State. 28 29 b. It shall be unlawful to sell or offer for sale in the State an 30 automated employment decision tool unless: 31 (1) The tool is the subject of a bias audit conducted in the past 32 year prior to selling the tool or offering the tool for sale; 33 (2) The sale of the tool includes, at no additional cost, an annual 34 bias audit service that provides the results of the audit to the 35 purchaser; and 36 (3) The tool is sold or offered for sale with a notice stating that 37 the tool is subject to the provisions of P.L. , c. (C. ) 38 (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 39 c. Any person who uses an automated employment decision 40 tool to screen a candidate for an employment decision shall notify 41 each candidate of the following within 30 days of the use of the 42 tool: (1) That an automated employment decision tool, which is 43 44 subject to an audit for bias pursuant to P.L. , c. (C. ) 45 (pending before the Legislature as this bill), was used in connection 46 with the candidate's application for employment; and 47 (2) The tool assessed the job qualifications or characteristics of 48 the candidate.

1 that violates provision d. (1) Any person any of 2 P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) 3 shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than \$500 for that person's first violation and each additional violation occurring on 4 5 the same day as the first violation, and not less than \$500 nor more than \$1,500 for each subsequent violation. Violations shall accrue 6 7 on a daily basis for each automated employment decision tool that 8 is sold or offered for sale in violation of P.L. c. (C. ) 9 (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

10 (2) Each instance in which notice is not provided to a candidate 11 within 30 days in violation of subsection b. of this section 12 constitutes a single violation, and each 30-day period thereafter in 13 which the notice is not provided to the candidate constitutes a 14 separate violation.

e. All penalties assessed under this section shall be payable to the State Treasurer and may be recovered with costs in a summary proceeding commenced by the commissioner pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.).

f. The department, in consultation with the Division on Civil
Rights, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968,
c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), shall promulgate rules and regulations
to effectuate the purposes of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before
the Legislature as this bill).

g. This act is intended to affirm certain rights of candidates for employment under the circumstances specified in this act, and shall not be construed to reduce, limit, or curtail any rights of any candidate provided by law, or to limit the authority of the State or its agencies to investigate and enforce rights relating to bias and discrimination in employment, or to promulgate rules and regulations relating to bias and discrimination in employment.

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

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## STATEMENT

This bill regulates the use of automated employment decision
tools during the hiring process to minimize employment
discrimination that may result from the use of the tools.

41 Under the bill, "automated employment decision tool" means any 42 system the function of which is governed by statistical theory, or 43 systems the parameters of which are defined by systems, including 44 inferential methodologies, linear regression, neural networks, 45 decision trees, random forests, and other learning algorithms, which 46 automatically filters candidates or prospective candidates for hire or 47 for any term, condition or privilege of employment in a way that 48 establishes a preferred candidate or candidates.

The bill prohibits the sale of automated employment decision
 tools in the State unless:

3 (1) The tool is the subject of a bias audit conducted in the past
4 year prior to selling the tool or offering the tool for sale;

5 (2) The sale of the tool includes, at no additional cost, an annual 6 bias audit service that provides the results of the audit to the 7 purchaser; and

8 (3) The tool is sold or offered for sale with a notice stating that9 the tool is subject to the provisions of the bill.

In addition, the bill provides that any person who uses an automated employment decision tool to screen a candidate for an employment decision is required to notify each candidate of the following within 30 days of the use of the tool:

(1) That an automated employment decision tool, which is
subject to an audit for bias, was used in connection with the
candidate's application for employment; and

17 (2) The tool assessed the job qualifications or characteristics of18 the candidate.

19 The bill provides for civil penalties to be collected for violations20 of its provisions.

The bill is intended to affirm certain rights of candidates for employment under the circumstances specified in the bill, and will not be construed to reduce, limit, or curtail any rights of any candidate provided by law, or to limit the authority of the State or its agencies to investigate and enforce rights relating to bias and discrimination in employment, or to promulgate rules and regulations relating to bias and discrimination in employment.