[First Reprint]

ASSEMBLY, No. 2368

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 7, 2022

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman CRAIG J. COUGHLIN
District 19 (Middlesex)
Assemblywoman PAMELA R. LAMPITT
District 6 (Burlington and Camden)
Assemblywoman MILA M. JASEY
District 27 (Essex and Morris)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblywomen Quijano, Haider, Carter, Assemblyman Atkins, Assemblywomen Mosquera, McKnight, Assemblymen Spearman and Freiman

SYNOPSIS

Requires schools to provide free school breakfasts and lunches to students from working class, middle-income families; designated as "Working Class Families' Anti-Hunger Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Appropriations Committee on May 19, 2022, with amendments.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/26/2022)

AN ACT concerning the provision of free school meals to students from working class, middle-income families, supplementing Title 18A of the New Jersey Statutes, and amending and repealing various parts of the statutory law.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. (New section) As used in this chapter:

"Categorically eligible" means that a student is homeless, is a migrant child, is a runaway child, is a foster child, or is a Head Start child, as defined in 7 C.F.R. Part 245, or is receiving assistance under the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Program (TANF), the Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR), or, to the extent that the United States Department of Agriculture authorizes the matching of Medicaid data to identify children who are eligible for free school meals, is a participant in the Medicaid program, and which student, by virtue of such status, is automatically eligible to be certified to receive free school meals under the National School Lunch Program or the federal School Breakfast Program, without first submitting an application or being subject to the federal income verification requirements established by 7 C.F.R. Part 245.

"Community Eligibility Provision" means a type of special assistance alternative, identified at 7 C.F.R. Part 245, pursuant to which the United States Department of Agriculture provides reimbursement for free school meals that are provided by eligible, high-poverty local educational agencies and schools that participate in both the National School Lunch Program and the federal School Breakfast Program.

"Eligible student" means a student who is either categorically eligible or income-eligible for one or more free or reduced price school meals.

"Emergency meals distribution program" means the program, established under section 1 of P.L.2020, c.6 (C.18A:33-27.2), pursuant to which a school district is required to provide school meals to students, through designated distribution sites, during any period in which the schools in the district are subject to a public health-related closure due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

"Federal School Breakfast Program" means the federal reimbursement program, established under the "Child Nutrition Act of 1966," 42 U.S.C. s.1771 et seq., pursuant to which the United States Department of Agriculture is authorized to provide grants-in-aid and other assistance to the States, as may be necessary to help

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

finance the establishment, maintenance, operation, and expansion of school breakfast programs and facilitate the provision of free and reduced price breakfasts to eligible students.

"Federally eligible for free or reduced price meals" means that a student is categorically eligible for free lunch under the National School Lunch Program or for free breakfast under the federal School Breakfast Program, or that the student satisfies federal income eligibility requirements, adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 245, as is necessary to federally qualify for and receive free or reduced price lunch under the National School Lunch Program or free or reduced price breakfast under the federal School Breakfast Program.

"Federally ineligible for free or reduced price meals" means that a student is not categorically eligible for, and fails to satisfy federal income eligibility requirements, adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 245, as is necessary for the student to federally qualify for and receive free or reduced price lunch under the National School Lunch Program or free or reduced price breakfast under the federal School Breakfast Program.

"Income-eligible" means that a student either satisfies federal income eligibility requirements, adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 245, or satisfies State-level income eligibility requirements, set forth in subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.1974, c.53 (C.18A:33-4) or subsection a. of section ¹[11] 12¹ of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), as is necessary for the student to qualify for and receive free or reduced price lunch under the National School Lunch Program or free or reduced price breakfast under the federal School Breakfast Program.

"Low-income family" means a family with an annual household income amounting to not more than 185 percent of the federal poverty level.

"Middle-income family" means a family with an annual household income amounting to not less than 186 percent, and not more than 199 percent, of the federal poverty level.

"National School Lunch Program" means the federal reimbursement program established under the "Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act," 42 U.S.C. s.1751 et seq., pursuant to which the United States Department of Agriculture is authorized to provide grants-in-aid and other assistance to the States, as may be necessary to help finance the establishment, maintenance, operation, and expansion of school lunch programs and facilitate the provision of free and reduced price lunches to eligible students.

"School breakfast program" means a program that is established and operated by a public or nonpublic school, in accordance with the requirements of the federal School Breakfast Program and, in the case of a public school, in accordance with a plan adopted

1 pursuant to section 2 of P.L.2003, c.4 (C.18A:33-10) or section

 1 [5] $\underline{6}^{1}$ of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as

3 this bill), and pursuant to which the school offers daily breakfasts to

4 all enrolled students.

"School lunch program" means a program that is established and operated by a school district, in accordance with the requirements of the National School Lunch Program and the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1974, c.53 (C.18A:33-4), and pursuant to which the district offers daily lunches to all students enrolled in the district.

"Special assistance alternative" means a special nutrition assistance alternative federal reimbursement method that is authorized by the United States Department of Agriculture, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.1759a and 7 C.F.R. Part 245, for eligible schools that serve free meals to all enrolled students. "Special assistance alternative" includes Provision 2, Provision 3, and the Community Eligibility Provision, as described in 7 C.F.R. Part 245, as well as any other similar alternative reimbursement method that is authorized by the United States Department of Agriculture, now or in the future, for schools that serve free meals to all enrolled students.

"Student" means a child 18 years of age or younger who is enrolled at a school in the State.

"Subsidized student" means a categorically eligible student or income-eligible student who, as provided by subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.1974, c.53 (C.18A:33-4) and subsection a. of section ¹[11] 12¹ of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), is not required to pay for meals that are served to the student under the National School Lunch Program or the federal School Breakfast Program.

"Summer Food Service Program" means the federal reimbursement program, established under 42 U.S.C. s.1761 and 7 C.F.R. Part 225, pursuant to which the United States Department of Agriculture is authorized to provide grants-in-aid and other assistance to the States, as may be necessary to help schools, local government agencies, nonprofit organizations, colleges and universities, and summer camps finance the administrative and operational costs of providing meals to children, in low-income areas, during the summer months and other planned periods of school closure.

"Summer meals program" means the Summer Food Service Program, the Seamless Summer Option authorized by 42 U.S.C. s.1761, or any other similar State or federal program that is designed to ensure that children have access to nutritious meals during the summer months and other planned periods of school closure.

"Unsubsidized student" means a student who is neither categorically eligible nor income-eligible for free or reduced price school meals, and who is, consequently, required to pay for any such meals that are served to the student under the National School Lunch Program or the federal School Breakfast Program.

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- 4 2. Section 1 of P.L.1974, c.53 (C.18A:33-4) is amended to read as follows:
- 6 1. <u>a. (1)</u> Each school district shall make school lunch available to all [children] students enrolled in the district, except at

those schools ¹ [at which less than five percent of students are

- 9 federally eligible for free or reduced price meals, I that are exempt
- from the requirements of this section, as provided by section 2 of
- 11 <u>P.L.1974, c.53 (C.18A:33-5)</u>, within [1] one year [from] after the
- 12 effective date of [this act] P.L.1974, c.53 (C.18A:33-4 et seq.).
- 13 [Such lunches]
- 14 (2) ¹ [Each school district shall make school lunch available at 15 every school that was exempt from the provisions of paragraph (1) 16 of this subsection, within one year after the effective date of 17 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- 18 (3)]¹ School lunches made available pursuant to this section 19 shall meet minimum nutritional standards, established by the 20 Department of Education.
 - '[(4)] (3)¹ Free [and] or reduced price lunches, as appropriate, shall be offered, under a school lunch program, to [all children qualifying under Statewide eligibility criteria] each student enrolled in the district who is determined to be federally eligible for free or reduced price meals. As provided by section 1 of P.L.2019, c.445 (C.18A:33-21.1), any student who is eligible for a reduced price lunch, pursuant to federal income eligibility standards and criteria, shall not be required to pay for such lunch. Free lunches shall also be offered to each student enrolled in the district who is federally ineligible for free or reduced price meals, but who has an annual household income that is not less than 186 percent, and not more than 199 percent, of the federal poverty level, as determined pursuant to section '[15] 16¹ of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending
 - b. The State shall provide funding to each school district, as may be necessary to reimburse the costs associated with the district's provision of free lunches, pursuant to subsection a. of this section, to students who are federally ineligible for free or reduced price meals.

before the Legislature as this bill).

- c. The Department of Agriculture, in consultation with the Department of Education, shall annually prepare and submit, to the Governor and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature, a written report that identifies, for each school and school district in the State:
- 45 (1) the methods that are being used by each school or school
 46 district to facilitate the prompt identification and subsidized meal
 47 certification of students who are categorically eligible or income-

- eligible for free or reduced price lunch under the National School
 Lunch Program; and
- 3 (2) the number and percentage of income-eligible students from
- 4 <u>low-income</u> families and from middle-income families,
 5 respectively that are receiving free or reduced price lunches under
- 5 respectively, that are receiving free or reduced price lunches under
- 6 the National School Lunch Program and the provisions of this section.
- 8 <u>d. The Department of Agriculture, in consultation with the</u>
- 9 Department of Education, shall adopt rules and regulations,
- 10 pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410
- 11 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to implement the provisions of this section,
- 12 <u>including</u>, but not limited to, rules and regulations establishing a
- 13 schedule for, and identifying the manner in which, State-level
- reimbursements are to be made pursuant to subsection b. of this
- 15 <u>section.</u>
- 16 (cf: P.L.1974, c.53, s.1)

- 20 2. Any school [in] at which less than [5%] five percent of
- 21 [pupils] enrolled [meet the eligibility requirements] students are
- 22 <u>federally eligible</u> for a free or reduced price lunch shall be exempt
- from the provisions of [this act] P.L.1974, c.53 (C.18A:33-
- 24 <u>1 et seq.</u>).¹
- 25 (cf: P.L.1974, c.53, s.2)

- ¹[3.] <u>4.</u> Section 1 of P.L.2003, c.4 (C.18A:33-9) is amended to read as follows:
- 29 1. The Legislature finds and declares that:
- a. The <u>federal</u> School Breakfast Program is a federally assisted
- 31 meal program [operating] that is implemented in public and
- 32 nonprofit private schools and residential child care institutions
- and and a supplying to a is designed to ensure that each
- 34 participating child receives breakfast containing at least one-fourth
- of the nutrients needed daily [;].
- b. The <u>federal</u> School Breakfast Program was established **[**by
- 37 the federal government in 1966 with the purpose of providing a
- 38 nutritious, well-balanced breakfast to promote sound eating habits,
- 39 and fostering good health and academic achievement for school-age
- 40 children [;].
- c. New Jersey ranks fiftieth in the nation for participation in
- 42 the federal School Breakfast Program by schools offering school
- lunch, and the State has seen only modest increases in participation
- 44 in recent years [;].
- d. Research shows that school breakfast increases attendance
- and decreases tardiness, improves academic performance both in
- 47 class and on standardized tests, improves attentiveness, and reduces

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emotional and behavioral problems among students from all backgrounds **[**; and **]**.

e. [Therefore] <u>Based on the foregoing findings</u>, it is clearly in the public interest for the State to require [that] school districts [with large populations of students eligible for federally subsidized meals] to offer school breakfasts through the federal School Breakfast Program, and to publicize the [program] availability of such breakfasts in their communities.

(cf: P.L.2003, c.4, s.1)

- 11 **1 [**4.**]** 5. Section 2 of P.L.2003, c.4 (C.18A:33-10) is amended 12 to read as follows:
- 2. a. (1) A public school operated by a local or regional school district of the State in which 20 [%] percent or more of the students enrolled in the school on October 1 of the preceding school year were federally eligible for free or reduced price meals under the [federal] National School Lunch Program or the federal School Breakfast Program, shall establish a [School Breakfast Program] school breakfast program in the school.
- 20 The (2) A school district shall submit a school breakfast program plan [for the establishment of school breakfast programs] 21 22 for each school in the district that is subject to the requirements of 23 paragraph (1) of this **[**section that is **]** subsection. The plan for each 24 school shall be adopted in compliance with, and pursuant to [the], 25 federal School Breakfast Program Ladministered by the State Department of Agriculture. The plan for each school 26 27 requirements, and shall be submitted to the Department of 28 Agriculture by the date required by subsection b. of this section, in 29 a form and manner prescribed by the Secretary of Agriculture.
- 30 (3) Following the enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (pending 31 before the Legislature as this bill), a school district shall submit a 32 new school breakfast program plan, in accordance with the 33 provisions of section ¹[5] (6)¹ of P.L., c. (C.) (pending 34 before the Legislature as this bill), for each school in the district 35 that is subject to the requirements of paragraph (1) of this 36 subsection. A new plan adopted pursuant to this paragraph and section ¹[5] (6)¹ of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the 37 38 Legislature as this bill) shall supersede any plan previously adopted 39 for the school, pursuant to this section, and the adoption of a new plan under this paragraph and section ¹[5] (6)¹ 40 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) 41 42 shall cause the plan previously adopted under paragraph (2) of this 43 subsection to become void and inoperable.
- b. (1) A school district shall submit a plan, by November 1, 2003, for all grades of each school that has one or more of the grades pre-K through sixth grade and for which a plan is required

- by <u>paragraph (2) of</u> subsection a. of this section or before November 1, 2003.
- 3 (2) A school district shall submit a plan, by November 1, 2004, 4 for all grades of each school [that is not], other than the schools 5 described in paragraph (1) of this subsection [and], for which a 6 plan is required by <u>paragraph (2) of</u> subsection a. of this section [on 7 or before November 1, 2004].

- c. The Department of Agriculture, in consultation with the Department of Education, shall review each school breakfast plan submitted pursuant to this section and make recommendations, if necessary, <code>[on] regarding</code> how the school breakfast program can operate within the limits of the federal and State reimbursement rates for the federal School Breakfast Program.
- d. The Department of Agriculture shall notify each school district that submits a school breakfast plan, pursuant to this section, of the completion of the department's review and any recommended changes to the plan, within three months [of the] after receipt of the plan, but no later than the February 1 following the date required for submission of the plan pursuant to subsection b. of this section.
- e. A school district [subject to the requirements of this section] shall establish a school breakfast program in each of its schools, based on the plan submitted [by the school district to the Department of Agriculture] pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection a. of this section, by September 1, 2004 for schools for which plans are required to be submitted [by] pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection b. of this section, and by September 1, 2005 for schools for which plans are required to be submitted [by] pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section.
- f. (1) If a school district does not submit a school breakfast plan to the Department of Agriculture, pursuant to <u>paragraph (2) of</u> subsection a. of this section, by the date required by subsection b. of this section, it shall establish a school breakfast program, in each of its schools in which a program is required pursuant to <u>paragraph (1) of</u> subsection a. of this section, based on a model plan provided by the department.
- (2) The model plan <u>developed by the department</u>, for the <u>purposes of this section</u>, shall include recommendations on how **[**the**]** <u>a</u> school breakfast program can operate within the limits of the federal and State reimbursement rates for the federal School Breakfast Program.
- (3) The Department of Agriculture shall provide the model plan to the school district no later than March 1, 2004 for schools for which plans are required to be submitted [by] pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection b. of this section, and by March 1, 2005 for schools for which plans are required to be submitted [by] pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section, and the

school district shall establish the school breakfast program in each of its schools, based on the <u>model</u> plan, by September 1, 2004 for schools for which plans are required to be submitted [by] <u>pursuant to paragraph</u> (1) of subsection b. of this section, and by September 1, 2005 for schools for which plans are required to be submitted [by] <u>pursuant to paragraph</u> (2) of subsection b. of this section.

7 (cf: P.L.2003, c.4, s.2)

- ¹[5.] <u>6.</u>¹ (New section) a. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 2 of P.L.2003, c.4 (C.18A:33-10) to the contrary, following the enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), each public school in the State ¹[shall establish a school breakfast program, regardless of the percentage of students, at the school or in the district, who are] in which 10 percent or more of the students enrolled in the school on October 1 of the preceding school year were ¹ federally eligible for free or reduced price meals under the National School Lunch Program or the federal School Breakfast Program ¹shall establish a breakfast program in the school ¹.
 - (2) A school district shall submit, to the Department of Agriculture, a school breakfast program plan for each school in the district ¹that is subject to the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection ¹. The plan shall be submitted in a form and manner prescribed by the Secretary of Agriculture and in accordance with the timeframes specified by subsection b. of this section.
 - b. (1) A plan for all grades in each school having one or more of the grades pre-K through sixth grade, shall be submitted by November 1, 2022.
- (2) A plan for all grades in each school not described in paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be submitted by November 1, 2023.
- c. The Department of Agriculture, in consultation with the Department of Education, shall review each school breakfast program plan submitted pursuant to this section and make recommendations, if necessary, regarding how the school breakfast program can operate most effectively, in accordance with federal School Breakfast Program requirements and the provisions of section ¹[11] 12¹ of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The Department of Agriculture shall notify each school district of the completion of the department's review and any recommended changes to the plan, within 90 days after receipt thereof.
- d. A school district shall establish a school breakfast program in each of its schools, based on the plan submitted pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection a. of this section, by September 1, 2023 for schools for which plans are required to be submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection b. of this section, and by September 1,

- 1 2024 for schools for which plans are required to be submitted 2 pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section.
 - e. (1) If a school district does not submit a school breakfast plan to the Department of Agriculture by the date required by subsection b. of this section, the district shall establish a school breakfast program, in each school for which a plan has not been submitted, based on a model plan provided by the department.
 - (2) The model plan developed by the department, for the purposes of this subsection, shall include recommendations on how a school breakfast program can operate in accordance with federal School Breakfast Program requirements and the provisions of section ¹[11] 12¹ of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
 - (3) The department shall provide the model plan to a school district that is subject to this subsection by March 1, 2023 for schools for which plans are required to be submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection b. of this section, and by March 1, 2024 for schools for which plans are required to be submitted pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section, and the school district shall establish the school breakfast program in each of its schools, based on the model plan, by September 1, 2023 for schools for which plans are required to be submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection b. of this section, and by September 1, 2024 for schools for which plans are required to be submitted pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section.

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- ¹**[**6.**]** <u>7.</u>¹ Section 3 of P.L.2003, c.4 (C.18A:33-11) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. In implementing <u>a school lunch program, pursuant to P.L.1974, c.53 (C.18A:33-4 et seq.)</u>, a school breakfast program
- 31 **[**under this act**]**, <u>pursuant to P.L.2003, c.4 (C.18A:33-9 et seq.)</u> ¹<u>or</u>
- 32 section 6 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature
- 33 <u>as this bill)¹, or</u> a <u>breakfast after the bell program, pursuant to</u>
- 34 section 1 of P.L.2014, c.66 (C.18A:33-11.1) or section 2 of
- 35 P.L.2018, c.25 (C.18A:33-11.3), each school and school district
- 36 shall:
- a. publicize, to parents and students, the availability of the
- 38 [school breakfast] respective school meals program [to parents and
- 39 students], as well as the various ways in which a student may
- 40 qualify to receive free or reduced price meals under the program, as
- 41 provided by subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.1974, c.53 (C.18A:33-
- 42 <u>4) and subsection a. of section</u> ¹[11] 12 of P.L. , c. (C.)
- 43 (pending before the Legislature as this bill);
- b. make every effort to ensure that [income-eligible]
- 45 <u>subsidized</u> students are not recognized as program participants, by
- 46 the student body, faculty, or staff, in a manner that is [distinct]
- 47 <u>different</u> from [student participants who are not income-eligible]

- 1 the manner in which unsubsidized students are recognized as
- 2 program participants. Such efforts shall include, but need not be
- 3 limited to, the establishment of a <u>neutral</u> meal plan or voucher
- 4 system [under which] that does not make a distinction between
- subsidized and unsubsidized students [receiving subsidized 5
- breakfasts are not distinguished from students receiving non-6
- 7 subsidized breakfasts]; and
 - c. make every effort to:
- 9 (1) facilitate the prompt and accurate identification of 10 categorically eligible students who may be certified to participate in 11 the program, on a subsidized basis, without first submitting an 12 application therefor, and, whenever an application is required to
- 13 establish eligibility for subsidized meals, encourage students and
- 14 their families to submit a subsidized school meals application for 15 that purpose;
 - (2) facilitate and expedite, to the greatest extent practicable, the subsidized school meals application and income-eligibility determination processes that are used, by the school or school district, to certify a student for free or reduced price school meals on the basis of income, and assist parents and guardians in
- completing the school meals application; and 22 (3) encourage students who are [not] neither categorically 23 eligible nor income-eligible for free or reduced price school meals 24 to nonetheless participate, on a paid and unsubsidized basis, in the
- 25 program.
- (cf: P.L.2003, c.4, s.3) 26

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- 1 [7.] 8. Section 1 of P.L.2014, c.66 (C.18A:33-11.1) is 28 29 amended to read as follows:
- 30 1. a. A public school operated by a school district [of the State
- 31 participating that participates in the federal school breakfast
- 32 program School Breakfast Program, or a nonpublic school
- participating in the federal [school breakfast program] School 33
- 34 Breakfast Program, is encouraged to increase the number of
- 35 students participating in the program by establishing a ["]breakfast
- 36 after the bell["] program [through the incorporation of] that
- 37 incorporates school breakfast [in] into the first-period classroom or
- 38 [during] the first few minutes of the school day.
- 39 b. The Department of Agriculture, in consultation with the 40 Department of Education shall:
- (1) make every effort to assist, guide, and support school 41
- 42 districts, public schools, [or] and nonpublic schools in planning,

establishing, implementing, or modifying [the "] a breakfast after

- the bell["] program to increase the [participation rate of all 44
- 45 students in the <u>I</u> <u>number of students</u>, <u>especially the number of</u>
- 46 students from low-income families and middle-income families,

who are participating in each school breakfast program [, especially students from low income families; and].

(2) **[**prepare and issue an annual report to the Governor and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature on the number and percentages of students from low income families participating in the school breakfast program, and the format used for providing breakfast, for each school district, public school, or nonpublic school. **1** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill) (cf: P.L.2014, c.66, s.1)

¹[8.] <u>9.</u> Section 1 of P.L.2018, c.25 (C.18A:33-11.2) is amended to read as follows:

1. The Legislature finds and declares that numerous studies document that childhood hunger impedes learning and can cause lifelong health problems; and that, in New Jersey, tens of thousands of children suffer from hunger each year, with nearly 540,000 students living in low-income families that are federally eligible to receive <a href="mailto:form:form:mailto:form:

The Legislature further finds and declares that New Jersey schools have made great strides in serving breakfast to more [children] students at the start of the school day, achieving a 73 percent increase since 2010; and that, despite this progress, only 44 percent of low-income [children] students in New Jersey received breakfast through the federal School Breakfast Program, according to the most recent data published by Advocates for Children of New Jersey, [and that this means] meaning that approximately 304,000 [eligible children] low-income students who [are] were already enrolled in the program [in], as of April 2017, were not served this all-important morning meal.

The Legislature further finds and declares that New Jersey law [currently], at section 2 of P.L.2003, c.4 (C.18A:33-10), requires a public school **[**operated by a local or regional school district with **]** to provide school breakfast to its students if 20 percent or more of the students enrolled in the school 1 of the preceding school year [who]¹[,]¹ were <u>federally</u> eligible for free or reduced price meals [under the federal School Lunch Program or the federal School Breakfast Program to be provided school breakfast]; that section ¹[5] (6)¹ of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) expands existing law so as to require ¹[all] a¹ public ¹[schools in the State] school ¹ to provide school breakfast to students [1, regardless of the percentage of] if 10 percent or more of the students [at] enrolled in the school ¹[who are] on October 1 of the preceding school year were federally eligible for free or reduced priced meals; that, [however] despite these breakfast program requirements, current law does not

specify how breakfast is to be served <u>to students</u>; and that, by requiring high-poverty schools to serve ["]breakfast <u>to students</u>

through a breakfast after the bell <u>program</u>, ["] New Jersey schools will reach a much larger percentage of children in need, <u>thereby</u> helping to further their academic success.

The Legislature further finds and declares that the federal government reimburses schools for each meal served, and that this expansion can, therefore, be easily accomplished; that, since 2010, the amount of federal school breakfast reimbursements has more than doubled from about \$45 million to an anticipated \$105 million in fiscal year 2018; and that Advocates for Children of New Jersey estimates that school districts could collect an additional \$89 million in federal funds for school breakfast each year if breakfast is served during the first few minutes of the school day.

The Legislature, therefore, determines that: it [to] shall be the public policy of the State to help remove a major barrier to learning by providing children the nutrition they need to succeed in school [, and determines that]; it is the understanding and the intention of the Legislature to make breakfast an integral part of the school day [,]; and [that "] the implementation of breakfast after the bell ["] programs is the most effective way to ensure that all students have the morning nutrition they need to concentrate, learn, and succeed in school.

(cf: P.L.2018, c.25, s.1)

¹[9.] <u>10.</u> Section 2 of P.L.2018, c.25 (C.18A:33-11.3) is amended to read as follows:

- 2. a. Every public school in which 70 [%] percent or more of the students enrolled in the school on or before the last school day before October 16 of the preceding school year were <u>federally</u> eligible for free or reduced price meals under the National School Lunch Program or the federal School Breakfast Program, shall establish a [school "]breakfast after the bell["] program.
- b. (1) (a) No later than six months following the effective date of [this act] P.L.2018, c.25 (C.18A:33-11.2 et seq.), each school district shall submit, to the Department of Agriculture, a plan for the establishment of a ["]breakfast after the bell["] program for all grades at each [school in the district which is] of the district's schools that are subject to the requirements of this section. The plan shall comply with the requirements of the federal School Breakfast Program [administered by the Department of Agriculture].
- (b) No later than the first full school year following the submission of the plan, the school district shall establish a ["]breakfast after the bell["] program in each of its schools [which] that are subject to the requirements of this section [based upon], in accordance with the plan submitted [by the school

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- district to the Department of Agriculture pursuant to this paragraph.
- 3 (2) (a) No later than six months after the effective date of 4 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill),
- 5 <u>each school district shall submit, to the Department of Agriculture,</u>
- 6 <u>a revised breakfast after the bell plan for each school in the district</u>
- 7 that is subject to the requirements of this section. The revised plan
- 8 shall comply with federal School Breakfast Program requirements
- 9 and the provisions of section ¹[11] 12¹ of P.L. , c. (C.)
- 10 (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
 - (b) No later than the first full school year following the submission of a revised plan pursuant to this paragraph, the school district shall modify the breakfast after the bell program operating in each of its schools that are subject to the requirements of this section, as may be necessary to implement the provisions of the
- 16 <u>revised plan.</u>

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- 17 (3) The Department of Agriculture, in consultation with the
- 18 Department of Education, shall review each revised plan submitted
- 19 pursuant to this subsection and make recommendations, if
- necessary, regarding how a school's breakfast after the bell program
 can operate most effectively, in accordance with the federal School
- 22 Breakfast Program requirements and the provisions of section ¹[11]
- 23 12¹ of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this
- bill). The Department of Agriculture shall notify each school
- district that submits a plan pursuant to this subsection of the
- 26 completion of the department's review, and of any recommended
- 27 <u>changes to the plan, within 90 days after receipt thereof.</u>
- c. Upon application, a school district may be granted a waiver
- 29 by the Department of Agriculture of the requirements of this section
- 30 for any school in which more than 70 percent of eligible students
- 31 received a meal under the school breakfast program during the
- 32 preceding school year. A school district that requests a waiver shall
- provide [such] relevant information, as may be required by the
- Department of Agriculture [specifies], to justify the request.
- d. The No later than three months after the effective date of
- 36 P.L.2018, c.25 (C.18A:33-11.2 et seq.), the Department of
- 37 Agriculture shall provide <u>each school district with</u> a [listing] <u>list</u> of
- 38 [available] resources that are available for the purposes of this
- section [to each school district no later than three months following
- 40 the effective date of this act **1**.
- 41 (cf: P.L.2018, c.25, s.2)
- 42 43 ¹[10.] 11. Section 4 of P.L.2018, c.25 (C.18A:33-11.5) is
- amended to read as follows:
- 45 4. The Department of Agriculture, in consultation with the
- Department of Education, shall develop [any] guidelines, as may
- 47 <u>be</u> necessary [for] to facilitate the implementation and operation of

- 1 [a paid "]breakfast after the bell[" program] programs by schools
- 2 in the State, in accordance with the provisions of section 1 of
- 3 P.L.2014, c.66 (C.18A:33-11.1), sections 1 and 2 of P.L.2018, c.25
- 4 (C.18A:33-11.2 and C.18A:33-11.3), and section ¹[11] 12¹ of
- 5 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill),
- 6 <u>including</u>, but not limited to, guidelines, consistent with the
- 7 provisions of section 1 of P.L.2015, c.15 (C.18A:33-21),
- 8 concerning a school's receipt of payment, from unsubsidized
- 9 <u>students</u>, for breakfasts served to such students under a breakfast
- 10 <u>after the bell program</u>.
- 11 (cf: P.L.2018, c.25, s.4)

- ¹[11.] <u>12.</u>¹ (New section) a. (1) School breakfasts made available to students under a school breakfast program or a breakfast after the bell program shall meet minimum nutritional standards, established by the Department of Education.
- (2) Free or reduced price breakfasts, as appropriate, shall be offered, under a school breakfast program or a breakfast after the bell program, to all enrolled students who are determined to be federally eligible for free or reduced price meals. As provided by section 1 of P.L.2019, c.445 (C.18A:33-21.1), any student who is eligible for a reduced price breakfast, pursuant to federal income eligibility criteria, shall not be required to pay for such breakfast. Free breakfasts shall also be offered to each enrolled student who is federally ineligible for free or reduced price meals, but who has an annual household income that is not less than 186 percent, and not more than 199 percent, of the federal poverty level, as determined pursuant to section ¹[15] 16¹ of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
 - b. The State shall provide funding to each school that operates a School Breakfast Program or a breakfast after the bell program, as may be necessary to reimburse the costs associated with the school's provision of free breakfasts, pursuant to subsection a. of this section, to students who are federally ineligible for free or reduced price meals.
 - c. The Department of Agriculture, in consultation with the Department of Education, shall annually prepare and issue, to the Governor and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1, to the Legislature, a written report that identifies, for each school and school district in the State:
 - (1) the methods that are being used by each such school or school district to facilitate the prompt identification and subsidized meal certification of students who are categorically eligible or income-eligible for free or reduced price breakfast under the federal School Breakfast Program;
- 46 (2) the number and percentage of income-eligible students from 47 low-income families and from middle-income families, 48 respectively, in each such school and district, who are receiving free

or reduced price breakfast under the federal School Breakfast Program and the provisions of this section; and

- (3) the methods that are being used, by each such school and district, to provide breakfast to students under the federal School Breakfast Program, including an indication as to whether breakfast is being provided to students through a breakfast after the bell program.
- d. The Department of Agriculture, in consultation with the Department of Education, shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to implement the provisions of this section, including, but not limited to, rules and regulations establishing a schedule for, and identifying the manner in which, State-level reimbursements are to be made pursuant to subsection b. of this section.

- ¹**[**12.**]** <u>13.</u>¹ Section 1 of P.L.2018, c.26 (C.18A:33-14.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. (1) A school district that participates in the National School Lunch Program or the federal School Breakfast Program shall take steps to maximize the use of federal resources and to minimize the debt that is incurred by families for school meals, in accordance with a protocol established by the Department of Agriculture. The protocol established by the department, pursuant this paragraph, shall be adopted within 180 days after the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), in consultation with the Department of Education, the School Nutrition Association of New Jersey, and all relevant stakeholders, and shall: (a) promote the increased certification of students from low-income families and middle-income families for free and reduced price school meals, in accordance with the provisions of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); and (b) identify best practices to maximize the receipt and use of federal resources by the district's schools.
 - (2) The Department of Agriculture and Department of Education, in cooperation with each other, shall consult with, and provide direct assistance to, school districts to help them improve, simplify, and expedite the free and reduced price meal certification process and otherwise reduce the administrative burden on schools and school districts that results from such process.
 - (3) A school that serves lunch or breakfast to students and is eligible for special federal reimbursement under the Community Eligibility Provision, as provided by 7 C.F.R. Part 245, shall, to the greatest extent practicable, participate in, and maximize the receipt of federal resources available under, that special assistance alternative. Every school district in which there is at least one school that qualifies for the Community Eligibility Provision, but is not implementing it, shall report the reasons therefor, in writing, to the Department of Agriculture and the Department of Education, in

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the manner prescribed by those departments. The report shall include, but need not be limited to, a description of the specific impediments at the school district to implementing the program, the specific actions that could be taken to remove those impediments, and the specific steps required to successfully implement the program in the following school year.

- b. The Department of Agriculture, in consultation with the Department of Education, shall adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), such rules and regulations as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this **[act]** section.
- c. **[**As used in this section, "Community Eligibility Provision" means a federal reimbursement alternative for eligible, high-poverty local educational agencies and schools participating in both the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program which is funded by the United States Department of Agriculture and administered by the New Jersey Department of Agriculture in accordance with the requirements set forth in federal regulations at 7 CFR Part 245. **[** (Deleted by amendment, P.L. , c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill)

21 (cf: P.L.2018, c.26, s.1)

- ¹[13.] <u>14.</u>¹ Section 1 of P.L.2015, c.15 (C.18A:33-21) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. (1) In the event that a school district determines that [a] an unsubsidized student's school breakfast or school lunch bill is in arrears, the district shall contact the student's parent or guardian to provide notice of the arrearage, and shall provide the parent or guardian with a period of 10 school days to pay the amount due. If the student's parent or guardian has not made full payment by the end of [the 10 school days] the designated 10-day period, then the district shall again contact the student's parent or guardian to provide notice of any action to be taken by the school district in response to [a student's school breakfast or school lunch bill being in arrears] the arrearage.
- (2) A school district shall report at least biannually to the Department of Agriculture the number of students who are denied school breakfast or school lunch pursuant to this section.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a school district to deny or restrict the ability of an unsubsidized student to access [to] school breakfast or school lunch [to a student whose] when the student's school breakfast or school lunch bill is in arrears.
- b. A <u>school or</u> school district shall not:
- 45 (1) publicly identify or stigmatize **[a]** an unsubsidized student 46 who cannot pay for a school breakfast or a school lunch or whose 47 school breakfast or school lunch bill is in arrears, for example, by

requiring **[**that**]** the student <u>to</u> sit at a separate table **[**or**]**, <u>by</u> requiring that the student to wear a wristband, hand stamp, or identifying mark, or by serving the student an alternative meal;

- (2) require **[a]** an unsubsidized student, who cannot pay for a school breakfast or a school lunch, or whose school breakfast or school lunch bill is in arrears, to do chores or other work to pay for the school breakfast or school lunch; **[or]**
- (3) require [a] <u>an unsubsidized</u> student to discard a school breakfast or school lunch after it has been served because of the student's inability to pay for a school breakfast or a school lunch or because money is owed for previously provided meals;
- (4) prohibit an unsubsidized student, or a sibling of such a student, from attending or participating in non-fee-based extracurricular activities, field trips, or school events, from receiving grades, official transcripts, or report cards, or from graduating or attending graduation events, solely because of the student's unresolved meal debt; or
- (5) require the parent or guardian of an unsubsidized student to pay fees or costs in excess of the actual amounts owed for meals previously served to the student.
- c. If **[a]** an unsubsidized student owes money for the equivalent of five or more school meals, a school district shall:
- (1) **[**determine if the student is eligible for a free or reduced price school meal; **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L. , c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- (2) [make] determine whether the student is categorically eligible or income-eligible for free or reduced price meals, by conducting a review of all available records related to the student, and by making at least two attempts, not including the initial [application or instructions provided to the parent or guardian] attempt made pursuant to section 3 of P.L.2020, c.29 (C.18A:33-21b), to contact the student's parent or guardian and have the parent or guardian fill out [an] a school meals application [for the school lunch program and school breakfast program]; and
- (3) require a principal, or a person designated by the principal, to contact the parent or guardian of the unsubsidized student to offer assistance with respect to the completion of the school meals application [for the school lunch and school breakfast program], to determine if there are other issues [within] in the household that have caused the child to have insufficient funds to purchase a school breakfast or school lunch, and to offer any other appropriate assistance.
- d. A school district shall direct communications about a student's school breakfast or school lunch bill being in arrears to the parent or guardian and not to the student. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit a school district from sending a student home with a letter addressed to a parent or guardian.

- 1 e. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section and the 2 provisions of any other law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, an 3 unsubsidized student shall not be denied access to a school meal, 4 regardless of the student's ability to pay or the status of the 5 student's meal arrearages, during any period of time in which the school is making a determination, pursuant to subsection c. of this 6 7 section, as to whether the student is eligible for, and can be certified 8 to receive, free or reduced price meals.
- 9 (cf: P.L.2020, c.29, s.2)

- 1. Section 1 of P.L.2015, c.15 (C.18A:33-21) and [sections 3 and 4 of P.L.2020, c.29 (C.18A:33-21b and C.18A:33-21c)] section

 1 1 15 16 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), shall be known and may be cited as the "Hunger-Free Students' Bill of Rights Act."
- 18 (cf: P.L.2020, c.29, s.1)

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- ¹[15.] <u>16.</u>¹ (New section) a. At the beginning of each school year, or upon initial enrollment, in the case of a student who enrolls during the school year, a school district shall provide each student's parent or guardian with:
- (1) information on the National School Lunch Program and the federal School Breakfast Program, including, but not limited to, information on the availability of free or reduced price meals for eligible students, information on the application and determination processes that are used to certify eligible students for subsidized school meals, and information on the rights that are available to students and their families under this section and section 1 of P.L.2015, c.15 (C.18A:33-21); and
- (2) a school meals application form, as well as instructions for completing the application, and, as necessary, assistance in completing the application.
- b. The school meals information and application provided to parents and guardians, pursuant to subsection a. of this section, shall:
- (1) be communicated in a language that the parent or guardian understands;
- (2) specify the limited purposes for which collected personal data may be used, as provided by subsection c. of this section; and
- 42 (3) be submitted to the parent or guardian either in writing or 43 electronically. In the latter case, the school district shall use the 44 usual means by which it communicates with parents and guardians 45 electronically.
- 46 c. A school meals application that is completed by a parent or 47 guardian shall be confidential, and shall not be used or shared by

the student's school or school district, except as may be necessary to:

- (1) determine whether a student identified in the application is eligible for free or reduced price school meals;
- (2) determine whether the school or school district is required, by section 2 of P.L.2018, c.25 (C.18A:33-11.3) or by section 1 of P.L.2018, c.28 (C.18A:33-24), to establish a breakfast after the bell program, or to participate as a sponsor or site in the federal Summer Meals Service Program;
- (3) ensure that the school receives appropriate reimbursement, from the State and federal governments, for meals provided to eligible students, free of charge, through a school lunch program, a school breakfast program, a breakfast after the bell program, a summer meals program, or an emergency meals distribution program; and
- (4) facilitate school aid determinations under the "School Funding Reform Act of 2008," P.L.2007, c.260 (C.18A:7F-43 et seq.).

(cf: P.L.2019, c.445, s.1)

- ¹[16.] <u>17.</u> Section 1 of P.L.2019, c.445 (C.18A:33-21.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. Notwithstanding any other law, or rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, [no] a public school student who is eligible for a reduced price breakfast under [a] the federal School Breakfast Program [established pursuant to P.L.2003, c.4 (C.18A:33-9 et seq.), or a reduced price lunch [pursuant to P.L.1974, c.53 (C.18A:33-4 et seq.),] under the National School Lunch Program shall not be required to pay for any such reduced price breakfast or reduced price lunch.
 - b. The State shall pay the difference between the federal allocation for reduced price breakfasts and reduced price lunches and the total cost of the reduced price breakfasts and reduced price lunches that are served to public school students who are federally eligible [public school students] for reduced price meals.
 - c. The Department of Agriculture, in consultation with the Department of Education, shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to implement the provisions of this section, including, but not limited to, rules and regulations establishing the schedule for, and identifying the manner in which, State-level reimbursements [shall] are to be made [to school districts, and any other provisions necessary for the implementation of this act] pursuant to subsection b. of this section.

46 ¹[17.] <u>18.</u> Section 1 of P.L.2018, c.28 (C.18A:33-24) is amended to read as follows:

- 1 1. a. Every school district in which 50 percent or more of the students enrolled in the school district on or before the last school day before October 16 of the preceding school year were <u>federally</u> eligible for free or reduced price meals under the National School Lunch Program or the federal School Breakfast Program, shall:
 - (1) become a sponsor or site **[**of**]** <u>under</u> the federal Summer Food Service Program; or
 - (2) apply for a waiver pursuant to section 3 of [this act] P.L.2018, c.28 (C.18A:33-26).
- 10 b. No later than one year after the date of enactment of **[**this 11 act P.L.2018, c.28 (C.18A:33-24 et seq.), a school district [which] that is required to become a sponsor [a] or site under the Summer 12 13 Food Service Program, pursuant to subsection a. of this section, 14 shall submit, to the Department of Agriculture, either an application 15 to become a sponsor of the federal Summer Food Service Program or documentation showing that the school district will become a site 16 17 under an existing and approved sponsor.
 - c. [As used in this act, "Summer Food Service Program" means the federal program that reimburses sponsors for administrative and operational costs to provide meals for children 18 years of age and younger during periods when they are out of school for 15 or more consecutive school days, which is funded by the United States Department of Agriculture and administered by the State Department of Agriculture in accordance with the requirements set forth in federal regulations at 7 CFR Part 225 and 7 CFR Part 250.] (Deleted by amendment, P.L. , c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
 - d. A school district that is subject to the requirements of this section shall become a sponsor of the federal Summer Food Service Program or a site under an existing and approved sponsor, no later than two years following the date of enactment of this section.

32 (cf: P.L.2018, c.28, s.1)

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- ¹[18.] <u>19.</u> Section 2 of P.L.2018, c.28 (C.18A:33-25) is amended to read as follows:
- 36 2. a. [A] Nothing in section 1 of P.L.2018, c.28 (C.18A:33-24) 37 shall be deemed to prohibit a school district from becoming a 38 sponsor or site under the Summer Food Service Program. Any 39 school district that is not subject to the requirements of section 1 of 40 P.L.2018, c.28 (C.18A:33-24), but that wishes to become a sponsor 41 or site under the Summer Food Service Program, shall submit, to 42 the Department of Agriculture, an application [pursuant to section 1] 43 of this act 1 to become a sponsor or documentation showing that the 44 school district will become a site under an existing and approved 45 sponsor.
- b. **[**A school district subject to the requirements of this act shall become a sponsor of the federal Summer Food Service

- 1 Program or become a site under an existing approved sponsor, no
- 2 later than two years following the date of enactment of this act.]
- 3 (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. (pending before the
- 4 <u>Legislature as this bill</u>)
- 5 (cf: P.L.2018, c.28, s.2)

- **1**[19.] <u>20.</u> Section 1 of P.L.2020, c.6 (C.18A:33-27.2) is amended to read as follows:
 - 1. a. In the event that a board of education is provided a written directive, by either the New Jersey Department of Health or the health officer of the jurisdiction, to institute a public health-related closure due to the COVID-19 epidemic, the district shall implement a program, during the period of the school closure, to provide school meals, at meal distribution sites designated pursuant to subsection b. of this section, to all students enrolled in the district who are either categorically eligible or income-eligible for [the] free [and] or reduced price school [lunch and school breakfast programs] meals.
 - b. In the event of [the] an emergency closure, as described in subsection a. of this section, the school district shall identify one or more school meal distribution sites that are walkable and easily accessible to students in the district. The school district shall collaborate with county and municipal government officials in identifying appropriate sites. A school [meal] meals distribution site may include, but need not be limited to: faith-based locations; community centers, such as YMCAs; and locations in the school district where [summer] meals are made available through a summer meals program. In a school district that includes high density housing, the district shall make every effort to identify a school meal distribution site in that housing area.
 - c. [The] A school district shall identify students enrolled in the district who are categorically eligible or income-eligible for [the] free [and] or reduced price [school lunch and school breakfast programs] meals, and for whom a school meal distribution site, identified pursuant to subsection b. of this section, is not within walking distance. In the case of these students, the school district shall distribute the school meals to the student's residence or to the student's bus stop along an established bus route, provided that the student or the student's parent or guardian is present at the bus stop for the distribution. Food distributed pursuant to this [section] subsection may include up to a total of three school days' worth of food per delivery.
 - d. [School districts] A school district may use school buses owned and operated by the district to distribute school meals pursuant to this section. In the case of a school district that does not own and operate its own buses, the district may contract for the distribution of school meals, and these contracts shall not be subject

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to the public bidding requirements established pursuant to the 2 "Public School Contracts Law," P.L.1977, c.114 (C.18A:18A-3 e. A school district shall collaborate, as feasible, with other 4 school districts and with local [governments] government units to 5 implement the emergency meals distribution program, as required 6 7 [pursuant to] by this section, in order to promote administrative 8 and operational efficiencies and cost savings. 9 f. School lunches and breakfasts that are made available, 10 through an emergency meals distribution program operating 11 pursuant to this section, shall be provided to eligible students, free 12 of charge, in accordance with the provisions of subsection a. of 13 section 1 of P.L.1974, c.53 (C.18A:33-4) and subsection a. of section ¹[11] 12¹ of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 14 15 Legislature as this bill). 16 (cf: P.L.2020, c.6, s.1) 17 ¹[20.] <u>21.</u> The following sections of law are repealed: 18 ¹[Section 2 of P.L.1974, c.53 (C.18A:33-5);]¹ 19 Section 3 of P.L.2018, c.25 (C.18A:33-11.4); and 20 21 Section 3 of P.L.2020, c.29 (C.18A:33-21b). 22 ¹[21.] <u>22.</u> This act shall take effect immediately. 23