# ASSEMBLY, No. 577

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

## 220th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2022 SESSION

### **Sponsored by:**

Assemblyman ROBERT J. KARABINCHAK District 18 (Middlesex) Assemblyman LOUIS D. GREENWALD District 6 (Burlington and Camden) Assemblywoman NANCY F. MUNOZ District 21 (Morris, Somerset and Union)

### Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblywoman Swain, Assemblymen Spearman, Conaway and Umba

## **SYNOPSIS**

Directs BPU to establish program concerning renewable natural gas; provides gas public utilities with customer rate recovery mechanism for costs associated with program.

### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 10/11/2022)

45

46

47

48

before the Legislature as this bill).

1	AN ACT concerning renewable natural gas and supplementing Title
2	48 of the Revised Statutes.
3	
4	BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
5	of New Jersey:
6	
7	1. a. The Legislature finds and declares that:
8	(1) renewable natural gas can provide benefits to gas public
9	utility customers and to the public;
10	(2) the development of renewable natural gas resources should
11	be encouraged to support a smooth transition to a low carbon
12	energy economy in New Jersey;
13	(3) the societal benefits that may be achieved through the
14	development and use of renewable natural gas warrant the State's
15	support for investment in renewable natural gas; and
16	(4) gas public utilities can reduce greenhouse gas emissions
17	from the direct use of natural gas by procuring renewable natural
18	gas and investing in renewable natural gas infrastructure.
19	b. The Legislature therefore determines that:
20	(1) regulatory guidelines should be established for the
21	procurement of renewable natural gas and investments in renewable
22	natural gas infrastructure in order to enable that procurement and
23	investment while also protecting New Jersey ratepayers; and
24	(2) renewable natural gas should be included in the broader set
25	of low carbon resources that may leverage the natural gas system to
26	reduce greenhouse gas emissions.
27	
28	2. As used in P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the
29	Legislature as this bill):
30	"Biogas" means a mixture of carbon dioxide and hydrocarbons,
31	primarily methane gas, released from the biological decomposition
32	of organic materials.
33	"Board" means the Board of Public Utilities or any successor
34	agency.
35	"Class I renewable energy" shall have the same meaning as
36	provided in section 3 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-51).
37	"Class II renewable energy" shall have the same meaning as
38	provided in section 3 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-51).
39	"Gas public utility" means a public utility, as that term is defined
40	in R.S.48:2-13, that distributes gas to end users within this State.
41	"Qualified investment" means any capital investment in
42	renewable natural gas infrastructure incurred by a gas public utility
43	for the purpose of providing natural gas service under a renewable
44	natural gas program pursuant to P.L., c. (C. ) (pending
-	o r . o r

"Renewable natural gas" means any of the following products

processed to meet pipeline quality standards or transportation fuel

grade requirements: (1) biogas that is upgraded to meet natural gas

pipeline quality standards such that it may blend with, or substitute for, geologic natural gas; (2) hydrogen gas derived from Class I renewable energy or Class II renewable energy; or (3) methane gas derived from any combination of biogas, hydrogen gas or carbon oxides derived from renewable energy sources, or waste carbon dioxide.

"Renewable natural gas infrastructure" means the equipment and facilities located in this State for the production, processing, pipeline interconnection, and distribution of renewable natural gas to natural gas customers in the State.

- 3. a. Notwithstanding any provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to the contrary, the board shall initiate a proceeding upon the filing of a petition by a gas public utility with the board for approval of a program for the procurement of renewable natural gas and investment in renewable natural gas infrastructure and an associated cost recovery mechanism, and the board shall adopt, after notice and opportunity for public comment and public hearing, a program for the procurement of renewable natural gas and investment in renewable natural gas infrastructure by a gas public utility.
- b. A gas public utility that participates in the renewable natural gas program adopted by the board, pursuant to subsection a. of this section, may make qualified investments and procure renewable natural gas from third parties, including affiliates of the gas public utility.
- c. The board shall adopt a ratemaking mechanism that ensures the recovery of and on all prudently incurred costs pursuant to subsection b. of this section. Under a ratemaking mechanism adopted by the board pursuant to this subsection:
- (1) any qualified investment and operating cost approved by the board incurred pursuant to subsection b. of this section may be recovered from ratepayers by means of a periodic recovery mechanism established by the board; and
- (2) any cost of procurement of renewable natural gas from a third party, including from an affiliate of the gas public utility, approved by the board incurred pursuant to subsection b. of this section may be recovered from ratepayers by means of a periodic recovery mechanism established by the board.
- d. When a gas public utility makes a qualified investment pursuant to subsection b. of this section, the costs associated with the qualified investment shall include the cost of capital established by the board in the gas public utility's most recent rate case as well as other incremental costs associated with those qualified investments.
- e. When a gas public utility procures renewable natural gas from a third party, the gas public utility shall purchase the renewable natural gas supply at prices and on terms consistent with

#### A577 KARABINCHAK, GREENWALD

4

market conditions in the market for renewable natural gas. A charge 1 2 assessed to customers for the supply of renewable natural gas shall 3 be regulated by the board and shall be based on the cost to the gas 4 public utility of providing that supply, including the cost of 5 renewable natural gas commodity and capacity, purchased at prices 6 consistent with market conditions in the market for renewable 7 natural gas, and related ancillary and administrative costs, as 8 determined by the board.

9 10

11

12

13 14

4. No later than 180 days after the enactment of P.L., c. ) (pending before the Legislature as this (C. bill), the board shall adopt rules and regulations, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52-14B-1 et seq.), necessary to implement the provisions P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

151617

5. This act shall take effect immediately.

18 19

#### **STATEMENT**

2021

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43 44

45

46

47

48

This bill directs the Board of Public Utilities (BPU) to establish a program to encourage the procurement of renewable natural gas and investment in renewable natural gas infrastructure by a gas public utility (utility).

The bill requires the BPU to adopt a ratemaking mechanism that ensures the recovery of and on all prudently incurred costs made pursuant to the bill. When a utility makes a qualified investment, the costs associated with the qualified investment are to include the cost of capital established in the utility's most recent rate case as well as other incremental costs associated with those qualified investments.

The bill requires that when a utility procures renewable natural gas from a third party, the utility is to purchase the renewable natural gas supply at prices and on terms consistent with market conditions in the market for renewable natural gas. A charge assessed to customers for the supply of renewable natural gas is to be regulated by the BPU and be based on the cost to the utility of providing that supply, including the cost of renewable natural gas commodity and capacity, purchased at prices consistent with market conditions in the market for renewable natural gas, and related ancillary and administrative costs. If a utility's total incremental annual cost to meet the requirements of the renewable natural gas program exceeds five percent of the utility's total revenue requirement for an individual year, the utility is no longer authorized to make additional qualified investments under the renewable natural gas program for that year without the approval of the BPU.