ASSEMBLY, No. 5939

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 21, 2021

Sponsored by:

Assemblywoman ELIANA PINTOR MARIN

District 29 (Essex)

Assemblyman JOHN J. BURZICHELLI

District 3 (Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem)

Senator M. TERESA RUIZ

District 29 (Essex)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senator NILSA I. CRUZ-PEREZ
District 5 (Camden and Gloucester)

Senators Oroho and Turner

SYNOPSIS

Revises various provisions of "New Jersey Economic Recovery Act of 2020" and other economic development programs; establishes New Jersey Innovation Fellows Program; appropriates \$10 million.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/30/2021)

1 AN ACT concerning State economic development policy, amending 2 various sections of the statutory law, supplementing Title 34 of 3 the Revised Statutes, and making an appropriation.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 3 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-271) is amended to read as follows:
- 10 3. As used in sections 2 through 8 of P.L.2020, c.156 11 (C.34:1B-270 through C.34:1B-276):
- "Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development Authority established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-4).
- 15 "Board" means the Board of the New Jersey Economic 16 Development Authority, established pursuant to section 4 of 17 P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-4).
 - "Cost of rehabilitation" means the consideration given, valued in money, whether given in money or otherwise, for the materials and services which constitute the rehabilitation.
 - "Building services" means any cleaning or routine building maintenance work, including, but not limited to, sweeping, vacuuming, floor cleaning, cleaning of rest rooms, collecting refuse or trash, window cleaning, securing, patrolling, or other work in connection with the care or securing of an existing building, including services typically provided by a door-attendant or concierge. "Building services" shall not include any skilled maintenance work, professional services, or other public work for which a contractor is required to pay the "prevailing wage" as defined in section 2 of P.L.1963, c.150 (C.34:11-56.26).
- "Director" means the Director of the Division of Taxation in theDepartment of the Treasury.
- 33 <u>"Government-restricted municipality" means a municipality in</u>
 34 <u>this State with a municipal revitalization index distress score of at</u>
 35 least 75, that met the criteria for designation as an urban aid
- 36 <u>municipality in the 2019 State fiscal year, and that, on the effective</u>
- date of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et al.), is subject to financial
- restrictions imposed pursuant to the "Municipal Stabilization and Recovery Act," P.L.2016, c.4 (C.52:27BBBB-1 et seq.), or is
- 40 restricted in its ability to levy property taxes on property in that
- 41 municipality as a result of the State of New Jersey owning or
- 42 controlling property representing at least 25 percent of the total land
- 43 area of the municipality or as a result of the federal government of
- 44 the United States owning or controlling at least 50 acres of the total
 - EXPLANATION Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

land area of the municipality, which is dedicated as a national
 natural landmark.

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"Income producing property" means a structure or site that is used in a trade or business or to produce rental income.

"New Jersey S corporation" means the same as the term is defined in section 12 of P.L.1993, c.173 (C.54A:5-10).

"Officer" means the State Historic Preservation Officer or the official within the State designated by the Governor or by statute in accordance with the provisions of chapter 3023 of Title 54, United States Code (54 U.S.C. s.302301 et seq.), to act as liaison for the purpose of administering historic preservation programs in the State.

"Partnership" means an entity classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes.

"Project financing gap" means the part of the total cost of rehabilitation, including reasonable and appropriate return on investment, that remains to be financed after all other sources of capital have been accounted for, including, but not limited to, developer contributed capital, which shall not be less than 20 percent of the total cost of rehabilitation, and investor or financial entity capital or loans for which the developer, after making all good faith efforts to raise additional capital, certifies that additional capital cannot be raised from other sources; provided, however, that for a redevelopment project located in a government-restricted municipality, the developer contributed capital shall not be less than 10 percent of the cost of rehabilitation. Developer contributed capital may consist of cash, deferred development fees, costs for project feasibility incurred within the 12 months prior to application, property value less any mortgages when the developer owns the project site, and any other investment by the developer in the project deemed acceptable by the authority, as provided by regulations promulgated by the authority. Property value shall be valued at the lesser of either: a. the purchase price, provided the property was purchased pursuant to an arm's length transaction within 12 months of application; or b. the value as determined by a current appraisal.

"Property" means a structure, including its site improvements and landscape features, assessed as real property, and used for: a commercial purpose; a residential rental purpose, provided the structure contains at least four dwelling units; or any combination thereof.

"Qualified incentive tract" means: a. a population census tract having a poverty rate of 20 percent or more; or b. a census tract in which the median family income for the census tract does not exceed 80 percent of the greater of the Statewide median family income or the median family income of the metropolitan statistical area in which the census tract is situated.

"Qualified property" means a property located in the State of New Jersey that is an income producing property, and that is:

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[(a) (i)] a. (1) individually listed, or located in a district listed 3 4 on the National Register of Historic Places in accordance with the 5 provisions of chapter 3021 of Title 54, United States Code (54 6 U.S.C. s.302101 et seq.), or on the New Jersey Register of Historic 7 Places pursuant to P.L.1970, c.268 (C.13:1B-15.128 et seq.), or 8 individually designated, or located in a district designated, by the 9 Pinelands Commission as a historic resource of significance to the 10 Pinelands in accordance with the Pinelands comprehensive management plan adopted pursuant to the "Pinelands Protection 11 12 Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.), and

[(ii)**]** (2) if located within a district, certified by either the officer or the Pinelands Commission, as appropriate, as contributing to the historic significance of the district; or

[(b) (i) **]** <u>b. (1)</u> individually identified or registered, or located in a district composed of properties identified or registered, for protection as significant historic resources in accordance with criteria established by a municipality in which the property or district is located if the criteria for identification or registration has been approved by the officer as suitable for substantially achieving the purpose of preserving and rehabilitating buildings of historic significance within the jurisdiction of the municipality, and

[(ii)] (2) if located within a district, certified by the officer as contributing to the historic significance of the district.

"Rehabilitation" means the repair or reconstruction of the exterior or interior of a qualified property or transformative project to make an efficient contemporary use possible while preserving the portions or features of the property that have significant historical, architectural, and cultural values.

"Rehabilitation of the interior of the qualified property or transformative project" means the repair or reconstruction of the structural or substrate components and electrical, plumbing, and heating components within the interior of a qualified property or transformative project.

"Selected rehabilitation period" means a period of 24 months if the beginning of such period is chosen by the business entity during which, or parts of which, a rehabilitation is occurring, or a period of 60 months if a rehabilitation is reasonably expected to be completed in distinct phases set forth in written architectural plans and specifications completed before or during the physical work on the rehabilitation.

"Transformative project" means a property that is:

[(a)**]** <u>a.</u> an income producing property, not including a residential property, whose rehabilitation the authority determines will generate substantial increases in State revenues through the creation of increased business activity within the surrounding area;

- I(b) b. individually listed on the New Jersey Register of Historic Places pursuant to P.L.1970, c.268 (C.13:1B-15.128 et seq.) and which, before the enactment of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et al.), received a Determination of Eligibility from the Keeper of the National Register of Historic Places in accordance with the provisions of Part 60 of Title 36 of the Code of Federal Regulations; [(c)] and
 - c. (1) located within a one-half mile radius of the center point of a transit village, as designated by the New Jersey Department of Transportation [; and
- 11 (d) 1, and located within a city of the first class, as classified 12 under N.J.S.40A:6-4; or (2) located within a government-restricted 13 municipality.

14 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.3)

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- 2. Section 4 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-272) is amended to read as follows:
- 17 18 4. a. (1) A business entity, upon successful application to the 19 New Jersey Economic Development Authority, and commitment to 20 the authority to pay each worker employed to perform construction 21 work and building services work at the qualified property or 22 transformative project a wage not less than the prevailing wage rate 23 for the worker's craft or trade, as determined by the Commissioner 24 of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to P.L.1963, c.150 25 (C.34:11-56.25 et seq.), shall be allowed a credit against the tax 26 otherwise due pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-27 5), Ithe tax imposed on insurers generally pursuant to P.L.1945, 28 c.132 (C.54:18A-1 et seq.), or the tax imposed on marine insurance 29 companies pursuant to R.S.54:16-1 et. seq. sections 2 and 3 of 30 P.L.1945, c.132 (C.54:18A-2 and C.54:18A-3), section 1 of 31 <u>P.L.1950</u>, c.231 (C.17:32-15), or N.J.S.17B:23-5, for [40 percent] 32 a portion of the cost of rehabilitation paid by the business entity for 33 the rehabilitation of a qualified property or transformative project, 34 if the cost of rehabilitation during a business entity's selected 35 rehabilitation period is not less than the greater of [(1)] (a) the 36 adjusted basis of the structure of the qualified property or 37 transformative project used for federal income tax purposes as of 38 the beginning of the business entity's selected rehabilitation period,
- or **[**(2)**]** (b) \$5,000. The amount of the credit claimed in any accounting or privilege period shall not reduce the amount of the tax liability to less than the statutory minimum provided in subsection (e) of section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5).
 - (2) The amount of credit allowed to a business entity pursuant to this section shall be as follows:
 - (a) for the rehabilitation of a qualified property located in a qualified incentive tract or government-restricted municipality, 45 percent of the cost of rehabilitation paid by the business entity for

the rehabilitation of the qualified property or \$8 million, whichever
 is less;

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- (b) for the rehabilitation of a transformative project, 45 percent of the cost of rehabilitation paid by the business entity for the rehabilitation of the transformative project or \$50 million, whichever is less; and
 - (c) for the rehabilitation of any other qualified property not subject to provisions of subparagraph (a) or (b) of this paragraph, 40 percent of the cost of rehabilitation paid by the business entity for the rehabilitation of the qualified property or \$4 million, whichever is less.
 - (3) The prevailing wage [requirements] requirement for construction work shall apply at a qualified property or transformative project during the selected rehabilitation period, and the prevailing wage requirement for building services work shall apply at a qualified property or transformative project for 10 years following completion of the rehabilitation work at the qualified property or transformative project. In the event a qualified property or transformative project, or the aggregate of all qualified properties and transformative projects approved for awards under the program, constitute a lease of more than 35 percent of a facility, the prevailing wage requirements shall apply to the entire facility.
- [(3)] (4) Prior to approval of an application by the authority, the authority shall confirm with the Department of Labor and Workforce Development, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the Department of the Treasury Ishall each report to the authority] whether the business entity is in substantial good standing with the respective department [in lieu of submitting certificates of good standing for the business entity, the business entity may demonstrate that it I or has entered into an agreement with the respective department that includes a practical corrective action plan for the business entity. The business entity shall certify that any contractors or subcontractors that perform work at the qualified property or transformative project: a. are registered as required by "The Public Works Contractor Registration Act," P.L.1999, c.238 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.); b. have not been debarred by Department of Labor and Workforce Development from engaging in or bidding on Public Works Contracts in New Jersey, and c. possess a tax clearance certificate issued by the Division of <u>Taxation in the Department of the Treasury.</u> The authority may also contract with an independent third party to perform a background check on the business entity. Following approval of an application by the authority, but prior to the start of any construction or rehabilitation at the qualified property or transformative project, the authority shall enter into a rehabilitation agreement with the business entity. The authority shall negotiate the terms and conditions of the rehabilitation agreement on behalf of the State.

- [(4)] (5) A rehabilitation project shall be eligible for a tax credit only if the business entity demonstrates to the authority at the time of application that:
 - (a) without the tax credit, the rehabilitation project is not economically feasible; and
 - (b) a project financing gap exists.
- b. A business entity may claim a credit under this section during the accounting or privilege period: (1) in which it makes the final payment for the cost of the rehabilitation if the business entity has chosen a selected rehabilitation period of 24 months; or (2) in which a distinct project phase of the rehabilitation is completed if the business entity has chosen a selected rehabilitation period of 60 months. The credit may be claimed against any State tax, listed in paragraph (1) of subsection a. of this section, liability otherwise due after any other credits permitted pursuant to law have been applied. The amount of credit claimed in an accounting or privilege period that cannot be applied for that accounting or privilege period due to limitations in this section may be transferred pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-273) or carried over, if necessary, to the nine accounting or privilege periods following the accounting or privilege period for which the credit was allowed.
- c. A business entity shall submit to the authority satisfactory evidence of the actual cost of rehabilitation, as certified by a certified public accountant, evidence of completion of the rehabilitation or phase, and a certification that all information provided by the business entity to the authority is true, including information contained in the application, the rehabilitation agreement, any amendment to the rehabilitation agreement, and any other information submitted by the business entity to the authority pursuant to sections 2 through 8 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-270 through C.34:1B-276). The business entity, or an authorized agent of the business entity, shall certify under the penalty of perjury that the information provided pursuant to this subsection is true. (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.4)

- 3. Section 5 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-273) is amended to read as follows:
- 5. a. The authority shall, in cooperation with the director, establish and administer a corporation business tax credit transfer certificate program and an insurance premiums tax credit transfer certificate program to enable business entities with unused, otherwise allowable amounts of tax credits issued pursuant to sections 2 through 8 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-270 through C.34:1B-276) to exchange these credits, in whole or in part, for private financial assistance prior to the expiration of the tax credit.

A certificate issued by the director and the authority shall include a statement waiving the rights of the business entity to which the tax credit has been granted to claim any amount of remaining creditagainst any tax liability.

- 3 b. A business entity holding an unused, otherwise allowable tax 4 credit issued pursuant to sections 2 through 8 of P.L.2020, c.156 5 (C.34:1B-270 through C.34:1B-276) may apply to the director and 6 the authority for a tax credit transfer certificate pursuant to 7 subsection a. of this section. Upon receipt thereof, the business 8 entity may sell or assign, in full or in part, the tax credit transfer 9 certificate to another taxpayer in exchange for private financial 10 assistance to be provided by the purchaser or assignee of the tax 11 credit transfer certificate to the seller thereof. The developer shall 12 not sell a tax credit transfer certificate allowed under this section for consideration received by the developer of less than 85 percent 13 of the transferred credit amount before considering any further 14 15 discounting to present value which shall be permitted, except a 16 developer of a residential project consisting of newly-constructed 17 residential units that has received federal low income housing tax 18 credits under 26 U.S.C. [s.42(b)(2)(B)(i)] $\underline{\text{s.42(b)}(1)(B)(i)}$ may 19 assign a tax credit transfer certificate for consideration of no less 20 than 75 percent subject to the submission of a plan to the authority 21 and the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency to use 22 the proceeds derived from the assignment of tax credits to complete 23 the residential project. The purchaser or assignee of the tax credit 24 transfer certificate may apply the face value of the tax credit 25 transfer certificate acquired against the purchaser's or assignee's 26 applicable tax liability by claiming the tax credit on the purchaser's 27 or assignee's corporation business tax or insurance premiums tax return with the corresponding tax credit transfer certificate 28 29 accompanying the tax return. A purchaser or assignee of a tax 30 credit transfer certificate pursuant to this section shall not make any 31 subsequent transfers, assignments, or sales of the tax credit transfer 32 certificate.
 - c. The authority shall publish on its Internet website the following information concerning each tax credit transfer certificate approved by the authority and the director pursuant to this section:
 - (1) the name of the transferor;
 - (2) the name of the transferee;
 - (3) the value of the tax credit transfer certificate;
 - (4) the State tax against which the transferee may apply the tax credit; and
- 41 (5) the consideration received by the transferor.

42 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.5)

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- 44 4. Section 6 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-274) is amended to 45 read as follows:
- 6. a. The authority shall, in consultation with the officer and the director, promulgate rules and regulations in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et

1 seq.), as the officer deems necessary to administer the provisions of 2 sections 2 through 8 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-270 through 3 C.34:1B-276), including but not limited to rules establishing 4 administrative fees to implement the provisions of sections 2 5 through 8 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-270 through C.34:1B-276), 6 and setting of an annual application submission date, requiring 7 annual reporting by each business entity that [receive] receives a 8 tax credit pursuant to sections 2 through 8 of P.L.2020, c.156 9 (C.34:1B-270 through C.34:1B-276) [, and requiring those reports to include certifications by 1. As part of the authority's review of 10 the annual reports required from each business entity that receives a 11 12 tax credit, the authority shall confirm with the Department of Labor 13 and Workforce Development, the Department of Environmental 14 Protection, and the Department of the Treasury that: the business 15 entity [, and any contractors or subcontractors performing work at 16 the qualified property or transformative project, are <u>l</u> is in 17 substantial good standing with the respective department, or has 18 entered into an agreement with the respective department that 19 includes a practical corrective action plan for the business entity, 20 and the business entity shall certify that any contractors or 21 subcontractors performing work at the qualified property or 22 transformative project: (1) are registered as required by "The Public 23 Works Contractor Registration Act," P.L.1999, c.238 (C.34:11-24 56.48 et seq.); (2) have not been debarred by Department of Labor 25 and Workforce Development from engaging in or bidding on Public 26 Works Contracts in the State; and (3) possess a tax clearance 27 certificate issued by the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury. The rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this 28 29 section shall also include a provision to require that business 30 entities forfeit all tax credits awarded in any year in which [any 31 such report is not received <u>l</u> the Department of Labor and 32 Workforce Development, the Department of Environmental 33 Protection, or the Department of the Treasury advises the authority 34 that the business entity is not in substantial good standing nor has 35 the business entity entered into an agreement with the respective 36 department that includes a practical corrective action plan, and to 37 allow the authority to extend, in individual cases, the deadline for 38 any annual reporting or certification requirement established 39 pursuant to this section. 40 b. For every tax credit allowed pursuant to section 4 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-272), the authority, in consultation with 41 42

b. For every tax credit allowed pursuant to section 4 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-272), the authority, in consultation with the officer, shall certify to the director: the total cost of rehabilitation; that the property meets the definition of qualified property or transformative project, as applicable; and that the rehabilitation has been completed in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation pursuant to section 67.7 of Title 36, Code of Federal

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Regulations. The business entity shall attach the certification to the tax return on which the business entity claims the credit.

- c. (1) The total amount of credits approved by the authority pursuant to sections 2 through 8 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-270 through C.34:1B-276) shall not exceed the limitations set forth in section 98 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-362). If the authority approves less than the total amount of tax credits authorized pursuant to this subsection in a fiscal year, the remaining amount, plus any amounts remaining from previous fiscal years, shall be added to the limit of subsequent fiscal years until that amount of tax credits are claimed or allowed. Any unapproved, uncertified, or recaptured portion of tax credits during any fiscal year may be carried over and reallocated in succeeding years.
- 14 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of this 15 subsection and section 98 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-362) to the 16 contrary, the authority may approve tax credits, pursuant to sections 17 2 through 8 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-270 through C.34:1B-18 276), for the rehabilitation of a transformative project in an amount 19 that causes the total amount of credits approved during the fiscal 20 year to exceed the limitations set forth in section 98 of P.L.2020, 21 c.156 (C.34:1B-362), provided that the amount of the excess shall 22 be subtracted from the total amount of credits that may be approved 23 by the authority in the subsequent fiscal year, and the amount of the 24 excess shall not exceed 50 percent of the total tax credits otherwise 25 authorized for the fiscal year.

The authority, in consultation with the officer, shall devise criteria for allocating tax credit amounts if the approved amounts combined exceed the total amount in each fiscal year, including rules that allocate over multiple fiscal years a single credit amount granted in excess of \$2,000,000. The criteria shall include a project's historic importance, positive impact on the surrounding neighborhood, economic sustainability, geographic diversity, and consistency with Statewide growth and development policies and plans.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.6)

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- 37 5. Section 10 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-278) is amended to 38 read as follows:
- 39 10. As used in sections 9 through 19 of P.L.2020, c.156 40 (C.34:1B-277 through C.34:1B-287):
- "Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development 42 Authority established by section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-4).
- "Board" means the Board of the New Jersey Economic 44 Development Authority, established pursuant to section 4 of 45 P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-4).
- "Brownfield site" means any former or current commercial or industrial site that is currently vacant or underutilized and on which

there has been, or there is suspected to have been, a discharge of a contaminant or on which there is contaminated building material.

"Building services" means any cleaning or routine building maintenance work, including, but not limited to, sweeping, vacuuming, floor cleaning, cleaning of rest rooms, collecting refuse or trash, window cleaning, securing, patrolling, or other work in connection with the care or securing of an existing building, including services typically provided by a door-attendant or concierge. "Building services" shall not include any skilled maintenance work, professional services, or other public work for which a contractor is required to pay the "prevailing wage" as defined in section 2 of P.L.1963, c.150 (C.34:11-56.26).

"Contaminated building material" means components of a structure where abatement or removal of asbestos, or remediation of materials containing hazardous substances defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11b), is required by applicable federal, state, or local rules or regulations.

"Contamination" or "contaminant" means any discharged hazardous substance as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11b), hazardous waste as defined pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1976, c.99 (C.13:1E-38), pollutant as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-3), or contaminated building material.

"Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection.

"Developer" means any person that enters or proposes to enter into a redevelopment agreement with the authority pursuant to the provisions of section 13 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-281).

"Director" means the Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury.

"Government-restricted municipality" means a municipality in this State with a municipal revitalization index distress score of at least 75, that met the criteria for designation as an urban aid municipality in the 2019 State fiscal year, and that, on the effective date of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et al.), is subject to financial restrictions imposed pursuant to the "Municipal Stabilization and Recovery Act," P.L.2016, c.4 (C.52:27BBBB-1 et seq.), or is restricted in its ability to levy property taxes on property in that municipality as a result of the State of New Jersey owning or controlling property representing at least 25 percent of the total land area of the municipality or as a result of the federal government of the United States owning or controlling at least 50 acres of the total land area of the municipality, which is dedicated as a national natural landmark.

"Licensed site remediation professional" means an individual who is licensed by the Site Remediation Professional Licensing Board pursuant to section 7 of P.L.2009, c.60 (C.58:10C-7) or the department pursuant to section 12 of P.L.2009, c.60 (C.58:10C-12).

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"Program" means the Brownfields Redevelopment Incentive Program established by section 11 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-279).

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4 "Project financing gap" means the part of the total remediation 5 cost, including reasonable and appropriate return on investment, 6 that remains to be financed after all other sources of capital have 7 been accounted for, including, but not limited to, developer 8 contributed capital, which shall not be less than 20 percent of the 9 total remediation cost, and investor or financial entity capital or 10 loans for which the developer, after making all good faith efforts to 11 raise additional capital, certifies that additional capital cannot be 12 raised from other sources; provided, however, that for a 13 redevelopment project located in a government-restricted 14 municipality, the developer contributed capital shall not be less than 15 10 percent of the cost of rehabilitation. Developer contributed 16 capital may consist of cash, deferred development fees, costs for 17 project feasibility incurred within the 12 months prior to 18 application, property value less any mortgages when the developer 19 owns the project site, and any other investment by the developer in 20 the project deemed acceptable by the authority, as provided by 21 regulations promulgated by the authority. Property value shall be 22 valued at the lesser of either: a. the purchase price, provided the 23 property was purchased pursuant to an arm's length transaction 24 within 12 months of application; or b. the value as determined by a 25 current appraisal.

"Qualified incentive tract" means: a. a population census tract having a poverty rate of 20 percent or more; or b. a census tract in which the median family income for the census tract does not exceed 80 percent of the greater of the Statewide median family income or the median family income of the metropolitan statistical area in which the census tract is situated.

"Redevelopment agreement" means an agreement between the authority and a developer under which the developer agrees to perform any work or undertaking necessary for the remediation of a **[**contaminated] brownfield site located at the site of the redevelopment project, and for the clearance, development or redevelopment, construction, reconstruction, or rehabilitation of any structure or improvement of commercial, industrial, or public structures or improvements within an area of land whereon a brownfield site is located.

"Redevelopment project" means a specific construction project or improvement undertaken, pursuant to the terms of a redevelopment agreement, by a developer within an area of land whereon a brownfield site is located. A redevelopment project may involve construction or improvement upon lands, buildings, improvements, or real and personal property, or any interest therein, including lands under water, riparian rights, space rights, and air rights, acquired, owned, developed or redeveloped, constructed, reconstructed, rehabilitated, or improved.

"Remediation" or "remediate" means all necessary actions to 3 4 investigate and clean up or respond to any known, suspected, or 5 threatened discharge of contaminants, including, as necessary, the 6 preliminary assessment, site investigation, remedial investigation, 7 and remedial action, or any portion thereof, as those terms are 8 defined in section 23 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-1); and 9 hazardous materials abatement; hazardous materials or waste 10 disposal; building and structural remedial activities, including, but 11 not limited to, demolition, asbestos abatement, polychlorinated 12 biphenyl removal, contaminated wood or paint removal, or other 13 infrastructure remedial activities; provided, however, "remediation" or "remediate" shall not include the payment of compensation for 14 15 damage to, or loss of, natural resources.

"Remediation costs" means all reasonable costs associated with the remediation of a contaminated site, except any costs incurred in financing the remediation.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.10)

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- 6. Section 12 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-280) is amended to read as follows:
- 12. a. A developer seeking a tax credit for a redevelopment project shall submit an application to the authority and the department in a form and manner prescribed in regulations adopted by the authority, in consultation with the department, pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.).
- b. A redevelopment project shall be eligible for a tax credit only if the developer demonstrates to the authority and the department at the time of application that:
- (1) except as provided in subsection j. of this section, the developer has not commenced any remediation or clean up at the site of the redevelopment project, except for preliminary assessments and investigations, prior to applying for a tax credit pursuant to this section, but intends to remediate and redevelop the site immediately upon approval of the tax credit;
 - (2) the redevelopment project is located on a brownfield site;
- (3) without the tax credit, the redevelopment project is not economically feasible;
 - (4) a project financing gap exists;
- (5) the developer has obtained and submitted to the authority a letter evidencing support for the redevelopment project from the governing body of the municipality in which the redevelopment project is located; and
- 46 (6) each worker employed to perform remediation, [or] 47 construction, or building services work at the redevelopment project 48 shall be paid not less than the prevailing wage rate for the worker's

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1 craft or trade, as determined by the Commissioner of Labor and

2 Workforce Development pursuant to P.L.1963, c.150 (C.34:11-

3 56.25 et seq.). The prevailing wage requirements shall apply for

4 <u>remediation or</u> construction work through the completion of the

5 redevelopment project, and the prevailing wage requirements shall

6 apply for building services work at the site of the redevelopment

7 project for 10 years following completion of the redevelopment

8 <u>project</u>. In the event a redevelopment project, or the aggregate of

all redevelopment projects approved for an award under the program, constitute a lease of more than 35 percent of a facility, the

11 prevailing wage requirements shall apply to the entire facility.

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c. A redevelopment project that received a reimbursement pursuant to sections 34 through 39 of P.L.1997, c.278 (C.58:10B-26 through 58:10B-31) shall not be eligible to apply for a tax credit under the program. If the authority receives an application and supporting documentation for approval of a reimbursement pursuant to sections 34 through 39 of P.L.1997, c.278 (C.58:10B-26 through 58:10B-31) prior to the effective date of sections 9 through 19 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-277 through C.34:1B-287), then the authority may consider the application and award a tax credit to a developer, provided that the authority shall take final action on all applications for approval of a reimbursement pursuant to sections 34 through 39 of P.L.1997, c.278 (C.58:10B-26 through 58:10B-31) no later than July 1, 2019. No applications shall be submitted pursuant to sections 34 through 39 of P.L.1997, c.278 (C.58:10B-26 through 58:10B-31) after the effective date of sections 9 through 19

of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-277 through C.34:1B-287).

28 d. (1) Prior to approval of an application, the <u>authority shall</u> confirm with the Department of Labor and Workforce 29 30 Development, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the 31 Department of the Treasury [shall each report to the chief executive 32 officer of the authority] whether the developer is in substantial 33 good standing with the respective department, or has entered into an 34 agreement with the respective department that includes a practical 35 corrective action plan for the developer. The authority may also 36 contract with an independent third party to perform a background 37 check on the developer. The developer shall certify that any 38 contractors or subcontractors that perform work at the 39 redevelopment project: (1) are registered as required by "The Public 40 Works Contractor Registration Act," P.L.1999, c.238 (C.34:11-41 56.48 et seq.); (2) have not been debarred by Department of Labor 42 and Workforce Development from engaging in or bidding on Public 43 Works Contracts in New Jersey, and (3) possess a tax clearance 44 certificate issued by the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury. Provided that the developer is in substantial good 45 46 standing with the Department of Labor and Workforce 47 Development, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the 48 Department of the Treasury, or has entered into such an agreement,

and following approval of an application by the board, the authority shall enter into a redevelopment agreement with the developer, as provided for in section 13 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-281).

- (2) The authority, in consultation with the department, may impose additional requirements upon an applicant through rule or regulation adopted pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), if the authority or the department determines the additional requirements to be necessary and appropriate to effectuate the purposes of sections 9 through 19 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-277 through C.34:1B-287).
- The authority, in consultation with the department, shall conduct a review of the applications through a competitive application process whereby the authority and the department shall evaluate all applications submitted by a date certain, as if all received applications were submitted on that date. In addition to the eligibility criteria set forth in subsection b. of this section, the authority, in consultation with the department, may consider additional factors that may include, but shall not be limited to: the economic feasibility of the redevelopment project; the benefit of the redevelopment project to the community in which the remediation project is located; the degree to which the redevelopment project enhances and promotes job creation and economic development and reduces environmental or public health stressors in an overburdened community, as those terms are defined by section 2 of [P.L.2020, c.92 (C.13:1D-157)] P.L.2020, c.92 (C.13:1D-158), and attendant department regulations; and, if the developer has a board of directors, the extent to which that board of directors is diverse and representative of the community in which the redevelopment project is located. The authority, in consultation with the department, shall submit applications that comply with the eligibility criteria set forth in this section, fulfill the additional factors considered by the authority pursuant to this subsection, satisfy the submission requirements, and provide adequate information for the subject application, to the board for final approval.
 - f. The authority shall award tax credits to redevelopment projects until either the available tax credits are exhausted or all redevelopment projects that are eligible for a tax credit pursuant to the provisions of sections 9 through 19 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-277 through C.34:1B-287) receive a tax credit, whichever occurs first. If insufficient funding exists to allow a tax credit to a developer in accordance with the provisions of subsection a. of section 16 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-284), the authority may offer the developer a value of the tax credit below the amount provided for in subsection a. of section 16 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-284).
- g. A developer shall pay to the authority or to the department, as appropriate, the full amount of the direct costs of an analysis

- 1 concerning the developer's application for a tax credit, which a 2 third party retained by the authority or department performs, if the 3 authority or department deems such retention to be necessary.
 - h. If the authority determines that a developer made a material misrepresentation on the developer's application, the developer shall forfeit all tax credits awarded under the program.
 - i. If circumstances require a developer to amend its application to the authority, then the developer, or an authorized agent of the developer, shall certify to the authority that the information provided in its amended application is true, under the penalty of perjury.
 - j. A developer [that] who has commenced remediation or clean up at the site and who could not reasonably have known the full extent of the site contamination [when the developer of a redevelopment project prior to application] prior to commencing the remediation may still apply for a tax credit under the program, if the developer certifies to the authority, under the penalty of perjury, that the developer [could not] cannot reasonably [have commenced] finish the remediation and commence the redevelopment project absent the tax credit.

21 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.12)

- 7. Section 13 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-281) is amended to read as follows:
- 13. a. Following approval of an application by the board, but prior to the start of any remediation or clean up at the site of the redevelopment project, except activities disclosed at the time of approval, the authority shall enter into a redevelopment agreement with the developer. The chief executive officer of the authority shall negotiate the terms and conditions of the redevelopment agreement on behalf of the State.
- b. The redevelopment agreement shall specify the amount of the tax credit to be awarded to the developer, the date on which the developer shall complete the remediation, and the projected project remediation cost. The redevelopment agreement shall require the developer to submit progress reports to the authority and to the department every six months pursuant to section 15 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-283).
- 39 c. The authority shall not enter into a redevelopment agreement 40 with a developer unless:
- 41 (1) the redevelopment project complies with standards
 42 established by the authority in accordance with the green building
 43 manual prepared by the Commissioner of Community Affairs
 44 pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2007, c.132 (C.52:27D-130.6),
 45 regarding the use of renewable energy, energy-efficient technology,
 46 and non-renewable resources to reduce environmental degradation
 47 and encourage long-term cost reduction;

(2) the redevelopment project complies with the authority's affirmative action requirements, adopted pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1979, c.303 (C.34:1B-5.4); and

- (3) the developer pays each worker employed to perform remediation work **[**or**]**, construction work, or building services work at the redevelopment project not less than the prevailing wage rate in accordance with the requirements of paragraph (6) of subsection b. of section 12 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-280) for the worker's craft or trade, as determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to P.L.1963, c.150 (C.34:11-56.25 et seq.).
- d. The authority shall not enter into a redevelopment agreement unless the developer demonstrates, to the satisfaction of the Department of Environmental Protection, that the developer did not discharge a hazardous substance at the brownfield site proposed to be in the redevelopment agreement, is not in any way responsible for the hazardous substance, and is not a corporate successor to the discharger or to any person in any way responsible for the hazardous substance or to anyone liable for cleanup and removal costs pursuant to section 8 of P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11g).
- e. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the authority shall not enter into a redevelopment agreement for a redevelopment project that includes at least one retail establishment that will have more than 10 employees, or at least one distribution center that will have more than 20 employees, unless the redevelopment agreement includes a precondition that any business that serves as the owner or operator of the retail establishment or distribution center enters into a labor harmony agreement with a labor organization or cooperating labor organizations which represent retail or distribution center employees in the State.
- (2) A labor harmony agreement shall be required only if the State has a proprietary interest in the redevelopment project and shall remain in effect for as long as the State acts as a market participant in the redevelopment project. The authority may enter into a redevelopment agreement with a developer without the labor harmony agreement required under paragraph (1) of this subsection only if the authority determines that the redevelopment project would not be feasible if a labor harmony agreement is required. The authority shall support the determination by a written finding, which provides the specific basis for the determination.
- (3) As used in this subsection, "labor harmony agreement" means an agreement between a business that serves as the owner or operator of a retail establishment or distribution center and one or more labor organizations, which requires, for the duration of the agreement: that any participating labor organization and its members agree to refrain from picketing, work stoppages, boycotts, or other economic interference against the business; and that the business agrees to maintain a neutral posture with respect to efforts

1 of any participating labor organization to represent employees at an 2 establishment or other unit in the retail establishment or distribution 3 center, agrees to permit the labor organization to have access to the 4 employees, and agrees to guarantee to the labor organization the 5 right to obtain recognition as the exclusive collective bargaining 6 representatives of the employees in an establishment or unit at the 7 retail establishment or distribution center by demonstrating to the 8 New Jersey State Board of Mediation, Division of Private 9 Employment Dispute Settlement, or a mutually agreed-upon, 10 neutral, third-party, that a majority of workers in the unit have 11 shown their preference for the labor organization to be their 12 representative by signing authorization cards indicating that 13 preference. The labor organization or organizations shall be from a 14 list of labor organizations that have requested to be on the list and 15 that the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development has 16 determined represent substantial numbers of retail or distribution 17 center employees in the State. 18

f. The redevelopment agreement shall provide that issuance of a tax credit under the program shall be conditioned upon the subrogation to the department of all rights of the developer to recover remediation costs from any other person who discharges a hazardous substance or is in any way responsible, pursuant to section 8 of P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11g), for a hazardous substance that was discharged at the brownfield site.

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- g. A developer may seek a revision to the redevelopment agreement if the developer cannot complete the remediation on or before the date set forth in the redevelopment agreement. A developer's ability to change the date on which the developer shall complete the remediation shall be subject to the availability of tax credits in the year of the revised date of completion.
- 31 h. A developer shall submit to the authority satisfactory 32 evidence of the actual remediation costs, as certified by a certified 33 public accountant, and a Licensed Site Remediation Professional for 34 costs under the jurisdiction of the "Site Remediation Reform Act," 35 sections 1 through 29 of P.L.2009, c.60 (C.58:10C-1 et seq.), and as 36 applicable, other appropriate licensed or certified professional for 37 costs that are not under the jurisdiction of the "Site Remediation Reform Act," evidence of completion of the remediation as 38 39 demonstrated by a Response Action Outcome where the 40 remediation is subject to the "Site Remediation Reform Act," a 41 certification from the appropriate licensed or certified professional 42 for other remedial activities, and a certification that all information 43 provided by the developer to the authority is true, including 44 information contained in the application, the redevelopment 45 agreement, any amendment to the redevelopment agreement, and 46 any other information submitted by the developer to the authority 47 pursuant to sections 9 through 19 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-277) 48 through C34:1B-287). The developer, or an authorized agent of the

developer, shall certify under the penalty of perjury that the information provided pursuant to this subsection is true.

3 The redevelopment agreement shall include a **[**requirement 4 that the chief executive officer of the authority receive annual 5 reports from provision allowing the authority to recapture the tax 6 credits for any year in which the Department of Environmental 7 Protection, the Department of Labor and Workforce Development, 8 [and] or the Department of the Treasury that [demonstrate] 9 advises the authority that the developer [, and each contractors and 10 subcontractor performing work on the redevelopment project, **]** is 11 not in substantial good standing with the respective department, [or] nor has the developer entered into an agreement with the 12 13 respective department that includes a practical corrective action 14 plan for the developer. The redevelopment agreement shall also 15 include a provision allowing authority to recapture the tax credits 16 for any year in which [any such report is not received] the 17 developer fails to confirm that each contractor or subcontractor 18 performing work at the redevelopment project: (1) is registered as 19 required by "The Public Works Contractor Registration Act," 20 P.L.1999, c.238 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.); (2) has not been debarred by Department of Labor and Workforce Development from 21 22 engaging in or bidding on Public Works Contracts in New Jersey, 23 and (3) possesses a tax clearance certificate issued by the Division 24 of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury. The redevelopment 25 agreement shall also require a developer to engage in on-site 26 consultations with the Division of Workplace Safety and Health in 27 the Department of Health.

28 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.13)

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- 30 8. Section 16 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-284) is amended to 31 read as follows:
- 16. a. Upon completion of the **[**redevelopment project**]**33 remediation, the developer shall seek certification from the department that:
 - (1) the [redevelopment project] remediation is complete;
 - (2) the developer complied with the requirements of section 15 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-283), including the requirements of any memorandum of agreement or other oversight document that the developer may have executed with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection pursuant to that section; and
- 41 (3) the remediation costs were actually and reasonably incurred.
- Upon receipt of certification, and confirmation by the authority that the developer's obligations under the redevelopment agreement have been met, a developer shall be awarded a credit against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5), sections 2 and 3 of P.L.1945, c.132 (C.54:18A-2 and C.54:18A-3), section 1 of P.L.1950, c.231 (C.17:32-15), or N.J.S.17B:23-5 as

1 follows: (a) for project located in a qualified incentive tract or 2 government-restricted municipality, in an amount not to exceed 60 3 percent of the actual remediation costs, or 60 percent of the 4 projected remediation costs as set forth in the redevelopment 5 agreement, or \$8,000,000, whichever is least; and (b) for all other 6 projects, in an amount not to exceed [40] 50 percent of the actual 7 remediation costs, or **[**40**]** <u>50</u> percent of the projected remediation 8 costs as set forth in the redevelopment agreement, or \$4,000,000, 9 whichever is least. The developer, or an authorized agent of the 10 developer, shall certify that the information provided to the 11 department and the authority pursuant to this subsection is true

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under the penalty of perjury.

- b. When filing an application for certification pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the developer shall submit to the department: (1) the total remediation costs incurred by the developer for the remediation of the subject property located at the site of the redevelopment project, as provided in the redevelopment agreement, and certified by a certified public accountant, and a Licensed Site Remediation Professional for costs under the jurisdiction of the "Site Remediation Reform Act," sections 1 through 29 of P.L.2009, c.60 (C.58:10C-1 et seq.), and as applicable, other appropriate licensed or certified professional for costs that are not under the jurisdiction of the "Site Remediation Reform Act"; (2) evidence of completion of the remediation, as demonstrated by a Response Action Outcome where the remediation is subject to the "Site Remediation Reform Act"; (3) a certification from the appropriate licensed or certified professional for other remedial activities; (4) information concerning the occupancy rate of the buildings or other work areas located on the property subject to the redevelopment agreement [,]; and (5) such other information as the department deems necessary in order to make the certifications and findings pursuant to this section.
- c. A developer shall apply the credit awarded against the developer's liability for the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5), sections 2 and 3 of P.L.1945, c.132 (C.54:18A-2 and C.54:18A-3), section 1 of P.L.1950, c.231 (C.17:32-15), or N.J.S.17B:23-5 for the privilege period during which the department awards the developer a tax credit pursuant to subsection a. of this section. A developer shall not carry forward any unused credit.
- d. The director shall prescribe the order of priority of the application of the credit awarded under this section and any other credits allowed by law against the tax imposed under section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5). The amount of the credit applied under this section against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) for a privilege period, together with any other credits allowed by law, shall not reduce the tax liability to

an amount less than the statutory minimum provided in subsection
(e) of section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5).

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.16)

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- 9. Section 17 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-285) is amended to read as follows:
- 7 17. a. A developer may apply to the director and the chief 8 executive officer of the authority for a tax credit transfer certificate, 9 during the privilege period in which the director awards the 10 developer a tax credit pursuant to section 16 of P.L.2020, c.156 11 (C.34:1B-284), in lieu of the developer being allowed to apply any 12 amount of the tax credit against the developer's State tax liability. The tax credit transfer certificate, upon receipt thereof by the 13 14 developer from the director and the chief executive officer of the 15 authority, may be sold or assigned, in the privilege period during 16 which the developer receives the tax credit transfer certificate from 17 the director, to another person, who may apply the credit against a 18 tax liability pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5), 19 sections 2 and 3 of P.L.1945, c.132 (C.54:18A-2 and C.54:18A-3), 20 section 1 of P.L.1950, c.231 (C.17:32-15), or N.J.S.17B:23-5. The 21 tax credit transfer certificate provided to the developer shall include 22 a statement waiving the developer's right to claim the credit that the 23 developer has elected to sell or assign.
 - b. The developer shall not sell or assign a tax credit transfer certificate allowed under this section for consideration received by the developer of less than 85 percent of the transferred credit amount before considering any further discounting to present value which shall be permitted, except a developer of a residential project consisting of newly-constructed residential units that has received federal low income housing tax credits under 26 U.S.C. [s.42(b)(2)(B)(i)] $\underline{s.42(b)(1)(B)(i)}$ may assign a tax credit transfer certificate for consideration of no less than 75 percent subject to the submission of a plan to the authority and the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency to use the proceeds derived from the assignment of tax credits to complete the residential project. The tax credit transfer certificate issued to a developer by the director shall be subject to any limitations and conditions imposed on the application of State tax credits pursuant to section 16 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-284) and any other terms and conditions that the director may prescribe.
 - c. A purchaser or assignee of a tax credit transfer certificate pursuant to this section shall not make any subsequent transfers, assignments, or sales of the tax credit transfer certificate.
 - d. The authority shall publish on its Internet website the following information concerning each tax credit transfer certificate approved by the authority and the director pursuant to this section:
 - (1) the name of the transferor;
- 48 (2) the name of the transferee;

- (3) the value of the tax credit transfer certificate;
- 2 (4) the State tax against which the transferee may apply the tax 3 credit; and
- 4 (5) the consideration received by the transferor.

5 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.17)

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10. Section 19 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-287) is amended to read as follows:

9 19. Notwithstanding the provisions of the "Administrative 10 Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to the 11 contrary, the chief executive officer of the authority, in consultation 12 with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, may adopt, 13 immediately upon filing with the Office of Administrative Law, 14 regulations that the chief executive officer and commissioner deem 15 necessary to implement the provisions of sections 9 through 19 of 16 P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-277 through C.34:1B-287), which 17 regulations shall be effective for a period not to exceed [180] 360 18 days from the date of the filing. The chief executive officer, in 19 consultation with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, shall thereafter amend, adopt, or readopt the regulations in 20 21 accordance with the requirements of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 22 et seq.). The rules shall require annual reporting by developers that 23 receive tax credits pursuant to the program, in addition to the 24 regular progress updates. [Developers] As part of the authority's 25 review of the annual reports required from a developer, the authority shall [obtain certifications by] confirm with the 26 27 Department of Labor and Workforce Development, the Department 28 of Environmental Protection, and the Department of the Treasury 29 [stating] that the developer is in substantial good standing with the 30 respective department, or has entered into an agreement with the 31 respective department that includes a practical corrective action 32 plan, and the developer shall certify that any contractors or 33 subcontractors performing work at the redevelopment project: (1) are registered as required by "The Public Works Contractor 34 35 Registration Act," P.L.1999, c.238 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.); (2) have 36 not been debarred by Department of Labor and Workforce 37 Development from engaging in or bidding on Public Works 38 Contracts in New Jersey, and (3) possess a tax clearance certificate 39 issued by the Division of Taxation in the Department of the 40 The rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this 41 section shall also include a provision to require that [developers]. 42 in any year in which the developer is not in substantial good standing with the Department of Labor and Workforce 43 44 Development, the Department of Environmental Protection, or the 45 Department of the Treasury, the developer may forfeit all tax credits awarded in [any] that year [in which any such report is not 46 47 received], and to allow the authority to extend, in individual cases,

the deadline for any annual reporting [or certification] requirement established pursuant to this section.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.19)

- 5 11. Section 24 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-292) is amended to 6 read as follows:
 - 24. a. The authority shall sell the tax credits authorized pursuant to section 22 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-290) to purchasers through a competitive auction process.
 - b. The authority shall determine the form and manner in which potential purchasers may bid for tax credits available under the program. To be awarded a tax credit under the program, a potential purchaser shall:
 - (1) specify the requested amount of tax credits, which shall not be less than [\$1,000,000] \$500,000;
 - (2) specify the amount the potential purchaser will pay in exchange for the requested amount of tax credits, which shall not be less than [85] $\underline{75}$ percent of the requested dollar amount of tax credits;
 - (3) commit to serve on the New Jersey Innovation Evergreen Advisory Board, established pursuant to section 32 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-300), and to otherwise provide mentorship, networking, and collaboration opportunities to qualified businesses that receive funding under the program; and
 - (4) provide any other information that the chief executive officer of the authority determines is necessary.
 - c. Prior to an auction, the authority shall establish and disclose to bidders the weighted criteria the authority will utilize, which the authority shall base on the price offered to purchase the tax credits and the quality of the mentorship and networking opportunities and other support of the State's innovation ecosystem offered by a purchaser in its bid. The authority may pro rate the amount of tax credits allocated to each purchaser. A potential purchaser that submits a bid for tax credits under this section shall receive a written notice from the authority indicating whether the authority has approved it as a purchaser of tax credits and, if so, the amount of tax credits approved.
- 38 d. Except as provided in section 22 of P.L.2020, c.156 39 (C.34:1B-290), the authority shall hold one competitive auction per 40 calendar year.
- e. The authority may contract with an independent third party to conduct the competitive bidding process through which State tax credits issued by the authority may be sold.

44 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.24)

12. Section 29 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-297) is amended to read as follows:

29. a. The authority shall certify or refuse to certify a venture firm as a qualified venture firm based on the criteria for certification set forth in section 28 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-296), and subsections b. and c. of this section.

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- 5 The authority shall not certify a venture firm as a qualified 6 venture firm if the venture firm has: (1) an equity capitalization, net 7 assets, or written commitments of less than \$10,000,000 in the form 8 of cash or cash equivalents on the date the determination for 9 certification is made; or (2) fewer than two principals or persons 10 employed to direct the qualified investment of capital with at least 11 five years of money management experience in the venture capital 12 or private equity sectors on the date the determination for 13 certification is made. The authority may adopt, pursuant to the 14 provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 15 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules setting forth additional disqualifying 16 criteria and adjusting the minimum equity capitalization, net assets, 17 or written commitments of a qualified venture firm.
- 18 Prior to certifying a venture firm as a qualified venture firm, 19 the authority shall confirm with the Department of Labor and 20 Workforce Development, the Department of Environmental 21 Protection, and the Department of the Treasury [shall each report to 22 the chief executive officer of the authority I whether the venture 23 firm is in substantial good standing with the respective department, 24 or has entered into an agreement with the respective department that 25 includes a practical corrective action plan for the venture firm. The 26 authority may also contract with an independent third party to 27 perform a background check on the venture firm.
 - d. The authority shall provide written notification to each venture firm that is certified as a qualified venture firm by the authority and shall provide written notification to each venture firm that the authority refuses to certify as a qualified venture firm, communicating in detail the grounds for the authority's refusal. The authority shall review each qualified venture firm annually for the disqualifying criteria set forth in subsection b. of this section or other reasonable industry-accepted standards as determined by the authority. The authority may decertify a qualified venture firm at any time pursuant to the disqualifying criteria set forth in subsection b. of this section. Decertification shall not affect any previously made qualified investment or the fund's commitment to make a follow-on investment in a qualified business.

41 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.29) 42

13. Section 37 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-305) is amended to read as follows:

45 37. As used in sections 35 through 42 of P.L.2020, c.156 46 (C.34:1B-303 through C.34:1B-310):

1 "Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development 2 Authority established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80 3 (C.34:1B-4).

"Department" means the Department of Agriculture.

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46 47 "Eligible equipment costs" means expenditures for the procurement of such equipment as is needed to allow a supermarket, grocery store, mid-sized food retailer, [or] small food retailer, or other eligible entity to store, refrigerate, transport, or otherwise maintain nutritious foods, including fresh fruits and vegetables, for retail purposes, but within a standard range based upon industry standards, as determined by the authority.

"Eligible technology costs" means expenditures for the procurement or upgrade of technology systems to support online ordering and e-commerce, including but not limited to computer hardware, software, internet connectivity, and database systems.

"Food desert community" means a physically contiguous area in the State in which residents have limited access to nutritious foods, such as fresh fruits and vegetables, [through supermarkets and grocery stores,] and which has been designated as a food desert community pursuant to subsection b. of section 38 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-306).

"Initial operating costs" means expenditures for the operation of a supermarket or grocery store within the first three years after opening to the public, but within a standard range based upon industry standards, as determined by the authority.

"Mid-sized food retailer" means a medium-sized retail outlet with at least 2,500 but less than 16,000 square feet, of which at least 75 percent is occupied by food and related products.

"Program" means the Food Desert Relief Program established in section 38 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-306).

"Project cost" means the costs incurred in connection with the establishment of a supermarket or grocery store within a food desert community by the developer until the opening of the supermarket or grocery store to the public, including the costs relating to lands, buildings, improvements, real or personal property, or any interest therein, including leases discounted to present value, including lands under water, riparian rights, space rights and air rights owned, developed or redeveloped, constructed, reconstructed, rehabilitated or improved, any environmental remediation costs, plus costs not directly related to construction, <u>including capitalized interest paid to third parties</u>, of an amount not to exceed 20 percent of the total costs, [capitalized interest paid to third parties, and the cost of infrastructure improvements, including ancillary infrastructure projects.

"Project financing gap" means the part of the total project cost, including return on investment, that remains to be financed after all other sources of capital have been accounted for, including, but not

limited to, developer-contributed capital, which shall not be less than 20 percent of the total project cost, which may include the value of any existing land and improvements in the project area owned or controlled by the developer, and the cost of infrastructure improvements in the public right-of-way, and investor or financial entity capital or loans for which the developer, after making all

entity capital or loans for which the developer, after making all good faith efforts to raise additional capital, certifies that additional capital cannot be raised from other sources on a non-recourse basis.

"Small food retailer" means a small retail outlet, with less than 2,500 square feet, that sells a limited selection of foods and other products, such as a bodega, convenience store, corner store, neighborhood store, small grocery, mobile food vendor, farmers' market, food co-op, or small-scale store.

"Supermarket or grocery store" means a retail outlet with at least 16,000 square feet, of which at least 90 percent is occupied by food and related products.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.37)

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- 14. Section 38 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-306) is amended to read as follows:
- 38. a. (1) There is established the Food Desert Relief Program to be administered by the New Jersey Economic Development Authority. The program shall include tax credit components, as provided in sections 39 and 40 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-307 and C.34:1B-308), in order to incentivize businesses to establish and retain new supermarkets and grocery stores in food desert communities.
- (2) The total value of tax credits approved by the authority pursuant to sections 39 and 40 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-307 and C.34:1B-308) shall not exceed the limitations set forth in section 98 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-362).
- b. The authority, in consultation with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of Community Affairs, shall initially designate not more than 50 separate geographic areas that [are most in need of a supermarket or grocery store] have limited access to nutritious foods as food desert communities in this State. The authority, in consultation with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of Community Affairs, shall develop criteria for the designation of food desert communities, but each separate food desert community shall consist of a distinct geographic area with a single defined border. The criteria shall, at a minimum, incorporate analysis of municipal or census tract poverty statistics, food desert information from the Economic Research Service of the United States Department of Agriculture, [and] healthier food retail tract information from the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and residents' access to nutritious foods, such as fresh fruits and vegetables, through supermarkets and grocery stores. The authority, in consultation with the departments, may also consider

- 1 <u>in making food desert community designations pursuant to this</u>
- 2 <u>subsection</u>, data related to municipal or census tract population size
- and population density [in making food desert community
- 4 designations pursuant to this subsection **]**, the number of residents
- 5 who receive Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)
- 6 benefits within a municipality, the extent to which a municipality's
- 7 residents have access to a personal vehicle, and a municipality's
- 8 <u>Municipal Revitalization Index distress score, obesity rate, and</u>
- 9 <u>unemployment rate</u>. The authority, in consultation with the
- 10 departments, shall continuously evaluate areas previously
- designated as food desert communities and assess whether they still
- meet the criteria for designation as a food desert community and
- may designate additional food desert communities once every three
- years following the effective date of sections 35 through 42 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-303 through C.34:1B-310).
- 15 1.L.2020, C.130 (C.34.1B-303 tillough C.34.1B-310).
- 16 c. To receive a tax credit under section 39 or 40 of P.L.2020,
- 17 c.156 (C.34:1B-307 or C.34:1B-308), a taxpayer shall submit an
- application to the authority in the form and manner prescribed by the authority and in accordance with criteria established by the
- the authority and in accordance with criteria established by the authority, which at minimum will include a commitment to accept
- benefits from federal nutrition assistance programs, such as the
- 22 Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) and the
- 23 Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and
- 24 Children (WIC). Following the approval of an application, the
- 25 authority may, pursuant to an award agreement, award tax credits to
- an eligible taxpayer that:

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- (1) develops and opens for business to the public the first or second supermarket or grocery store in a designated food desert community; or
- (2) owns and operates the first or second supermarket or grocery store in a designated food desert community
- store in a designated food desert community.
 d. (1) The authority may sell all or a portion of the tax credits
- made available in a fiscal year pursuant to subsection a. of this
- 34 section and dedicate the proceeds from such sale to provide grants
- 35 and loans to qualifying supermarkets, grocery stores, mid-sized
- food retailers, [and] small food retailers, and any other eligible
- 37 <u>entity</u>. The amount of any grant or loan provided pursuant to this
- 38 subsection shall be in accordance with the need of the supermarket,
- grocery store, mid-sized food retailer, [or] small food retailer, or
- 40 <u>any other eligible entity</u>, as determined by the authority. The authority shall sell tax credits pursuant to this section in the manner
- authority shall sell tax credits pursuant to this section in the manner determined by the authority; provided, however, the authority shall
- determined by the admorter, provided, nowever, the admorter share
- 43 not sell tax credits for less than 85 percent of the tax credit amount.
- 44 Grants and loans made available pursuant to this subsection shall be
- awarded to entities that:
- 46 (a) are eligible for tax credits under subsection c. of this section
- 47 in lieu of tax credits; [or]

(b) own and operate a mid-sized food retailer or small food retailer that commits to selling nutritious foods, including fresh fruits and vegetables, in a designated food desert community; or

- (c) at the discretion of the authority, support initiatives to strengthen food security of residents in food desert communities.
- (2) A supermarket, grocery store, mid-sized food retailer, [or] small food retailer, or other eligible entity shall submit an application to the authority to receive a grant or loan pursuant to this subsection The application shall be submitted in the form and manner prescribed by the authority and in accordance with criteria established by the authority. An entity eligible for a grant or loan under subparagraph (a) of paragraph (1) of this subsection shall not be required to submit a separate application to the authority for the grant or loan, provided that the entity has submitted an application to the authority pursuant to subsection c. of this section.
- (3) Prior to awarding a grant or loan to an applicant supermarket, grocery store, mid-sized food retailer, [or] small food retailer, or other eligible entity pursuant to this subsection, the authority shall confirm with the Department of Labor and Workforce Development, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the Department of the Treasury Ishall each report to the chief executive officer of the authority I whether the applicant is in substantial good standing with the respective department, or has entered into an agreement with the respective department that includes a practical corrective action plan for the applicant. The applicant shall certify that any contractors or subcontractors that perform work at the qualifying supermarket or grocery store: (1) are registered as required by "The Public Works Contractor Registration Act," P.L.1999, c.238 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.); (2) have not been debarred by Department of Labor and Workforce Development from engaging in or bidding on Public Works Contracts in the State; and (3) possess a tax clearance certificate issued by the Division of Taxation in the Department of the <u>Treasury.</u> The authority may also contract with an independent third party to perform a background check on the entity.
- (4) An applicant supermarket, grocery store, mid-sized food retailer, **[**or**]** small food retailer, or other eligible entity shall, as required at the discretion of the authority, submit to the authority satisfactory information pertaining to the eligible equipment costs and eligible technology costs, as certified by a certified public accountant, certifications that all information provided by the applicant to the authority is true, including information contained in the application, any agreement pertaining to the award of grants or loans under the program, any amendment to such an agreement, and any other information submitted by the applicant to the authority pursuant to sections 35 through 42 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-303 through C.34:1B-310), and evidence of the eligible equipment costs

and eligible technology costs of the applicant. The applicant, or an authorized agent of the applicant, shall certify under the penalty of perjury that the information provided pursuant to this subsection is true.

- e. The authority may establish a technical assistance fund to assist any entity that is eligible for a tax credit, grant, or loan under this section. The <u>authority, through the</u> technical assistance <u>fund</u>, may make grants to entities to assist qualifying supermarkets, grocery stores, mid-sized food retailers, **[or]** small food retailers, or <u>other eligible entities</u> in implementation of best practices for increasing the accessibility of nutritious foods in food desert communities. Technical assistance shall be provided either directly by the authority or through a not-for-profit or for-profit entity and made available in English as well as the two most commonly spoken languages in New Jersey other than English. At the discretion of the authority, funds to support technical assistance may be provided in addition to, or in lieu of, any tax credit, grant, or loan awarded under sections 35 through 42 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-303 through C.34:1B-310).
 - f. (1) The authority shall require that any tax credits, grants, or loans awarded by the authority under the program be utilized by the recipient for one or more of the following purposes, which shall be set forth in the award agreement:
 - (a) to mitigate a project financing gap;
 - (b) to mitigate the initial operating costs of the supermarket or grocery store; or
 - (c) to mitigate the eligible equipment costs or eligible technology costs of the supermarket, grocery store, mid-sized food retailer, [or] small food retailer, or other eligible entity in order to make nutritious foods more accessible and affordable to residents within food deserts; or
 - (d) to support initiatives to ensure food security of residents in food desert communities.
 - (2) The value of tax credits [or], grants, or loans awarded to individual entities under the program shall not exceed:
 - (a) in the case of an entity eligible under paragraph (1) of subsection c. of this section, 40 percent of the total project cost for the first supermarket or grocery store in a designated food desert community, and 20 percent of the total project cost for the second supermarket or grocery store in the food desert community; and
 - (b) in the case of an entity eligible under paragraph (2) of subsection c. of this section, the initial operating costs of the first supermarket or grocery store in a designated food desert community, and one-half of the initial operating costs of the second supermarket or grocery store in the food desert community; and
- (c) in the case of an entity eligible for a grant or loan under subparagraph (b) of paragraph (1) of subsection d. of this section, the eligible equipment costs and eligible technology costs of the

supermarket, grocery store, mid-sized food retailer, [or] small food retailer, or other eligible entity.

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- g. An entity that develops and opens a new supermarket or grocery store in a designated food desert community shall be eligible for a tax credit only if the entity demonstrates to the authority at the time of application that each worker employed to perform construction at the project shall be paid not less than the prevailing wage rate for the worker's craft or trade, as determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to P.L.1963, c.150 (C.34:11-56.25 et seq.) and P.L.2005, c.379 (C.34:11-56.58 et seq.).
- h. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, a labor harmony agreement shall be required if the State has a proprietary interest in a supermarket or grocery store and the agreement shall remain in effect for as long as the State acts as a market participant in the project. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to a supermarket or grocery store that will have more than 10 employees.
- (2) A labor harmony agreement under paragraph (1) of this subsection shall not be required if the authority determines that the supermarket or grocery store would not be feasible if a labor harmony agreement is required. The authority shall support the determination by a written finding, which provides the specific basis for the determination.
- 25 (3) As used in this subsection, "labor harmony agreement" 26 means an agreement between a business that serves as the owner or 27 operator of a supermarket or grocery store and one or more labor 28 organizations, which requires, for the duration of the agreement: 29 that any participating labor organization and its members agree to 30 refrain from picketing, work stoppages, boycotts, or other economic 31 interference against the business; and that the business agrees to 32 maintain a neutral posture with respect to efforts of any 33 participating labor organization to represent employees at a 34 supermarket or grocery store, agrees to permit the labor 35 organization to have access to the employees, and agrees to guarantee to the labor organization the right to obtain recognition as 36 37 the exclusive collective bargaining representatives of the employees 38 at a supermarket or grocery store by demonstrating to the New 39 Jersey State Board of Mediation, Division of Private Employment 40 Dispute Settlement, or a mutually agreed-upon, neutral, third-party, 41 that a majority of workers in the unit have shown their preference 42 for the labor organization to be their representative by signing 43 authorization cards indicating that preference. The labor 44 organization or organizations shall be from a list of labor 45 organizations that have requested to be on the list and that the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development has 46 47 determined represent substantial numbers of supermarket or grocery 48 store employees in the State.

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A recipient shall certify that all factual representations made by the recipient in the application or award agreement are true under the penalty of perjury. A material misrepresentation of fact in either the application or award agreement may result in recession and recapture of any grants or tax credits awarded, or acceleration of any loans made, under sections 35 through 42 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-303 through C.34:1B-310). (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.38)

15. Section 39 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-307) is amended to read as follows:

39. a. For privilege periods beginning on or after January 1 next following the effective date of sections 35 through 42 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-303 through C.34:1B-310), a taxpayer eligible under subsection c. of section 38 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-306) shall be awarded a credit against the tax due pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5), sections 2 and 3 of P.L.1945, c.132 (C.54:18A-2 and C.54:18A-3), section 1 of P.L.1950, c.231 (C.17:32-15), or N.J.S.17B:23-5. A taxpayer that qualifies for the award of a tax credit under this section may claim 25 percent of the total amount awarded in the privilege period in which the taxpayer establishes and opens the supermarket or grocery store for business, and an additional 25 percent of the total amount awarded in each of the three privilege periods next following the initial opening, provided that the supermarket or grocery store remains in business and open to the public. For a taxpayer to be allowed a tax credit pursuant to this section, the taxpayer shall meet the requirements of this section, and the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section 41 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-309).

- b. The order of priority of the application of the credit allowed pursuant to this section and any other credits allowed against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) for a privilege period shall be as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury. The amount of the credit applied pursuant to this section against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5), shall not reduce a taxpayer's tax liability for a privilege period to an amount less than the statutory minimum provided in subsection (e) of section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5). Any credit shall be valid in the privilege period in which the certification is approved and any unused portion thereof may be carried forward into the next 10 privilege periods or until exhausted, whichever is earlier.
- c. The authority shall award tax credits to taxpayers until either the available tax credits are exhausted or all projects that are eligible for a tax credit pursuant to the provisions of sections 35 through 42 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-303 through C.34:1B-310) receive a tax credit, whichever occurs first. If insufficient funding exists to allow a tax credit to a taxpayer in accordance with the

provisions of subsection a. of section 38 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-306), the authority may offer the taxpayer a tax credit in an amount less than that provided in subsection a. of this section.

- 4 d. Prior to awarding a tax credit to a supermarket or grocery 5 store, the authority shall confirm with the Department of Labor and 6 Workforce Development, the Department of Environmental 7 Protection, and the Department of the Treasury [shall each report to 8 the chief executive officer of the authority whether 1 that the a 9 qualifying supermarket or grocery store is in substantial good 10 standing with the respective department, or has entered into an 11 agreement with the respective department that includes a practical 12 corrective action plan for the supermarket or grocery store, and the 13 qualifying supermarket or grocery store shall certify that any 14 contractors or subcontractors performing work at the qualifying supermarket or grocery store: (1) are registered as required by "The 15 16 Public Works Contractor Registration Act," P.L.1999, c.238 17 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.); (2) have not been debarred by Department 18 of Labor and Workforce Development from engaging in or bidding 19 on Public Works Contracts in the State; and (3) possess a tax 20 clearance certificate issued by the Division of Taxation in the 21 <u>Department of the Treasury</u>. The authority may also contract with 22 an independent third party to perform a background check on the 23 developer.
 - e. A supermarket or grocery store shall, as required at the discretion of the authority, submit to the authority satisfactory information pertaining to the project cost, project financing gap, and the initial operating costs, as certified by a certified public accountant, certifications that all information provided by the supermarket or grocery store to the authority is true, including information contained in the application, any agreement pertaining to the award of tax credits under the program, any amendment to such an agreement, and any other information submitted by the supermarket or grocery store to the authority pursuant to sections 35 through 42 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-303 through C.34:1B-310), and evidence of the initial opening and continued operation of the supermarket or grocery store. The supermarket or grocery store, or an authorized agent of the supermarket or grocery store, shall certify under the penalty of perjury that the information provided pursuant to this subsection is true.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.39)

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- 42 16. Section 40 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-308) is amended to 43 read as follows:
- 40. a. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1 next following the effective date of sections 35 through 42 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-303 through C.34:1B-310), a taxpayer eligible under subsection c. of section 38 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-306) shall be awarded a credit against the tax due pursuant to

N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. A taxpayer that qualifies for the award of a tax credit under this section may claim 25 percent of the total amount awarded in the taxable year in which the taxpayer establishes and opens the supermarket or grocery store for business, and may claim 25 percent of the total amount awarded in each of the three taxable years next following the initial opening, provided that the supermarket or grocery store remains in business and open to the public. For a taxpayer to be awarded a tax credit pursuant to this section, the taxpayer shall meet the requirements of this section, and the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section 41 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-309).

- b. The order of priority of the application of the credit allowed pursuant to this section and any other credits allowed against the tax imposed pursuant to N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. for a taxable year shall be as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury, in consultation with the chief executive officer of the authority. The amount of the credit applied pursuant to this section against the tax imposed pursuant to N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. shall not reduce a taxpayer's tax liability for a taxable year to an amount less than zero. Any credit shall be valid in the taxable year in which the certification is approved and any unused portion thereof may be carried forward into the next 10 taxable years or until depleted, whichever is earlier.
- c. A business entity that is classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes shall not be allowed the credit directly under N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., but the amount of credit of the taxpayer in respect of a distributive share of partnership income shall be determined by allocating to the taxpayer that proportion of the credit acquired by the partnership that is equal to the taxpayer's share, whether or not distributed, of the total distributive income or gain of the partnership for its taxable year ending within or with the taxpayer's taxable year.

A taxpayer that is a New Jersey S corporation shall not be allowed the credit directly under N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., but the amount of credit of a taxpayer in respect of a pro rata share of S corporation income shall be determined by allocating to the taxpayer that proportion of the credit acquired by the New Jersey S corporation that is equal to the taxpayer's share, whether or not distributed, of the total pro rata share of S corporation income of the New Jersey S corporation for its taxable year ending within or with the taxpayer's taxable year.

d. The authority shall award tax credits to taxpayers until either the available tax credits are exhausted or all projects that are eligible for a tax credit pursuant to the provisions of sections 35 through 42 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-303 through C.34:1B-310) receive a tax credit, whichever occurs first. If insufficient funding exists to allow a tax credit to a taxpayer in accordance with the provisions of subsection a. of section 38 of P.L.2020, c.156

1 (C.34:1B-306), the authority may offer the taxpayer a tax credit in an amount less than that provided in subsection a. of this section 3 [40].

- 4 e. Prior to awarding a tax credit to a supermarket or grocery 5 store, the authority shall confirm with the Department of Labor and 6 Workforce Development, the Department of Environmental 7 Protection, and the Department of the Treasury [shall each report to 8 the chief executive officer of the authority whether a 1 that the 9 qualifying supermarket or grocery store [, and each contractor and 10 subcontractor performing construction work at the qualifying 11 supermarket or grocery store, **]** is in substantial good standing with 12 the respective department, or has entered into an agreement with the 13 respective department that includes a practical corrective action 14 plan, and the qualifying supermarket or grocery store shall confirm 15 that any contractors and subcontractors performing construction 16 work at the qualifying supermarket or grocery store: (1) are 17 registered as required by "The Public Works Contractor 18 Registration Act," P.L.1999, c.238 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.); (2) have 19 not been debarred by Department of Labor and Workforce Development from engaging in or bidding on Public Works 20 21 Contracts in the State; and (3) possesses a tax clearance certificate 22 issued by the Division of Taxation in the Department of the 23 Treasury. The authority may also contract with an independent 24 third party to perform a background check on the [developer] 25 qualifying supermarket or grocery store.
 - A supermarket or grocery store shall, as required at the discretion of the authority, submit to the authority satisfactory information pertaining to the project cost, project financing gap, and the initial operating costs, as certified by a certified public accountant, certifications that all information provided by the supermarket or grocery store to the authority is true, including information contained in the application, any agreement pertaining to the award of tax credits under the program, any amendment to such an agreement, and any other information submitted by the supermarket or grocery store to the authority pursuant to sections 35 through 42 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-303 through C.34:1B-310), and evidence of the initial opening and continued operation of the supermarket or grocery store. The supermarket or grocery store, or an authorized agent of the supermarket or grocery store, shall certify under the penalty of perjury that the information provided pursuant to this subsection is true. (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.40)

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- 44 17. Section 41 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-309) is amended to 45 read as follows:
- 46 41. [The] <u>Notwithstanding the provisions of the</u>
 47 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et

- 1 seq.), to the contrary, the chief executive officer of the authority, in
- 2 consultation with the department and the Director of the Division of
- 3 Taxation in the Department of the Treasury, [shall] may adopt,
- 4 **I**pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410
- 5 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) immediately upon filing with the Office of
- 6 Administrative Law, rules and regulations necessary to carry out the
- 7 provisions of sections 35 through 42 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-
- 8 303 through C.34:1B-310)), which rules and regulations shall be
- 9 <u>effective for a period not to exceed 360 days from the date of the</u>
- 10 <u>filing</u>. The chief executive officer shall thereafter amend, adopt, or
- 11 readopt the rules and regulations in accordance with the
- 12 requirements of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.).
- 13 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.41)

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- 18. Section 45 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-313) is amended to read as follows:
- 45. As used in sections 43 through 53 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-311 through C.34:1B-321):

"Affiliate" means an entity that directly or indirectly controls, is under common control with, or is controlled by an anchor institution partner anchor institution, or a partner business. Control exists in all cases in which the entity is a member of a controlled group of corporations as defined pursuant to section 1563 of the federal Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.1563) or the entity is an organization in a group of organizations under common control that is subject to the regulations applicable to organizations pursuant to subsection (b) or (c) of section 414 of the federal Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.414). A taxpayer may establish by clear and convincing evidence, as determined by the Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury, that control exists in situations involving lesser percentages of ownership than required by the above referenced federal statutes.

"Anchor institution" means a governmental entity or nonprofit entity incorporated pursuant to Title 15 of the Revised Statutes or Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes having a primary mission and specific policy goals that align with those of the authority under the program and that is a comprehensive health care system, a public research university, a private research university, a major cultural scientific, research, or philanthropic institution, or a public college which is separate from public research universities, or an experienced nonprofit or governmental economic or community development entity certified as an anchor institution by the board pursuant to subsection a. of section 46 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-314).

"Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development 46 Authority established by section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-4). "Board" means the board of the New Jersey Economic Development Authority, established by section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-4).

"Commitment period" means the period of time, which shall be not less than 10 years and no greater than twice the eligibility period that is granted to an anchor institution or, if applicable, a partner anchor institution, to distribute to the authority the agreed upon returns on investment for the award of tax credits pursuant to the program; provided, however, at the election of the authority or upon the request of an anchor institution or, if applicable, a partner anchor institution in order to benefit the community-anchored project, and as determined in the sole discretion of the authority, the authority may grant up to two consecutive five-year extensions of the commitment period.

"Community-anchored project" means a capital project that is located in an area that is designated as a New Jersey State opportunity zone, an area of the State designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act," P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), as Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan), or a municipality with a Municipal Revitalization Index distress score of at least 50 and for which an anchor institution and, if applicable, any partner anchor institution is to be awarded tax credits by the authority pursuant to a tax credit agreement which establishes the award of tax credits as an investment by the authority in the project, provided that the project will result in a capital investment of at least \$10,000,000 in a New Jersey State opportunity zone or in any other area of the State, but a project that is not located in a New Jersey State opportunity zone is to be primarily designed to result in the economic expansion of a targeted industry in this State.

"Comprehensive health care system" means an entity in this State with the primary purpose of offering comprehensive health care services.

"Comprehensive health care services" means the basic health care services provided under a health benefits plan, including medical and surgical services provided by licensed health care providers who may include, but are not limited to, family physicians, internists, cardiologists, psychiatrists, rheumatologists, dermatologists, orthopedists, obstetricians, gynecologists, neurologists, endocrinologists, radiologists, nephrologists, emergency services physicians, ophthalmologists, pediatricians, pathologists, general surgeons, osteopathic physicians, physical therapists and chiropractors. Basic benefits may also include inpatient or outpatient services rendered at a licensed hospital, covered services performed at an ambulatory surgical facility, and ambulance services. "Comprehensive health care services" shall include only services provided by licensed health care providers.

"Director" means the Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury.

"Eligibility period" means the period in which an anchor institution or, if applicable, a partner anchor institution may claim, sell, transfer, or otherwise use a tax credit under the New Jersey Community-Anchored Development Program, beginning with the tax period in which the authority accepts certification of the business that it has met the capital investment requirements of the program and extending thereafter for a term of not more than 10 years.

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"Eligible position" means a full-time position in a business in this State which the business has filled with a full-time employee. An eligible position shall not include an independent contractor or a consultant.

"Experienced nonprofit or governmental economic or community development entity" means a nonprofit entity incorporated pursuant to Title 15 of the Revised Statutes or Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes with a substantial number of years of experience that has a core mission and a community track record of advancing economic or community development in at least one area of the State, that the senior management has undertaken multiple successful partnerships with government entities, educational institutions, and the private sector in carrying out development projects, that has successfully developed multiple types of mixed-use projects, I that owns or controls significant real estate assets, **]** and that has appropriate prior experience in successfully developing mixed-use projects of comparable or greater size, value and complexity to that being proposed, structuring, securing, and utilizing complex financing in the development of projects of comparable or greater size, value, and complexity to that being proposed, as determined by the board. An experienced nonprofit or governmental economic or community development entity shall not be eligible to participate in the program in connection with a project that is primarily residential or

"Major cultural institution" means a public or nonsectarian nonprofit institution within this State that engages in the cultural, intellectual, scientific, environmental, educational, or artistic enrichment of the people of this State, and which is designated by the board as a major cultural institution.

"New full-time job" means an eligible position created by an anchor institution, partner anchor institution or a partner business at the community-anchored project that did not previously exist in this State. For the purposes of determining a number of new full-time jobs, the eligible positions of an affiliate shall be considered eligible positions of the business.

"New Jersey State opportunity zone" means a federal population census tract in this State that was eligible to be designated as a qualified opportunity zone pursuant to 26 U.S.C. s.1400Z-1.

"Partner anchor institution" means an anchor institution that partners with one or more anchor institutions to make an equity 1 investment in or to provide a loan or other financial support for a 2 community-anchored project.

"Partner business" means a corporation, partnership, firm, enterprise, franchise, association, trust, sole proprietorship, or other legal entity, but shall not include a public entity that enters into an agreement with an anchor institution or, if applicable, a partner anchor institution to rent and occupy commercial space within a community-anchored project. Under the program a partner business, subject to agreement with the anchor institution or, if applicable, a partner anchor institution, may lease one or more portions of the partner business's space in the community-anchored project to one or more other persons or entities.

"Private research university" means Princeton University and any other institution of higher education in this State designated by the board as a private research university, based on criteria and metrics established by the board.

"Program" means the New Jersey Community-Anchored Development Program established pursuant to section 46 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-314).

"Public research university" means Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, Rowan University, the New Jersey Institute of Technology, and Montclair State University.

"Qualified business accelerator or incubator facility" means a commercial space that contains office, laboratory, or industrial space and which is located near, and presents opportunities for collaboration with, a public research university, a private research university, teaching hospital, college, or university, and within which at least 50 percent of the gross leasable area is restricted for use by one or more targeted industry start-up companies during the commitment period.

"Targeted industry" means any industry identified from time to time by the authority which shall initially include advanced transportation and logistics, advanced manufacturing, aviation, autonomous vehicle and zero-emission vehicle research or development, clean energy, life sciences, hemp processing, information and high technology, finance and insurance, professional services, film and digital media, non-retail food and beverage businesses including food innovation, and other innovative industries that disrupt current technologies or business models.

"Tax credit agreement" means a tax credit agreement entered into pursuant to section 50 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-318) between the authority and an anchor institution or, if applicable, a partner anchor institution.

"Work First New Jersey program" means the Work First New Jersey program established pursuant to P.L.1997, c. 38 (C.44:10-55 et seq.).

48 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.45)

19. Section 47 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-315) is amended to read as follows:

- 47. a. An anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution shall be eligible to receive a tax credit under the program only if the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution submits a program application to the authority that results in completion of a community-anchored project through a capital investment in a New Jersey State opportunity zone or, if the community-anchored project is primarily designed to result in the economic expansion of a targeted industry in this State, in an area of the State designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act," P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), as Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan) or in a municipality with a Municipal Revitalization Index distress score of at least 50.
 - b. At the time of application, an anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution seeking tax credits pursuant to the program shall demonstrate to the authority:
 - (1) that the proposed community-anchored project will result in a capital investment in a New Jersey State opportunity zone or, if the project is primarily designed to result in the economic expansion of a targeted industry in this State, in an area of the State designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act," P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), as Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan) or in a municipality with a Municipal Revitalization Index distress score of at least 50;
 - (2) the structure and terms of the financial, corporate, and real estate instruments to be utilized to successfully complete and then operate the community-anchored project, including, but not limited to, the proposed economic and business relationship between the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution and any partner business;
 - (3) that the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution, along with any partner business and each partner institution participating in a community-anchored project, has not commenced any construction at the site of the community-anchored project prior to submitting an application, unless the authority determines that the community-anchored project would not be completed otherwise or, in the event the community-anchored project is to be undertaken in phases, the requested tax credit covers only phases for which construction has not yet commenced;
 - (4) the value of the tax credit that is necessary in each year of the eligibility period, in order for the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution to finance the establishment of the community-anchored project;
 - (5) the total aggregate value of the tax credit for the entire eligibility period that is necessary in order for the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution to finance the establishment of the community-anchored project;

(6) that the award of tax credits under the program will be converted into an investment by the authority into the community-anchored project, and demonstrate to the authority the anticipated current and deferred returns, as applicable, on that investment;

- (7) that the community-anchored project shall comply with the standards established by the authority through regulation based on the green building manual prepared by the Commissioner of Community Affairs pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2007, c.132 (C.52:27D-130.6), regarding the use of renewable energy, energy-efficient technology, and non-renewable resources in order to reduce environmental degradation and encourage long-term cost reduction;
- (8) that the community-anchored project shall comply with the authority's affirmative action requirements, adopted pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1979, c.303 (C.34:1B-5.4);
- (9) a description of the significant economic, social, planning, employment, environmental, fiscal, and other benefits that would accrue to the State, county, or municipality from the community-anchored project;
- (10) that during the eligibility period, each worker employed to perform construction work and building services work at the community-anchored project shall be paid not less than the prevailing wage rate for the worker's craft or trade, as determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to P.L.1963, c.150 (C.34:11-56.25 et seq.) and P.L.2005, c.379 (C.34:11-56.58 et seq.). In the event the community-anchored project constitutes a lease of more than 55 percent of a single facility, these requirements shall apply to construction work and building services work at the entire facility. In the event the community-anchored project constitutes a lease of more than 35 percent of a single facility, these requirements shall apply to construction work at the entire facility;
- (11) that during the eligibility period, the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution shall partner with one or more local community organizations that provide support and services to Work First New Jersey program recipients, in order to provide work activity opportunities and other appropriate services to Work First New Jersey program recipients, which activities and services may include, but shall not be limited to: work-study programs, internships, sector-based contextualized literacy training, skills-based training in growth industries in the State, and job retention and advancement services;
- (12) the extent to which the community-anchored development will result in the expansion of a targeted industry in this State;
- (13) that the timing of the award and investment of tax credits under the program shall allow for the successful completion and operation of the community-anchored project; and

(14) that the community-anchored project is viable and that the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution is a credible partner for completing the community-anchored project and providing the agreed-upon potential returns to the authority, as detailed in the tax credit agreement entered into pursuant to section 50 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-318).

- Prior to the board considering an application submitted by an anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution, the authority shall confirm with the Department of Labor and Workforce Development, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the Department of the Treasury Ishall each report to the chief executive officer of the authority] whether the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution and any partner business is in substantial good standing with the respective department, or has entered into an agreement with the respective department that includes a practical corrective action plan. The anchor institution shall certify that any contractors or subcontractors that will perform work at the community-anchored project: (1) are registered as required by "The Public Works Contractor Registration Act," P.L.1999, c.238 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.); (2) have not been debarred by Department of Labor and Workforce Development from engaging in or bidding on Public Works Contracts in the State; and (3) possess a tax clearance certificate issued by the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury. The authority may also contract with an independent third party to perform a background check on an anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution and any partner business.
 - d. In order to facilitate the creation of new partnerships with anchor institutions and, if applicable, partner anchor institutions, the authority shall publish on the authority's website a list of names and contact information for each anchor institution that has submitted an application pursuant to this section.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.47)

- 20. Section 49 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-317) is amended to read as follows:
 - 49. a. The authority shall award tax credits under the program through a competitive application process consisting of up to two award rounds each year. The authority shall provide notice to the public of the opening and closing dates for submission of program applications on the authority's Internet website.
 - b. (1) The authority shall review applications for tax credits submitted to the authority by the deadline date of the award round and shall evaluate each application as if it were received on the deadline date, without providing any preference for early submissions. To determine priority for an award of a tax credit, all applications for community-anchored projects that satisfy the

- 1 criteria set forth in sections 47 and 48 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-
- 2 315 and C.34:1B-316) in a given award round shall be ranked on
- 3 the basis of a scoring system developed by the authority through
- 4 regulations adopted pursuant to the provisions of the
- 5 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
- 6 seg.). Prior to the commencement of an award round, the authority
- 7 shall determine the minimum score for the award round that an
- 8 anchor institution or, if applicable, each partner anchor institution is 9 required to attain to be eligible for a tax credit.

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- (2) The authority may establish different criteria for community-anchored projects that are located in a New Jersey State opportunity zone and community-anchored projects that are primarily designed to result in the economic expansion of a targeted industry in this State.
- c. The scoring system developed by the authority pursuant to subsection b. of this section shall assess applications for tax credits based on the following competitive criteria, which shall include, but shall not be limited to:
- (1) the amount of tax credit requested by the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution compared to the overall investments required for the completion of the community-anchored project, along with the amount of the potential return on the authority's investment of tax credits to the State by the end of the commitment period, the amount of the tax credit, if any, that is unlikely to be realized as a return on investment to the State, and the proposed terms and structure for the authority's investment in the project, including applicable current and deferred returns;
- (2) the financial benefit of the community-anchored project to the community in which the community-anchored project will be located;
- (3) apprenticeships or workforce programs to be offered because of the community-anchored project;
- (4) the ability of the community-anchored project to absorb and adapt to changing environmental conditions and deliver its objectives;
- (5) how the community-anchored project will advance State, regional, and local development and planning strategies;
- (6) the relationship of the community-anchored project to a comprehensive local development strategy, including its relation to other development and redevelopment projects in the municipality;
- (7) the degree to which the community-anchored project enhances and promotes job creation and economic development;
- (8) the extent of economic and related social distress in the municipality and the immediate area surrounding the community-anchored project;
- 46 (9) the extent to which the community-anchored project 47 provides for the development of [workforce housing and] housing 48 for individuals with special needs;

(10) the extent to which the community-anchored project constitutes the expansion of the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution to different areas of the State;

- (11) the extent to which the community-anchored project provides for infrastructure, parking, retail, green space, or other public amenities creating a mixed-use community-anchored project;
- (12) the inclusion of a qualified business accelerator or incubator facility as a part of the community-anchored project;
- (13) the length of the commitment period for the community-anchored project;
- (14) the quality and number of new full-time jobs that will be created by the anchor institution, partner anchor institution or a partner business at the community-anchored project;
- (15) the quality and number of existing full-time jobs that will be retained by the anchor institution, partner anchor institution, or a partner business in the State as a result of completing the community-anchored project, with the criteria specifying, in scoring the application, that the retention of an existing full-time job shall be given not more than one-third the weight of a new full-time job of a similar quality; and
- (16) if the anchor institution has a board of directors, the extent to which that board of directors is diverse and representative of the community in which the community-anchored project is located.
- d. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection c. of this section, the authority may adopt, pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations adjusting competitive criteria required under the program when necessary to respond to the prevailing economic conditions in the State.
- e. Prior to the award of a tax credit to an anchor institution or, if applicable, each partner anchor institution, to be converted into an authority investment in a community-anchored project, the authority shall confirm with the Department of Labor and Workforce Development, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the Department of the Treasury Ishall each report to the chief executive officer of the authority as to whether 1 that the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution, along with any partner business identified in a program application, and each contractor and subcontractor performing work at the community-anchored project, I is in substantial good standing with the respective department, or has entered into an agreement with the respective department that includes a practical corrective action plan for the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution and any partner business, and the anchor institution shall confirm that any contractors and subcontractors performing work at the community-anchored project: (1) are registered as required by "The Public Works Contractor Registration Act," P.L.1999, c.238 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.); (2) have

- 1 not been debarred by Department of Labor and Workforce
- 2 Development from engaging in or bidding on Public Works
- 3 Contracts in the State; and (3) possess a tax clearance certificate
- issued by the Division of Taxation in the Department of the 4
- 5 Provided that all parties are in [substantial good Treasury.
- 6 standing, or have entered into such an agreement I compliance with
- this subsection, the authority shall allocate tax credits to 7
- 8 community-anchored projects according to the community-
- 9 anchored project's score and until either the available tax credits are
- 10 exhausted or all community-anchored projects obtaining the
- 11 minimum score receive a tax credit, whichever occurs first. If
- 12 insufficient funding exists to fully fund all eligible community-
- 13 anchored projects, a community-anchored project may be offered
- 14 partial funding.
 - Applications that do not receive the minimum score established by the authority for that award round shall not receive further consideration for a tax credit by the authority in that award round; however, an anchor institution or partner anchor institution may revise or complete a new application to be submitted in a subsequent award round.
 - If an anchor institution or partner anchor institution declines a tax credit offered by the authority, the authority shall offer the tax credit to the applicant with the application having the next highest score, and having obtained at least the minimum score in that award round.
- 26 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.49)

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21. Section 50 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-318) is amended to read as follows:

C.34:1B-317), the authority shall enter into a tax credit agreement

- 29 30 50. a. Following approval and selection of an application
- 31 pursuant to sections 48 and 49 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-316 and
- 33 with the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor
- 34 The chief executive officer of the authority shall
- 35 negotiate the terms and conditions of the tax credit agreement on
- 36 behalf of the State.
 - b. (1) A tax credit agreement shall specify the amount of the tax credit that the authority shall award to the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution for conversion into an authority investment and specify the duration of the eligibility period, which shall not exceed 10 years. The tax credit agreement shall provide an estimated date of completion for the
- 42 43
- community-anchored project and include a requirement for periodic
- 44 progress reports through completion, including the submittal of
- 45 executed financing commitments and documents or agreements that
- 46 evidence site control.
- 47 (2) If, as a result of a default under the tax credit agreement, the 48 authority rescinds a tax credit in the same calendar year in which

- the authority approved the tax credit, then the authority may assign the tax credit to another applicant that attained the minimum score determined pursuant to section 49 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-317).
 - c. The terms of the tax credit agreement shall:

- (1) provide for a verification of project financing at the time the anchor institution, each partner anchor institution, and any partner business provides executed financing commitments to the authority and a verification of the anchor institution's projected cash flow and each partner anchor institution's cash flow at the time of certification that the project is completed;
- (2) specify the length of the commitment period for the community-anchored project and the terms by which the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution shall provide to the authority current or deferred returns on investment generated by the community-anchored project and commit to a structure for returns on investment;
- (3) allow the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution to distribute returns on investment to the authority for the tax credits in the amount specified in the tax credit agreement at any time within the commitment period, but require such distribution to occur if the community-anchored project is sold before the end of the commitment period;
- (4) specify amounts of returns to be retained by the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution for capital reserves, programming, or other purposes;
- (5) identify the value of any monetary or financial benefit offered or provided by the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution to any partner business that works with the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution to complete and operate the community-anchored project;
- (6) identify any benefits created by the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution for a partner business through equity investment in or debt-financing of a community-anchored project and specify the formula by which such benefits are passed through to a partner business;
- (7) specify that the authority or the State may purchase tax credits offered for sale by an anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution for 90 percent of the stated value of the tax credit before considering any further discounting to present value which shall be permitted;
- (8) at a minimum, require an anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution to provide oversight of the community-anchored project through ongoing reporting by a partner business to the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution, and subsequent ongoing reporting by the

anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner anchor institution to the authority;

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- (9) specify other measures through which the authority shall ensure oversight of outstanding tax credit investments, and, in the event that an anchor institution or partner anchor institution fails to meet its obligations under the tax credit agreement or any program requirement, establish the right of the authority to assume direct oversight of any or all projects for which the anchor institution or partner anchor institution has entered into investment agreements and require the anchor institution or partner anchor institution to pursue any remedies it may have against a partner business; and
- (10) at a minimum, require that the anchor institution, each partner anchor institution, and any partner businesses, adopt specific nondiscrimination policies for the operation of a community-anchored project.
- 15 16 d. The tax credit agreement shall include a requirement that the 17 chief executive officer of the authority receive annual reports from 18 the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner institution 19 [that are to include separate certifications by] and any partner 20 business. As part of the authority's review of the annual reports 21 required from each anchor institution and, if applicable, each 22 partner institution, the authority shall confirm with the Department 23 of Environmental Protection, the Department of Labor and 24 Workforce Development, and the Department of the Treasury 25 [demonstrating] that: the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner institution and any partner business [, and each contractor 26 27 and subcontractor performing work at the community-anchored 28 project] is in substantial good standing with [that] the respective 29 department, or [have] has entered into an agreement with [that] 30 such department that includes a practical corrective action plan [, 31 and the for the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner 32 anchor institution and any partner business, and the anchor 33 institution shall confirm that any contractors and subcontractors 34 performing work at the community-anchored project: (1) are registered as required by "The Public Works Contractor 35 36 Registration Act," P.L.1999, c.238 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.); (2) have 37 not been debarred by Department of Labor and Workforce 38 Development from engaging in or bidding on Public Works 39 Contracts in the State; and (3) possess a tax clearance certificate 40 issued by the Division of Taxation in the Department of the 41 <u>Treasury</u>. The tax credit agreement shall include a provision that 42 the anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner institution 43 shall forfeit the tax credit in any year in which an uncured default 44 exists under the tax credit agreement or the anchor institution and, 45 if applicable, each partner institution is neither in substantial good 46 standing with the Department of Environmental Protection, the 47 Department of Labor and Workforce Development, or the

- 1 Department of the Treasury nor has entered into a practical
- 2 corrective action plan. The tax credit agreement shall, however,
- 3 allow the authority to extend, in individual cases, the deadline for
- 4 any annual reporting [or certification] requirement.
- 5 An anchor institution and, if applicable, each partner
- 6 institution shall, as required at the discretion of the authority,
- submit to the authority satisfactory evidence of actual project costs, 7
- 8 as certified by a certified public accountant, evidence of a
- 9 temporary certificate of occupancy, or other event evidencing
- 10 project completion. The anchor institution and, if applicable, each
- 11 partner institution, or an authorized agent of the anchor institution 12
- or partner institution, shall certify under the penalty of perjury that
- 13 the information provided pursuant to this subsection is true.
- 14 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.50)

- 16 22. Section 55 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-323) is amended to 17 read as follows:
- 18 55. As used in sections 54 through 67 of P.L.2020, c.156 19 (C.34:1B-322 through C.34:1B-335):
- 20 "Agency" means the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance
- 21 Agency established pursuant to P.L.1983, c.530 (C.55:14K-1 et 22
- seq.). 23
 - "Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development
- 24 Authority established by section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-4).
- 25 "Aviation district" means all areas within the boundaries of the
- 26 Atlantic City International Airport, established pursuant to section
- 27 24 of P.L.1991, c.252 (C.27:25A-24), and the Federal Aviation
- 28 Administration William J. Hughes Technical Center and the area
- 29 within a one-mile radius of the outermost boundary of the Atlantic
- 30 City International Airport and the Federal Aviation Administration
- 31 William J. Hughes Technical Center.
- 32 "Board" means the Board of the New Jersey Economic
- 33 Development Authority, established by section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80
- 34 (C.34:1B-4).
- "Building services" means any cleaning or routine building 35
- maintenance work, including but not limited to sweeping, 36
- 37 vacuuming, floor cleaning, cleaning of rest rooms, collecting refuse
- 38 or trash, window cleaning, securing, patrolling, or other work in
- 39 connection with the care or securing of an existing building,
- 40 including services typically provided by a door-attendant or
- 41 "Building services" shall not include any skilled concierge.
- 42 maintenance work, professional services, or other public work for
- 43 which a contractor is required to pay the "prevailing wage" as
- 44 defined in section 2 of P.L.1963, c.150 (C.34:11-56.26).
- 45 "Cash flow" means the profit or loss that an investment property
- 46 earns from rent, deposits, and other fees after financial obligations,
- 47 such as debt, maintenance, government payments, and other
- 48 expenses, have been paid.

"Collaborative workspace" means coworking, accelerator. incubator, or other shared working environments that promote collaboration, interaction, socialization, and coordination among tenants through the clustering of multiple businesses or individuals. For this purpose, the collaborative workspace shall be the greater of: 2,500 of dedicated square feet or 10 percent of the total property on which the redevelopment project is situated. The collaborative workspace shall include a community manager, be focused on collaboration among the community members, and include regularly scheduled education events for the community members. The collaborative workspace shall also include a physical open space that supports the engagement of its community members.

"Commercial project" means a **[**building**]** redevelopment project, which is predominantly commercial and contains 100,000 or more square feet of office and retail space, industrial space, or film studios, professional stages, television studios, recording studios, screening rooms, or other infrastructure for film production, for purchase or lease and may include a parking component.

"Developer" means a person who enters or proposes to enter into an incentive award agreement pursuant to the provisions of section 60 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-328), including, but not limited, to a lender that completes a redevelopment project, operates a redevelopment project, or completes and operates a redevelopment project.

"Director" means the Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury.

"Distressed municipality" means a municipality that is qualified to receive assistance under P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.), a municipality under the supervision of the Local Finance Board pursuant to the provisions of the "Local Government Supervision Act (1947)," P.L.1947, c.151 (C.52:27BB-1 et seq.), a municipality identified by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs to be facing serious fiscal distress, a SDA municipality, or a municipality in which a major rail station is located.

"Economic development incentive" means a financial incentive, awarded by the authority, or agreed to between the authority and a business or person, for the purpose of stimulating economic development or redevelopment in New Jersey, including, but not limited to, a bond, grant, loan, loan guarantee, matching fund, tax credit, or other tax expenditure.

"Eligibility period" means the period not to exceed 15 years for a commercial or mixed-use project or the period not to exceed 10 years for a residential project specified in an incentive award agreement during which a developer may claim a tax credit under the program.

"Enhanced area" means (1) a municipality that contains an urban transit hub, as defined in section 2 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-208); (2) the five municipalities with the highest poverty rates according to the 2017 Municipal Revitalization Index; and (3) the three municipalities with the highest percentage of SNAP recipients according to the 2017 Municipal Revitalization Index.

"Food delivery source" means access to nutritious foods, such as fresh fruits and vegetables, through grocery operators, including, but not limited to a full-service supermarket or grocery store, and other healthy food retailers of at least [18,000] 16,000 square feet, including, but not limited to, a prepared food establishment selling primarily nutritious ready-to-serve meals.

"Food desert community" means a physically contiguous area in the State in which residents have limited access to nutritious foods, such as fresh fruits and vegetables, [through supermarkets and grocery stores] and that has been designated as a food desert community pursuant to subsection b. of section 38 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-306).

"Government-restricted municipality" means a municipality in this State with a municipal revitalization index distress score of at least [7] 75, that met the criteria for designation as an urban aid municipality in the 2019 State fiscal year, and that, on the effective date of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et al.), is subject to financial restrictions imposed pursuant to the "Municipal Stabilization and Recovery Act," P.L.2016, c.4 (C.52:27BBBB-1 et seq.), or is restricted in its ability to levy property taxes on property in that municipality as a result of the State of New Jersey owning or controlling property representing at least 25 percent of the total land area of the municipality or as a result of the federal government of the United States owning or controlling at least 50 acres of the total land area of the municipality, which is dedicated as a national natural landmark.

"Health care or health services center" means an establishment where patients are admitted for examination and treatment by one or more physicians, dentists, psychologists, or other medical practitioners.

"Incentive area" means an aviation district, a port district, or an area designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act," P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), as Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan), Planning Area 2 (Suburban), or a Designated Center, provided an area designated as Planning Area 2 (Suburban) or a Designated Center shall be located within a one-half mile radius of the midpoint, with bicycle and pedestrian connectivity, of a New Jersey Transit Corporation, Port Authority Transit Corporation, or Port Authority Trans-Hudson Corporation rail, bus, or ferry station, including all light rail stations, or a high frequency bus stop as certified by the New Jersey Transit Corporation.

"Incentive award" means an award of tax credits to reimburse a developer for all or a portion of the project financing gap of a redevelopment project pursuant to the provisions of sections 54 through 67 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-322 through C.34:1B-335).

"Incentive award agreement" means the contract executed between a developer and the authority pursuant to section 60 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-328), which sets forth the terms and conditions under which the developer may receive the incentive awards authorized pursuant to the provisions of sections 54 through 67 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-322 through C.34:1B-335).

"Incubator facility" means a commercial property, which contains 5,000 or more square feet of office, laboratory, or industrial space, which is located near, and presents opportunities for collaboration with, a research institution, teaching hospital, college, or university, and within which at least 75 percent of the gross leasable area is restricted for use by one or more technology startup companies.

"Individuals with special needs" means individuals with mental illness, individuals with physical or developmental disabilities, and individuals in other emerging special needs groups identified by the authority, based on guidelines established for the administration of the Special Needs Housing Trust Fund established pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2005, c.163 (C.34:1B-21.25a) or developed in consultation with other State agencies.

"Low-income housing" means housing affordable according to federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or other recognized standards for home ownership and rental costs and occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to 50 percent or less of the median gross household income for households of the same size within the housing region in which the housing is located.

"Major rail station" means a railroad station that is located within a qualified incentive area and that provides to the public access to a minimum of six rail passenger service lines operated by the New Jersey Transit Corporation.

"Minimum environmental and sustainability standards" means standards established by the authority in accordance with the green building manual prepared by the Commissioner of Community Affairs pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2007, c.132 (C.52:27D-130.6), regarding the use of renewable energy, energy-efficient technology, and non-renewable resources to reduce environmental degradation and encourage long-term cost reduction.

"Moderate-income housing" means housing affordable according to federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or other recognized standards for home ownership and rental costs and occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to more than 50 percent, but less than 80 percent, of the median gross household income for households of

the same size within the housing region in which the housing is located.

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"Municipal Revitalization Index" means the index by the Department of Community Affairs ranking New Jersey's municipalities according to eight separate indicators that measure diverse aspects of social, economic, physical, and fiscal conditions in each locality.

"Port district" means the portions of a qualified incentive area that are located within:

- a. the "Port of New York District" of the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, as defined in Article II of the Compact Between the States of New York and New Jersey of 1921; or
- b. a 15-mile radius of the outermost boundary of each marine terminal facility established, acquired, constructed, rehabilitated, or improved by the South Jersey Port District established pursuant to "The South Jersey Port Corporation Act," P.L.1968, c.60 (C.12:11A-1 et seq.).

18 "Program" means the New Jersey Aspire Program established by 19 section 56 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-324).

"Project cost" means the costs incurred in connection with a redevelopment project by a developer until the issuance of a permanent certificate of occupancy, or until such other time specified by the authority, for a specific investment or improvement, including the costs relating to lands, except the cost of acquiring such lands, buildings, improvements, real or personal property, or any interest therein, including leases discounted to present value, including lands under water, riparian rights, space rights, and air rights acquired, owned, developed or redeveloped, reconstructed, rehabilitated, or improved, any constructed, environmental remediation costs, plus costs not directly related to construction, including capitalized interest paid to third parties, of an amount not to exceed 20 percent of the total costs [, capitalized interest paid to third parties,] and the cost of infrastructure improvements, including ancillary infrastructure projects. [cost of acquisition of land or] fees associated with the application or administration of a grant under sections 54 through 67 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-322 through C.34:1B-335) shall not constitute a project cost.

"Project financing gap" means the part of the total project cost, including reasonable and appropriate return on investment, that remains to be financed after all other sources of capital have been accounted for, including, but not limited to developer contributed capital, which shall not be less than 20 percent of the total project cost, and investor or financial entity capital or loans for which the developer, after making all good faith efforts to raise additional capital, certifies that additional capital cannot be raised from other sources on a non-recourse basis; provided, however, that for a redevelopment project located in a government-restricted

- 1 <u>municipality</u>, the developer contributed capital shall not be less than
- 2 <u>10 percent of the total project cost.</u> Developer contributed capital
- 3 may consist of cash, deferred development fees, costs for project
- 4 <u>feasibility incurred within the 12 months prior to application,</u>
- 5 property value less any mortgages when the developer owns the
- 6 project site, and any other investment by the developer in the
- 7 project deemed acceptable by the authority, as provided by
- 8 regulations promulgated by the authority. Property value shall be
- 9 valued at the lesser of: (i) the purchase price, provided the property
- was purchased pursuant to an arm's length transaction within 12
- 11 months of application; or (ii) the value as determined by a current

12 <u>appraisal</u>.

"Project labor agreement" means a form of pre-hire collective bargaining agreement covering terms and conditions of a specific project that satisfies the requirements set forth in section 5 of P.L.2002, c.44 (C.52:38-5).

"Qualified incentive tract" means (i) a population census tract having a poverty rate of 20 percent or more; or (ii) a census tract in which the median family income for the census tract does not exceed 80 percent of the greater of the Statewide median family income or the median family income of the metropolitan statistical area in which the census tract is situated.

"Quality childcare facility" is a child care center licensed by the Department of Children and Families or a registered family child care home with the Department of Human Services, operating continuously, which has not been subject to an enforcement action, and which has and maintains a [total] licensed capacity [of at least 60] for children age [6] 13 years or younger who attend for less than 24 hours a day.

"Redevelopment project" means a specific construction project or improvement or phase of a project or improvement undertaken by a developer, owner or tenant, or both, and any ancillary infrastructure project. A redevelopment project may involve construction or improvement upon lands, buildings, improvements, or real and personal property, or any interest therein, including lands under water, riparian rights, space rights, and air rights, acquired, owned, developed or redeveloped, constructed, reconstructed, rehabilitated, or improved.

"Residential project" means a redevelopment project that is predominantly residential, intended for multi-family residency, and may include a parking component.

"SDA district" means an SDA district as defined in section 3 of P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-3).

"SDA municipality" means a municipality in which an SDA district is situated.

46 <u>"Technology startup company" means a for-profit business that</u>
47 <u>has been in operation fewer than seven years at the time that it</u>
48 initially occupies or expands in a qualified business facility and is

developing or possesses a proprietary technology or business
method of a high technology or life science-related product,
process, or service, which proprietary technology or business
method the business intends to move to commercialization. The
business shall be deemed to have begun operation on the date that
the business first hired at least one employee in a full-time position.

"Total project cost" means the costs incurred in connection with the redevelopment project by the developer until the issuance of a permanent certificate of occupancy, or upon such other event evidencing project completion as set forth in the incentive grant agreement, for a specific investment or improvement.

"Tourism destination project" means a non-gaming business facility that will be among the most visited privately owned or operated tourism or recreation sites in the State, and which has been determined by the authority to be in an area appropriate for development and in need of economic development incentive assistance, including a non-gaming business within an established Tourism District with a significant impact on the economic viability of that district.

"Transit hub" means an urban transit hub, as defined in section 2 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-208), that is located within an eligible municipality, as defined in section 2 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-208) and also located within a qualified incentive area.

"Transit hub municipality" means a Transit Village or a municipality: a. which qualifies for State aid pursuant to P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.), or which has continued to be a qualified municipality thereunder pursuant to P.L.2007, c.111; and b. in which 30 percent or more of the value of real property was exempt from local property taxation during tax year 2006. The percentage of exempt property shall be calculated by dividing the total exempt value by the sum of the net valuation which is taxable and that which is tax exempt.

"Transit Village" means a municipality that has been designated as a transit village by the Commissioner of Transportation and the Transit Village Task Force established pursuant to P.L.1985, c.398 (C.27:1A-5).

["Workforce housing" means housing that is affordable according to federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or other recognized standards for home ownership and rental costs, and occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income of more than 80 percent, but less than 120 percent, of the median gross household income for households of the same size within the housing region in which the

44 housing is located.

45 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.55)

23. Section 57 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-325) is amended to read as follows:

- 57. a. Prior to March 1, 2027, a developer shall be eligible to receive an incentive award for a redevelopment project only if the developer demonstrates to the authority at the time of application that:
 - (1) without the incentive award, the redevelopment project is not economically feasible;

- (2) a project financing gap exists, or the authority determines that the redevelopment project will generate a below market rate of return;
- (3) the redevelopment project, except a film studio, professional stage, television studio, recording studio, screening room, or other infrastructure used for film production, is located in the incentive area;
- (4) except for demolition and site remediation activities, the developer has not commenced any construction at the site of the redevelopment project prior to submitting an application, unless the authority determines that the redevelopment project would not be completed otherwise or, in the event the redevelopment project is to be undertaken in phases, the requested incentive award is limited to only phases for which construction has not yet commenced;
- (5) the redevelopment project shall comply with minimum environmental and sustainability standards;
- (6) the redevelopment project shall comply with the authority's affirmative action requirements, adopted pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1979, c.303 (C.34:1B-5.4);
- (7) during the eligibility period, each worker employed to perform construction work or building services work at the redevelopment project shall be paid not less than the prevailing wage rate for the worker's craft or trade, as determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to P.L.1963, c.150 (C.34:11-56.25 et seq.) and P.L.2005, c.379 (C.34:11-56.58 et seq.). In the event a redevelopment project is undertaken by a tenant and the tenant has a leasehold of more than 55 percent of space in the building owned or controlled by the developer, the requirement that each worker employed to perform building service work at the building be paid not less than the prevailing wage shall apply to the entire building;
- (8) (a) the redevelopment project shall be completed, and the developer shall be issued a certificate of occupancy for the redevelopment project facilities by the applicable enforcing agency within four years of executing the incentive award agreement , or in the case of a redevelopment project with a project cost in excess of \$50,000,000, the incentive phase agreement corresponding to the redevelopment project; or
- 45 (b) in the discretion of the authority, a redevelopment project
 46 with a project cost in excess of \$50,000,000, and that is authorized
 47 to be completed in phases, may be allowed no more than six years
 48 from the date on which the incentive award agreement is executed

to be issued a certificate of occupancy by the applicable enforcement agency;

- (9) the developer has complied with all requirements for filing tax and information returns and for paying or remitting required State taxes and fees by submitting, as a part of the application, a tax clearance certificate, as described in section 1 of P.L.2007, c.101 (C.54:50-39); and
- (10) the developer is not more than 24 months in arrears at the time of application.
- b. In addition to the requirements set forth in subsection a. of this section, for a commercial project to qualify for an incentive award the developer shall demonstrate that \mathbf{I} :
- (1) the incremental increase of State revenues realized from the commercial project upon its completion shall be in excess of the amount necessary to reimburse the developer for its project financing gap; and
- (2) the developer shall [have an equity participation] contribute capital of at least 20 percent of the total project cost, except that if a redevelopment project is located in a government-restricted municipality, the developer shall contribute capital of at least 10 percent of the total project cost.
- c. In addition to the requirements set forth in subsection a. of this section, for a residential project to qualify for an incentive award, the residential project shall:
- (1) have a total project cost of at least \$17,500,000, if the project is located in a municipality with a population greater than 200,000 according to the latest federal decennial census;
- (2) have a total project cost of at least \$10,000,000 if the project is located in a municipality with a population less than 200,000 according to the latest federal decennial census; or
- (3) have a total project cost of at least \$5,000,000 if the project is in a qualified incentive tract or government-restricted municipality.
- In addition to the requirements set forth in subsections a. and c. of this section, for a residential project consisting of newly-constructed residential units to qualify for an incentive award, the developer shall reserve at least 20 percent [, but not more than 50 percent, of the residential units constructed for occupancy by low-and moderate-income households with affordability controls as required under the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c. 222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.) Land at least 5 percent of the residential units constructed as workforce housing, unless: the municipality in which the property is located has received substantive certification from the council and such a reservation is not required under the approved affordable housing plan; the municipality has been given a judgment of repose or a judgment of compliance by the court, and such a reservation is not required under the approved affordable

1 housing plan. If the municipality in which the property is located 2 has received substantive certification from the council and such a 3 reservation is not required under the approved affordable housing 4 plan or the municipality has been given a judgment of repose or a 5 judgment of compliance by the court, and such a reservation is not 6 required under the approved affordable housing plan, then the 7 developer shall reserve at least 10 percent, but not more than 50 8 percent, of the residential units constructed for occupancy by low-9 and moderate-income households with affordability controls as 10 required under the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-11 301 et al.) and at least 15 percent of the residential units constructed 12 as workforce housing].

Prior to the board considering an application submitted by a developer, the authority shall confirm with the Department of Labor and Workforce Development, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the Department of the Treasury I shall each report to the chief executive officer of the authority whether the developer is in substantial good standing with the respective department, or has entered into an agreement with the respective department that includes a practical corrective action plan for the developer. The developer shall certify that any contractors or subcontractors that will perform work at the redevelopment project: (1) are registered as required by "The Public Works Contractor Registration Act," P.L.1999, c.238 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.); (2) have not been debarred by Department of Labor and Workforce Development from engaging in or bidding on Public Works Contracts in the State; and (3) possess a tax clearance certificate issued by the Division of <u>Taxation in the Department of the Treasury.</u> The authority may also contract with an independent third party to perform a background check on the developer.

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(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.57)

33 24. Section 58 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-326) is amended to 34 read as follows:

58. a. Prior to March 1, 2027, **[**a developer that meets the eligibility criteria in for redevelopment projects eligible pursuant to section 57 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-325) [and is] for which a <u>developer is</u> seeking an incentive award for [a] the redevelopment project, the developer shall submit an application to the authority and, in the case of a residential project, shall submit an application to the authority and the agency, in a form and manner prescribed in regulations adopted by the authority, in consultation with the agency, pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.). The authority shall accept applications for incentive awards during the grant periods established pursuant to section 59 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-327).

b. The authority shall not consider an application for a commercial project unless the developer submits a letter evidencing support for the commercial project from the governing body of the municipality in which the commercial project is located with the application.

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6 c. The authority shall review the project cost, evaluate and 7 validate the project financing gap estimated by the developer, and 8 conduct a State fiscal impact analysis to ensure that the overall 9 public assistance provided to the project will result in a net positive 10 benefit to the State, provided that the net benefit analysis shall not 11 apply to capital investment for a food delivery source; a health care 12 or health services center with a minimum of 10,000 square feet of space devoted to health care or health services that is located in a 13 14 municipality with a Municipal Revitalization Index distress score of at least 50 lacking adequate access, as determined by the 15 16 Commissioner of Health; or a residential project. In determining 17 whether a project will result in a net positive benefit to the State, 18 the authority shall not consider the value of any taxes exempted, 19 abated, rebated, or retained under the "Five-Year Exemption and 20 Abatement Law," P.L.1991, c.441 (C.40A:21-1 et seq.), the "Long 21 Term Tax Exemption Law," P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-1 et al.), the "New Jersey Urban Enterprise Zones Act," P.L.1983, c.303 22 23 (C.52:27H-60 et seq.), or any other law that has the effect of 24 lowering or eliminating the developer's State or local tax liability. 25 The determination made pursuant to this subsection shall be based 26 on the potential tax liability of the developer without regard for 27 potential tax losses if the developer were to locate in another state. 28 The authority shall assess the cost of these reviews to the applicant. 29 A developer shall pay to the authority the full amount of the direct 30 costs of an analysis concerning the developer's application for a tax 31 credit that a third party retained by the authority performs, if the 32 authority deems such retention to be necessary. The authority shall 33 evaluate the net economic benefits on a present value basis under 34 which the requested tax credit allocation amount is discounted to 35 present value at the same discount rate as the projected benefits 36 from the implementation of the proposed redevelopment project for 37 which an award of tax credits is being sought.

d. For a redevelopment project subject to the requirement of subsection c. of this section to be eligible for any tax credits under the program, a developer shall demonstrate to the authority that the award of tax credits will yield a net positive benefit to the State equaling an amount determined by the authority through regulation that exceeds the requested tax credit amount. The developer shall certify, under the penalty of perjury, that all documents submitted, and factual assertions made, to the authority to demonstrate that the award of tax credits will yield a net positive benefit to the State in accordance with this subsection are true and accurate at the time of submission. A redevelopment project located in a government-

1 restricted municipality shall yield a net positive benefit to the State 2 that exceeds the requested tax credit amount, but the net benefit 3 requirement set by the authority for such redevelopment projects 4 may be up to 35 percentage points lower than the net benefit 5 requirement set by the authority for all other eligible redevelopment 6 projects.

- e. If at any time during the eligibility period the authority determines that the developer made a material misrepresentation on the developer's application, the developer shall forfeit the incentive award.
- f. If circumstances require a developer to amend its application to the authority, then the developer, or an authorized agent of the developer, shall certify to the authority that the information provided in its amended application is true under the penalty of perjury.

16 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.58)

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- 25. Section 59 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-327) is amended to read as follows:
- 59. a. Prior to March 1, 2027, for redevelopment projects eligible pursuant to section 57 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-325), the authority shall award incentive awards based on the order in which complete, qualifying applications were received by the authority. If a developer intends to apply to both the authority and the agency for subsidies, the developer shall notify the agency simultaneously with any application made to the authority. The authority shall transmit its grant determination for such residential projects to the agency along with any information developed by the authority and confirmation of the authority's intent to provide an incentive award or award to the project. Approval of an application by the agency shall be the final determination required for an incentive award for a residential project under this section.
- b. Prior to allocating an incentive award to a redevelopment project, the authority shall confirm with the Department of Labor and Workforce Development, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the Department of the Treasury I shall each report to the chief executive officer of the authority whether the developer and each contractor and subcontractor performing work at the redevelopment project] that the developer is in substantial good standing with the respective department, or a developer not in substantial good standing with each department has entered into an agreement with the respective department that includes a practical corrective action plan for the developer, and that the developer shall confirm that each contractor or subcontractor performing work at the redevelopment project: (1) is registered as required by "The Public Works Contractor Registration Act," P.L.1999, c.238 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.); (2) has not been debarred by Department of
- 47 48 Labor and Workforce Development from engaging in or bidding on

1 Public Works Contracts in the State; and (3) possesses a tax 2 clearance certificate issued by the Division of Taxation in the 3 <u>Department of the Treasury</u>. The authority may also contract with 4 an independent third party to perform a background check on the 5 developer. Provided that the developer, and all contractors and 6 subcontractors, are in [substantial good standing, or have entered 7 into such agreements compliance with this subsection, the 8 authority shall allocate incentive awards to redevelopment projects 9 according to the redevelopment project's score and until either the 10 available incentive awards are exhausted or all redevelopment 11 projects obtaining the minimum score receive an incentive award, 12 whichever occurs first. If insufficient funding exists to fully fund 13 all eligible projects, a project may be offered partial funding.

14 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.59)

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26. Section 60 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-328) is amended to read as follows:

60. a. (1) Following approval and selection of an application pursuant to sections 58 and 59 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-326 and C.34:1B-327), the authority shall enter into an incentive award agreement with the developer. The chief executive officer of the authority shall negotiate the terms and conditions of the incentive award agreement on behalf of the State.

(2) For a phased project, the incentive phase agreement shall set forth, for each phase of the project and for the total project, the capital investment requirements and the time periods in which each phase of the project shall be commenced and completed. The awarding of tax credits shall be conditioned on the developer's compliance with the requirements of the agreement. A redevelopment project may be completed in phases in accordance with rules adopted by the authority if the redevelopment project has a total project cost in excess of \$50,000,000.

b. An incentive award agreement shall specify the amount of the incentive award the authority shall award to the developer and the duration of the eligibility period, which shall not exceed 15 years for a commercial or mixed-use project and shall not exceed 10 years for a residential project. The incentive award agreement shall provide an estimated date of completion and include a requirement for periodic progress reports, including the submittal of executed financing commitments and documents that evidence site control. If the authority does not receive periodic progress reports, or if the progress reports demonstrate unsatisfactory progress, then the authority may rescind the incentive award. If the authority rescinds an incentive award in the same calendar year in which the authority approved the incentive award, then the authority may assign the incentive award to another applicant. The incentive award agreement may also provide for a verification of the financing gap at the time the developer provides executed financing commitments

to the authority and a verification of the developer's projected cash flow at the time of certification that the project is completed.

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3 To ensure the protection of taxpayer money, if the authority 4 determines at project certification that the actual capital financing 5 approach utilized by the project has resulted in a financing gap that is smaller than the financing gap determined at board approval, the 6 7 authority shall reduce the amount of the tax credit or accept 8 payment from the developer on a pro rata basis. If there is no 9 project financing gap due to the actual capital financing approach 10 utilized by the project, then the developer shall forfeit the incentive award. [This test shall be conducted at] At the end of the [third] 11 seventh year of the eligibility period [whereupon], the authority 12 13 shall evaluate the developer's [cash flow] rate of return on 14 investment and compare that [cash flow] rate of return on investment to the [projected cash flow] reasonable and appropriate 15 16 rate of return at the time of board approval. [For a commercial 17 project, if If the actual [cash flow] rate of return on investment exceeds the [projected cash flow] reasonable and appropriate rate 18 19 of return on investment at the time of board approval by more than 20 15 percent, the authority shall require the developer to pay up to 21 [15] 20 percent of the amount [of the excess, which payment shall be deposited in the State General Fund. To the extent applicable, in 22 23 the case of a residential project, the developer's return on 24 investment shall be subject to the provisions of section 7 of 25 P.L.1983, c.530 (C.55:14K-7)] in excess of the reasonable and 26 appropriate rate of return on investment. The authority shall require 27 an escrow account to be held by the authority until the end of the 28 eligibility period. Following the final year of the eligibility period, the authority shall determine if the developer's rate of return 29 30 exceeded the reasonable and appropriate rate of return determined 31 at board approval. If the final rate of return does not exceed the 32 reasonable and appropriate rate of return determined at board 33 approval, the authority shall release to the developer the escrowed 34 funds. If the project final rate of return exceeds the reasonable and 35 appropriate rate of return determined at board approval, the 36 authority shall require the developer to pay up to 20 percent of the 37 amount of the excess, which shall include the funds held in escrow, 38 and such funds shall be deposited in the State General Fund,

d. The incentive award agreement shall include a requirement that [the chief executive officer of the authority receive annual reports from] the authority confirm with the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Labor and Workforce Development, and the Department of the Treasury [demonstrating] that the developer [and each contractor and subcontractor performing work at the redevelopment project] is in substantial good standing with the respective department, or the developer has

- entered into an agreement with the respective department that includes a practical corrective action for the developer, and the developer shall confirm that each contractor or subcontractor performing work at the redevelopment project: (1) is registered as required by "The Public Works Contractor Registration Act," P.L.1999, c.238 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.); (2) has not been debarred by Department of Labor and Workforce Development from engaging in or bidding on Public Works Contracts in the State; and (3) possesses a tax clearance certificate issued by the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury. The incentive award agreement shall also include a provision that the developer shall forfeit the incentive award in any year in which Lany such report is not received the developer is neither in substantial good standing with each department nor has entered into a practical corrective action. The incentive award agreement shall also require a developer to engage in on-site consultations with the Division of Workplace Safety and Health in the Department of Health.
 - e. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the authority shall not enter into an incentive award agreement for a redevelopment project that includes at least one retail establishment which will have more than 10 employees, at least one distribution center which will have more than 20 employees, or at least one hospitality establishment which will have more than 10 employees, unless the incentive award agreement includes a precondition that any business that serves as the owner or operator of the retail establishment or distribution center enters into a labor harmony agreement with a labor organization or cooperating labor organizations which represent retail or distribution center employees in the State.
 - (2) A labor harmony agreement shall be required only if the State has a proprietary interest in the redevelopment project and shall remain in effect for as long as the State acts as a market participant in the redevelopment project. The authority may enter into an incentive award agreement with a developer without the labor harmony agreement required under paragraph (1) of this subsection if the authority determines that the redevelopment project would not be able to go forward if a labor harmony agreement is required. The authority shall support the determination by a written finding, which provides the specific basis for the determination.
 - (3) As used in this subsection:

"Hospitality establishment" means a hotel, motel, or any business, however organized, that sells food, beverages, or both for consumption by patrons on the premises.

"Labor harmony agreement" means an agreement between a business that serves as the owner or operator of a retail establishment or distribution center and one or more labor organizations, which requires, for the duration of the agreement:

that any participating labor organization and its members agree to refrain from picketing, work stoppages, boycotts, or other economic interference against the business; and that the business agrees to maintain a neutral posture with respect to efforts of any participating labor organization to represent employees at an establishment or other unit in the retail establishment or distribution center, agrees to permit the labor organization to have access to the employees, and agrees to guarantee to the labor organization the right to obtain recognition as the exclusive collective bargaining representatives of the employees in an establishment or unit at the retail establishment or distribution center by demonstrating to the New Jersey State Board of Mediation, Division of Private Employment Dispute Settlement, or a mutually agreed-upon, neutral, third-party, that a majority of workers in the unit have shown their preference for the labor organization to be their representative by signing authorization cards indicating that preference. The labor organization or organizations shall be from a list of labor organizations which have requested to be on the list and which the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development has determined represent substantial numbers of retail or distribution center employees in the State.

f. (1) For a redevelopment project whose total project cost equals or exceeds \$10 million, in addition to the incentive award agreement, a developer shall enter into a community benefits agreement with the authority and the county or municipality in which the redevelopment project is located. The agreement may include, but shall not be limited to, requirements for training, employment, and youth development and free services to underserved communities in and around the community in which the redevelopment project is located. Prior to entering a community benefits agreement, the governing body of the county or municipality in which the redevelopment project is located shall hold at least one public hearing at which the governing body shall hear testimony from residents, community groups, and other stakeholders on the needs of the community that the agreement should address.

- (2) The community benefits agreement shall provide for the creation of a community advisory committee to oversee the implementation of the agreement, monitor successes, ensure compliance with the terms of the agreement, and produce an annual public report. The community advisory committee created pursuant to this paragraph shall be comprised of representatives of diverse community groups and residents of the county or municipality in which the redevelopment project is located.
- (3) At the time the developer submits the annual report required pursuant to section 62 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-330) to the authority, the developer shall certify, under the penalty of perjury, that it is in compliance with the terms of the community benefits

agreement. If the developer fails to provide the certification required pursuant to this paragraph or the authority determines that the developer is not in compliance with the terms of the community benefits agreement based on the reports submitted by the community advisory committee pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection, then the authority may rescind an award or recapture all or part of any tax credits awarded.

- (4) A developer shall not be required to enter into a community benefits agreement pursuant to this subsection if the developer submits to the authority a copy of either the developer's approval letter from the authority or a redevelopment agreement [that] applicable to the qualified business facility, provided that the approval letter or redevelopment agreement is certified by the municipality in which the redevelopment project is located, and includes provisions that meet or exceed the standards required for a community benefits agreement in this subsection, as determined by the chief executive officer pursuant to rules adopted by the authority.
- g. A developer shall submit, prior to the first disbursement of tax credits under the incentive award agreement, but no later than six months following project completion, satisfactory evidence of actual project costs, as certified by a certified public accountant, evidence of a temporary certificate of occupancy, or other event evidencing project completion that begins the eligibility period indicated in the incentive award agreement. The developer, or an authorized agent of the developer, shall certify that the information provided pursuant to this subsection is true under the penalty of perjury. Claims, records, or statements submitted by a developer to the authority in order to receive tax credits shall not be considered claims, records, or statements made in connection with State tax laws.
- h. The incentive award agreement shall include a provision allowing the authority to extend, in individual cases, the deadline for any annual reporting or certification requirement.
- 35 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.60)

- 37 27. Section 61 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-329) is amended to 38 read as follows:
 - 61. a. Up to the limits established in subsection b. of this section and in accordance with an incentive award agreement, beginning upon the receipt of occupancy permits for any portion of the redevelopment project, or upon any other event evidencing project completion as set forth in the incentive award agreement, a developer shall be allowed a total tax credit that shall not exceed:
 - (1) 60 percent of the total project cost for the new construction of a residential project that receives a four-percent allocation from the federal Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program administered by the agency;

- (2) 50 percent of the total project cost for a commercial project that is located in a government-restricted municipality; or
- (3) 45 percent of the total project cost [of the] for any other redevelopment project [, except for a commercial project that is located in a government-restricted municipality, in which case the total tax credit allowed shall not exceed 50 percent of the total project cost of the commercial project].
- b. The value of all tax credits approved by the authority under the program for a redevelopment project <u>phase</u> shall not exceed [\$50,000,000]:
- (1) \$60,000,000 per redevelopment project [if] or phase for a residential project that is allowed a tax credit under paragraph (1) of subsection a. of this section, or a redevelopment project or phase that is located in a qualified incentive tract, government-restricted municipality, or municipality with a Municipal Revitalization Index distress score of at least 50 [, or \$32,000,000]; and
- (2) \$42,000,000 for any other redevelopment project <u>or phase</u>. (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.61)

- 28. Section 63 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-331) is amended to read as follows:
- 63. a. A developer may apply to the director and the chief executive officer of the authority for a tax credit transfer certificate, covering one or more years, in lieu of the developer being allowed any amount of the credit against the tax liability of the developer. The tax credit transfer certificate, upon receipt thereof by the developer from the director and the chief executive officer of the authority, may be sold or assigned, in full or in part in an amount not less than \$25,000, in the privilege period during which the developer receives the tax credit transfer certificate from the director, to another person, who may apply the credit against a tax liability pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5), sections 2 and 3 of P.L.1945, c.132 (C.54:18A-2 and C.54:18A-3), section 1 of P.L.1950, c.231 (C.17:32-15), or N.J.S.17B:23-5. The certificate provided to the developer shall include a statement waiving the developer's right to claim the amount of the credit that the developer has elected to sell or assign against the developer's tax liability.
- b. The developer shall not sell or assign, including a collateral assignment, a tax credit transfer certificate allowed under this section for consideration received by the developer of less than 85 percent of the transferred credit amount before considering any further discounting to present value which shall be permitted, except a developer of a residential project consisting of newly-constructed residential units may assign a tax credit transfer certificate for consideration of less than 85 percent subject to the submission of a plan to the authority and the agency to use the

- 1 proceeds derived from the assignment of tax credits to complete the 2 residential project, except a developer of a residential project
- 3 consisting of newly-constructed residential units that has received
- federal low income housing tax credits under 26 U.S.C. 4
- 5 [s.42(b)(2)(B)(i)] $\underline{s.42(b)(1)(B)(i)}$ may assign a tax credit transfer
- 6 certificate for consideration of no less than [75] 65 percent subject
- to the submission of a plan to the authority and the New Jersey 7
- 8 Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency to use the proceeds derived
- 9 from the assignment of tax credits to complete the residential
- 10 project. The tax credit transfer certificate issued to a developer by
- 11 the director shall be subject to any limitations and conditions
- 12 imposed on the application of State tax credits pursuant to sections
- 13 54 through 67 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-322 through C.34:1B-
- 14 335) and any other terms and conditions that the director may 15 prescribe.
 - c. A purchaser or assignee of a tax credit transfer certificate pursuant to this section shall not make any subsequent transfers, assignments, or sales of the tax credit transfer certificate.
 - The authority shall publish on its Internet website the following information concerning each tax credit transfer certificate approved by the authority and the director pursuant to this section:
 - (1) the name of the transferrer;
 - (2) the name of the transferee;
 - (3) the value of the tax credit transfer certificate; and
 - (4) the consideration received by the transferrer.
 - (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.63)

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- 29. Section 65 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-333) is amended to
- 29 read as follows:
- 30 65. a. As used in this section, "transformative project" means a 31
- redevelopment project that has a project financing gap, that has a 32 total project cost of at least \$100,000,000, and that includes 500,000
- 33 or more square feet of new or substantially renovated industrial,
- 34 commercial, or residential space or that includes 250,000 or more
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- square feet of film studios, professional stages, television studios,
- 36 recording studios, screening rooms, or other infrastructure for film
- 37 production and which is of special economic importance as measured by the level of new jobs, new capital investment, 38
- 39 opportunities to leverage leadership in a high-priority targeted
- 40 industry, or other state priorities as determined by the authority
- 41 pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated to implement this
- 42 section. A transformative project may be completed in phases,
- which phases may be determined by the authority based on factors 43
- 44 such as written architectural plans and specifications completed
- 45 before or during the physical work, certificates of occupancy, or
- 46 financial and operational plans. The criteria developed by the
- 47 authority shall include, but shall not be limited to:

(1) the extent to which the proposed transformative project would create modern facilities that enhance the State's competitiveness in attracting targeted industries;

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- (2) (a) for a residential [or mixed-use] project, the construction of 1,000 or more new residential units [,];
- (b) for a residential project containing less than 1,000 new residential units, the construction of 250 or more new residential units if the project is located in a government-restricted municipality, 350 or more residential units if the project is located in an enhanced area, or 600 or more residential units for all other mixed-use projects;
- (c) for a residential project containing less than 1,000 new residential units, the construction of 100,000 square feet or more of retail or commercial space, with the majority being commercial; and
- (d) for a residential project, 20 percent of [which] the new residential units shall be constructed for occupancy by low- and moderate-income households with affordability controls as required under the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c. 222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.) [and at least 5 percent of the residential units constructed as workforce housing, unless: the municipality in which the property is located has received substantive certification from the council and such a reservation is not required under the approved affordable housing plan; the municipality has been given a judgment of repose or a judgment of compliance by the court, and such a reservation is not required under the approved affordable housing plan. If the municipality in which the property is located has received substantive certification from the council and such a reservation is not required under the approved affordable housing plan or the municipality has been given a judgment of repose or a judgment of compliance by the court, and such a reservation is not required under the approved affordable housing plan, then the developer shall reserve at least 10 percent, but not more than 50 percent, of the residential units constructed for occupancy by low- and moderate-income households with affordability controls as required under the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c. 222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.) and at least 15 percent of the residential units constructed as workforce housing]; and
 - (3) the extent to which the proposed project would leverage the competitive economic development advantages of the State's mass transit assets, higher education assets, and other economic development assets in attracting or retaining both employers and skilled workers generally or in targeted industries.
- A "transformative project" shall not include a redevelopment project at which more than 50 percent of the premises is occupied by one or more businesses engaged in final point of sale retail.
- b. (1) The authority may award [an] incentive [award to no more than ten] awards to transformative projects in accordance

- with the provisions of sections [59] 55 through 67 of P.L.2020,
- 2 c.156 ([C.34:1B-327] <u>C.34:1B-323</u> through C.34:1B-335) [;
- 3 provided, however, a transformative project shall not be subject to
- 4 the competitive application procedure set forth in section 59 of
- 5 P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-327)].

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- 6 (2) (a) For transformative projects completed in phases, the
 7 developer shall enter into a transformative phase agreement with the
 8 authority.
- 9 (b) As used in this subsection, "transformative phase 10 agreement" shall mean a sub-agreement of the incentive award 11 agreement that governs the timing, capital investment, and other 12 applicable details of the respective phase of a phased project.
- 13 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 57 of P.L.2020, 14 c.156 (C.34:1B-325), or any other section of P.L.2020, c.156 15 (C.34:1B-269 et al.), to the contrary, for transformative projects 16 completed in phases, the transformative project shall be completed, 17 and the developer shall be issued certificates of occupancy for all 18 phases of the transformative project facilities by the applicable 19 enforcing agency, within eight years of executing either the 20 incentive award agreement or the first transformative phase 21 agreement corresponding to the transformative project.
- 22 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 55 and 60 of 23 P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-323 and C.34:1B-328), or any other 24 section of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et al.), to the contrary, 25 each phase of a transformative project completed in phases shall 26 have a separate eligibility period. After completing each phase, the 27 developer shall submit a certification that the phase is completed. 28 If the authority approves the certification, the tax credit allowed to 29 the developer shall be increased by the tax credit amount 30 corresponding to that phase. Notwithstanding the different 31 eligibility periods for each phase, all conditions and requirements 32 applicable during an eligibility period pursuant to sections 55 33 through 67 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-323 through C.34:1B-335) 34 shall apply to the entire transformative project until the end of the 35 eligibility period for the last phase.
 - (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 60 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-328), or any other section of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et al.), to the contrary, for a transformative project completed in phases, a review of the project financing gap shall be performed at the certification of completion of each phase, and the authority shall re-evaluate the developer's rate of return in the seventh year and at the end of the eligibility period for the last phase, provided that the authority may also re-evaluate the developer's rate of return during the fifth year of any earlier phase.
 - (6) A transformative project receiving an incentive award pursuant to this section, other than a project that includes 250,000 or more square feet of film studios, professional stages, television studios, recording studios, screening rooms or other infrastructure

1 for film production, shall be located in an incentive area, a 2 distressed municipality, a government-restricted municipality, or an 3 [urban transit hub municipality] an enhanced area. A 4 transformative project receiving an incentive award pursuant to this 5 section that includes 250,000 or more square feet of film studios, 6 professional stages, television studios, recording studios, screening 7 rooms or other infrastructure for film production may be located anywhere in the State. No more than two transformative projects 8 9 receiving an incentive award pursuant to this section shall be 10 located in the same municipality. The authority shall not consider 11 an application for a transformative project unless the applicant 12 submits with its application a letter evidencing support for the 13 transformative project from the governing body of the municipality in which the transformative project is located. 14

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- c. The authority shall review the transformative project cost, evaluate and validate the project financing gap estimated by the developer, and conduct a State fiscal impact analysis to ensure that the overall public assistance provided to the transformative project will result in a net positive benefit to the State. In determining whether a transformative project will result in a net positive benefit to the State, the authority shall not consider the value of any taxes exempted, abated, rebated, or retained under the "Five-Year Exemption and Abatement Law," P.L.1991, c.441 (C.40A:21-1 et seq.), the "Long Term Tax Exemption Law," P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-1 et al.), the "New Jersey Urban Enterprise Zones Act," P.L.1983, c.303 (C.52:27H-60 et seq.), or any other law that has the effect of lowering or eliminating the developer's State or local tax liability. The determination made pursuant to this subsection shall be based on the potential tax liability of the developer without regard for potential tax losses if the developer were to locate in another state. The authority shall assess the cost of these reviews to the applicant. A developer shall pay to the authority the full amount of the direct costs of an analysis concerning the developer's application for an incentive award that a third party retained by the authority performs, if the authority deems such retention to be necessary. The authority shall evaluate the net economic benefits on a present value basis under which the requested tax credit allocation amount is discounted to present value at the same discount rate as the projected benefits from the implementation of the proposed transformative project for which an award of tax credits is being sought. Projects that are predominantly residential shall be excluded from the calculation of the net benefit test required pursuant to this subsection.
- d. In determining net benefits for any business or person considering locating in a transformative project and applying to receive from the authority any other economic development incentive subsequent to the award of transformative project tax credits pursuant to section 65 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-333), the

authority shall not credit the business or person with any benefit that was previously credited to the transformative project pursuant to section 65 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-333).

- e. The authority shall administer the credits awarded pursuant to this section in accordance with the provisions of sections 62 and 63 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-330 and C.34:1B-331).
- 7 Prior to allocating an incentive award to a developer, the 8 authority shall confirm with the Department of Labor and 9 Workforce Development, the Department of Environmental 10 Protection, and the Department of the Treasury [shall each report to the chief executive officer of the authority whether the developer 11 12 and each contractor and subcontractor performing work at the 13 transformative project I that the developer is in substantial good 14 standing with the respective department, or the developer has 15 entered into an agreement with the respective department that 16 includes a practical corrective action plan, and the developer shall 17 certify that each contractor or subcontractor performing work at the 18 transformative project: (1) is registered as required by "The Public Works Contractor Registration Act," P.L.1999, c.238 (C.34:11-19 20 56.48 et seq.); (2) has not been debarred by Department of Labor 21 and Workforce Development from engaging in or bidding on Public 22 Works Contracts in the State; and (3) possesses a tax clearance 23 certificate issued by the Division of Taxation in the Department of 24 the Treasury. The authority may also contract with an independent 25 third party to perform a background check on the [applicant] 26 developer.
 - g. Notwithstanding the limitation on incentive awards set forth in subsection b. of section 61 and section 98 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-329 and C.34:1B-362) to the contrary, the authority may allow a developer of a transformative project a tax credit, as reimbursement for certain project financing gap costs, in an amount not to exceed [30] 40 percent of the total project cost, the total value of the project financing gap, or [\$250,000,000] \$350,000,000 whichever is less; provided, however, that for a transformative project that is developed in phases, the \$350,000,000 limitation on incentive awards set forth in this subsection shall apply to the total aggregate award for all phases of the transformative project.

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(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.65)

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- 40 30. Section 69 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-337) is amended to read as follows:
- 42 69. As used in sections 68 through 81 of P.L.2020, c.156 43 (C.34:1B-336 et al.):

"Affiliate" means an entity that directly or indirectly controls, is under common control with, or is controlled by the business. Control exists in all cases in which the entity is a member of a controlled group of corporations, as defined pursuant to section

- 1 1563 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.1563), or
- 2 the entity is an organization in a group of organizations under
- 3 common control, as defined pursuant to subsection (c) of section
- 4 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.414). A
- 5 taxpayer may establish by clear and convincing evidence, as
- 6 determined by the Director of the Division of Taxation in the
- 7 Department of the Treasury, that control exists in situations
- 8 involving lesser percentages of ownership than required by sections
- 9 1563 and 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C.
- 10 ss.1563 and 414).

- 11 "Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development
- 12 Authority established by section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-4).
- "Aviation district" means all areas within the boundaries of the 13
- 15 24 of P.L.1991, c.252 (C.27:25A-24), and the Federal Aviation

Atlantic City International Airport, established pursuant to section

- 16 Administration William J. Hughes Technical Center and the area
- 17 within a one-mile radius of the outermost boundary of the Atlantic
- 18 City International Airport and the Federal Aviation Administration
- 19 William J. Hughes Technical Center.
- 20 "Board" means the Board of the New Jersey Economic
- 21 Development Authority, established by section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80
- 22 (C.34:1B-4).
- 23 "Building services" means any cleaning or routine building
- 24 maintenance work, including but not limited to sweeping,
- 25 vacuuming, floor cleaning, cleaning of rest rooms, collecting refuse
- 26 or trash, window cleaning, securing, patrolling, or other work in
- 27 connection with the care or securing of an existing building,
- 28 including services typically provided by a door-attendant or
- 29 concierge. "Building services" shall not include any skilled
- 30 maintenance work, professional services, or other public work for
- 31 which a contractor is required to pay the "prevailing wage" as
- 32 defined in section 2 of P.L.1963, c.150 (C.34:11-56.26).
- "Business" means an applicant proposing to own or lease 33
- 34 premises in a qualified business facility that is: a corporation that is
- 35 subject to the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162
- 36 (C.54:10A-5), sections 2 and 3 of P.L.1945, c.132 (C.54:18A-2 and
- 37 C.54:18A-3), section 1 of P.L.1950, c.231 (C.17:32-15), or
- 38 N.J.S.17B:23-5, or is a partnership, S corporation, limited liability
- 39 company, or non-profit corporation. A business shall include an
- 40 affiliate of the business if that business applies for a credit based
- 41 upon any capital investment made by or full-time employees of an 42
- affiliate. If the business or tenant is a cooperative or part of a
- 43 cooperative, then the cooperative may qualify for credits by 44
- counting the full-time employees and capital investments of its 45 member organizations, and the cooperative may distribute credits to
- 46 its member organizations. If the business or tenant is a cooperative
- 47 that leases to its member organizations, the lease shall be treated as
- 48 a lease to an affiliate or affiliates. [A business shall include an

affiliate of the business if that business applies for a credit based upon any capital investment made by full-time employees of an affiliate.

4 "Capital investment" means expenses that a business or an 5 affiliate of the business incurs, or is incurred on behalf of the 6 business or affiliate by its landlord, following its submission of an 7 application to the authority pursuant to section 72 of P.L.2020, 8 c.156 (C.34:1B-340), but prior to the project completion date, as 9 shall be defined in the project agreement, for: a. site preparation and 10 construction, repair, renovation, improvement, equipping, or 11 furnishing on real property or of a building, structure, facility, or 12 improvement to real property; b. obtaining and installing 13 furnishings and machinery, apparatus, or equipment, including but 14 not limited to material goods subject to bonus depreciation under 15 sections 168 and 179 of the federal Internal Revenue Code (26 16 U.S.C. ss.168 and 179), for the operation of a business on real 17 property or in a building, structure, facility, or improvement to real 18 property; or any combination of the foregoing.

"College or university" means a county college, an independent institution of higher education, a public research university, or a State college.

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"Commitment period" means a period that is 1.5 times the eligibility period specified in the project agreement entered into pursuant to section 73 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-341), rounded up, for each applicable phase agreement.

"County college" means an educational institution established by one or more counties, pursuant to chapter 64A of Title 18A of the New Jersey Statutes.

"Director" means the Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury.

"Distressed municipality" means a municipality that is qualified to receive assistance under P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.), a municipality under the supervision of the Local Finance Board pursuant to the provisions of the "Local Government Supervision Act (1947)," P.L.1947, c.151 (C.52:27BB-1 et seq.), a municipality identified by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs to be facing serious fiscal distress, a SDA municipality, or a municipality in which a major rail station is located.

"Doctoral university" means a university located within New Jersey that is classified as a doctoral university under the Carnegie Classification of Institutions of Higher Education's Basic Classification methodology on the effective date of P.L.2017, c.221.

"Eligibility period" means the period in which an eligible business may claim a tax credit under the program for a given project phase, beginning with the tax period in which the authority accepts certification of the eligible business that it has met the capital investment and employment requirements of the program for

- 1 the respective project phase, and extending thereafter for a term of
- 2 not more than seven years, with the term to be determined at the
- 3 discretion of the applicant, provided that the term of the eligibility
- 4 period may consist of nonconsecutive tax years if the applicant
- 5 elects at any time after the end of the first tax period of the
- 6 eligibility period to defer the continuation of the eligibility period to
- 7 a subsequent tax period. The authority may extend the eligibility
- 8 period one additional tax period to accommodate a prorated
- 9 payment pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection a. of section 77 of
- 10 P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-345).

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"Eligible business" means any business that satisfies the criteria set forth in section 71 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-339) at the time of application for tax credits under the program.

"Eligible position" or "full-time job" means a full-time position in a business in this State which the business has filled with a full-time employee. An eligible position shall not include an independent contractor or a consultant.

"Employment and Investment Corridor" means the portions of the qualified incentive area that are not located within a distressed municipality and which:

- a. are designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act,"
- 22 P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), as Planning Area 1
- 23 (Metropolitan), Planning Area 2 (Suburban), a designated center
- 24 under the State Development and Redevelopment Plan, or a
- designated growth center in an endorsed plan [until June 30, 2013,]
- or until the State Planning Commission revises and readopts New
- Jersey's State [Strategic] <u>Development and Redevelopment</u> Plan and adopts regulations to revise this definition;
- b. intersect with portions of: a port district, a qualified incentive tract, or federally-owned land approved for closure under a federal Commission on Base Realignment and Closure action;
 - c. are the proposed site of a qualified incubator facility, a tourism destination project, or transit oriented development; or
 - d. contain: a vacant commercial building having over 400,000 square feet of office, laboratory, or industrial space, or any combination of office, laboratory, or industrial space, available for occupancy for a period of over one year; or a site that has been negatively impacted by the approval of a "qualified business facility," as defined pursuant to section 2 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-208).
 - "Enhanced area" means (1) <u>a municipality that contains</u> an urban transit hub as defined in section 2 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-208), (2) the five municipalities with the highest poverty rates according to the 2017 Municipal Revitalization Index, and (3) the three municipalities with the highest percentage of SNAP recipients according to the 2017 Municipal Revitalization Index.
 - "Full-time employee" means a person:

a. who is employed by a business for consideration for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time employment, and whose wages are subject to withholding as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq.;

- b. who is employed by a professional employer organization pursuant to an employee leasing agreement between the business and the professional employer organization, pursuant to P.L.2001, c.260 (C.34:8-67 et seq.) for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time employment, and whose wages are subject to withholding as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq.; or
- c. who is a resident of another State, but whose income is not subject to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., due to a reciprocity agreement with the other state, or who is a partner of a business who works for the partnership for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time employment, and whose distributive share of income, gain, loss, or deduction, or whose guaranteed payments, or any combination thereof, is subject to the payment of estimated taxes, as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., due to a reciprocity agreement with the other state.

[A "full time employee" further means a person who, except for purposes of the Statewide workforce, is provided, by the business, with employee health benefits under a health benefits plan authorized pursuant to State or federal law and who is paid no less than \$15 per hour or 120 percent of the minimum wage fixed under subsection a. of section 5 of P.L.1966, c.113 (C.34:11-56a4), whichever is higher. **]**

With respect to a logistics, manufacturing, energy, defense, aviation, or maritime business, excluding primarily warehouse or distribution operations, located in a port district having a container terminal, the requirement that employee health benefits are to be provided shall be deemed to be satisfied if the benefits are provided in accordance with industry practice by a third party obligated to provide such benefits pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement.

A "full-time employee" shall include, but shall not be limited to, an employee that has been hired by way of a labor union hiring hall or its equivalent. 35 hours of employment per week [per qualified business facility] in the State shall constitute one "full-time employee," regardless of whether or not the hours of work were performed by one or more persons.

"Full-time employee" shall not include any person who works as an independent contractor or on a consulting basis for the business or a contract worker whose income is subject to withholding as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1

et seq., except that any person working as an independent contractor or contract worker whose income is subject to withholding as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., for the business shall be deemed a full-time employee if the business demonstrates to the authority that: (a) the person working as an independent contractor for the business works at least 35 hours per week or renders any other standard service generally accepted by custom or practice as full- time employment, and the person is provided with employee health benefits under a health benefits plan authorized pursuant to State or federal law; and (b) the business provides documentation to the authority to permit the authority to verify the compensation paid to, and the time worked by, the person working as an independent contractor. The business shall provide to the authority an annual report that identifies the number of persons working as independent contractors for the business and their contractual or partnering relationship with the business.

"Full-time employee" shall not include any person who, at the time of project application, works in New Jersey for consideration for at least 35 hours per week for the business, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time employment, but who, prior to project application, was not provided, by the business, with employee health benefits under a health benefits plan authorized pursuant to State or federal law.

"Government-restricted municipality" means a municipality in this State with a municipal revitalization index distress score of at least 75, that met the criteria for designation as an urban aid municipality in the 2019 State fiscal year, and that, on the effective date of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et al.), is subject to financial restrictions imposed pursuant to the "Municipal Stabilization and Recovery Act," P.L.2016, c.4 (C.52:27BBBB-1 et seq.), or is restricted in its ability to levy property taxes on property in that municipality as a result of the State of New Jersey owning or controlling property representing at least 25 percent of the total land area of the municipality or as a result of the federal government of the United States owning or controlling at least 50 acres of the total land area of the municipality, which is dedicated as a national natural landmark.

["Incentive agreement" means the contract between the business and the authority, which sets forth the terms and conditions under which the business shall be eligible to receive the incentives authorized pursuant to the program.]

["Hospitality establishment" means a hotel, motel, or any business, however organized, that sells food, beverages, or both for consumption by patrons on the premises.]

- "Incentive area" means:
- a. an aviation district;
- 48 b. a port district;

- 1 c. a distressed municipality or [transit hub municipality] 2 enhanced area;
- 3 d. an area designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act,"
- 4 P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), as Planning Area 1
- 5 (Metropolitan), Planning Area 2 (Suburban), Planning Area 3
- 6 (Fringe Planning Area); or a Designated Center under the State
- 7 Development and Redevelopment Plan [, provided an area
- 8 designated as Planning Area 2 (Suburban) or Planning Area 3
- 9 (Fringe Planning Area) or a Designated Center shall be located
- 10 within a one-half mile radius of the mid-point, with bicycle and
- 11 pedestrian connectivity, of a New Jersey Transit Corporation, Port
- 12 Authority Transit Corporation, or Port Authority Trans-Hudson
- 13 Corporation rail, bus, or ferry station, including all light rail
- 14 stations, or a high frequency bus stop as certified by the New Jersey
- 15 Transit Corporation.];
- 16 an area located within a smart growth area and planning area
- 17 designated in a master plan adopted by the New Jersey
- 18 Meadowlands Commission pursuant to subsection (i) of section 6 of
- 19 P.L.1968, c.404 (C.13:17-6) or subject to a redevelopment plan
- 20 adopted by the New Jersey Meadowlands Commission pursuant to
- 21 section 20 of P.L.1968, c.404 (C.13:17-21);
- 22 an area located within any land owned by the New Jersey
- 23 Sports and Exposition Authority, established pursuant to P.L.1971,
- 24 c.137 (C.5:10-1 et seq.), within the boundaries of the Hackensack
- 25 Meadowlands District as delineated in section 4 of P.L.1968, c.404
- 26 (C.13:17-4);
- 27 g. an area located within a regional growth area, rural
- 28 development area zoned for industrial use as of the effective date of
- 29 P.L.2016, c.75, or town, village, or a military and federal
- 30 installation area designated in the comprehensive management plan
- 31 prepared and adopted by the Pinelands Commission pursuant to the
- 32 "Pinelands Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.);
- 33 h. an area located within a government-restricted municipality;
- 34 an area located within land approved for closure under any
- 35 federal Commission on Base Realignment and Closure action;
- an area located within an area designated pursuant to the 36
- 37 "State Planning Act," P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), as
- 38 Planning Area 4A (Rural Planning Area), Planning Area 4B
- 39 (Rural/Environmentally Sensitive), or Planning
- 40 (Environmentally Sensitive), so long as that area designated as
- Planning Area 4A (Rural Planning Area), Planning Area 4B 41 42 (Rural/Environmentally Sensitive), or Planning Area
- 43
- (Environmentally Sensitive) is located within: (1) a designated
- 44 center under the State Development and Redevelopment Plan; (2) a
- 45 designated growth center in an endorsed plan until the State 46 Planning Commission revises and readopts New Jersey's State
- 47 [Strategic] Development and Redevelopment Plan and adopts
- 48 regulations to revise this definition as it pertains to Statewide

planning areas; (3) any area determined to be in need of redevelopment pursuant to sections 5 and 6 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-5 and C.40A:12A-6) or in need of rehabilitation pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-14); (4) any area on which a structure exists or previously existed including any desired expansion of the footprint of the existing or previously existing structure provided the expansion otherwise complies with all applicable federal, State, county, and local permits and approvals; or (5) any area on which an existing tourism destination project is located; or

k. an area located in a qualified opportunity zone.

["Incentive phase agreement" means a sub-agreement of the incentive agreement that governs the timing, capital investment, employment levels, and other applicable details of the respective phase.]

"Independent institution of higher education" means a college or university incorporated and located in New Jersey, which by virtue of law, character, or license is a nonprofit educational institution authorized to grant academic degrees and which provides a level of education that is equivalent to the education provided by the State's public institutions of higher education, as attested by the receipt of and continuation of regional accreditation by the Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools, and which is eligible to receive State aid under the provisions of the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of New Jersey, but does not include any educational institution dedicated primarily to the education or training of ministers, priests, rabbis, or other professional persons in the field of religion.

"Industrial premises" or "industrial space" means premises or space in which at least 51 percent of the square footage will be or has been used for the assembling, processing, manufacturing, or any combination thereof, of finished or partially finished products from materials or fabricated parts, including, but not limited to, factories or as a warehouse if the business uses the warehouse as part of the chain of distribution for products assembled, processed, manufactured, or any combination thereof, by the business at the qualified business facility; for the breaking or demolishing of finished or partially finished products; or for the production of oil or gas or the generation or transformation of electricity.

"Industrial use" means assembling, processing, manufacturing, or any combination thereof, of finished or partially finished products from materials or fabricated parts; the breaking or demolishing of finished or partially finished products; or the production of oil or gas or the generation or transformation of electricity. "Industrial use" includes farming purposes as that term is defined under 26 U.S.C. s.6420(c)(3)(A), undertaken in an industrial space.

"Infrastructure Fund" means the Recovery Infrastructure Fund established pursuant to section 79 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.52:27D-520) to fund local infrastructure improvements.

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"Labor harmony agreement" means an agreement between a 4 5 business that serves as the owner or operator of a retail 6 establishment or distribution center and one or more labor 7 organizations, which requires, for the duration of the agreement: 8 that any participating labor organization and its members agree to 9 refrain from picketing, work stoppages, boycotts, or other economic 10 interference against the business; and that the business agrees to 11 maintain a neutral posture with respect to efforts of any 12 participating labor organization to represent employees at an 13 establishment or other unit in the retail establishment or distribution 14 center, agrees to permit the labor organization to have access to the 15 employees, and agrees to guarantee to the labor organization the 16 right to obtain recognition as the exclusive collective bargaining 17 representatives of the employees in an establishment or unit at the 18 retail establishment or distribution center by demonstrating to the 19 New Jersey State Board of Mediation, Division of Private 20 Employment Dispute Settlement, or a mutually agreed-upon, 21 neutral, third-party, that a majority of workers in the unit have 22 shown their preference for the labor organization to be their 23 representative by signing authorization cards indicating that 24 preference. The labor organization or organizations shall be from a 25 list of labor organizations which have requested to be on the list and 26 which the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development has 27 determined represent substantial numbers of retail or distribution 28 center employees in the State.

"Major rail station" means a railroad station that is located within a qualified incentive area and that provides to the public access to a minimum of six rail passenger service lines operated by the New Jersey Transit Corporation.

"Mega project" means a project of special economic importance, as determined pursuant to regulations adopted by the board, as measured by the level of new jobs, new capital investment, and opportunities to leverage leadership in a high-priority targeted industry, as determined by the authority pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated to implement sections 68 through 81 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-336 et al.).

"Minimum environmental and sustainability standards" means standards established by the authority in accordance with the green building manual prepared by the Commissioner of Community Affairs pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2007, c.132 (C.52:27D-130.6), regarding the use of renewable energy, energy-efficient technology, and non-renewable resources to reduce environmental degradation and encourage long-term cost reduction.

"Municipal Revitalization Index" means the index by the Department of Community Affairs ranking New Jersey's

municipalities according to eight separate indicators that measure diverse aspects of social, economic, physical, and fiscal conditions in each locality.

"New full-time job" means an eligible position created by a business [at a qualified business facility] that did not previously exist in this State. For the purposes of determining the number of new full-time jobs, the eligible positions of an affiliate shall be considered eligible positions of the business.

"Other eligible area" means the portions of the incentive area that are not located within a distressed municipality, or the employment and investment corridor.

"Partnership" means an entity classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes.

"Port district" means the portions of an incentive area that are located within the "Port of New York District" of the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, as defined in Article II of the Compact Between the States of New York and New Jersey of 1921; or a 15-mile radius of the outermost boundary of each marine terminal facility established, acquired, constructed, rehabilitated, or improved by the South Jersey Port District established pursuant to "The South Jersey Port Corporation Act," P.L.1968, c.60 (C.12:11A-1 et seq.).

"Professional employer organization" means an employee leasing company registered with the Department of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to P.L.2001, c.260 (C.34:8-67 et seq.).

"Program" means the Emerge Program established by section 70 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-338).

"Project" means the capital investment **[**and the employment commitment **]** at a qualified business facility and the employment commitment pursuant to the project agreement.

"Project agreement" means the contract executed between an eligible business and the authority pursuant to section 73 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-341), which sets forth the terms and conditions under which the eligible business may receive the incentives authorized pursuant to the program.

"Project labor agreement" means a form of pre-hire collective bargaining agreement covering terms and conditions of a specific project that satisfies the requirements set forth in section 5 of P.L.2002, c.44 (C.52:38-5).

"Project phase agreement" means a sub-agreement of the project agreement that governs the timing, capital investment, employment levels, and other applicable details of the respective phase.

"Public research university" means a public research university as defined in section 3 of P.L.1994, c.48 (C.18A:3B-3).

"Qualified business facility" means any building, complex of buildings, or structural components of buildings, and all machinery and equipment located therein, used in connection with the operation of a business that is not engaged in final point of sale retail business at that location, unless the building, complex of buildings or structural components of buildings, and all machinery and equipment therein, are used in connection with the operation of a tourism destination project located in the Atlantic City Tourism District as established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2011, c.18 (C.5:12-219).

"Qualified incentive tract" means: a. a population census tract having a poverty rate of 20 percent or more; or b. a census tract in which the median family income for the census tract does not exceed 80 percent of the greater of the Statewide median family income or the median family income of the metropolitan statistical area in which the census tract is situated.

"Qualified incubator facility" means a commercial building located within an incentive area: that contains 5,000 or more square feet of office, laboratory, or industrial space; that is located near, and presents opportunities for collaboration with, a research institution, teaching hospital, college, or university; and within which at least 50 percent of the gross leasable area is restricted for use by one or more technology startup companies during the commitment period.

"Qualified opportunity zone" means a federal population census tract in this State that was eligible to be designated as a qualified opportunity zone pursuant to 26 U.S.C. s.1400Z-1.

"Quality child care facility" is a child care center licensed by the Department of Children and Families or a registered family child care home with the Department of Human Services, operating continuously, which has not been subject to an enforcement action, and which has and maintains a [total] licensed capacity [of at least 60] for children age [6] 13 years or younger who attend for less than 24 hours a day.

"Retained full-time job" means an eligible position that currently exists in New Jersey and is filled by a full-time employee, but which, because of a potential relocation by the business [,] or is at risk of being lost to another state or country [or of being eliminated]. For the purposes of determining the number of retained full-time jobs, the eligible positions of an affiliate shall be considered eligible positions of the business.

"SDA district" means an SDA district as defined in section 3 of P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-3).

"SDA municipality" means a municipality in which an SDA district is situated.

"Small business" means a business engaged primarily in a targeted industry with fewer than 100 employees, as determined at the time of application.

"State college" means a State college or university established pursuant to chapter 64 of Title 18A of the New Jersey Statutes.

"Targeted industry" means any industry identified from time to time by the authority which shall initially include advanced transportation and logistics, advanced manufacturing, aviation, autonomous vehicle and zero-emission vehicle research or development, clean energy, life sciences, hemp processing, information and high technology, finance and insurance, professional services, film and digital media, non-retail food and beverage businesses including food innovation, and other innovative industries that disrupt current technologies or business models.

"Technology startup company" means a for-profit business that has been in operation fewer than seven years at the time that it initially occupies or expands in a qualified business facility and is developing or possesses a proprietary technology or business method of a high technology or life science-related product, process, or service, which proprietary technology or business method the business intends to move to commercialization. The business shall be deemed to have begun operation on the date that the business first hired at least one employee in a full-time position.

"Tourism destination project" means a qualified non-gaming business facility that will be among the most visited privately owned or operated tourism or recreation sites in the State, and which is located within the incentive area and has been determined by the authority to be in an area appropriate for development and in need of economic development incentive assistance, including a non-gaming business within an established tourism district with a significant impact on the economic viability of that tourism district.

"Transit oriented development" means a qualified business facility located within a 1/2-mile radius, or one-mile radius for projects located in a Government-restricted municipality, surrounding the mid-point of a New Jersey Transit Corporation, Port Authority Transit Corporation, or Port Authority Trans-Hudson Corporation rail, bus, or ferry station platform area, including all light rail stations.

"Transit hub" means an urban transit hub, as defined in section 2 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-208), that is located within an eligible municipality, as defined in section 2 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-208), and that is also located within an incentive area.

"Transit hub municipality" means a Transit Village or a municipality: a. which qualifies for State aid pursuant to P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.), or which has continued to be a qualified municipality thereunder pursuant to P.L.2007, c.111; and b. in which 30 percent or more of the value of real property was exempt from local property taxation during tax year 2006. The percentage of exempt property shall be calculated by dividing the total exempt value by the sum of the net valuation which is taxable and that which is tax exempt.

"Transit Village" means a municipality that has been designated as a transit village by the Commissioner of Transportation and the Transit Village Task Force.

4 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.69)

- 31. Section 71 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-339) is amended to read as follows:
- 71. a. Beginning on the effective date of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et al.), but prior to March 1, 2027, to be eligible for tax credits under the program, a business's chief executive officer, or equivalent officer, shall demonstrate to the authority at the time of application that:
- (1) the business will make, acquire, or lease a capital investment at the qualified business facility equal to or greater than the applicable amount set forth in subsection b. of this section;
- (2) the business will create or retain new and retained full-time jobs **[**at the qualified business facility **]** in the State in an amount equal to or greater than the applicable number set forth in subsection c. of this section;
- (3) the qualified business facility is located in a qualified incentive area;
- (4) the award of tax credits will be a material factor in the business's decision to create or retain the number of new and retained full-time jobs set forth in its application;
- (5) the award of tax credits, the capital investment resultant from the award of tax credits, and the resultant creation and retention of new and retained full-time jobs will yield a net positive benefit to the State equaling at least 400 percent of the requested tax credit allocation amount, or for a phased project the requested tax credit allocation amount for the initial phase, and on a cumulative basis each phase thereafter, which determination shall be calculated prior to considering the value of the requested tax credit under the program and shall be based on the benefits generated during the period of time from approval through the end of the commitment period, or through the end of the longer period of extended commitment that the business may elect for purposes of receiving credit for benefits projected to occur after the expiration of the commitment period, except that:
- (a) an award of tax credits to a business for a qualified business facility located in a distressed municipality or [transit hub municipality] an enhanced area shall yield a net positive benefit to the State, based on the benefits generated during the period of time from approval through the end of the commitment period, that equals at least 300 percent of the requested tax credit amount;
- (b) an award of tax credits to a business for a qualified business facility located in a government-restricted municipality, or for a mega project, shall yield a net positive benefit to the State, based on the benefits generated during the period of time from approval

through the end of the commitment period, that equals at least 200 percent of the requested tax credit amount;

- (c) the net economic benefits shall be evaluated on a present value basis with the requested tax credit allocation amount discounted to present value at the same discount rate as the benefits from capital investment resultant from the award of tax credits and the resultant retention and creation of full-time jobs as provided in subparagraph (d) of this paragraph; and
- (d) [the net economic benefits shall be discounted to reflect the uncertainty of the business's location after the commitment period expires, provided that] a business may elect a period of extended commitment beyond the commitment period for which time the economic benefits shall be creditable to the determination of the net economic benefit of the project, and a business electing a period of extended commitment and failing to maintain the project through the expiration of that extended commitment period shall be obligated to repay a proportion of the incremental benefits received on account of having extended the commitment period, taking into consideration the number of years of extended commitment during which the business maintained the project;
- (e) in making the determination required pursuant to this paragraph, the authority shall not consider the value of any taxes exempted, abated, rebated, or retained under the "Five-Year Exemption and Abatement Law," P.L.1991, c.441 (C.40A:21-1 et seq.), the "Long Term Tax Exemption Law," P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-1 et al.), the "New Jersey Urban Enterprise Zones Act," P.L.1983, c.303 (C.52:27H-60 et seq.), or any other law that has the effect of lowering or eliminating the business's State or local tax liability, and the business's chief executive officer or equivalent officer shall certify, under the penalty of perjury, that all documents submitted, and factual assertions made, to the authority to demonstrate that the award of tax credits will yield a net positive benefit to the State in accordance with this paragraph are true and accurate at the time of submission;
- (f) If, during the term of the program, the methodology used by the authority in projecting benefits of a project in making the determination required pursuant to this paragraph is modified, the respective percentages by which the benefits must exceed the requested tax credit allocation amount set forth pursuant to this paragraph (5) may be adjusted to ensure consistent application of the respective thresholds in this paragraph (5) applied to each application;
- (6) the qualified business facility shall be in compliance with minimum environmental and sustainability standards;
- 45 (7) the project shall comply with the authority's affirmative 46 action requirements, adopted pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1979, 47 c.303 (C.34:1B-5.4); and

(8) (a) each worker employed to perform construction work or building services work at the qualified business facility shall be paid not less than the prevailing wage rate for the worker's craft or trade, as determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to P.L.1963, c.150 (C.34:11-56.25 et seq.) and P.L.2005, c.379 (C.34:11-56.58 et seq.), unless:

- (i) the work performed under the contract is performed at a qualified business facility owned by a landlord that is not a business receiving authority assistance;
- (ii) the landlord is a party to the construction contract, building services contract, or both; and
- (iii) the qualified business facility constitutes a lease of less than 35 percent of the **[**qualified business**]** entire facility at the time of contract and under any agreement to subsequently lease the qualified business facility.
- (b) In accordance with section 1 of P.L.1979, c.303 (C.34:1B-5.1), nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as requiring the payment of prevailing wage for construction commencing more than two years after **[**a business has executed with the authority a commitment letter regarding authority financial assistance and the first payment or other provision of the assistance is received **]** the authority has issued the first certificate of compliance pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection a. of section 77 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-345).
- b. (1) The minimum capital investment required to be eligible under the program shall be as follows:
- (a) for the rehabilitation, improvement, fit-out, or retrofit of an existing industrial, warehousing, logistics, or research and development portion of the premises for continued similar use by the business, a minimum investment of \$20 per square foot of gross leasable area;
- (b) for the new construction of an industrial, warehousing, logistics, or research and development portion of the premises for use by the business, a minimum investment of \$60 per square foot of gross leasable area;
- (c) for the rehabilitation, improvement, fit-out, or retrofit of existing portion of the premises that does not qualify pursuant to subparagraph (a) or (b) of this paragraph, a minimum investment of \$40 per square foot of gross leasable area;
- (d) for the new construction of a portion of the premises that does not qualify pursuant to subparagraph (a) or (b) of this paragraph, a minimum investment of \$120 per square foot of gross leasable area; and
- (e) for a small business, no new minimum capital investment shall be required, provided the applicant has demonstrated evidence satisfactory to the authority of its intent to remain in the State for the commitment period.

(2) In the event the business invests less than that amount set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection in the qualified business facility, the business shall donate the uninvested balance to the infrastructure fund established pursuant to section 79 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.52:27D-520).

- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, the authority may adopt, pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations adjusting the minimum capital investment amounts required under the program when necessary to respond to the prevailing economic conditions in the State.
- c. (1) The minimum number of new or retained full-time jobs required to be eligible under the program shall be as follows:
- (a) for a small business, 25 percent growth of its workforce with new full-time jobs within the eligibility period in accordance with subsection e. of section 76 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-344);
- (b) for a business engaged primarily in a targeted industry which does not qualify as a small business, 25 new full-time jobs;
 - (c) for any other business, a minimum of 35 new full-time jobs;
- (d) for a business eligible for new full-time jobs under subparagraphs (b) or (c) of this paragraph, the business shall also be eligible for retained full-time jobs in addition to the new full-time jobs if the business will retain 150 retained full-time jobs when locating in a government-restricted municipality, 250 retained full-time jobs when locating in a qualified incentive tract or enhanced area municipality, or 500 retained full-time jobs when locating anywhere else in the State;
- (e) for a business [located] not eligible under subparagraphs (b), (c), or (d) of this paragraph and locating in a qualified incentive tract, enhanced area, or government-restricted municipality that will retain 500 or more retained full-time jobs, a minimum of the business's retained full-time jobs at the time of application [and new construction or rehabilitation, improvement, fit-out, or retrofit of an existing portion of the premises equal in size to the space occupied by the business's retained full-time jobs at the time of application];
- [(e)] (f) for a business not eligible under subparagraphs (b), (c), (d), or (e) of this paragraph and located in the State that will retain 1,000 or more retained full-time jobs, a minimum of the business's retained full-time jobs at the time of application [and new construction or rehabilitation, improvement, fit-out, or retrofit of an existing portion of the premises equal in size to the space occupied by the business's retained full-time jobs at the time of application].
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the authority may adopt, pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations adjusting the minimum number of new

or retained full-time jobs required under the program when necessary to respond to the prevailing economic conditions in the State.

- d. A business [shall provide and adhere] that provides and adheres to a plan that demonstrates that the qualified business facility is capable of accommodating more than half of the business's new [or] and retained full-time employees as approved and [shall certify] that certifies, under the penalty of perjury, that not less than 80 percent of the withholdings of new [or] and retained full-time jobs are subject to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. shall be eligible. The requirements set forth in this subsection may be modified by the authority to respond to an emergency, disaster, or other factors that result in employees of an eligible business having to work from a location other than the qualified business facility.
 - e. The **[**owner**]** chief executive officer of the business, or an **[**authorized agent of the owner**]** equivalent officer, shall certify that all factual representations made by the business to the authority pursuant to subsection a. of this section are true under the penalty of perjury.
 - f. A business eligible pursuant to this section may submit an application to the authority in accordance with the provisions of section 72 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-340) on or after the effective date of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et al.) but prior to March 1, 2027.

26 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.71)

- 32. Section 72 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-340) is amended to read as follows:
- 72. a. A business that meets the eligibility criteria in section 71 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-339) and is seeking a grant of tax credits for a project under the program shall submit an application for approval of the project to the authority in a form and manner prescribed in regulations adopted by the authority pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.).
- b. (1) Before the board may consider an eligible business's application for tax credits, the <u>authority shall confirm with the</u> Department of Labor and Workforce Development, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the Department of the Treasury [shall each report to the chief executive officer of the authority] whether the eligible business is in [compliance] <u>substantial good standing</u> with the respective department, or, if necessary, has entered into an agreement with the respective department that includes a practical corrective action plan for the eligible business. The business entity shall certify that contractors or subcontractors

that will perform work at the qualified business facility: (1) are

1 registered as required by "The Public Works Contractor 2 Registration Act," P.L.1999, c.238 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.); (2) have 3 not been debarred by Department of Labor and Workforce 4 Development from engaging in or bidding on Public Works 5 Contracts in the State; and (3) possess a tax clearance certificate 6 issued by the Division of Taxation in the Department of the 7 <u>Treasury.</u> The authority may also contract with an independent 8 third party to perform a background check on the eligible business. 9 Provided that the eligible business is in substantial good standing, 10 or has entered into such an agreement, and each contractor and 11 subcontractor is in compliance with this paragraph, before the board 12 may approve an eligible business's application for tax credits, the 13 eligible business shall execute a non-binding letter of intent with 14 the chief executive officer of the authority, specifying the amount and terms and conditions of tax credits that the authority is prepared 15 16 to propose for board approval and that are intended to be a material 17 factor in the decision by the eligible business to create or retain the 18 proposed number of new and retained full-time jobs, and in which 19 the eligible business certifies such tax credits are a material factor 20 in its decision.

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(2) To assist the authority in determining whether the award of tax credits is a material factor in the eligible business's decision to create or retain the minimum number of new and retained full-time jobs for eligibility under the program, the chief executive officer of the authority shall require the eligible business to submit, as part of its application, a full economic analysis of all locations under consideration by the eligible business; all lease agreements, ownership documents, or substantially similar documentation for the eligible business's [current] proposed in-State locations; and all lease agreements, ownership documents, or substantially similar documentation for potential out-of-State location alternatives, to the extent they exist. The chief executive officer of the authority may further consider the costs associated with opening and maintaining a business in New Jersey, competitive proposals that the eligible business has received from other states, the prevailing economic conditions, and any other factors that the chief executive officer of the authority deems relevant to assist the authority in determining whether an award of tax credits is a material factor in the eligible business's decision. Based on this information, the authority shall independently verify and confirm the eligible business's assertion that the award of tax credits under the program is a material factor in the eligible business's decision to create or retain the minimum number of new and retained full-time jobs for eligibility under the program and, in the case of retained full-time jobs, the jobs are actually at risk of leaving the State, before the authority may award the eligible business any tax credits under the " Emerge Program Act," sections 70 through 81 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-338 et al.). The [owner] chief executive officer of the eligible business,

- or an **[**authorized agent of the owner**]** equivalent officer, shall certify that all factual representations made by the business to the authority pursuant to this paragraph are true under the penalty of perjury.
 - c. An eligible business shall pay to the authority the full amount of the direct costs of an analysis concerning the eligible business's application for a tax credit, which a third party retained by the authority performs, if the authority deems such retention to be necessary. The authority shall have the discretion to waive all or a portion of the costs of application for a small business.
 - d. If at any time during the eligibility period the authority determines that the eligible business made a material misrepresentation on the eligible business's application, the eligible business shall forfeit all tax credits awarded under the program, which shall be in addition to any other criminal or civil penalties to which the business and the officer may be subject.
 - e. If circumstances require an eligible business to amend its application to the authority, then the <code>[owner]</code> chief executive officer of the eligible business, or an <code>[authorized</code> agent of the owner <code>]</code> equivalent officer, shall certify to the authority that the information provided in its amended application is true under the penalty of perjury.
 - f. Nothing shall preclude a business from applying for tax credits under the program for more than one project pursuant to one or more applications.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.72)

- 33. Section 73 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-341) is amended to read as follows:
- 73. a. Following approval by the board, but before the issuance of tax credits, the authority shall require an eligible business to enter into a project agreement. The terms of the project agreement shall be consistent with the eligibility requirements of section 71 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-339), as applicable, and shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following:
- (1) (a) a detailed description of the proposed project which will result in job creation or retention, and the number of new and retained full-time jobs that are approved for tax credits;
- (b) for a phased project, **[**an incentive**]** a project phase agreement for which each phase identifies a description of the phase, the expected capital investment and number of new full-time jobs, and the time following acceptance of the **[**incentive**]** project agreement when each phase is to begin and be completed, with the awarding of tax credits under the **[**incentive**]** project agreement to be predicated on the number of full-time jobs created through the fulfillment of each **[**incentive**]** project phase agreement;

(2) the eligibility period of the tax credits or, for a phased project, the eligibility period of the tax credits for each phase;

- (3) personnel information that will enable the authority to administer the program;
- (4) a requirement that the eligible business maintain the project at a location in New Jersey for the commitment period, with at least the minimum number of full-time jobs as required by this program, and a provision to permit the authority to recapture all or part of any tax credits awarded, at its discretion, if the eligible business does not remain in compliance with this provision for the required term or significantly reduces the number of full-time employees, or the salaries thereof, to which the eligible business certified at the commencement of the eligibility period;
- (5) a method for the eligible business to certify that it has met the capital investment and employment requirements of the program set forth in subsections b. and c. of section 71 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-339) and to report annually to the authority the number of new and retained full-time employees, and the salaries thereof, for which the tax credits are to be allowed;
- (6) representations that the eligible business is in substantial good standing with the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Labor and Workforce Development, and the Department of the Treasury or Imeets the agreement requirements described in paragraph (1) of subsection b. of section 71 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-339) has entered into an agreement with the departments that includes a practical corrective action plan, and the project complies with all applicable laws, and specifically, that the project does not violate any environmental law;
- (7) a provision permitting an audit of the payroll records of the business from time to time, as the authority deems necessary;
- (8) a provision that the chief executive officer of the authority receives annual reports from the eligible business and that allows the authority to confirm that the eligible business is in substantial good standing with the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Labor and Workforce Development, and the Department of the Treasury Idemonstrating that the eligible business and each contractor and subcontractor performing work at the qualified business facility is in compliance with the respective department], or has entered into an agreement with the respective department that includes a practical corrective action plan [, and a provision providing that if the eligible business is not in compliance with its legal obligations of rules administered by these departments and has been given formal notice thereof, **]**. As part of the annual reports required by this paragraph, the eligible business shall confirm that each contractor or subcontractor performing work at the qualified business facility: (1) is registered as required by "The Public Works Contractor Registration Act," P.L.1999, c.238

- 1 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.); (2) has not been debarred by Department of
- 2 <u>Labor and Workforce Development from engaging in or bidding on</u>
- 3 Public Works Contracts in the State; and (3) possesses a tax
- 4 <u>clearance certificate issued by the Division of Taxation in the</u>
- 5 Department of the Treasury. If the eligible business does not
- 6 submit the report required under this paragraph, if the Department
- 7 of Environmental Protection, the Department of Labor and
- 8 Workforce Development, and the Department of the Treasury
- 9 advises that the eligible business is neither in substantial good
- 10 standing nor has entered into a practical corrective action plan, or if
- 11 the eligible business fails to confirm that each contractor or
- 12 <u>subcontractor is in compliance with this paragraph,</u> then the
- 13 [authority] eligible business may [suspend] forfeit the issuance of
- 14 tax credits, pending resolution of the [dispute] underlying
- 15 <u>violations or other issues;</u>
 - (9) a requirement for the eligible business to engage in on-site consultations with the Division of Workplace Safety and Health in the Department of Health;
- 19 (10) a provision permitting the authority to amend the 20 agreement;
- 21 and

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- 22 (11) a provision establishing the conditions under which the 23 authority, the eligible business, or both, may terminate the 24 agreement.
 - b. (1) For a project whose total project cost equals or exceeds \$10 million, in addition to the project agreement, an eligible business shall enter into a community benefits agreement with the authority and the county or municipality in which the qualified business facility is located. The agreement may include, but shall not be limited to, requirements for training, employment, and youth development and free services to underserved communities in and around the community in which the qualified business facility is located. Prior to entering a community benefits agreement, the governing body of the county or municipality in which the qualified business facility is located shall hold at least one public hearing at which the governing body shall hear testimony from residents, community groups, and other stakeholders on the needs of the community that the agreement should address.
 - (2) The community benefits agreement shall provide for the creation of a community advisory committee to oversee the implementation of the agreement, monitor successes, ensure compliance with the terms of the agreement, and produce an annual public report. The community advisory committee created pursuant to this paragraph shall be comprised of representatives from community groups and residents of the county or municipality in which the qualified business facility is located.
- 47 (3) At the time the eligible business submits the annual report 48 required pursuant to section 77 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-345) to

1 the authority, the eligible business shall certify, under the penalty of 2 perjury, that it is in compliance with the terms of the community 3 benefits agreement. If the eligible business fails to provide the 4 certification required pursuant to this paragraph or the authority 5 determines that the eligible business is not in compliance with the 6 terms of the community benefits agreement based on the reports 7 submitted by the community advisory committee pursuant to 8 paragraph (2) of this subsection, then the authority may rescind the 9 award or recapture all or part of any tax credits awarded.

(4) An eligible business shall not be required to enter into a community benefits agreement pursuant to this subsection if the eligible business submits to the authority a copy of the either eligible business's [project agreement that] approval letter from the authority or a redevelopment agreement applicable to the qualified business facility, provided that the approval letter or redevelopment agreement is certified by the municipality in which the project is located and includes provisions that meet or exceed the standards required for a community benefits agreement in this subsection, as determined by the chief executive officer pursuant to rules adopted by the authority.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.73)

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34. Section 74 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-342) is amended to read as follows:

74. a. [Commencing with the date six months following the date Following board approval within a time established by the authority and prior to the authority and an eligible business [execute] executing a project agreement, the eligible business shall demonstrate that it has obtained site plan approval and has committed financing for, and site control of, the qualified business If the eligible business obtained site control of the qualified business facility prior to the execution of the letter of intent pursuant to section 72 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-340), then the authority may rescind approval of the award of tax credits, unless the eligible business disclosed the fact that the eligible business had obtained the site prior to executing the letter of intent and the authority determines that the award of tax credits was still a material factor in the eligible business's decision to create or retain the minimum number of new and retained full-time jobs for eligibility under the program. The eligible business shall provide an estimated date of completion and shall submit periodic progress reports. The authority may rescind an award of tax credits if an eligible business fails to provide the information required under this section within the period indicated in the approval of the tax credits by the board. The authority may rescind an award of tax credits under the program if a project fails to advance in accordance with the project agreement.

- 1 b. Upon completion of the capital investment and employment 2 requirements of the program, an eligible business shall submit to 3 the authority certifications evidencing that the eligible business has 4 satisfied the conditions relating to the capital investment and 5 employment requirements of the project agreement with supporting evidence satisfactory to the authority. 6 Absent extenuating 7 circumstances and the written approval of the authority, the eligible 8 business shall submit the certification within three years following 9 the date of approval of the application. The authority may grant 10 two six-month extensions of the deadline; provided that the date of [completion] <u>certification</u> shall not occur later than four years 11 following the date of approval of the application by the authority; 12 13 provided further that the authority may grant one additional 14 extension not to exceed one year upon a finding by the authority 15 that: (1) the project is delayed due to unforeseeable acts related to 16 the project beyond the eligible business's control and without its 17 fault or negligence; (2) the eligible business is using best efforts, 18 with all due diligence, to proceed with the completion of the project 19 and the submission of the certification; and (3) the eligible business 20 has made, and continues to make, all reasonable efforts to prevent, 21 avoid, mitigate, and overcome the delay. To qualify for the one-22 year extension, the eligible business shall provide timely notice to 23 the authority of the delay within 30 days after the eligible business 24 has actual or constructive knowledge of the delay, and shall provide 25 periodic reports, not less than every 30 days, of the status of the 26 delay and the steps the eligible business is taking to mitigate or 27 overcome the delay.
 - c. If the Governor declares an emergency, then the chief executive officer of the authority shall have the discretion to grant an extension for the duration of the emergency and the board of the authority, upon recommendation of the chief executive officer, may grant two additional six-month extensions; provided, however, that:
 (i) the extensions are due to the economic disruption caused by the emergency; (ii) the project is delayed due to unforeseeable acts related to the project beyond the eligible business's control and without its fault or negligence; (iii) the eligible business is using best efforts, with all due diligence, to proceed with the completion of the project and the submission of the certification; and (iv) the eligible business has made, and continues to make, all reasonable efforts to prevent, avoid, mitigate, and overcome the delay.
 - d. The **[**owner**]** chief executive officer of the eligible business, or an **[**authorized agent of the owner**]** equivalent officer, shall certify that the information provided pursuant to this section is true under the penalty of perjury.
- 45 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.74)

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35. Section 75 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-343) is amended to read as follows:

- 75. a. The total amount of the tax credit for an eligible business for each new or retained full-time job shall be as set forth in subsections b. through g. of this section. The total tax credit amount shall be calculated and credited to the business annually for each year of the eligibility period, notwithstanding any other provisions of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et al.) to the contrary.
 - b. The base amount of the tax credit for each new or retained full-time job for an eligible business shall be as follows:

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- (1) for **[**an eligible**]** <u>a qualified</u> business facility located within a government-restricted municipality, or which is a mega project, \$4,000 per year;
- (2) for a qualified business facility located within an enhanced area, \$3,500 per year;
- (3) for a qualified business facility located within a distressed municipality, \$3,000 per year;
- (4) for a project in a qualified opportunity zone or an employment and investment corridor, \$2,500 per year; and
 - (5) for a project in other eligible areas, \$500 per year.
- c. (1) In addition to the base amount of the tax credit, the amount of the tax credit to be awarded for each new or retained full-time job shall be increased with the following bonuses:
- (a) for an eligible business with a qualified business facility located in a municipality with a Municipal Revitalization Index distress score greater than 50, an increase of \$1,000 per year;
- (b) for an eligible business with a qualified business facility at which the capital investment in industrial or research and development premises for industrial or research and development use by the business is in excess of the minimum capital investment required for eligibility pursuant to subsection b. of section 71 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-339), an increase of [\$1,000] \$500 per year for each additional amount of investment that exceeds the minimum amount required for eligibility by 40 percent, with a maximum increase of [\$3,000] \$1,500 per year, unless the project qualifies as a mega project or the qualified business facility is located in a government-restricted municipality, in which case the maximum increase is \$5,000 per year;
- 37 (c) for an eligible business with large numbers of new full-time 38 jobs during the **[**commitment**]** <u>eligibility</u> period, the increases shall 39 be in accordance with the following schedule:
- 40 (i) if the number of new full-time jobs is between 251 and 400, \$500 per year;
- 42 (ii) if the number of new full-time jobs is between 401 and 600, 43 \$750 per year;
- 44 (iii) if the number of new full-time jobs is between 601 and 800, 45 [\$1000] \$1,000 per year;
- 46 (iv) if the number of new full-time jobs is between 801 and 1,000, \$1,250 per year;

(v) if the number of new full-time jobs is in excess of 1,000, \$1,500 per year;

- (d) for an eligible business that annually funds an industry-specific training program, which has the capacity to enroll 10 percent or more of the eligible business's full-time workforce, or pays a State educational institution to provide to the public an industry-specific training program, an increase of \$500 per year; provided, however, that if the training program is provided by a State educational institution that is within 10 miles of the qualified business facility, then the increase shall be \$1,000 per year;
- (e) for an eligible business that qualifies as a small business, an increase of \$500 per year;
- (f) for an eligible business with new full-time jobs and retained full-time jobs at the qualified business facility with a median salary in excess of the existing median salary for the county in which the project is located, or, in the case of a project in a government-restricted municipality, a business [that employs] with employees in full-time positions at the project with a median salary in excess of the median salary for the government-restricted municipality, an increase of [\$250] \$200 per year during the eligibility period for each 35 percent by which the project's median salary levels exceeds the county or government-restricted municipality median salary, with a maximum increase of [\$1,500] \$1,000 per year;
- (g) Ifor an eligible business with a qualified business facility located in a qualified incentive tract, an increase of \$500 per year I (Deleted by amendment, P.L. , c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill);
- (h) for an eligible business engaged primarily in a targeted industry, an increase of \$500 per year;
- (i) for an eligible business with a qualified business facility located in a qualified incubator facility, an increase of \$500 per year;
- (j) for an eligible business that enters into a labor harmony agreement in accordance with section 69 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-337), an increase of \$2,000 per year for the portion of the project subject to that labor harmony agreement; provided further that an eligible business receiving a bonus under this subparagraph may exceed the limitation applicable to the eligible business pursuant to subsection d. of this section by an amount not to exceed \$1,000;
- (k) for an eligible business that provides its employees access to child care either through an on-site quality child care facility free of charge to its employees or through reimbursements paid by the eligible business to its employees for the cost of child care in accordance with standards adopted by the authority, an increase of \$1,000 per year;

- (1) for an eligible business that enters, or has previously entered, into [a] an active partnership with a [prisoner] re-entry program for the purpose of identifying and promoting employment opportunities at the eligible business for former inmates and current inmates leaving the corrections system, and that hires at least one active participant in the re-entry program as a full-time employee, an increase of \$500 per year.
- (m) for an eligible business with a qualified business facility that exceeds the Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design's "Silver" rating standards but does not exceed "Gold" rating standards or completes substantial environmental remediation, an additional increase of \$250 per year, or for an eligible business with a qualified business facility that exceeds the Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design's "Gold" rating standards, an additional increase of \$500 per year;
- (n) for an eligible business in a targeted industry with a qualified business facility that is used by the eligible business to conduct a full time collaborative relationship with a college or university, including, but not limited to, a doctoral university, an increase of \$1,000 per year;
- (o) for an eligible business with a project that generates solar, geo-thermal, wind, or any other renewable or distributed energy on site for use within the qualified business facility of an amount that equals at least 50 percent of the qualified business facility electric supply service needs, an increase of \$500 per year;
- (p) for an eligible business with a marine terminal project in a municipality located outside a government-restricted municipality, but within the geographical boundaries of the South Jersey Port District, an increase of \$1,500 per year;
- (q) for an eligible business with a qualified business facility located in a qualified opportunity zone, an increase of \$1,000 per year; and
- (r) for an eligible business if one-third or more of the members of the eligible business's governing board or other governing body self-identify as members of an underrepresented community, which may include Black, African American, Hispanic, Latino, Asian, Pacific Islander, Native American, Native Hawaiian, Alaska Native or gay, lesbian, bisexual or transgender, an increase of \$2,000 per year for each new or retained full-time job. The authority shall work with the Chief Diversity Officer or other State entities to ensure that the bonus provided under this subparagraph is implemented faithfully and in compliance with law.
- (2) The authority shall not award a bonus to an eligible business with full-time jobs at the qualified business facility that pay less than \$15 per hour or 120 percent of the minimum wage fixed under subsection a. of section 5 of P.L.1966, c.113 (C.34:11-56a4), whichever is higher.

(3) The authority may adopt, pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), criteria in addition to, or in place of, the criteria set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection in response to the prevailing economic conditions in the State.

- d. The gross amount of the tax credit available to an eligible business for each new or retained full-time job shall be the sum of the base amount set forth in subsection b. of this section and the various additional bonus amounts for which the business is eligible pursuant to subsection c. of this section, subject to the following limitations:
- (1) for a mega project or a project in a government-restricted municipality, the gross amount for each new or retained full-time job shall not exceed \$8,000 per year;
- (2) for a qualified business facility located within an enhanced area, the gross amount for each new or retained full-time job shall not exceed \$6,000 per year;
- (3) for a qualified business facility within a distressed municipality, the gross amount for each new or retained full-time job shall not exceed \$5,000 per year;
- (4) for a qualified business facility in a qualified opportunity zone or an employment and investment corridor, the gross amount for each new or retained full-time job shall not exceed \$4,000 per year; and
- (5) for a qualified business facility in other eligible areas, the gross amount for each new or retained full-time job shall not exceed \$3,000 per year.
- The authority shall reduce the gross amount of tax credits per full-time job: (1) if the median salary of new full-time jobs and retained full-time jobs [at the qualified business facility] subject to the project agreement is less than the existing median salary for the county in which the qualified business facility is located; or (2) for a project located in a government-restricted municipality, if the median salary of new full-time jobs and retained full-time jobs subject to the project agreement is less than the existing median salary for the municipality in which the qualified business facility is <u>located</u>. The authority shall reduce the gross amount of tax credits per full-time job by an amount, in percentage points, equal to the percentage the median salary of new full-time jobs and retained full-time jobs [at the qualified business facility] subject to the project agreement is below the existing median salary for the county or government-restricted municipality in which the qualified business facility is located. The authority shall not award a tax credit to an eligible business if the median salary of new full-time jobs and retained full-time jobs [at the qualified business facility] that would otherwise be subject to the project agreement is 30 percent or more below the relevant existing median salary for the

county <u>or government-restricted municipality</u> in which the qualified business facility is located.

- f. After the determination by the authority of the gross amount of tax credits for which an eligible business is eligible pursuant to subsection d. of this section, the final total tax credit amount shall be calculated as follows: (1) for each new full-time job, the eligible business shall be allowed tax credits equaling [the lesser of] 100 percent of the gross amount of tax credits for each new full-time job; and (2) for each retained full-time job, the eligible business shall be allowed tax credits equaling 50 percent of the gross amount of tax credits for each retained full-time job.
- g. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. through f. of this section to the contrary, for each application approved by the board, the amount of tax credits available to be applied by the business annually shall not exceed an amount determined by the authority to be necessary to induce the project to be sited in New Jersey as determined by the board. The authority shall determine the amount necessary to complete the project through staff analysis of all locations under consideration by the eligible business and all lease agreements, ownership documents, or substantially similar documentation for the eligible business's [current] proposed in-State locations and potential out-of-State location alternatives, competitive proposals from other states, the prevailing economic conditions, and any other information that the authority deems relevant.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.75)

36. Section 76 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-344) is amended to read as follows:

- 76. a. (1) If, in any tax period, an eligible business reduces the total number of full-time employees in its Statewide workforce by more than 20 percent from the number of full-time employees in its Statewide workforce in the last tax period prior to the credit amount approval under the program, then the eligible business shall forfeit its credit amount for that tax period and each subsequent tax period, until the first tax period for which documentation demonstrating the restoration of the eligible business's Statewide workforce to the threshold levels required by this subsection has been reviewed and approved by the authority, for which tax period and each subsequent tax period the full amount of the credit shall be allowed.
- (2) If the annual report filed by an eligible business pursuant to section 77 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-345) provides that the number of new full-time employees employed by the eligible business [at the qualified business facility] subject to the project agreement, or the salaries thereof, was reduced by more than 10 percent of the number of new full-time employees, or salaries thereof, in the annual report of the prior year, or the project agreement if the annual report is the first such report filed, then the

authority may reevaluate the net positive economic benefit of the project and reduce the size of the award accordingly. This reduction shall not affect any recapture under subsection f. of this section.

- b. If, in any tax period, the number of full-time employees employed by the eligible business [at the qualified business facility] subject to the project agreement, or the salaries thereof, drops below 80 percent of the number of new and retained full-time jobs, and the salaries thereof, specified in the project agreement or the [incentive] project phase agreement, then the eligible business shall forfeit its tax credit amount for that tax period and each subsequent tax period, until the first tax period for which documentation demonstrating the restoration of the number of full-time employees employed by the eligible business [at the qualified business facility] subject to the project agreement to 80 percent of the number of jobs specified in the project agreement or [incentive] project phase agreement or the restoration of 80 percent of the salaries specified in the project agreement is reviewed and approved by the authority.
 - c. Except for an eligible business that is a small business engaged primarily in a targeted industry [with less than 50 employees at application]:
- (1) If the qualified business facility is sold in whole or in part during the eligibility period, the new owner shall not acquire the capital investment of the seller, provided, however, that any tax credits of tenants shall remain unaffected. The seller shall forfeit all tax credits for the tax period in which the sale occurs and all subsequent tax periods, provided, however, that an eligible business may change the location of the qualified business facility if \mathbf{I} :
 - (a) the new facility:

- **[**(i)**]** (a) meets all applicable location qualifying criteria and has gross leasable area not less than the gross leasable area of the qualified business facility initially approved by the authority and the alternate qualified business facility meets the minimum capital investment and sustainability requirements of the program; or
- [(ii)] (b) does not meet all applicable location qualifying criteria or has less gross leasable area than the gross leasable area of the qualified business facility initially approved by the authority, if the alternate qualified business facility meets the minimum capital investment and sustainability requirements of the program, provided that the authority shall require a [new cost benefit analysis] cost comparison of the originally approved location and the alternate qualified business facility illustrating the respective economics of the project which reflect occupancy at the alternate proposed qualified business facility location for the remaining duration of the commitment period and shall re-calculate the net economic benefit of the project to reflect the economics of occupancy at the alternate proposed location for the remaining duration of the net benefit test

period in lieu of the economics of continuing occupancy at the qualified business facility proposed to be vacated, and provided further that the award of tax credits shall be reduced consistent with the variations in qualifying criteria for the alternate qualified business facility location as well as in a manner consistent with the revised net economic benefit calculation.

- **[**(b) in **]** In the event that the modified project economics materially deviate from the economics of the initial approval in a manner that undermines the recommendation of approval made by the staff of the authority at the time of the initial approval, then the business requesting to re-locate a qualified business facility shall be required to obtain the approval of the members of the authority.
- (2) If a tenant subleases its tenancy in whole or in part during the eligibility period, the new tenant shall not acquire the tax credits of the sublessor, and the sublessor shall forfeit all tax credits for any tax period of its sublease in which the sublessor, in continued occupation of a portion of the qualified business facility, fails to maintain the number of jobs required for the sublessor to earn tax credits for the tax period or fails to independently satisfy the minimum capital investment or sustainability requirements for the program as set forth in section 71 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-339). Provided, however, if the capital investment of the sublessor in the occupied portion of the qualified business facility is below the project minimum capital investment as set forth in section 71 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-339), the sublessor may include capital investment made by or on behalf of the new tenant in the subleased portion of the qualified business facility, so long as that capital investment is not the subject of an independent application under an incentive program with the authority.
- d. A small business may move its qualified business facility provided that the business remains in New Jersey during the commitment period.
- e. The authority may require a small business to submit a growth plan, which specifies the number of new full-time employees [at the qualified business facility] in the State that the eligible business will hire each year of the eligibility period; provided that by the end of the eligibility period, the eligible business shall have a minimum of 25 percent growth of its workforce with new full-time jobs. If the eligible business meets the number of new full-time employees specified in the growth plan each year of the eligibility period, then the eligible business shall be entitled to an increased credit amount for that tax period, and each subsequent tax period, for each additional full-time employee added above the number of full-time employees certified, until the full-time employees number the maximum number projected for the final year of the eligibility period. Failure to meet the projections in any year shall not constitute a default but shall cause the

authority to reduce the award in accordance with a schedule attached to the project agreement.

- f. (1) The authority may recapture all or part of a tax credit awarded if an eligible business does not remain in compliance with the requirements of a project agreement for the duration of the commitment period. A recapture pursuant to this subsection may include interest on the recapture amount, at a rate equal to the statutory rate for corporate business or insurance premiums tax deficiencies, plus any statutory penalties, and all costs incurred by the authority and the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury in connection with the pursuit of the recapture, including, but not limited to, counsel fees, court costs, and other costs of collection. Failure of the eligible business to meet any program criteria shall constitute a default and shall result in the recapture of all or part of the tax credit awarded.
- (2) If all or part of a tax credit sold or assigned pursuant to section 78 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-346) is subject to recapture, then the authority shall pursue recapture from the eligible business and not from the purchaser or assignee of the tax credit transfer certificate. The purchaser or assignee of a tax credit transfer certificate shall be subject to any limitations and conditions that apply to the use of the tax credits by the eligible business.
- (3) Any funds, net of costs incurred by the authority, recaptured pursuant to this subsection, including penalties and interest, shall be deposited into the General Fund of the State.
- g. A business may include an affiliate for any period, provided that the business provides a valid tax clearance certificate for the affiliate and a verification of the nature of the affiliate relationship during the relevant period, and provided further that the affiliate provides acceptable responses to the authority's legal disclosures inquiries, as determined by the authority. A formal modification of the authority's approval of the [incentive] project agreement shall not be necessary to add or remove an affiliate after approval or execution of the [incentive] project agreement.
- h. A business may change its name filed with the authority by providing a copy of the filed amendment to the certificate of incorporation or formation, as the case may be, of the business and a valid tax clearance certificate with the business's new name. A formal modification of the authority's approval shall not be necessary to change a business's name after approval or execution of the **[**incentive**]** project agreement.
- (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.76)

37. Section 77 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-345) is amended to read as follows:

77. a. (1) An eligible business which is awarded tax credits under the program shall submit annually, no later than the date indicated in the project agreement, commencing in the year in

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1 which the grant of tax credits is issued and for the remainder of the 2 commitment period, a report that indicates that the eligible business 3 continues to maintain the number of new and retained full-time 4 jobs, and the salaries thereof, specified in the project agreement. 5 As part of the annual report required pursuant to this subsection, an 6 eligible business shall provide to the authority a copy of its 7 applicable New Jersey tax return showing business income and 8 withholdings as a condition of its continuation in the program, and 9 the quarterly wage report required under R.S.43:21-14 submitted to 10 the Department of Labor and Workforce Development together with 11 an annual payroll report showing: (a) the new full-time jobs which 12 were created in accordance with the project agreement, and (b) the new full-time jobs created during each subsequent year of the 13 14 commitment period. The failure of an eligible business to submit to 15 the authority a copy of its annual payroll report or submit the 16 quarterly wage report in accordance with the provisions of this 17 subsection during the eligibility period shall result in the forfeiture 18 of the award for that year. An eligible business shall explain, in the 19 reports required by this subsection, the reason for any discrepancies 20 between the annual payroll report submitted by the eligible business 21 and the quarterly wage report. The [owner] chief executive officer 22 of the eligible business, or an [authorized agent of the owner] 23 equivalent officer, shall certify that the information provided 24 pursuant to this paragraph is true under the penalty of perjury. 25 Claims, records, or statements submitted by an eligible business to 26 the authority in order to receive tax credits shall not be considered 27 claims, records, or statements made in connection with State tax laws. 28

(2) Upon receipt and review of each report submitted during the eligibility period, the authority shall provide to the eligible business and the director a certificate of compliance indicating the amount of tax credits that the eligible business may apply against its tax liability. The authority shall pro rate the tax credit for the first and last years of the eligibility period based on the number of full months the project was certified in the year the eligible business first certifies.

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- b. (1) In conducting its annual review, the authority may require a business to submit any information determined by the authority to be necessary and relevant to its review.
- (2) An eligible business shall forfeit the credit amount for any tax period for which the eligible business's documentation remains uncertified as of the date for certification indicated in the project agreement, although credit amounts for the remainder of the years of the eligibility period shall remain available to the eligible business.
- c. Full-time employment for an accounting or privilege period shall be determined as the average of the monthly full-time employment for the period.

d. (1) Upon receipt by the director of the certificate of compliance, the director shall allow the eligible business a tax credit. The eligible business may apply the credit allowed by the director against the eligible business's tax liability for the tax period in which the director allowed the tax credit or may carry forward the credit for use by the eligible business in any of the next seven successive tax periods, which credit shall expire thereafter.

- (2) (a) The amount of credit allowed may be applied against the tax liability otherwise due pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5), sections 2 and 3 of P.L.1945, c.132 (C.54:18A-2 and C.54:18A-3), section 1 of P.L.1950, c.231 (C.17:32-15), or N.J.S.17B:23-5.
- (b) Credits granted to a partnership shall be passed through to the partners, members, or owners, respectively, pro-rata, or pursuant to an executed agreement among the partners, members, or owners documenting an alternate distribution method provided to the director accompanied by any additional information as the director may prescribe. With respect to credits passed through to a person subject to tax liability due pursuant to section 2 or 3 of P.L.1945, c.132 (C.54:18A-2 and C.54:18A-3), the person shall be allowed to apply credits against the person's tax liability without the provision of a tax credit certificate to the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury for the tax period accompanying the person's tax return and the person shall be considered the tax certificate holder and be subject to subparagraph (c) of this paragraph. The authority may recapture all or part of any tax credits claimed by a person pursuant to subparagraph (b) of this paragraph with penalties and interest from the person or the business in the event the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury does not issue a tax credit certificate in an amount at least equal to the tax credit amount claimed on the person's tax return for the applicable tax period.
 - (3) The director shall prescribe the order of priority of the application of the credit allowed under this section and any other credits allowed by law against the tax imposed under section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5). The amount of a credit applied under this section against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) for a privilege period, together with any other credits allowed by law, shall not reduce the tax liability to an amount less than the statutory minimum provided in subsection (e) of section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5).
- (4) In lieu of applying any credit certificate or credit transfer certificate against tax liability otherwise due pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5), sections 2 and 3 of P.L.1945, c.132 (C.54:18A-2 and C.54:18A-3), section 1 of P.L.1950, c.231 (C.17:32-15), or N.J.S.17B:23-5, the credit certificate or credit transfer certificate may be surrendered to the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury for a cash payment equal to 90

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- 1 percent of the amount of tax credits evidenced by the certificate,
- 2 provided that the issuance date of the credit certificate or credit
- 3 transfer certificate to the taxpayer surrendering such certificate
- 4 occurred at least two years prior to the date of surrender and the
- 5 <u>credit certificate or credit transfer certificate has not been sold or</u>
- 6 <u>assigned previously.</u>
- 7 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.77)

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- 9 38. Section 79 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.52:27D-520) is amended to read as follows:
- 11 79. a. The authority shall establish a dedicated fund to be 12 known as the "Recovery Infrastructure Fund." Money in the fund 13 shall be dedicated to the purpose of funding local infrastructure, 14 which shall include:
 - (1) buildings and structures, such as schools, fire houses, police stations, recreation centers, public works garages, and water and sewer treatment and pumping facilities;
 - (2) sidewalks, streets, roads, ramps, and jug handles;
 - (3) open space with improvements such as athletic fields, playgrounds, and planned parks;
 - (4) open space without improvements;
 - (5) public transportation facilities such as train stations and public parking facilities; and
 - (6) the purchase of equipment considered vital to public safety.
 - b. The fund shall be credited with money remitted by eligible businesses pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection b. of section 71 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-339).
 - c. Money remitted to the fund by an eligible business pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection b. of section 71 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-339) shall be earmarked for use on local infrastructure projects in the municipality in which the eligible business's project is located.
 - d. A municipality shall apply to the authority, in a form and manner prescribed by the authority, for disbursements from the Recovery Infrastructure Fund. The authority, in consultation with the Department of Community Affairs, shall review and approve applications for disbursements of money from the fund pursuant to the provisions of this section and the rules and regulations promulgated by the authority pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection f. of this section.
 - e. The Department of Community Affairs shall coordinate with the authority and other boards, commissions, institutions, departments, agencies, State officers, and employees to carry out the local infrastructure projects funded through the Recovery Infrastructure Fund.
- f. (1) [The] Notwithstanding the provisions of the

 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et

 seq.), to the contrary, the chief executive officer of the authority

- 1 [shall] may adopt, immediately upon filing with the Office of
- 2 Administrative Law, rules and regulations that the chief executive
- 3 <u>officer deems necessary to effectuate the purposes of subsections a.</u>
- 4 through d. of this section, which rules and regulations shall be
- 5 <u>effective for a period not to exceed 360 days from the date of the</u>
- 6 <u>filing</u>. The chief executive officer shall thereafter amend, adopt, or
- 7 <u>readopt the</u> rules and regulations [pursuant to the "Administrative
- 8 Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to effectuate
- 9 the purposes of subsections a. through d. of this section **]** in
- 10 accordance with the requirements of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1
- 11 <u>et seq.)</u>.
- 12 (2) [The] <u>Notwithstanding the provisions of the</u>
- 13 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
- 14 seq.), to the contrary, the Commissioner of the Department of
- 15 Community Affairs [shall] may adopt, immediately upon filing
- with the Office of Administrative Law, rules and regulations that
- 17 the commissioner deems necessary to effectuate the purposes of
- 18 <u>subsection e. of this section, which rules and regulations shall be</u>
- 19 effective for a period not to exceed 360 days from the date of the
- 20 filing. The commissioner shall thereafter amend, adopt, or readopt
- 21 <u>the</u> rules and regulations [pursuant to the "Administrative
- Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to effectuate
- 23 the purposes of subsection e. of this section in accordance with the
- 24 <u>requirements of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.)</u>.
- 25 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.79)
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- 39. Section 83 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-350) is amended to read as follows:
- 29 83. As used in sections 82 through 88 of P.L.2020, c.156 30 (C.34:1B-349 et al.):
- "Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development Authority established by section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-4).
- 33 "Board" means the Board of the New Jersey Economic
- Development Authority, established by section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80
- 35 (C.34:1B-4).
- 36 "Eligible microbusiness" means a business enterprise located in
- 37 the State that produces goods or provides services and has fewer
- than 10 full-time [equivalent] employees and annual gross revenue
- of less than [\$1,000,000] \$1,500,000 at the time of application for
- a loan under the program.
- "Eligible small business" means any business that satisfies the criteria set forth in subsection b. of section 85 of P.L.2020, c.156
- 43 (C.34:1B-352) at the time of application for a grant under the
- 44 program
- 45 "Program" means the Main Street Recovery Finance Program
- established pursuant to section 84 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-
- 47 351).

1 "Small business" means a business engaged in the conduct of a 2 trade or business in this State that qualifies as a "small business 3 concern" within the meaning of the federal "Small Business Act," 4 Pub.L.85-536 (15 U.S.C. § 631 et seq.) for the purpose of the small 5 business's eligibility assistance from the United States Small Business Administration. 6 7

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.83)

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- 40. Section 84 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-351) is amended to read as follows:
- 11 84. The Main Street Recovery Finance Program is hereby 12 established as a program under the jurisdiction of the New Jersey Economic Development Authority. The authority shall administer 13 14 the program for the purpose of providing grants, loans, and loan guarantees to eligible small businesses in accordance with the 15 16 provisions of sections 82 through 88 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-17 349 et al.). A business seeking a grant, loan, or loan guarantee 18 under the program shall submit an application to the authority. The 19 authority shall adopt eligibility criteria for the program and may 20 consider a business's benefit to the community in which it is 21 situated and the degree to which the business enhances [and 22 promotes job creation and I economic development in communities 23 that have been severely impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic when 24 making awards under the program.
- 25 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.84)

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- 41. Section 85 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-352) is amended to read as follows:
- 29 85. a. As part of the Main Street Recovery Finance Program, 30 the authority shall provide grants to eligible small businesses from 31 the Main Street Recovery Fund, subject to appropriation or the 32 availability of federal funds, provided that Inot less than 40 percent 33 of such funds shall be made available to eligible microbusinesses 34 certified by the State as a "minority business" or a "women's business" pursuant to P.L.1986, c.195 (C.52:27H-21.17 et seq.) 1 the 35 authority shall undertake a disparity study of the relative 36 37 availability of capital and related banking resources for small 38 businesses and microbusiness that are women- and minority-owned 39 business enterprises in this State and the authority's historic support 40 of such businesses, and, as recommended by the study, shall 41 establish policies, practices, protocols, and, if appropriate, 42 minimum percentages of the fund to be set aside for eligible small 43 businesses and microbusinesses that are minority-owned business 44 enterprises or women-owned business enterprises. Grants awarded 45 pursuant to the program may be used by an eligible small business 46 for capital improvements or to cover operating expenses. authority may dedicate up to 10 percent of [any] the amount 47

appropriated for the purposes of this section to provide technical assistance grants to <u>for-profit</u> or <u>non-profit</u> entities that are experienced in providing technical assistance services or to eligible microbusinesses to help such eligible microbusinesses in applying for the grants authorized under this section.

- b. (1) A small business shall be eligible to receive a grant pursuant to this section if the small business demonstrates to the authority that:
- (a) the small business has complied with all requirements for filing tax and information returns and for paying or remitting required State taxes and fees by submitting, as a part of the application, a tax clearance certificate, as described in section 1 of P.L.2007, c.101 (C.54:50-39); and
- (b) each worker employed by the small business shall be paid not less than \$15 per hour or 120 percent of the minimum wage fixed under subsection a. of section 5 of P.L.1966, c.113 (C.34:11-56a4), whichever is higher, except an employee who customarily and regularly receives gratuities or tips shall be paid not less than 120 percent of the minimum wage.
- (2) In addition to the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection, a small business shall be eligible to receive a grant pursuant to this subsection for capital improvements only if the small business demonstrates to the authority at the time of application that:
- (a) any capital improvement <u>in excess of \$50,000 and</u> undertaken with grant funds shall comply with standards established by the authority in accordance with the green building manual prepared by the Commissioner of Community Affairs pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2007, c.132 (C.52:27D-130.6), regarding the use of renewable energy, energy-efficient technology, and non-renewable resources to reduce environmental degradation and encourage long-term cost reduction; and
- (b) each worker employed to perform construction work in connection with a capital improvement undertaken with grant funds in excess of \$50,000 shall be paid not less than the prevailing wage rate for the worker's craft or trade, as determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to P.L.1963, c.150 (C.34:11-56.25 et seq.).
- [Prior to March 1, 2025, an] An eligible small business seeking a grant pursuant to this section shall submit an application for approval to the authority in the form and manner prescribed in regulations adopted by the authority pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.). Before the board may consider an eligible small business's application for grants, the authority shall confirm with the Department of Labor and Workforce Development, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the Department of the Treasury [shall each report to the chief executive officer of the authority]

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1 whether the eligible small business is in substantial good standing 2 with the respective department, or has entered into an agreement 3 with the respective department that includes a practical corrective 4 action plan for the eligible small business. The authority may also 5 contract with an independent third party to perform a background check on the eligible small business. The eligible small business, or 6 7 an authorized agent thereof, shall certify under the penalty of 8 perjury that any information provided in the application required 9 pursuant to this subsection is true.

d. Following approval [by the board] of an application, but before the disbursement of grant funds, the authority shall require an eligible small business to enter into a grant agreement. The grant agreement shall specify the amount of the grant to be awarded the eligible small business and the frequency of payments. If the authority determines that an eligible small business made a material misrepresentation on the eligible small business's grant application or the eligible small business has [filed] failed to comply with any requirement set forth in [paragraphs (1) through (4) of] subsection b. of this section, then the small business shall return to the authority any grant awarded pursuant to this section.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.85)

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42. Section 86 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-353) is amended to read as follows:

25 86. a. As part of the Main Street Recovery Finance Program, 26 the authority shall make loans and grants available from the Main 27 Street Recovery Fund, subject to annual appropriation and the 28 availability of funds, to eligible community development finance 29 institutions, minority depository institutions, and other eligible lenders pursuant to subsection b. of this section and to eligible 30 31 microbusinesses pursuant to subsection c. of this section, provided 32 that [not less than 40 percent of such] funds shall be made 33 available to eligible microbusinesses certified by the State as a 34 "minority business" or a "women's business" pursuant to P.L.1986, 35 c.195 (C.52:27H-21.17 et seq.) in a manner consistent with 36 authority requirements within paragraph a. of section 85 of 37 <u>P.L.2020</u>, c.156 (C.34:1B-352). The authority may dedicate up to 10 percent of [any] the amount appropriated for the purposes of 38 39 this section to provide technical assistance grants to for-profit or 40 non-profit entities that are experienced in providing technical 41 assistance services or to eligible microbusinesses to help such 42 eligible microbusinesses in applying for loan packaging services 43 under the programs authorized to receive grants and loans pursuant 44 to this section.

b. The authority shall provide loans and grants to eligible community development finance institutions, minority depository institutions, and other eligible lenders in accordance with this

subsection. Loans and grants made available to eligible community development finance institutions, minority depository institutions, and other eligible lenders pursuant to this paragraph shall be used to strengthen capital structures, leverage additional debt capital, and increase lending and investing in economically disadvantaged communities. The authority shall require an eligible community development finance institution, minority depository institution, or other eligible lender that receives a grant or loan pursuant to this subsection to enter into an agreement with the authority.

As used in this section, "other eligible lender" means a zone development corporation as defined in section 3 of P.L.1983, c.303 (C.52:27H-62) that is located in a municipality with a population greater than 100,000 or another nonprofit lender with at least 10 years experience lending to microbusinesses.

- c. The authority shall provide loans to eligible microbusinesses in accordance with this subsection. Loans made available to eligible microbusinesses pursuant to this subsection may be used for capital improvements, employee training, salaries for new positions, and to pay for day-to-day operating expenditures, including payroll, rent, utilities, insurance, and purchases of goods and services. The authority shall require an eligible microbusiness to enter into a loan agreement. Loans made pursuant to this subsection shall have a term and an interest rate determined by the authority based on conditions currently prevailing in the market. The authority may forgive loans provided to eligible microbusinesses pursuant to this subsection at the authority's discretion. The authority may, through the terms of the loan agreement, establish terms governing the incidence of default by an eligible microbusiness.
- Prior to March 1, 2025, an eligible community development finance institution, minority depository institution, or other eligible lender seeking a loan or a grant pursuant to subsection b. of this section or an eligible microbusiness seeking a loan pursuant to subsection c. of this section shall submit an application for approval to the authority in the form and manner prescribed in regulations adopted by the authority pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.). Before the authority may [consider] approve an application, the authority shall confirm with the Department of Labor and Workforce Development, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the Department of the Treasury [shall each report to the chief executive officer of the authority I whether the applicant is in substantial good standing with the respective department, or has entered into an agreement with the respective department that includes a practical corrective action plan for the applicant. The authority may also contract with an independent third party to perform a background check on the applicant. The applicant, or an authorized agent thereof, shall certify under the penalty of perjury

that any information provided in the application required pursuant to this subsection is true.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.86)

- 43. Section 87 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.52:18A-262) is amended to read as follows:
- 87. a. To aid in the economic recovery of those communities most impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic and to better ensure their long-term economic growth, there is created the "Main Street Recovery Fund" to be held by the State Treasurer and administered by the authority. All moneys deposited in the fund shall be held and disbursed in the amounts necessary to fulfill the purposes of providing grants and loans related to an identified program that is administered by the authority pursuant to sections 85 and 86 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-352 and C.34:1B-353) [and], for the purposes enumerated in subsection b. of this section, and for reasonable administrative costs of implementing sections 82 through 88 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-349 et al.). The fund may be credited with pay backs; bonuses; entitlements; money received from the federal government; transfers; grants; gifts; bequests; moneys appropriated by the Legislature; or any other money made available from any source. The State Treasurer, in consultation with the authority, may invest and reinvest any moneys in the fund in the State Treasurer's discretion. Any income from, interest on, or increment to moneys so invested or reinvested shall be included in the fund.
 - b. Upon application to the [State Treasurer, and in consultation with the] Chief Executive Officer of the New Jersey Economic Development Authority, the [State Treasurer shall] the authority may make loan guarantees from the fund to leverage private and public lending to help finance small businesses, real estate developments, and manufacturers that are creditworthy but not receiving the financing needed to expand and create jobs. In making loan guarantees under this section, the [State Treasurer] chief executive officer of the authority shall give due consideration to small businesses and real estate developments in underserved communities throughout the State that have been deeply impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.
 - c. (1) The **[**State Treasurer**]** chief executive officer of the authority shall monitor the activities of the beneficiaries of the loan guarantees issued pursuant to this section on an annual basis to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions imposed on the recipient by the chief executive officer.
 - (2) An entity receiving a loan guarantee and the beneficiaries of such loan guarantee under this section shall provide the [State Treasurer] authority with an annual accounting of how the benefit it received from the fund was applied.

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- 1 (3) The <u>authority</u>, at the time the annual accounting required 2 under <u>paragraph (2) of this [section] subsection is provided</u>, shall [include certifications by] <u>confirm with the Department of Labor</u> and Workforce Development, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the Department of the Treasury that the entity and
- the beneficiaries are in substantial good standing with the respective departments, or have entered into an agreement with the respective department that includes a practical corrective action plan.
 - (4) The entity and beneficiary, or an authorized agent thereof, shall certify under the penalty of perjury that the information provided pursuant to this subsection is true.
- 12 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.87)

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- 44. Section 90 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-355) is amended to read as follows:
- 16 90. a. There is established in the New Jersey Economic 17 Development Authority a Working Group on Entrepreneur Zones 18 for the purpose of making recommendations for the establishment 19 of entrepreneur zones throughout the State. The working group 20 shall consider whether the establishment of entrepreneur zones in 21 which the State provides the tax incentives, regulation relief, and 22 financial support to local entrepreneurs is the most effective way to 23 create jobs in the State. The working group shall identify census 24 tracts within the State that are suitable for designation as an 25 entrepreneur zone.
- b. The working group shall consist of **[**seven**]** <u>14</u> members appointed by the chief executive officer of the New Jersey Economic Development Authority.
- c. Appointments to the working group shall be made within 30 days after the effective date of **[**this act**]** P.L. , c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill). Vacancies in the membership of the working group shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments were made.
- d. Members of the working group shall serve without
 compensation, but the authority shall reimburse such members for
 actual expenses necessarily incurred in the discharge of their duties.
- e. Members of the working group shall be subject to the provisions of subsection l. of section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-39 4).
- 40 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.90)

- 42 45. Section 93 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-357) is amended to 43 read as follows:
- 93. As used in sections 92 through 97 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-356 through C.34:1B-361):
- 46 "Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development
- Authority established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-4).

"Authority commitment period" means the period for which the authority commits to provide a start-up rent grant for the payment of rent in a collaborative workspace.

"Collaborative workspace" means a business facility certified pursuant to section 95 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-359), located in this State, developed to provide flexible workspaces for early stage innovation economy businesses, and designed to encourage community and collaboration within an inter-connected environment in which multiple start-up businesses have access to shared community events and shared workplace accommodations including, but not limited to, kitchens and makerspaces.

"Collaborative workspace commitment period" means a period of months equal to one-half the number of months of the authority commitment period.

"Community event" means an event hosted by a collaborative workspace and accessible to start-up tenant or member businesses, without charge or with nominal charge, organized to support an innovation ecosystem, as defined in section 21 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-289), at the collaborative workspace, including, but not limited to, events such as meet-ups, speaker series, and office hours for lawyers, accountants, consultants, or investors.

"Early stage innovation economy business" means a business that operates within a targeted industry with at least one full-time employee, who is assigned to the collaborative workspace, and fewer than 10 employees overall and with less than \$1,000,000 in gross sales over the 12-month period immediately prior to submitting an application for tenancy at a collaborative workspace. To be considered an "early stage innovation economy business" the earliest date of formation for the business must have been not more than [three] seven years prior to utilizing or renting space in, or access to, the collaborative workspace under the program, and the business shall not have previously utilized or rented space in, or access to, another collaborative workspace in the State.

"Full time employee" means a person who is: employed by the start-up tenant or member business for at least 35 hours a week; working as an independent contractor providing critical capabilities to the start-up tenant or member business for at least 35 hours a week; or an owner or partner of the start-up tenant or member business who works for at start-up tenant or member business for at least 35 hours a week.

"Grant agreement" means an agreement between the authority and the owner and operator of a collaborative workspace which memorializes the terms and conditions of the collaborative workspace's participation in the program.

"Program" means the New Jersey Ignite Program established pursuant to section 94 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-358).

"Targeted industry" means any industry identified from time to time by the authority which shall initially include advanced

transportation and logistics, advanced manufacturing, aviation, autonomous vehicle and zero-emission vehicle research or development, clean energy, life sciences, hemp processing, information and high technology, finance and insurance, professional services, film and digital media, non-retail food and beverage businesses including food innovation, and other innovative industries that disrupt current technologies or business models.

"Start-up rent grant" means a grant provided by the authority to a collaborative workspace for the rent that would otherwise be due to the collaborative workspace from a start-up tenant or member business for the period of the authority commitment period.

"Start-up tenant or member business" means an early stage innovation economy business that is registered to do business in New Jersey, rents space in, or access to, a collaborative workspace under the program, and enters into an agreement with the owner and operator of the collaborative workspace to rent space in, or access to, the collaborative workspace for an agreed upon period, which shall include the authority commitment period, collaborative workspace commitment period, and start-up tenant or member business commitment period.

"Start-up tenant or member business commitment period" means a period of months equal to the sum of the authority commitment period and the collaborative workspace commitment period.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.93)

46. Section 96 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-360) is amended to read as follows:

96. a. Up to the limits established in this subsection and in accordance with the grant agreement, the authority shall provide start-up rent grants to the owner and operator of a collaborative workspace through a series of scheduled payments as set forth in the grant agreement. The owner and operator of the collaborative workspace shall utilize the grant funding to provide rent-free space to a start-up tenant or member business that agrees to continue renting space in, or access to, the collaborative workspace for the start-up tenant or member business commitment period. The maximum start-up rent grant that the authority may provide to a collaborative workspace for the tenancy of a single start-up tenant or member business shall not exceed \$25,000, including bonus months. The maximum aggregate amount of start-up rent grants that the authority may provide to an approved collaborative workspace in a calendar year shall not exceed \$100,000.

b. The authority may provide a start-up rent grant for the payment of rent for space in, or access to, a collaborative workspace for up to six months; provided, however, if a collaborative workspace or start-up tenant or member business satisfies any of the bonuses set forth in paragraphs (1) through (5) of this subsection,

- 1 then the authority may provide an additional month of rent for each
- 2 bonus satisfied by the collaborative workspace or start-up tenant or
- 3 member business. Additional months of rent provided by the
- 4 <u>authority for bonus criteria satisfied by a collaborative workspace</u>
- 5 or start-up tenant or member business shall first be applied to the
- 6 <u>start-up tenant or member business commitment period, followed by</u>
- 7 the collaborative workspace commitment period. Any bonus
- 8 months provided in excess of the combined commitment periods
- 9 <u>shall be forfeited.</u> The authority may award a bonus **[**to the owner and operator of a collaborative workspace **]** month if:

- (1) the collaborative workspace is located in a qualified opportunity zone designated pursuant to 26 U.S.C. s.1400Z-1;
- (2) the collaborative workspace is affiliated with a hospital system or a New Jersey university;
- (3) the collaborative workspace has been open less than 90 days from the date on which the owner and operator of the collaborative workspace applied to the authority to participate in the program and the collaborative workspace is not in the same location as an existing facility;
- (4) the start-up tenant or member business for which the start-up rent grant is paid is certified by the State as a "minority business" or a "women's business" pursuant to P.L.1986, c.195 (C.52:27H-21.17 et seq.); or
- (5) the start-up tenant or member business for which the start-up rent grant is paid is the first presence of a foreign company entering into the United States.
- c. (1) The owner and operator of a collaborative workspace shall annually certify to the authority, under the penalty of perjury, that it is in compliance with the grant agreement.
- (2) In addition to the certification required pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, the authority shall conduct an annual inspection and review of the collaborative workspace and may request documentation evidencing that the collaborative workspace utilized the start-up rent grant it received from the authority in accordance with the requirements of the program and the grant agreement.
- d. (1) If a start-up tenant or member business stops occupying or accessing a collaborative workspace before the end of the start-up tenant or member business commitment period, then the collaborative workspace shall refund to the authority that portion of the start-up rent grant covering any period in which the start-up tenant or member business did not have space in, or access to, the collaborative workspace.
- (2) If the authority determines that a collaborative workspace is not in compliance with the requirements of the program or of the grant agreement, then the authority [shall] may rescind the business facility's certification as a collaborative workspace and bar

the business facility from further participation in the program. (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.96)

- 47. Section 98 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-362) is amended to read as follows:
- read as follows:
 98. a. The combined value of all tax credits awarded under the
 "Historic Property Reinvestment Act," sections 1 through 8 of
- 8 P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 through C.34:1B-276), the 9 "Brownfield Redevelopment Incentive Program Act." sections 9
- 9 "Brownfield Redevelopment Incentive Program Act," sections 9 through 19 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-277 through C.34:1B-287),
- the "New Jersey Innovation Evergreen Act," sections 20 through 34
- of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-288 through C.34:1B-302), the "Food
- Desert Relief Act," sections 35 through 42 of P.L.2020, c.156
- 14 (C.34:1B-303 through C.34:1B-310), the "New Jersey Community-
- Anchored Development Act," sections 43 through 53 of P.L.2020,
- 16 c.156 (C.34:1B-311 through C.34:1B-321); the "New Jersey Aspire
- 17 Program Act," sections 54 through 67 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-
- 18 322 through C.34:1B-335); [and] the "Emerge Program Act,"
- 19 sections 68 through 81 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-336 et al.); and
- 20 <u>section 6 of P.L.2010, c.57 (C.34:1B-209.4)</u> shall not exceed an
- 21 overall cap of \$11.5 billion over a seven-year period, subject to the
- conditions and limitations set forth in this section. Of this \$11.5
- 23 billion, \$2.5 billion shall be reserved for transformative projects
- 24 approved under the Aspire Program [or the Emerge Program].
- b. (1) The total value of tax credits awarded under any constituent program of the "New Jersey Economic Recovery Act of 2020," P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et al.) shall be subject to the following annual limitations, except as otherwise provided in subsection c. of this section:
- 30 (a) for tax credits awarded under the "Historic Property 31 Reinvestment Act," sections 1 through 8 of P.L.2020, c.156 32 (C.34:1B-269 through C.34:1B-276), the total value of tax credits 33 annually awarded during each of the first six years of the seven-year 34 period shall not exceed \$50 million;
- 35 (b) for tax credits awarded under the "Brownfield Redevelopment Incentive Program Act," sections 9 through 19 of 36 37 P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-277 through C.34:1B-287), the total 38 value of tax credits annually awarded during each of the first six 39 years of the seven-year period shall not exceed \$50 million;
- 40 (c) for tax credits awarded under the "New Jersey Innovation
 41 Evergreen Act," sections 20 through 34 of P.L.2020, c.156
 42 (C.34:1B-288 through C.34:1B-302), the total value of tax credits
 43 annually awarded during each of the first six years of the seven-year
 44 period shall not exceed \$60 million and the total value of tax credits
 45 awarded over the entirety of the seven-year program shall not
 46 exceed \$300,000,000;
- 47 (d) for tax credits awarded under the "Food Desert Relief Act," 48 sections 35 through 42 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-303 through

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C.34:1B-310), the total value of tax credits annually awarded during each of the first six years of the seven-year period shall not exceed \$40 million;

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4 (e) for tax credits awarded under the "New Jersey Community-5 Anchored Development Act," sections 43 through 53 of P.L.2020, 6 c.156 (C.34:1B-311 through C.34:1B-321), the total value of tax 7 credits annually awarded during each of the first six years of the 8 seven-year period shall not exceed \$200 million, except that during 9 each of the first six years of the seven-year period, the authority 10 shall annually award tax credits valuing no greater than \$130 11 million for projects located in the 13 northern counties of the State, 12 and the authority shall annually award tax credits valuing no greater 13 than \$70 million for projects located in the eight southern counties 14 of the State. If during any of the first six years of the seven-year 15 period, the authority awards tax credits in an amount less than the 16 annual limitation for projects located in northern counties or 17 southern counties, as applicable, the uncommitted portion of the 18 annual limitation shall be available to be deployed by the authority 19 in a subsequent year, provided that the uncommitted portion of tax 20 credits shall be awarded for projects located in the applicable 21 geographic area, except that (i) after the completion of the third 22 year of the seven-year period, the authority may deploy 50 percent 23 of the uncommitted portion of tax credits from any previous year 24 without consideration to the county in which a project is located; 25 and (ii) after the completion of the sixth year of the seven-year 26 period, the authority may deploy all available tax credits, including 27 the uncommitted portion of the annual limitation for any previous 28 year, without consideration to the county in which a project is 29 located;

(f) for tax credits awarded under the "New Jersey Aspire Program Act," sections 54 through 67 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-322 through C.34:1B-335), and the "Emerge Program Act," sections 68 through 81 of P.L.2020, c.156 [(C.34:1B-34:1B-336 et al.)] (C.34:1B-336 et al.), not including tax credits awarded for transformative projects, the total value of tax credits annually awarded during each of the first six years of the seven-year period shall not exceed \$1.1 billion [, except that during]. If the authority awards tax credits in an amount less than the annual limitation, then the uncommitted portion of the annual limitation shall be made available for qualified offshore wind projects awarded under section 6 of P.L.2010, c.57 (C.34:1B-209.4), pursuant to subparagraph (h) of this paragraph, or New Jersey studio partners awarded under sections 1 and 2 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54:10A-5.39b and C.54A:4-12b), pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph. During each of the first six years of the seven-year period, the authority shall annually award tax credits valuing no greater than \$715 million for projects located in the northern counties of the State, and the authority shall annually award tax credits valuing no greater than

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1 \$385 million for projects located in the southern counties of the 2 State under the "New Jersey Aspire Program Act," sections 54 3 through 67 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-322 through C.34:1B-335), 4 and the "Emerge Program Act," sections 68 through 81 of P.L.2020, 5 c.156 (C.34:1B-336 et al.). If during any of the first six years of the 6 seven-year period, the authority awards tax credits <u>under the "New</u> 7 Jersey Aspire Program Act," sections 54 through 67 of P.L.2020, 8 c.156 (C.34:1B-322 through C.34:1B-335), and the "Emerge 9 Program Act," sections 68 through 81 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-10 336 et al.), in an amount less than the annual limitation for projects 11 located in northern counties or southern counties, as applicable, the 12 uncommitted portion of the annual limitation shall be available to 13 be deployed by the authority in a subsequent year, provided that the 14 uncommitted portion of tax credits shall be awarded for projects 15 located in the applicable geographic area, except that (i) after the 16 completion of the third year of the seven-year period, the authority 17 may deploy 50 percent of the uncommitted portion of tax credits for 18 any previous year without consideration to the county in which a 19 project is located; and (ii) after the completion of the sixth year of 20 the seven-year period, the authority may deploy all available tax 21 credits, including the uncommitted portion of the annual limitation 22 for any previous year, without consideration to the county in which 23 a project is located; [and] 24

(g) for tax credits awarded for transformative projects under the "New Jersey Aspire Program Act," sections 54 through 67 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-322 through C.34:1B-335) [, and the "Emerge Program Act," sections 68 through 81 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-336 et al.)], the total value of tax credits awarded during the seven-year period shall not exceed \$2.5 billion. The total value of tax credits awarded for transformative projects in a given year shall not be subject to an annual limitation, except that [no more than 10 transformative projects shall be awarded tax credits during the seven-year period, and] the total value of tax credits awarded to any transformative project shall not exceed [\$250] \$350 million;

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- 35 (h) from the tax credits made available, pursuant to subparagraph (f) of this paragraph, to the "New Jersey Aspire 36 37 Program Act," sections 54 through 67 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-38 322 through C.34:1B-335), and the "Emerge Program Act," sections 39 68 through 81 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-336 et al.), not 40 including tax credits awarded for transformative projects, an 41 amount not to exceed \$350,000,000 shall be made available for 42 qualified offshore wind projects awarded a credit pursuant to 43 section 6 of P.L.2010, c.57 (C.34:1B-209.4) during the first three 44 years of the seven-year period; and
 - (i) beginning in fiscal year 2025, from the tax credits made available, pursuant to subparagraph (f) of this paragraph, to the "New Jersey Aspire Program Act," sections 54 through 67 of

- 1 P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-322 through C.34:1B-335), and the
- 2 "Emerge Program Act," sections 68 through 81 of P.L.2020, c.156
- (C.34:1B-336 et al.), not including tax credits awarded for 3
- transformative projects, additional amounts shall be made available 4
- 5 for New Jersey studio partners pursuant to sections 1 and 2 of 6
 - P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54:10A-5.39b and C.54A:4-12b).

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- (2) The authority may in any given year determine that it is in the State's interest to approve an amount of tax credits in excess of the annual limitations set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection, but in no event more than \$200,000,000 in excess of the annual limitation, upon a determination by the authority board that such increase is warranted based on specific criteria that may include:
- (i) the increased demand for opportunities to create or retain employment and investment in the State as indicated by the volume of project applications and the amount of tax credits being sought by those applications;
- (ii) the need to protect the State's economic position in the event of an economic downturn;
- (iii) the quality of project applications and the net economic benefit to the State and municipalities associated with those applications;
- (iv) opportunities for project applications to strengthen or protect the competitiveness of the state under the prevailing market conditions;
- (v) enhanced access to employment and investment for underserved populations in distressed municipalities and qualified incentives tracts;
- (vi) increased investment and employment in high-growth technology sectors and in projects that entail collaboration with education institutions in the State;
- (vii) increased development proximate to mass transit facilities;
- (viii) any other factor deemed relevant by the authority. 32
 - c. In the event that the authority in any year approves projects for tax credits in an amount less than the annual limitations set forth in paragraph (1) of subsection b. of this section, then the uncommitted portion of the annual limitation shall be available to be deployed by the authority in future years for projects under the same program; provided however, that in no event shall the aggregate amount of tax credits approved be in excess of the overall cap of \$11.5 billion, and in no event shall the uncommitted portion of the annual limitation for any previous year be deployed after the conclusion of the seven-year period.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.98) 43 44

- 45 48. Section 101 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-365) is amended to 46 read as follows:
- 47 101. a. The New Jersey Economic Development Authority shall 48 employ a Chief Compliance Officer, who shall be appointed by the

- 1 Chief Executive Officer of the authority Ito manage the Division of 2 Portfolio Management and Compliance in the authority I.
 - b. The Chief Compliance Officer shall:

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- (1) create, maintain, monitor, and coordinate procedures to ensure that all economic development incentive programs, authority employees, and economic development incentive program applicants and recipients comply fully with the requirements of the corresponding economic development incentive program;
- (2) **[**conduct,**]** on such periodic basis as determined by the authority, <u>arrange for</u> systematic audits of economic development incentive programs for compliance with the laws, regulations, codes, orders, procedures, advisory opinions and rulings concerning those programs;
- (3) maintain a central database of information concerning the management of all economic development incentive programs and information on economic development incentive program applicants and recipients to provide for the regular and ongoing reporting, verification, and monitoring of the State's economic development incentive programs;
- (4) prior to the adoption of any rule or regulation by the authority or the board related to the general administration of the programs administered by the authority pursuant to section 6 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-274), section 19 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-287), section 29 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-297), section 34 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-302), section 41 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-309), section 52 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-320), section 67 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-335), section 79 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.52:27D-520), section 88 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-354), and section 97 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-361), or any other regulation specifically related to the recapture of economic development incentive award values, review and certify that the provisions of program rules or regulations provide the authority with adequate procedures to pursue the recapture of the value of an economic development incentive in the case of substantial noncompliance, fraud, or abuse by the economic development incentive recipient, and that program rules and regulations are sufficient to ensure against economic development incentive fraud, waste, and abuse; and
- 39 (5) refer, to the Economic Development Inspector General and 40 to the Attorney General, information on suspected fraud or abuse 41 identified by the Division of Portfolio Management and 42 Compliance.
- c. The Chief Compliance Officer, in consultation with the Department of Labor and Workforce Development and the Department of the Treasury, shall:
- Develop, adopt, and implement a corrective action plan **[**, within one year of the effective date of sections 99 through 105 of

- 1 P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-363 through C.34:1B-369) and] within
- 2 six months of receiving notice of any program deficiency issued by
- 3 the Economic Development Inspector General, that is designed to
- 4 enable the authority to properly manage the economic development
- 5 incentive programs administered by the authority [, and adopt rules
- 6 and regulations concerning the administration and enforcement of
- 7 the Division of Portfolio Management and Compliance's duties in a
- 8 manner that is most compatible with ensuring against fraud and
- 9 abuse in the State's economic development incentive programs].
- d. To ensure against economic development incentive fraud,
- waste, and abuse, the authority may recapture all or any portion of the value of an economic development incentive awarded pursuant
- to any of the authority's economic development incentive programs
- in the case of substantial noncompliance, fraud, or abuse by the
- economic development incentive recipient. The authority may
- 16 incorporate provisions in the regulations for each economic
- development incentive program that the authority deems necessary
- 18 to implement this subsection.
- 19 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.101)

- 21 49. Section 102 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-366) is amended to 22 read as follows:
- 23 102. a. There is established, in <u>but not of</u> the **[**authority**]**
- 24 Department of the Treasury, the Office of the Economic
- 25 Development Inspector General, which shall operate independent of
- the oversight or management of the Chief Executive Officer [of]
- 27 and the authority. The Office of the Economic Development
- 28 Inspector General shall operate under the Economic Development
- 29 Inspector General, who shall be a retired member of the Judicial
- 30 Branch of the State, to be appointed by the Governor with the
- 31 advice and consent of the Senate for a term of four years. The
- 32 Economic Development Inspector General shall direct the work of
- 33 the Office of the Economic Development Inspector General and
- 34 have the following general functions, duties, powers, and
- 35 responsibilities:
- 36 (1) to appoint such deputies, directors, assistants, and other
- 37 officers and employees as may be needed for the Office of the
- 38 Economic Development Inspector General to meet its
- 39 responsibilities, and to prescribe their duties and fix their
- 40 compensation within the amounts appropriated therefor;
- 41 (2) to conduct and supervise State government activities relating
- 42 to State economic development incentive integrity, fraud, and 43 abuse;
- 44 (3) to call upon any department, office, division, or agency of
- 45 State government to provide such information, resources, or other
- 46 assistance as the Economic Development Inspector General deems
- 47 necessary to discharge the duties and functions and to fulfill the

- 1 responsibilities of the Economic Development Inspector General
- 2 under sections 99 through 105 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-363
- 3 through C.34:1B-369). Each department, office, division, and
- 4 agency of this State shall cooperate with the Economic
- 5 Development Inspector General and furnish the Office of the
- 6 Economic Development Inspector General with the assistance
- 7 necessary to accomplish the purposes of sections 99 through 105 of
- 8 P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-363 through C.34:1B-369);

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- (4) to coordinate activities to prevent, detect, and investigate economic development incentive fraud and abuse among the following: the authority, State and local government officials, and all economic development incentive applicants and recipients;
 - (5) to recommend and implement policies relating to economic development incentive integrity, fraud, and abuse, and monitor the implementation of any recommendations made by the Office of the Economic Development Inspector General to the authority for the administration of economic development incentives;
 - (6) to perform any other functions that are necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the mission of the Office of the Economic Development Inspector General; and
- (7) to direct an economic development incentive applicant or recipient to cooperate with the Office of the Economic Development Inspector General and provide such information or assistance as shall be reasonably required by the Office of the Economic Development Inspector General.
 - b. As it relates to ensuring compliance with applicable economic development incentive standards and requirements, identifying and reducing fraud and abuse, and improving the efficiency and effectiveness of economic development incentives, the functions, duties, powers, and responsibilities of the Economic Development Inspector General shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - (1) to establish, in consultation with the authority and the Attorney General, guidelines under which the withholding of payments or exclusion from economic development incentive programs shall be imposed on an economic development incentive applicant or recipient;
- (2) to review the utilization of economic development incentives to ensure that economic development incentive funds are appropriately spent to meet the goals and purposes of an individual economic development incentive program;
- 42 (3) to review and audit contracts, reports, documentation, 43 claims, and all awards of economic development incentives to 44 determine compliance with applicable laws, regulations, guidelines, 45 and standards, and enhance program integrity;
- 46 (4) to consult with the authority to optimize the economic 47 development incentive management information system in 48 furtherance of the mission of the Office of the Economic

Development Inspector General. The authority shall consult with 2 the Economic Development Inspector General on matters that concern the operation, upgrade, and implementation of the economic development incentive management information system;

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- (5) to coordinate the implementation of information technology relating to economic development incentive integrity, fraud, and abuse;
- (6) to conduct educational programs for economic development incentive for State and local government officials and economic development incentive recipients designed to limit economic development incentive fraud and abuse; and
- (7) to provide notice to the Chief Compliance Officer, appointed pursuant to section 101 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-365) if the Economic Development Inspector General determines that a program deficiency exists in an economic development incentive program administered by the authority and to provide notice to the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority of pending investigations if the Economic Development Inspector General determines that such disclosure is consistent with the public interest in maintaining the integrity of an economic development incentive program administered by the authority or to abate the continuation of fraud or abuse.
- c. As it relates to investigating allegations of economic development incentive fraud and abuse and enforcing applicable laws, rules, regulations, and standards, the functions, duties, powers, and responsibilities of the Economic Development Inspector General shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (1) to conduct economic development investigations concerning any acts of misconduct within economic development incentive programs;
- (2) to provide information concerning the economic development investigations of the Office of the Economic Development Inspector General to the Attorney General, law enforcement authorities, and any prosecutor of competent jurisdiction, and endeavor to develop these economic development investigations in a manner that expedites and facilitates criminal prosecutions and the recovery of improperly expended economic development incentives, including the maintenance of detailed records for cases processed by the Economic Development Inspector General. The records shall include: information on the total number of cases processed and, for each case, the agency and division to which the case is referred for an economic development investigation; the date on which the case is referred; and the nature of the suspected fraud or abuse.
- (3) to provide information and evidence relating to suspected criminal acts that the Economic Development Inspector General may obtain in carrying out its duties to law enforcement officials when appropriate, and to provide such information to the Attorney

General and county prosecutors in order to facilitate criminal economic development investigations and prosecutions;

- (4) to refer complaints alleging criminal conduct to the Attorney General or other appropriate prosecutorial authority. The Economic Development Inspector General shall maintain a record of all matters referred to the Attorney General and shall be authorized to disclose information received, as appropriate and as may be necessary to resolve the matter referred, to the extent consistent with the public interest in disclosure, the need for protecting the confidentiality of complainants and informants, and preserving the confidentiality of ongoing criminal economic development investigations. Notwithstanding any referral made pursuant to this subsection, the Economic Development Inspector General may pursue any administrative or civil remedy under the law. A referral by the inspector general to the Attorney General or a prosecutorial authority shall in no way preclude the inspector general from performing its own separate, independent investigation; and
 - (5) in furtherance of an economic development investigation, to compel at a specific time and place, by subpoena, the appearance and sworn testimony of any person whom the Economic Development Inspector General reasonably believes may be able to give information relating to a matter subject to an economic development investigation:
 - (a) for this purpose, the Economic Development Inspector General is empowered to administer oaths and examine witnesses under oath, and compel any person to produce at a specific time and place, by subpoena, any documents, books, records, papers, objects, or other evidence that the Economic Development Inspector General reasonably believes may relate to a matter subject to an economic development investigation; and
 - (b) if any person to whom a subpoena is issued fails to appear or, having appeared, refuses to give testimony, or fails to produce the books, papers, or other documents required, the Economic Development Inspector General may apply to the Superior Court and the court may order the person to appear and give testimony or produce the books, papers, or other documents, as applicable. Any person failing to obey that order may be held by the court in contempt;
 - (6) subject to applicable State law, to have full and unrestricted access to all records, reports, audits, reviews, documents, papers, data, recommendations, <u>tax information provided to the authority pursuant to subsection r. of R.S.54:50-9</u>, or other material available to the authority and other State and local government agencies with respect to which the Office of the Economic Development Inspector General has responsibilities under sections 102 through 105 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-366 through C.34:1B-369);
- 47 (7) to solicit, receive, and investigate complaints related to 48 economic development incentive integrity, fraud, and abuse; and

- (8) to prepare cases, provide expert testimony, and support administrative hearings and other legal proceedings.
- d. As it relates to recovering improperly obtained economic development incentives, imposing administrative sanctions, damages, or penalties, and negotiating settlements to assure that all governmental resources have been properly expended, the functions, duties, powers, and responsibilities of the Economic Development Inspector General shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (1) to pursue civil and administrative enforcement actions against those who engage in fraud, abuse, or illegal acts perpetrated under economic development incentive programs. These civil and administrative enforcement actions shall include the imposition of administrative sanctions, penalties, suspension of fraudulent or illegal awards, and actions for civil recovery and seizure of property or other assets connected with such economic incentive awards;
- (2) to initiate civil suits consistent with the provisions of sections 99 through 105 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-363 through C.34:1B-369), maintain actions for civil recovery on behalf of the State, and enter into civil settlements;
- (3) to require that the authority withhold payments to an economic development incentive applicant or recipient if the applicant or recipient unreasonably fails to produce complete and accurate records related to an economic development investigation that is initiated by the Office of the Economic Development Inspector General with reasonable cause; and
- (4) to monitor and pursue the recoupment of economic development incentive awards or portions thereof, damages, penalties, and sanctions.
- 30 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.102)

- 50. Section 106 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.54:10A-5.47) is amended to read as follows:
- 106. a. For privilege periods ending in 2020, 2021, and 2022, a taxpayer, upon approval of an application to the authority, shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) in the amount of \$10,000 for each qualifying [new hire] full-time job involved in the manufacture of personal protective equipment in a qualified facility in which the taxpayer made a capital investment during the privilege period.
- b. The minimum capital investment in a qualified facility required to be eligible for a credit under this section shall be as follows:
- (1) for the rehabilitation, improvement, fit-out, or retrofit of an existing premises in Atlantic County, Burlington County, Cape May County, Cumberland County, Gloucester County, Ocean County, or Salem County, a minimum investment of \$10 per square foot of gross leasable area;

(2) for the rehabilitation, improvement, fit-out, or retrofit of an existing premises in counties in the State not listed in paragraph (1) of this subsection, a minimum investment of \$20 per square foot of gross leasable area;

- (3) for the new construction of a premises in Atlantic County, Burlington County, Cape May County, Cumberland County, Gloucester County, Ocean County, or Salem County, a minimum investment of \$100 per square foot of gross leasable area; or
- (4) for the new construction of a premises in counties in the State not listed in paragraph (3) of this subsection, a minimum investment of \$120 per square foot of gross leasable area.
- c. The minimum number of new or retained qualifying fulltime jobs required to be eligible for a credit under this section shall be as follows:
- (1) for a qualified facility in Atlantic County, Burlington County, Cape May County, Cumberland County, Gloucester County, Ocean County, or Salem County, a minimum of five new or 15 retained qualifying full-time jobs; or
- (2) for a qualified facility in counties in the State not listed in paragraph (1) of this subsection, a minimum of ten new or 25 retained qualifying full-time jobs.
- d. In addition to the amount of credit allowed pursuant to subsection a. of this section, a taxpayer shall be allowed the following tax credits for privilege periods ending in 2020, 2021, and 2022:
- (1) \$1,000 per qualifying full-time job in the privilege period at a qualified facility that is a building vacant for not less than seven years in need of rehabilitation with a minimum of 250,000 square feet:
- (2) \$1,500 per qualifying full-time job in the privilege period at a qualified facility in which the manufacturing of personal protective equipment is part of a research collaboration between the taxpayer and a college or university located within the State; and
- (3) \$1,000 per qualifying full-time job in the privilege period at a qualified facility in which the taxpayer has established an apprenticeship program or pre-apprenticeship program with a technical school or county college located within the State.
- e. The total credit allowed to a taxpayer pursuant to this section during the privilege period shall not exceed \$500,000. A taxpayer shall not be eligible for a tax credit under this section for the same qualifying [new hire] <u>full-time job</u> for which the taxpayer is receiving a tax credit incentive award under the Emerge Program established by sections 68 through 81 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-336 et al.).
- f. Notwithstanding the minimum tax schedule imposed pursuant to subsection (e) of section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5), if the amount of the tax credit allowed exceeds the amount of corporation business tax otherwise due pursuant to

- 1 section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5), the amount of excess
- 2 shall be treated as a refundable overpayment except that interest
- 3 shall not be paid pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1992, c.175 (C.54:49-
- 4 15.1) on the amount of overpayment attributable to this credit
- 5 amount. The director shall determine the order of priority of the
- 6 application of the credit allowed pursuant to this section and any
- 7 other credits allowed by law.
- 8 The combined value of all tax credits approved by the 9
- authority and the director pursuant to this section and pursuant to 10 section 2 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-270) shall not exceed
- 11 \$10,000,000 in any State fiscal year to apply against the tax
- 12 imposed pursuant to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act,"
- N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., and the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of 13
- 14 P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5).
- 15 h. An application for the tax credit shall be submitted to the
- 16 authority in a form and manner prescribed by the chief executive
- 17 officer of the authority. As a condition of receiving tax credits
- 18 under this section, an applicant shall be required to commit to
- 19 [employ] employing qualifying [new hires] full-time jobs for
- 20 which tax credits are awarded under this section for a period of five
- 21 years.

- 22 Notwithstanding any provision of the "Administrative i.
- 23 Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to the
- 24 contrary, the [director] chief executive officer of the authority is
- 25 authorized to adopt immediately upon filing with the Office of
- 26 Administrative Law such rules and regulations shall be effective for
- 27 a period not to exceed 360 days following the date of filing and may
- thereafter be amended, adopted, or readopted by the chief executive 28
- officer of the authority in accordance with the requirements of 30 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.). The chief executive officer
- 31 of the authority shall consult with the Commissioner of Health
- 32 related to any specification requirements for what manufactured
- 33 products are to qualify as personal protective equipment pursuant to
- 34 this section.
- 35 As used in this section: j.
- "Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development 36
- 37 Authority established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80
- 38 (C.34:1B-4).
- 39 "Director" means Director of the Division of Taxation in the
- 40 Department of the Treasury;
- 41 "Personal protective equipment" means coveralls, face shields,
- 42 gloves, gowns, masks, respirators, safeguard equipment, and other
- 43 equipment designed to protect the wearer from the spread of
- infection or illness as may be modified from time to time by the 44
- 45 board of the authority.
- 46 "Qualified facility" means a facility that is:
- 47 (1) located in a redevelopment area or rehabilitation area as
- 48 defined in section 3 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-3);

- (2) located in a Smart Growth Area as identified by the Office of Planning Advocacy;
- (3) a facility in which the manufacturing of personal protective equipment is part of a research collaboration between the taxpayer and a college or university located within the State;
- (4) a facility in which the taxpayer has established an apprenticeship program or pre-apprenticeship program with a technical school or community located within the State; or
- (5) a building vacant for not less than seven years in need of rehabilitation with a minimum of 250,000 square feet.

"Qualifying full-time job" means a full-time position in a business in this State which the business has filled with a full-time employee for the manufacturing of personal protective equipment in this State. The employee shall be employed for at least 35 hours a week and shall be paid employee wages at a rate of not less than \$15 per hour, or render any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time employment, whose wages are subject to withholding as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. and is paid employee wages at a rate of not less than \$15 per hour. ["Qualifying new hire" <u>I "Qualifying full-time job"</u> shall not include any person who works as an independent contractor or on a consulting basis for the business. ["Qualifying new or retained job"] "Qualifying full-time job" includes only a position for which the taxpayer provides employee health benefits under a health benefits plan authorized pursuant to State or federal law.

27 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.106)

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- 51. Section 6 of P.L.2010, c.57 (C.34:1B-209.4) is amended to read as follows:
- 31 6. a. (1) A business, upon application to and approval from 32 the authority, shall be awarded a credit of 100 percent of its capital 33 investment, made after the effective date of P.L.2010, c.57 (C.48:3-34 87.1 et al.) but prior to its submission of documentation pursuant to 35 subsection c. of this section, in a qualified wind energy facility located in the State, pursuant to the restrictions and requirements of 36 this section. The award of a tax credit pursuant to this section shall 37 38 be structured so that the [authority] award shall [make] consist of 39 up to [four awards] five compliance years, each equaling [25] 20 40 percent of the total value of the tax credit, to a qualified business over four privilege periods or taxable years in which the business 41 42 meets the requirements for the minimum number of new, full-time 43 employees. Otherwise eligible businesses with between 150 and 44 300 new, full-time jobs may receive an award based on a prorated formula developed by the authority, provided that the prorated 45 46 minimum number of new, full-time jobs required in the fifth year 47 shall be the same as the fourth year. To be eligible for any tax

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1 credits authorized under this section, a business shall demonstrate to 2 the authority, at the time of application, that the State's financial 3 support of the proposed capital investment in a qualified wind 4 energy facility will yield a net positive benefit to the State. The 5 value of all credits approved by the authority pursuant to this 6 section [may be up to \$100,000,000, except as may be increased by 7 the authority if the chief executive officer of the authority judges 8 certain qualified offshore wind projects to be meritorious **]** shall not 9 exceed the \$350,000,000 made available under section 98 of 10 P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-362). Credits provided pursuant to this 11 section shall not be applicable to the cap on the credits provided in 12 section 3 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-209).

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- (2) (a) A business, other than a tenant eligible pursuant to subparagraph (b) of this paragraph, shall make or acquire capital investments totaling not less than \$50,000,000 in a qualified wind energy facility, at which the business, including tenants at the qualified wind energy facility, shall employ the minimum number of new, full-time employees, to be eligible for a credit under this section. A business that acquires a qualified wind energy facility after the effective date of P.L.2010, c.57 (C.48:3-87.1 et al.) shall also be deemed to have acquired the capital investment made or acquired by the seller.
- (b) A business that is a tenant in the qualified wind energy facility, the owner of which has made or acquired capital investments in the facility totaling more than \$50,000,000, shall occupy a leased area of the qualified wind energy facility that represents at least \$17,500,000 of the capital investment in the qualified wind energy facility at which the minimum number of new, full-time employees in the aggregate are employed, to be eligible for a credit under this section. The amount of capital investment in a facility that a leased area represents shall be equal to that percentage of the owner's total capital investment in the facility that the percentage of net leasable area leased by the tenant is of the total net leasable area of the qualified business facility. Capital investments made by a tenant shall be deemed to be included in the calculation of the capital investment made or acquired by the owner, but only to the extent necessary to meet the owner's minimum capital investment of \$50,000,000. investments made by a tenant and not allocated to meet the owner's minimum capital investment threshold of \$50,000,000 shall be added to the amount of capital investment represented by the tenant's leased area in the qualified wind energy facility.
- (c) The calculation of the number of new, full-time employees required pursuant to subparagraphs (a) and (b) of this paragraph may include the number of new, full-time positions resulting from an equipment supply coordination agreement with equipment manufacturers, suppliers, installers and operators associated with

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the supply chain required to support the qualified wind energy facility.

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For the purposes of this paragraph, "full time employee" shall not include an employee who is a resident of another state and whose income is not subject to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., unless that state has entered into a reciprocity agreement with the State of New Jersey.

- 8 (3) A business shall not be awarded a tax credit pursuant to this 9 section if the business receives a business employment incentive 10 grant pursuant to the "Business Employment Incentive Program 11 Act," P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-124 et al.), relating to the same 12 capital and employees that qualify the business for this credit, or if 13 the business receives assistance pursuant to the "Business Retention 14 and Relocation Assistance Act," P.L.1996, c.25 (C.34:1B-112 et 15 seq.). A business that is awarded a tax credit under this section 16 shall not be eligible for incentives authorized pursuant to the 17 "Municipal Rehabilitation and Economic Recovery Act," P.L.2002, 18 c.43 (C.52:27BBB-1 et al.).
 - (4) Full-time employment for an accounting or privilege period shall be determined as the average of the monthly full-time employment for the period.
 - b. A business shall apply for the credit by July 1, 2025, and a business shall submit its documentation for approval of its credit amount by July 1, 2028.
 - c. The credit awarded pursuant to this section shall be administered in accordance with the provisions of subsection c. of section 3 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-209) and section 33 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.34:1B-209.1), except that all references therein to "qualified business facility" shall be deemed to refer to "qualified wind energy facility," as that term is defined in subsection f. of this section.
- 32 d. The amount of the credit awarded pursuant to this section 33 shall, except as otherwise provided, be equal to the capital 34 investment made by the business, or the capital investment 35 represented by the business's leased area, and shall be taken over a 36 five-year period, at the rate of one-fifth of the total amount of the 37 business's credit for each tax accounting or privilege period of the business, beginning with the privilege period or taxable year in 38 39 which the business is first approved by the authority as having met 40 the investment capital and employment qualifications, subject to 41 any disqualification as determined by annual review by the 42 In conducting its annual review, the authority may 43 require a business to submit any information determined by the 44 authority to be necessary and relevant to its review. The credit 45 amount for any privilege period or taxable year ending after the date 46 18 years after the effective date of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-207 et 47 seq.) during which the documentation of a business's credit amount 48 remains unapproved shall be forfeited, although credit amounts for

the remainder of the years of the five-year credit period shall remain available. The amount of the credit awarded for a privilege period or taxable year to a business that is a tenant in a qualified wind energy facility shall not exceed the business's total lease payments for occupancy of the qualified wind energy facility for the privilege period or taxable year.

 e. The authority shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) as are necessary to implement this section, including, but not limited to: examples of and the determination of capital investment; the nature of businesses and employment positions constituting and participating in an equipment supply coordination agreement; a determination of the types of businesses that may be eligible and expenses that may constitute capital improvements; the promulgation of procedures and forms necessary to apply for a credit; and provisions for applicants to be charged an initial application fee, and ongoing service fees, to cover the administrative costs related to the credit.

The rules and regulations established by the authority pursuant to this subsection shall be effective immediately upon filing with the Office of Administrative Law and shall be effective for a period not to exceed 12 months and may, thereafter, be amended, adopted or readopted in accordance with the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.).

f. As used in this section: the terms "authority," "business," and "capital investment" shall have the same meanings as defined in section 2 of the "Urban Transit Hub Tax Credit Act," P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-208), except that all references therein to "qualified business facility" shall be deemed to refer to "qualified wind energy facility" as defined in this subsection.

In addition, as used in this section:

"Equipment supply coordination agreement" means an agreement between a business and equipment manufacturer, supplier, installer, and operator that supports a qualified offshore wind project, or other wind energy project as determined by the authority, and that indicates the number of new, full-time jobs to be created by the agreement participants towards the employment requirement as set forth in paragraph (2) of subsection a. of this section.

"Minimum number of new, full-time employees" means:

- (1) for the first **[**award**]** <u>year</u>, at least a cumulative 100 new, full-time employees compared to the number of full-time employees at the time of application;
- 43 (2) **[**for the second award,**]** for a privilege period or taxable 44 year following the first **[**award**]** <u>year</u>, at least a cumulative 150 45 new, full-time employees compared to the number of full-time 46 employees at the time of application;

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- (3) **[**for the third award, **]** for a privilege period or taxable year following the second **[**award **]** <u>year</u>, at least a cumulative 200 new, full-time employees compared to the number of full-time employees at the time of application; and
- (4) **[**for the fourth award,**]** for a privilege period or taxable year following the third **[**award**]** <u>year and fourth year</u>, at least a cumulative 300 new, full-time employees compared to the number of full-time employees at the time of application.

"Qualified offshore wind project" shall have the same meaning as provided in section 3 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-51).

"Qualified wind energy facility" means any building, complex of buildings, or structural components of buildings, including water access infrastructure, and all machinery and equipment used in the manufacturing, assembly, development or administration of component parts that support the development and operation of a qualified offshore wind project, or other wind energy project as determined by the authority.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.109)

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- 52. Section 1 of P.L.1997, c.334 (C.34:1B-7.42a) is amended to read as follows:
- 21 read as follows: 22 1. a. The New Jersey Economic Development Authority shall 23 establish within the New Jersey Emerging Technology and 24 Biotechnology Financial Assistance Program established pursuant 25 to P.L.1995, c.137 (C.34:1B-7.37 et seq.), a corporation business 26 tax benefit certificate transfer program to allow new or expanding 27 emerging technology and biotechnology companies in this State 28 with unused amounts of research and development tax credits otherwise allowable which cannot be applied for the credit's tax 29 30 year due to the limitations of subsection b. of section 1 of P.L.1993, 31 c.175 (C.54:10A-5.24) and unused prior net operating loss 32 conversion carryover or net operating loss carryover pursuant to 33 section 4 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-4), to surrender those tax 34 benefits for use by other corporation business taxpayers in this 35 State, provided that the taxpayer receiving the surrendered tax 36 benefits is not affiliated with a corporation that is surrendering its tax benefits under the program established under P.L.1997, c.334. 37 38 For the purposes of this section, the test of affiliation is whether the 39 same entity directly or indirectly owns or controls five percent or 40 more of the voting rights or five percent or more of the value of all 41 classes of stock of both the taxpayer receiving the benefits and a 42 corporation that is surrendering the benefits. The tax benefits may 43 be used on the corporation business tax returns to be filed by those 44 taxpayers in exchange for private financial assistance to be provided 45 by the corporation business taxpayer that is the recipient of the 46 corporation business tax benefit certificate to assist in the funding 47 of costs incurred by the new or expanding emerging technology and 48 biotechnology company. For purposes of this subsection, a member

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of a combined group may sell prior net operating loss conversion carryover to other members of the combined group, if otherwise applicable and allowable under section 2 of P.L.1997, c.334 (C.54:10A-4.2) and this section; provided, however, such sale of prior net operating loss conversion carryover shall be made at arm's length price at the same rate as though the sale was to an unrelated taxpayer.

- 8 b. The authority, in cooperation with the Division of Taxation 9 in the Department of the Treasury, shall review and approve 10 applications by new or expanding emerging technology and 11 biotechnology companies in this State with unused but otherwise 12 allowable carryover of research and development tax credits pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1993, c.175 (C.54:10A-5.24), and 13 unused but otherwise allowable prior net operating loss conversion 14 15 carryover or net operating loss carryover pursuant to section 4 of 16 P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-4), to surrender those tax benefits in 17 exchange for private financial assistance to be made by the 18 corporation business taxpayer that is the recipient of the corporation 19 business tax benefit certificate in an amount equal to at least [80%] 20 80 percent of the amount of the surrendered tax benefit. Provided 21 that the amount of the surrendered tax benefit for a surrendered 22 research and development tax credit carryover is the amount of the 23 credit, and provided that the amount of the surrendered tax benefit 24 for a surrendered prior net operating loss conversion carryover or 25 net operating loss carryover is that amount for the tax year in which 26 the benefit is transferred and subsequently multiplied by the 27 corporation business tax rate provided pursuant to subsection (c) of 28 section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5). The authority shall be 29 authorized to approve the transfer of no more than \$75,000,000 of 30 tax benefits in a State fiscal year. If the total amount of transferable 31 tax benefits requested to be surrendered by approved applicants 32 exceeds \$75,000,000 for a State fiscal year, the authority, in 33 cooperation with the Division of Taxation in the Department of the 34 Treasury, shall not be authorized to approve the transfer of more 35 than \$75,000,000 for that State fiscal year and shall allocate the 36 transfer of tax benefits by approved companies using the following 37
 - (1) an eligible applicant with \$250,000 or less of transferable tax benefits shall be authorized to surrender the entire amount of its transferable tax benefits;
 - (2) an eligible applicant with more than \$250,000 of transferable tax benefits shall be authorized to surrender a minimum of \$250,000 of its transferable tax benefits;
 - (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2009, c.90.)

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45 (4) an eligible applicant with more than \$250,000 shall also be 46 authorized to surrender additional transferable tax benefits 47 determined by multiplying the applicant's transferable tax benefits 48 less the minimum transferable tax benefits that company is

authorized to surrender under paragraph (2) of this subsection by a fraction, the numerator of which is the total amount of transferable tax benefits that the authority is authorized to approve less the total amount of transferable tax benefits approved under paragraphs (1), (2), and (5) of this subsection and the denominator of which is the total amount of transferable tax benefits requested to be surrendered by all eligible applicants less the total amount of transferable tax benefits approved under paragraphs (1), (2), and (5) of this subsection;

(5) The authority shall establish the boundaries for three innovation zones to be geographically distributed in the northern, central, and southern portions of this State. Of the \$75,000,000 of transferable tax benefits authorized for each State fiscal year, [\$10,000,000] <u>\$15,000,000</u> shall be allocated for the surrender of transferable tax benefits exclusively by new and expanding emerging technology and biotechnology companies that operate within the boundaries of the innovation zones or opportunity zones, or for new and expanding emerging technology and biotechnology companies that are certified as a woman- or minority-owned business at the time of program application, except that any portion of the [\$10,000,000] \$15,000,000 that is not so approved shall be available for that State fiscal year for the surrender of transferable tax benefits by new and expanding emerging technology and biotechnology companies that do not operate within the boundaries of an innovation zone or opportunity zone, or for a new and expanding emerging technology and biotechnology company that is certified as a woman- or minority-owned business at the time of program application.

If the total amount of transferable tax benefits that would be authorized using the above method exceeds \$75,000,000 for a State fiscal year, then the authority, in cooperation with the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury, shall limit the total amount of tax benefits authorized to be transferred to \$75,000,000 by applying the above method on an apportioned basis.

For purposes of this section transferable tax benefits include an eligible applicant's unused but otherwise allowable prior net operating loss conversion carryover or net operating loss carryover determined pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-4) for the tax year in which the benefit is transferred and subsequently multiplied by the corporation business tax rate as provided in subsection (c) of section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) plus the total amount of the applicant's unused but otherwise allowable carryover of research and development tax credits. An eligible applicant's transferable tax benefits shall be limited to net operating losses and research and development tax credits that the applicant requests to surrender in its application to the authority and shall not, in total, exceed the maximum amount of tax benefits that the applicant is eligible to surrender.

No application for a corporation business tax benefit transfer certificate shall be approved in which the new or expanding technology or biotechnology company (1) demonstrated positive net operating income in any of the two previous full years of ongoing operations as determined on its financial statements issued according to generally accepted accounting standards endorsed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board; or (2) is directly or indirectly at least 50 percent owned or controlled by another corporation that has demonstrated positive net operating income in any of the two previous full years of ongoing operations as determined on its financial statements issued according to generally accepted accounting standards endorsed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or is part of a consolidated group of affiliated corporations, as filed for federal income tax purposes, that in the aggregate has demonstrated positive net operating income in any of the two previous full years of ongoing operations as determined on its combined financial statements issued according to generally accepted accounting standards endorsed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board.

For purposes of this subsection, a member of a combined group may sell prior net operating loss conversion carryover to other members of the combined group, if otherwise applicable and allowable under section 2 of P.L.1997, c.334 (C.54:10A-4.2) and this section; provided, however, such sale of prior net operating loss conversion carryover shall be made at arm's length price at the same rate as though the sale was to an unrelated taxpayer.

The maximum lifetime value of surrendered tax benefits that a corporation shall be permitted to surrender pursuant to the program is \$20,000,000. Applications must be received on or before June 30 of each State fiscal year.

The authority, in consultation with the Division of Taxation, shall establish rules for the recapture of all, or a portion of, the amount of a grant of a corporation business tax benefit certificate from the new or expanding emerging technology and biotechnology company having surrendered tax benefits pursuant to this section in the event the taxpayer fails to use the private financial assistance received for the surrender of tax benefits as required by this section or fails to maintain a headquarters or a base of operation in this State during the five years following receipt of the private financial assistance; except if the failure to maintain a headquarters or a base of operation in this State is due to the liquidation of the new or expanding emerging technology and biotechnology company.

c. The authority, in cooperation with the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury, shall review and approve applications by taxpayers under the Corporation Business Tax Act (1945), P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-1 et seq.), to acquire surrendered tax benefits approved pursuant to subsection b. of this section which shall be issued in the form of corporation business

tax benefit transfer certificates, in exchange for private financial assistance to be made by the taxpayer in an amount equal to at least [80%] 80 percent of the amount of the surrendered tax benefit of an emerging technology or biotechnology company in the State. A corporation business tax benefit transfer certificate shall not be issued unless the applicant certifies that as of the date of the exchange of the corporation business tax benefit certificate it is operating as a new or expanding emerging technology or biotechnology company and has no current intention to cease operating as a new or expanding emerging technology or biotechnology company.

The managerial member of a combined group shall be the member that acquires a corporation business tax benefit certificate on behalf of the combined group for use on the combined return.

The private financial assistance shall assist in funding expenses incurred in connection with the operation of the new or expanding emerging technology or biotechnology company in the State, including but not limited to the expenses of fixed assets, such as the construction and acquisition and development of real estate, materials, start-up, tenant fit-out, working capital, salaries, research and development expenditures and any other expenses determined by the authority to be necessary to carry out the purposes of the New Jersey Emerging Technology and Biotechnology Financial Assistance Program.

The authority shall require a corporation business taxpayer that acquires a corporation business tax benefit certificate to enter into a written agreement with the new or expanding emerging technology or biotechnology company concerning the terms and conditions of the private financial assistance made in exchange for the certificate. The written agreement may contain terms concerning the maintenance by the new or expanding emerging technology or biotechnology company of a headquarters or a base of operation in this State.

d. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2009, c.90.) (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.113)

- 37 53. Section 1 of P.L.1999, c.140 (C.34:1B-7.42b) is amended to read as follows:
 - 1. As used in P.L.1997, c.334 (C.34:1B-7.42a et al.):

"Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development Authority established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-4).

"Biotechnology" means the continually expanding body of fundamental knowledge about the functioning of biological systems from the macro level to the molecular and sub-atomic levels, as well as novel products, services, technologies and sub-technologies developed as a result of insights gained from research advances that add to that body of fundamental knowledge. This definition may be

modified by regulation to conform to definitions in other programs administered by the authority.

"Biotechnology company" means an emerging corporation that has its headquarters or base of operations in this State; that owns, has filed for, or has a valid license to use protected, proprietary intellectual property; and that is engaged in the research, development, production, or provision of biotechnology for the purpose of developing or providing products or processes for specific commercial or public purposes, including but not limited to, medical, pharmaceutical, nutritional, and other health-related purposes, agricultural purposes, and environmental purposes. This definition may be modified by regulation to conform to definitions in other programs administered by the authority.

"Full-time employee" means a person employed by a new or expanding emerging technology or biotechnology company for consideration for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as fulltime employment and whose wages are subject to withholding as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., or who is a partner of a new or expanding emerging technology or biotechnology company who works for the partnership for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as fulltime employment, and whose distributive share of income, gain, loss, or deduction, or whose guaranteed payments, or any combination thereof, is subject to the payment of estimated taxes, as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. To qualify as a "full-time employee," an employee shall also receive from the new or expanding emerging technology or biotechnology company health benefits under a health benefits plan authorized pursuant to State or federal law. "Full-time employee" shall not include any person who works as an independent contractor or on a consulting basis for the new or expanding emerging technology or biotechnology company.

"New or expanding" means a technology or biotechnology company that (1) on June 30 of the year in which the company files an application for surrender of unused but otherwise allowable tax benefits under P.L.1997, c.334 (C.34:1B-7.42a et al.) and on the date of the exchange of the corporation business tax benefit certificate, has fewer than 225 employees in the United States of America; (2) on June 30 of the year in which the company files such an application, has at least one full-time employee working in this State if the company has been incorporated for less than three years, has at least five full-time employees working in this State if the company has been incorporated for more than three years but less than five years, and has at least 10 full-time employees working in this State if the company has been incorporated for more than five years; and (3) on the date of the exchange of the corporation

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business tax benefit certificate, the company has the requisite number of full-time employees in New Jersey that were required on June 30 as set forth in part (2) of this definition.

"Opportunity zone" means a federal population census tract in this State that was eligible to be designated as a qualified opportunity zone pursuant to 26 U.S.C. s.1400Z-1.

"Technology company" means an emerging corporation that has its headquarters or base of operations in this State; that owns, has filed for, or has a valid license to use protected, proprietary intellectual property; and that employs some combination of the following: highly educated or trained managers and workers, or both, employed in this State who use sophisticated scientific research service or production equipment, processes or knowledge to discover, develop, test, transfer or manufacture a product or service. This definition may be modified by regulation to conform to definitions in other programs administered by the authority.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.114)

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- 54. Section 5 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489e) is amended to read as follows:
- 5. a. The New Jersey Economic Development Authority, in consultation with the State Treasurer, shall establish an Economic Redevelopment and Growth Grant program for the purpose of encouraging redevelopment projects in qualifying economic redevelopment and growth grant incentive areas that do not qualify as such areas solely by virtue of being a transit village, through the provision of incentive grants to reimburse developers for certain project financing gap costs.
- 29 b. (1) A developer shall submit an application for a State 30 incentive grant prior to July 1, 2019, except: (a) a developer of a 31 qualified residential project or a mixed use parking project seeking an award of credits toward the funding of its incentive grant for a 32 33 project restricted under category (viii) of subparagraph (b) of 34 paragraph (3) of subsection b. of section 6 of P.L.2009, c.90 35 (C.52:27D-489f) shall submit an incentive grant application prior to 36 December 31, 2021 [and]; (b) a developer of a qualified 37 residential project seeking an award of credits toward the funding of 38 its incentive grant under [subparagraphs (f) and] subparagraph (g) 39 of paragraph (3) of subsection b. of section 6 of P.L.2009, c.90 40 (C.52:27D-489f) shall submit an incentive grant application prior to 41 December 31, 2021; and (c) a developer of a commercial project 42 seeking a State incentive grant under subparagraph (b) of paragraph (1) of subsection b. of section 6 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489f) 43 44 shall submit an incentive grant application prior to December 31, 45 <u>2021</u>. A developer that submits an application for a State incentive 46 grant shall indicate on the application whether it is also applying for 47 a local incentive grant. Tax credits awarded to developers who 48 apply after the effective date of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et

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- al.) under [subparagraphs (f) and] subparagraph (g) of paragraph
- 2 (3) of subsection b. of section 6 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489f)
- 3 shall not exceed [\$200,000,000 subject to the limitations of
- 4 subparagraphs (f) and (g) of that paragraph \[\frac{\$125,000,000}{}. \]
- 5 <u>Incentive grants awarded to developers who apply after the</u>
- 6 effective date of P.L.2020, c.156 under subparagraph (b) of
- 7 paragraph (1) of subsection b. of section 6 of P.L.2009, c.90
- 8 (C.52:27D-489f) shall not exceed \$75,000,000.
 - (2) When an applicant indicates it is also applying for a local incentive grant, the authority shall forward a copy of the application to the municipality wherein the redevelopment project is to be located for approval by municipal ordinance.
 - c. An application for a State incentive grant shall be reviewed and approved by the authority. The authority shall not approve an application for a State incentive grant unless the application was submitted prior to July 1, 2019, except: (1) the authority shall not approve an application for a State incentive grant by a developer of a qualified residential project or a mixed use parking project seeking an award of credits toward the funding of its incentive grant for a project restricted under category (viii) of subparagraph (b) of paragraph (3) of subsection b. of section 6 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489f) unless the application was submitted prior to December 31, 2021 and (2) the authority shall not approve an application for a State incentive grant by a developer under [subparagraphs (f) and] subparagraph (g) of paragraph (3) and subparagraph (b) of paragraph (1) of subsection b. of section 6 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489f) unless the application was submitted prior to December 31, 2021.
- 29 d. A developer shall not be required to purchase pinelands 30 development credits under the "Pinelands Protection Act," 31 P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.), the pinelands comprehensive 32 management plan, or any other rule or regulation adopted pursuant 33 to that act in connection with any approval or relief obtained related 34 to a redevelopment project located in an aviation district on or after 35 the effective date of P.L.2018, c.120, except if seeking to develop in 36 permanently protected open space pursuant to the Pinelands 37 Protection Act. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to 38 a developer of a qualified residential project.

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(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.122)

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- 41 55. Section 6 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489f) is amended to read as follows:
 - 6. a. Up to the limits established in subsection b. of this section and in accordance with a redevelopment incentive grant agreement, beginning upon the receipt of occupancy permits for any portion of the redevelopment project, or upon any other event evidencing project completion as set forth in the incentive grant agreement, the State Treasurer shall pay to the developer

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1 incremental State revenues directly realized from businesses 2 operating at the site of the redevelopment project from the 3 following taxes: the Corporation Business Tax Act (1945), 4 P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-1 et seq.), the tax imposed on marine 5 insurance companies pursuant to R.S.54:16-1 et seq., the tax 6 imposed on insurers generally, pursuant to P.L.1945, c.132 7 (C.54:18A-1 et seq.), the public utility franchise tax, public utilities 8 gross receipts tax and public utility excise tax imposed on sewerage 9 and water corporations pursuant to P.L.1940, c.5 (C.54:30A-49 et 10 seq.), those tariffs and charges imposed by electric, natural gas, 11 telecommunications, water and sewage utilities, and cable television 12 companies under the jurisdiction of the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, or comparable entity, except for those tariffs, fees, or taxes 13 14 related to societal benefits charges assessed pursuant to section 12 15 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-60), any charges paid for compliance 16 with the "Global Warming Response Act," P.L.2007, c.112 17 (C.26:2C-37 et seq.), transitional energy facility assessment unit 18 taxes paid pursuant to section 67 of P.L.1997, c.162 (C.48:2-21.34), 19 and the sales and use taxes on public utility and cable television 20 services and commodities, the tax derived from net profits from 21 business, a distributive share of partnership income, or a pro rata 22 share of S corporation income under the "New Jersey Gross Income 23 Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., the tax derived from a business at 24 the site of a redevelopment project that is required to collect the tax 25 pursuant to the "Sales and Use Tax Act," P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-26 1 et seq.), the tax imposed pursuant to P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-1 27 et seq.) from the purchase of furniture, fixtures and equipment, or 28 materials for the remediation, the construction of new structures at 29 the site of a redevelopment project, the hotel and motel occupancy 30 fee imposed pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2003, c.114 (C.54:32D-1), 31 or the portion of the fee imposed pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1968, c.49 (C.46:15-7) derived from the sale of real property at the site of 32 33 the redevelopment project and paid to the State Treasurer for use by 34 the State, that is not credited to the "Shore Protection Fund" or the 35 "Neighborhood Preservation Nonlapsing Revolving Fund" ("New 36 Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund") pursuant to section 4 of 37 P.L.1968, c.49 (C.46:15-8). Any developer shall be allowed to 38 assign their ability to apply for the tax credit under this subsection 39 to a non-profit organization with a mission dedicated to attracting 40 investment and completing development and redevelopment 41 projects in a Garden State Growth Zone. The non-profit 42 organization may make an application on behalf of a developer 43 which meets the requirements for the tax credit, or a group of non-44 qualifying developers, such that these will be considered a unified 45 project for the purposes of the incentives provided under this 46 section. 47 (1) (a) Up to an average of 75 percent of the projected

annual incremental revenues or 85 percent of the projected annual

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incremental revenues in a Garden State Growth Zone may be pledged towards the State portion of an incentive grant.

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3 (b) State incentive grants not to exceed an aggregate total value 4 of \$75,000,000 shall be made available by the authority for 5 applications submitted after the effective date of P.L.2020, c.156, 6 but prior to December 31, 2021, for projects that are predominantly 7 commercial and contain 100,000 or more square feet of office and 8 retail space, or industrial space for purchase or lease, and may 9 include a parking component. The developer of a project seeking 10 an award of credits for a project restricted under this subparagraph 11 shall submit an incentive grant application prior to December 31, 12 2021, and if approved after the effective date of P.L.2020, c.156, 13 shall submit a temporary certificate of occupancy for the project no 14 later than December 31, 2024. In addition to the requirements for 15 an incentive award set forth in P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489a et 16 al.), a developer shall be eligible to receive an award of credits for a 17 project restricted under this subparagraph only if the developer 18 demonstrates to the authority at that time of application that: (i) the 19 project shall comply with minimum environmental and 20 sustainability standards; (ii) the project shall comply with the 21 authority's affirmative action requirements, adopted pursuant to 22 section 4 of P.L.1979, c.303 (C.34:1B-5.4); (iii) each worker 23 employed by the developer, or subcontractor of a developer 24 working at the project, shall be paid not less than \$15 per hour or 25 120 percent of the minimum wage fixed under subsection a. of 26 section 5 of P.L.1966, c.113 (C.34:11-56a4), whichever is higher; 27 and (iv) during the eligibility period, each worker employed to 28 perform construction work or building services work at the project shall be paid not less than the prevailing wage rate for the worker's 29 30 craft or trade, as determined by the Commissioner of Labor and 31 Workforce Development pursuant to P.L.1963, c.150 (C.34:11-56.25 et seq.) and P.L.2005, c.379 (C.34:11-56.58 et seq.). 32

- (2) In the case of a qualified residential project or a project involving university infrastructure, if the authority determines that the estimated amount of incremental revenues pledged towards the State portion of an incentive grant is inadequate to fully fund the amount of the State portion of the incentive grant, then in lieu of an incentive grant based on the incremental revenues, the developer shall be awarded tax credits equal to the full amount of the incentive grant.
- (3) In the case of a mixed use parking project, if the authority determines that the estimated amount of incremental revenues pledged towards the State portion of an incentive grant is inadequate to fully fund the amount of the State portion of the incentive grant, then, in lieu of an incentive grant based on the incremental revenues, the developer shall be awarded tax credits equal to the full amount of the incentive grant.

The value of all credits approved by the authority pursuant to paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection shall not exceed [\$1,043,000,000] \$968,000,000, of which:

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(a) \$250,000,000 shall be restricted to qualified residential projects within Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Ocean, and Salem counties, of which \$175,000,000 of the credits shall be restricted to the following categories of projects: (i) qualified residential projects located in a Garden State Growth Zone located within the aforementioned counties; and (ii) mixed use parking projects located in a Garden State Growth Zone or urban transit hub located within the aforementioned counties; (iii) and \$75,000,000 of the credits shall be restricted to qualified residential projects in municipalities with a 2007 Municipal Revitalization Index of 400 or higher as of the date of enactment of the "New Jersey Economic Opportunity Act of 2013," P.L.2013, c.161 (C.52:27D-489p et al.) and located within the aforementioned counties;

(b) **[**\$395,000,000**]** \$415,000,000 shall be restricted to the following categories of projects: (i) qualified residential projects located in urban transit hubs that are commuter rail in nature that otherwise do not qualify under subparagraph (a) of this paragraph; (ii) qualified residential projects located in Garden State Growth Zones that do not qualify under subparagraph (a) of this paragraph; (iii) mixed use parking projects located in urban transit hubs or Garden State Growth Zones that do not qualify under subparagraph (a) of this paragraph, provided however, an urban transit hub shall be allocated no more than \$25,000,000 for mixed use parking projects; (iv) qualified residential projects which are disaster recovery projects that otherwise do not qualify under subparagraph (a) of this paragraph; (v) qualified residential projects in SDA municipalities located in Hudson County that were awarded State Aid in State Fiscal Year 2013 through the Transitional Aid to Localities program and otherwise do not qualify under subparagraph (a) of this paragraph; (vi) \$25,000,000 of credits shall be restricted to mixed use parking projects in Garden State Growth Zones which have a population in excess of 125,000 and do not qualify under subparagraph (a) of this paragraph; (vii) \$40,000,000 of credits shall be restricted to qualified residential projects that include a theater venue for the performing arts and do not qualify under subparagraph (a) of this paragraph, which projects are located in a municipality with a population of less than 100,000 according to the latest federal decennial census, and within which municipality is located an urban transit hub and a campus of a public research university, as defined in section 1 of P.L.2009, c.308 (C.18A:3B-46); and (viii) \$125,000,000 of credits shall be restricted to qualified residential projects and mixed use parking projects in Garden State Growth Zones having a population in

excess of 125,000 and do not qualify under subparagraph (a) of this paragraph;

- (c) \$87,000,000 shall be restricted to the following categories of projects: (i) qualified residential projects located in distressed municipalities, deep poverty pockets, highlands development credit receiving areas or redevelopment areas, otherwise not qualifying pursuant to subparagraph (a) or (b) of this paragraph; and (ii) mixed use parking projects that do not qualify under subparagraph (a) or (b) of this paragraph, and which are used by an independent institution of higher education, a school of medicine, a nonprofit hospital system, or any combination thereof; provided, however, that \$20,000,000 of the \$87,000,000 shall be allocated to mixed use parking projects that do not qualify under subparagraph (a) or (b) of this paragraph;
- (d) (i) \$16,000,000 shall be restricted to qualified residential projects that are located within a qualifying economic redevelopment and growth grant incentive area otherwise not qualifying under subparagraph (a), (b), or (c) of this paragraph; and
- (ii) an additional \$50,000,000 shall be restricted to qualified residential projects which, as of the effective date of P.L.2016, c.51, are located in a city of the first class with a population in excess of 270,000, are subject to a Renewal Contract for a Section 8 Mark-Up-To-Market Project from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, and for which an application for the award of tax credits under this subsection was submitted prior to January 1, 2016;
- (e) \$25,000,000 shall be restricted to projects involving university infrastructure; and
- (f) **[**\$150,000,000 shall be restricted to applications submitted after the effective date of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et al.) for projects which are predominantly commercial and contain 100,000 or more square feet of office and retail space, or industrial space for purchase or lease and may include a parking component; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L. , c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- (g) **[**\$50,000,000**]** \$125,000,000 shall be restricted to applications submitted after the effective date of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et al.) for residential projects in any county of the State.
- (h) For subparagraphs (a) through (d) of this paragraph, not more than \$40,000,000 of credits shall be awarded to any qualified residential project in a deep poverty pocket or distressed municipality and not more than \$20,000,000 of credits shall be awarded to any other qualified residential project. The developer of a qualified residential project seeking an award of credits towards the funding of its incentive grant shall submit an incentive grant application prior to July 1, 2016 and if approved after September 18, 2013, the effective date of P.L.2013, c.161 (C.52:27D-489p et

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1 al.) shall submit a temporary certificate of occupancy for the project 2 no later than December 31, 2023. The developer of a mixed use 3 parking project seeking an award of credits towards the funding of 4 its incentive grant pursuant to subparagraph (c) of this paragraph 5 and if approved after the effective date of P.L.2015, c.217, shall 6 submit a temporary certificate of occupancy for the project no later 7 than December 31, 2023. The developer of a qualified residential 8 project or a mixed use parking project seeking an award of credits 9 toward the funding of its incentive grant for a project restricted 10 under categories (vi) and (viii) of subparagraph (b) of this 11 paragraph shall submit an incentive grant application prior to July 12 1, 2019 or, in the case of a project restricted under category (viii) of 13 subparagraph (b) of this paragraph, December 31, 2021, and if 14 approved after the effective date of P.L.2017, c.59, shall submit a 15 temporary certificate of occupancy for the project no later than 16 December 31, 2023 provided that the municipality in which the 17 project is located shall have submitted to the chief executive officer 18 of the authority a letter of support identifying up to six projects 19 prior to July 1, 2018. The letter of support is to contain a project 20 scope for each of the projects and may be supplemented or amended 21 from time to time until July 1, 2019 or, in the case of a project 22 restricted under category (viii) of subparagraph (b) of this 23 paragraph, December 31, 2021. Applications for tax credits 24 pursuant to this subsection relating to an ancillary infrastructure 25 project or infrastructure improvement in the public right-of-way, or 26 both, shall be accompanied with a letter of support relating to the 27 project or improvement by the governing body or agency in which 28 the project is located. Credits awarded to a developer pursuant to 29 this subsection shall be subject to the same financial and related 30 analysis by the authority, the same term of the grant, and the same 31 mechanism for administering the credits, and shall be utilized or transferred by the developer as if the credits had been awarded to 32 33 the developer pursuant to section 35 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.34:1B-34 209.3) for qualified residential projects thereunder. No portion of 35 the revenues pledged pursuant to the "New Jersey Economic Opportunity Act of 2013," P.L.2013, c.161 (C.52:27D-489p et al.) 36 37 shall be subject to withholding or retainage for adjustment, in the 38 event the developer or taxpayer waives its rights to claim a refund 39 thereof. 40

(i) The developer of a project seeking an award of credits for a project restricted under **[**subparagraphs (f) and **]** subparagraph (g) of this paragraph shall submit an incentive grant application prior to December 31, 2021, and if approved after the effective date of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et al.), shall submit a temporary certificate of occupancy for the project no later than December 31, 2024. In addition to the requirements for an award of credits set forth in P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489a et al.), a developer shall be eligible to receive an award of credits for a project restricted under

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[subparagraphs (f) and] subparagraph (g) of this paragraph only if the developer demonstrates to the authority at that time of application that: (i) the project shall comply with minimum environmental and sustainability standards; (ii) the project shall comply with the authority's affirmative action requirements, adopted pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1979, c.303 (C.34:1B-5.4); (iii) each worker employed by the developer or subcontractor of a developer working at the project shall be paid not less than \$15 per hour or 120 percent of the minimum wage fixed under subsection a. of section 5 of P.L.1966, c.113 (C.34:11-56a4), whichever is higher; and (iv) during the eligibility period, each worker employed to perform construction work or building services work at the project shall be paid not less than the prevailing wage rate for the worker's craft or trade, as determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to P.L.1963, c.150 (C.34:11-56.25 et seq.) and P.L.2005, c.379 (C.34:11-56.58 et seq.). Prior to the board considering an application submitted by a developer for a project restricted under [subparagraphs (f) and] subparagraph (g) of this paragraph, the authority shall confirm with the Department of Labor and Workforce Development, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the Department of the Treasury [shall each report to the chief executive officer of the authority] whether the developer is in substantial good standing with the respective department, or has entered into an agreement with the respective department that includes a practical corrective action plan for the developer. The developer, or an authorized agent of the developer, shall certify to the authority that all factual assertions made in the developer's application are true under the penalty of perjury. If at any time the authority determines that the developer made a material misrepresentation on the developer's

authority shall recapture any tax credits awarded to the developer. (4) A developer may apply to the Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury and the chief executive officer of the authority for a tax credit transfer certificate, if the developer is awarded a tax credit pursuant to paragraph (2) or paragraph (3) of this subsection, covering one or more years, in lieu of the developer being allowed any amount of the credit against the tax liability of the developer. The tax credit transfer certificate, upon receipt thereof by the developer from the director and the chief executive officer of the authority, may be sold or assigned, in full or in part, to any other person who may have a tax liability pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5), sections 2 and 3 of P.L.1945, c.132 (C.54:18A-2 and C.54:18A-3), section 1 of P.L.1950, c.231 (C.17:32-15), or N.J.S.17B:23-5. The certificate provided to the developer shall include a statement waiving the developer's right to claim that amount of the credit against the taxes that the developer has elected to sell or assign. The sale or

application, the developer shall forfeit the award of credits and the

- assignment of any amount of a tax credit transfer certificate allowed under this paragraph shall not be exchanged for consideration received by the developer of less than 75 percent of the transferred credit amount before considering any further discounting to present value that may be permitted. Any amount of a tax credit transfer certificate used by a purchaser or assignee against a tax liability shall be subject to the same limitations and conditions that apply to the use of the credit by the developer who originally applied for and was allowed the credit.
 - c. All administrative costs associated with the incentive grant shall be assessed to the applicant and be retained by the State Treasurer from the annual incentive grant payments.
 - d. The incremental revenue for the revenues listed in subsection a. of this section shall be calculated as the difference between the amount collected in any fiscal year from any eligible revenue source included in the State redevelopment incentive grant agreement, less the revenue increment base for that eligible revenue.
 - e. The municipality is authorized to collect any information necessary to facilitate grants under this program and remit that information in order to assist in the calculation of incremental revenue.
- 23 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.123)

- 56. Section 8 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489h) is amended to read as follows:
 - 8. a. (1) The authority, in consultation with the State Treasurer, shall promulgate an incentive grant application form and procedure for the Economic Redevelopment and Growth Grant program.
 - (2) (a) The Local Finance Board, in consultation with the authority, shall develop a minimum standard incentive grant application form for municipal Economic Redevelopment and Growth Grant programs.
 - (b) Through regulation, the authority shall establish standards for redevelopment projects seeking State or local incentive grants based on the green building manual prepared by the Commissioner of Community Affairs pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2007, c.132 (C.52:27D-130.6), regarding the use of renewable energy, energy-efficient technology, and non-renewable resources in order to reduce environmental degradation and encourage long-term cost reduction.
- b. Within each incentive grant application, a developer shall certify information concerning:
 - (1) the status of control of the entire redevelopment project site;
- 46 (2) all required State and federal government permits that have 47 been issued for the redevelopment project, or will be issued pending 48 resolution of financing issues;

(3) local planning and zoning board approvals, as required, for the redevelopment project;

- (4) estimates of the revenue increment base, the eligible revenues for the project, and the assumptions upon which those estimates are made.
- c. (1) With regard to State tax revenues proposed to be pledged for an incentive grant the authority and the State Treasurer shall review the project costs, evaluate and validate the project financing gap estimated by the developer, and conduct a State fiscal impact analysis to ensure that the overall public assistance provided to the project, except with regards to a qualified residential project, a mixed use parking project, or a project involving university infrastructure, will result in net benefits to the State including, without limitation, both direct and indirect economic benefits and non-financial community revitalization objectives, including but not limited to, the promotion of the use of public transportation in the case of the ancillary infrastructure project portion of any transit project.
- (2) With regard to local incremental revenues proposed to be pledged for an incentive grant the authority and the Local Finance Board shall review the project costs, and except with respect to an application by a municipal redeveloper, evaluate and validate the project financing gap projected by the developer, and conduct a local fiscal impact analysis to ensure that the overall public assistance provided to the project, except with regards to a qualified residential project, a mixed use parking project, or a project involving university infrastructure, will result in net benefits to the municipality wherein the redevelopment project is located including, without limitation, both direct and indirect economic benefits and non-financial community revitalization objectives, including but not limited to, the promotion of the use of public transportation in the case of the ancillary infrastructure project portion of any transit project.
- (3) The authority, State Treasurer, and Local Finance Board may act cooperatively to administer and review applications, and shall consult with the Office of State Planning on matters concerning State, regional, and local development and planning strategies.
- (4) The costs of the aforementioned reviews shall be assessed to the applicant as an application fee, except for applications submitted on or after January 1, 2018, but before June 30, [2018] 2019, which are amended after the effective date of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et al.), the authority may waive fees.
- 44 (5) A developer who has already applied for an incentive grant 45 award prior to the effective date of the "New Jersey Economic 46 Opportunity Act of 2013," P.L.2013, c.161 (C.52:27D-489p et al.), 47 but who has not yet been approved for the grant, or has not 48 executed an agreement with the authority, may proceed under that

- 1 application or seek to amend the application or reapply for an
- 2 incentive grant award for the same project or any part thereof for
- 3 the purpose of availing himself or herself of any more favorable
- 4 provisions of the Economic Redevelopment and Growth Grant
- program established pursuant to the "New Jersey Economic 5
- Opportunity Act of 2013," P.L.2013, c.161 (C.52:27D-489p et al.), 6
- 7 except that projects with costs exceeding \$200,000,000 shall not be
- 8 eligible for revised percentage caps under subsection d. of section
- 9 19 of P.L.2013, c.161 (C.52:27D-489i).
- 10 (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.124)

- 12 57. Section 6 of P.L.2011, c.149 (C.34:1B-247) is amended to 13
- read as follows: 14 6. a. (1) The combined value of all credits approved by the
- 15 authority pursuant to P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-207 et seq.) and 16 P.L.2011, c.149 (C.34:1B-242 et al.) prior to December 31, 2013
- 17 shall not exceed \$1,750,000,000, except as may be increased by the
- 18 authority as set forth in paragraph (5) of subsection a. of section 35 19
- of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.34:1B-209.3). Following the enactment of the
- 20 "New Jersey Economic Opportunity Act of 2013," P.L.2013, c.161
- 21 (C.52:27D-489p et al.), there shall be no monetary cap on the value 22 of credits approved by the authority attributable to the program
- 23 pursuant to the "New Jersey Economic Opportunity Act of 2013,"
- 24 P.L.2013, c.161 (C.52:27D-489p et al.).
- 25 (2) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2013, c.161)
- 26 (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2013, c.161)
- 27 (4) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2013, c.161)
- 28 (5) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2013, c.161)
- 29 b. (1) A business shall submit an application for tax credits
- 30 prior to July 1, 2019. The authority shall not approve an application
- 31 for tax credits unless the application was submitted prior to July 1,
- 32
- 33 (2) (a) A business shall submit its documentation indicating
- 34 that it has met the capital investment and employment requirements
- 35 and all conditions of approvals specified in the incentive agreement
- 36 for certification of its tax credit amount, to the authority's
- 37 satisfaction, within three years following the date of approval of its
- 38 application by the authority. The authority shall have the discretion
- 39 to grant two six-month extensions of this deadline. If the authority
- 40 accepts the documentation, the authority shall request that the
- 41 Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury issue a tax
- 42 credit based on the approved documentation to be used by the
- 43 business during the eligibility period. Except as provided in
- 44 subparagraphs (b) and (c) of this paragraph, in no event shall the
- 45 incentive effective date occur later than four years following the
- 46 date of approval of an application by the authority.
- 47 (b) As of the effective date of P.L.2017, c.314, a business which
- applied for the tax credit prior to July 1, 2014 under P.L.2011, 48

c.149 (C.34:1B-242 et al.), shall submit its documentation to the authority no later than July 28, 2019, indicating that it has met the capital investment and employment requirements specified in the incentive agreement for certification of its tax credit amount.

- (c) If the Governor declares an emergency, then the chief executive officer of the authority shall have the discretion to grant an extension for the duration of the emergency and the board of the authority, upon recommendation of the chief executive officer, may grant two additional six-month extensions; provided that (i) the extensions are due to the economic disruption caused by the emergency; (ii) the project is delayed due to unforeseeable acts related to the project beyond the eligible business's control and without its fault or negligence; (iii) the eligible business is using best efforts, with all due diligence, to proceed with the completion of the project and the submission of the certification; and (iv) the eligible business has made, and continues to make, all reasonable efforts to prevent, avoid, mitigate, and overcome the delay.
 - (3) Full-time employment for an accounting or privilege period shall be determined as the average of the monthly full-time employment for the period.
 - (4) A business seeking a credit for a mega project shall apply for the credit within four years after the effective date of the "New Jersey Economic Opportunity Act of 2013," P.L.2013, c.161 (C.52:27D-489p et al.).
 - c. (1) In conducting its annual review, the authority may require a business to submit any information determined by the authority to be necessary and relevant to its review.

The credit amount for any tax period for which the documentation of a business's credit amount remains uncertified as of a date three years after the closing date of that period shall be forfeited, although credit amounts for the remainder of the years of the eligibility period shall remain available to it.

The credit amount may be taken by the tax certificate holder for the tax period for which it was issued or may be carried forward for use by the tax certificate holder in any of the next 20 successive tax periods, and shall expire thereafter. The tax certificate holder may transfer the tax credit amount on or after the date of issuance or at any time within three years of the date of issuance for use by the transferee in the tax period for which it was issued or in any of the next 20 successive tax periods. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no more than the amount of tax credits equal to the total credit amount divided by the duration of the eligibility period in years may be taken in any tax period.

A business may elect to suspend its obligations for the 2020 tax period and, if the public health emergency or state of emergency declared due to the COVID-19 pandemic extends past March 2021, the 2021 tax period, provided that the business shall make such election in writing to the authority before the date the annual report

is due and such suspension shall extend the term of the eligibility period by a corresponding amount of time. The authority shall amend the incentive agreement, and the business shall execute the amended incentive agreement within the time period provided by the authority. The amended incentive agreement shall provide that the failure to submit the annual report due to the suspension shall not be a forfeiture or an uncertified tax period.

- (2) Credits granted to a partnership shall be passed through to the partners, members, or owners, respectively, pro-rata or pursuant to an executed agreement among the partners, members, or owners documenting an alternate distribution method provided to the Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury accompanied by any additional information as the director may require.
- (3) The amount of credit allowed may be applied against the tax liability otherwise due pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5), pursuant to sections 2 and 3 of P.L.1945, c.132 (C.54:18A-2 and C.54:18A-3), pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1950, c.231 (C.17:32-15), or pursuant to N.J.S.17B:23-5.
- (4) In order to respond to the profoundly negative impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the State's economy and finances, the authority may request a tax certificate holder, at the tax certificate holder's discretion, to defer the application of a credit amount allowed pursuant to this section to a later tax period. Upon request, the authority and the tax certificate holder shall negotiate the terms of the deferral, which shall hold the certificate holder harmless, which will be made in the incentive agreement or as an addendum to the incentive agreement.
- d. (1) If, in any tax period, the business reduces the total number of full-time employees in its Statewide workforce by more than 20 percent from the number of full-time employees in its Statewide workforce in the last tax period prior to the credit amount approval under section 3 of P.L.2011, c.149 (C.34:1B-244), then the business shall forfeit its credit amount for that tax period and each subsequent tax period, until the first tax period for which documentation demonstrating the restoration of the business's Statewide workforce to the threshold levels required by the incentive agreement has been reviewed and approved by the authority, for which tax period and each subsequent tax period the full amount of the credit shall be allowed.
- (2) If, in any tax period, the number of full-time employees employed by the business at the qualified business facility located within a qualified incentive area drops below 80 percent of the number of new and retained full-time jobs specified in the incentive agreement, then the business shall forfeit its credit amount for that tax period and each subsequent tax period, until the first tax period for which documentation demonstrating the restoration of the number of full-time employees employed by the business at the

qualified business facility to 80 percent of the number of jobs specified in the incentive agreement.

- (3) (a) If the qualified business facility is sold by the owner in whole or in part during the eligibility period, the new owner shall not acquire the capital investment of the seller and the seller shall forfeit all credits for the tax period in which the sale occurs and all subsequent tax periods, provided however that any credits of the business shall remain unaffected.
- (b) In connection with a regional distribution facility of foodstuffs, the business entity or entities which own or lease the facility shall qualify as a business regardless of: (i) the type of the business entity or entities which own or lease the facility; (ii) the ownership or leasing of the facility by more than one business entity; or (iii) the ownership of the business entity or entities which own or lease the facility. The ownership or leasing, whether by members, shareholders, partners, or other owners of the business entity or entities, shall be treated as ownership or leasing by affiliates. The members, shareholders, partners, or other ownership or leasing participants and others that are tenants in the facility shall be treated as affiliates for the purpose of counting the full-time employees and capital investments in the facility. The business entity or entities may distribute credits to members, shareholders, partners, or other ownership or leasing participants in accordance with their respective interests. If the business entity or entities or their members, shareholders, partners, or other ownership or leasing participants lease space in the facility to members, shareholders, partners, or other ownership or leasing participants or others as tenants in the facility, the leases shall be treated as a lease to an affiliate, and the business entity or entities shall not be subject to forfeiture of the credits. For the purposes of this section, leasing shall include subleasing and tenants shall include subtenants.
- (4) (a) For a project located within a Garden State Growth Zone, if, in any tax period, the number of full-time employees employed by the business at the qualified business facility located within a qualified incentive area increases above the number of full-time employees specified in the incentive agreement, then the business shall be entitled to an increased base credit amount for that tax period and each subsequent tax period, for each additional full-time employee added above the number of full-time employees specified in the incentive agreement, until the first tax period for which documentation demonstrating a reduction of the number of full-time employees employed by the business at the qualified business facility, at which time the tax credit amount will be adjusted accordingly pursuant to this section.
- (b) For a project located within a Garden State Growth Zone which qualifies under the "Municipal Rehabilitation and Economic Recovery Act," P.L.2002, c.43 (C.52:27BBB-1 et al.), or which contains a Tourism District as established pursuant to section 5 of

- 1 P.L.2011, c.18 (C.5:12-219) and regulated by the Casino
- 2 Reinvestment Development Authority, and which qualifies for a tax
- 3 credit pursuant to subsubparagraph (ii) of subparagraphs (a) through
- 4 (e) of paragraph (6) of subsection d. of section 5 of P.L.2011, c.149
- 5 (C.34:1B-246), if, in any tax period the number of full-time
- 6 employees employed by the business at the qualified business
- 7 facility located within a qualified incentive area increases above the
- 8 number of full-time employees specified in the incentive agreement 9 such that the business shall then meet the minimum number of
- 9 such that the business shall then meet the minimum number of 10 employees required in subparagraph (b), (c), (d), or (e) of paragraph
- 11 (6) of subsection d. of section 5 of P.L.2011, c.149 (C.34:1B-246),
- 12 then the authority shall recalculate the total tax credit amount per
- 13 full-time job by using the certified capital investment of the project
- 14 allowable under the applicable subsubparagraph and the number of
- 15 full-time jobs certified on the date of the recalculation and applying
- those numbers to subparagraph (b), (c), (d), or (e) of paragraph (6)
- of subsection d. of section 5 of P.L.2011, c.149 (C.34:1B-246),
- 18 until the first tax period for which documentation demonstrating a
- 19 reduction of the number of full-time employees employed by the
- business at the qualified business facility, at which time the tax credit amount shall be adjusted accordingly pursuant to this section.
- e. The authority shall not enter into an incentive agreement
- 23 with a business that has previously received incentives pursuant to
- the "Business Retention and Relocation Assistance Act," P.L.1996,
- 25 c.25 (C.34:1B-112 et seq.), the "Business Employment Incentive
- 26 Program Act," P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-124 et al.), or any other
- 27 program administered by the authority unless:

the previous award of incentives.

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- (1) the business has satisfied all of its obligations underlying the previous award of incentives or is compliant with section 4 of P.L.2011, c.149 (C.34:1B-245); or
- (2) the capital investment incurred and new or retained full-time jobs pledged by the business in the new incentive agreement are separate and apart from any capital investment or jobs underlying
- f. A business which has already applied for a tax credit incentive award prior to the effective date of the "New Jersey Economic Opportunity Act of 2013," P.L.2013, c.161 (C.52:27D-489p et al.), but who has not yet been approved for the tax credits, or has not executed an agreement with the authority, may proceed under that application or seek to amend the application or reapply for a tax credit incentive award for the same project or any part thereof for the purpose of availing itself of any more favorable provisions of the program.
- g. A business that has entered into an incentive agreement may request before December 31, 2022 to terminate the incentive agreement due to the COVID-19 public health emergency; provided that the business shall submit a certification from the business's chief executive officer or equivalent officer stating that the

termination is due to the public health emergency and describing the impact of the public health emergency on the business. All credits for the tax period in which the termination occurs and all subsequent tax periods shall be forfeited, provided however that any credits of the business shall remain unaffected.

h. A business that has entered into an incentive agreement may request, before December 31, 2021, to reduce the number of new or retained full-time jobs specified in the incentive agreement based on a certification of the business of the eligible positions at the qualified business facility commencing with the 2020 tax period and, at the discretion of the business, whether the reduction shall continue for each subsequent tax period remaining in the eligibility period, provided that the business maintains the minimum number of new or retained full-time jobs required to be eligible pursuant to subsection c. of section 3 of P.L.2011, c.149 (C.34:1B-244). The reduction in employment shall first apply to the number of new full-time employees, and then shall apply to the number of retained full-time employees.

The authority shall calculate a new tax credit total amount for the 2020 tax period and the remainder of the eligibility period based on the reduced employment and shall amend the incentive agreement to reflect the recalculated award amount. In no event shall the modification result in an increase in employment or tax credit amount.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.108)

- 58. Section 1 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54:10A-5.39b) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. (1) A taxpayer, upon approval of an application to the authority and the director, shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) in an amount equal to [30] 35 percent of the qualified film production expenses of the taxpayer during a privilege period commencing on or after July 1, 2018 but before July 1, [2028] 2034, provided that:
- (a) at least 60 percent of the total film production expenses, exclusive of post-production costs, of the taxpayer are incurred for services performed, and goods purchased through vendors authorized to do business, in New Jersey, or the qualified film production expenses of the taxpayer during the privilege period <u>for services performed</u>, and goods purchased, through vendors <u>authorized to do business in New Jersey</u>, exceed \$1,000,000 per production;
- (b) principal photography of the film commences within [the earlier of] 180 days from the date of the original application for the tax credit [, or 150 days from the date of approval of the application for the tax credit];

1 (c) the film includes, when determined to be appropriate by the
2 commission, at no cost to the State, marketing materials promoting
3 this State as a film and entertainment production destination, which
4 materials shall include placement of a "Filmed in New Jersey" or
5 "Produced in New Jersey" statement, or an approved logo approved
6 by the commission, in the end credits of the film;

- (d) the taxpayer submits a tax credit verification report prepared by an independent certified public accountant licensed in this State in accordance with subsection f. of this section; and
- (e) the taxpayer complies with the withholding requirements provided for payments to loan out companies and independent contractors in accordance with subsection g. of this section.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of subsection a. of this section to the contrary, the tax credit allowed pursuant to this subsection against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) shall be in an amount equal to [35] 30 percent of the qualified film production expenses of the taxpayer during a privilege period that are incurred for services performed and tangible personal property purchased [through vendors whose primary place of business is located in Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Mercer or Salem County] for use at a sound stage or other location that is located in the State within a 30-mile radius of the intersection of Eighth Avenue/Central Park West, Broadway, and West 59th Street/Central Park South, New York, New York.
 - b. (1) A taxpayer, upon approval of an application to the authority and the director, shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) in an amount equal to: 20 percent of the qualified digital media content production expenses of the taxpayer during a privilege period commencing on or after July 1, 2018 but before July 1, [2028] 2034, provided that:
 - (a) at least \$2,000,000 of the total digital media content production expenses of the taxpayer are incurred for services performed, and goods purchased through vendors authorized to do business, in New Jersey;
 - (b) at least 50 percent of the qualified digital media content production expenses of the taxpayer are for wages and salaries paid to full-time or full-time equivalent employees in New Jersey;
 - (c) the taxpayer submits a tax credit verification report prepared by an independent certified public accountant licensed in this State in accordance with subsection f. of this section; and
 - (d) the taxpayer complies with the withholding requirements provided for payments to loan out companies and independent contractors in accordance with subsection g. of this section.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of subsection b. of this section to the contrary, the tax credit allowed pursuant to this subsection against the tax imposed pursuant to

section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) shall be in an amount equal to 25 percent of the qualified digital media content production expenses of the taxpayer during a privilege period that are incurred for services performed and tangible personal property purchased through vendors whose primary place of business is located in Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Mercer, or Salem County.

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- c. No tax credit shall be allowed pursuant to this section for any costs or expenses included in the calculation of any other tax credit or exemption granted pursuant to a claim made on a tax return filed with the director, or included in the calculation of an award of business assistance or incentive, for a period of time that coincides with the privilege period for which a tax credit authorized pursuant to this section is allowed. The order of priority in which the tax credit allowed pursuant to this section and any other tax credits allowed by law may be taken shall be as prescribed by the director. The amount of the tax credit applied under this section against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5), for a privilege period, when taken together with any other payments, credits, deductions, and adjustments allowed by law shall not reduce the tax liability of the taxpayer to an amount less than the statutory minimum provided in subsection (e) of section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5). The amount of the tax credit otherwise allowable under this section which cannot be applied for the privilege period due to the limitations of this subsection or under other provisions of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-1 et seq.) may be carried forward, if necessary, to the seven privilege periods following the privilege period for which the tax credit was allowed.
- d. A taxpayer, with an application for a tax credit provided for in subsection a. or subsection b. of this section, may apply to the authority and the director for a tax credit transfer certificate in lieu of the taxpayer being allowed any amount of the tax credit against the tax liability of the taxpayer. The tax credit transfer certificate, upon receipt thereof by the taxpayer from the authority and the director, may be sold or assigned, in full or in part, to any other taxpayer that may have a tax liability under the "Corporation Business Tax Act (1945)," P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-1 et seq.), or the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., in exchange for private financial assistance to be provided by the purchaser or assignee to the taxpayer that has applied for and been granted the tax credit. The tax credit transfer certificate provided to the taxpayer shall include a statement waiving the taxpayer's right to claim that amount of the tax credit against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) that the taxpayer has elected to sell or assign. The sale or assignment of any amount of a tax credit transfer certificate allowed under this section shall not be exchanged for consideration received by the taxpayer of

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1 less than 75 percent of the transferred tax credit amount. Any 2 amount of a tax credit transfer certificate used by a purchaser or 3 assignee against a tax liability under P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-1 4 et seq.) shall be subject to the same limitations and conditions that 5 apply to the use of a tax credit pursuant to subsection c. of this 6 section. Any amount of a tax credit transfer certificate obtained by 7 a purchaser or assignee under subsection a. or subsection b. of this 8 section may be applied against the purchaser's or assignee's tax 9 liability under N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. and shall be subject to the 10 same limitations and conditions that apply to the use of a credit 11 pursuant to subsections c. and d. of section 2 of P.L.2018, c.56 12 (C.54A:4-12b).

13 e. (1) The value of tax credits, including tax credits allowed 14 through the granting of tax credit transfer certificates, approved by 15 the director and the authority pursuant to subsection a. of this 16 section and pursuant to subsection a. of section 2 of P.L.2018, c.56 17 (C.54A:4-12b) to taxpayers, other than New Jersey [film] studio 18 partners and New Jersey film-lease partners, shall not exceed a 19 cumulative total of \$100,000,000 in fiscal year 2019 and in each fiscal year thereafter prior to fiscal year [2029] 2035 to apply 20 21 against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 22 (C.54:10A-5) and the tax imposed pursuant to the "New Jersey 23 Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. In addition to the 24 \$100,000,000 limitation on the value of tax credits approved by the 25 director for New Jersey film-lease partners and the \$100,000,000 26 limitation on the value of tax credits approved by the director for 27 other taxpayers imposed by this paragraph, the value of tax credits, including tax credits allowed through the granting of tax credit 28 29 transfer certificates, approved by the director and the authority 30 pursuant to subsection a. of this section and pursuant to subsection 31 a. of section 2 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54A:4-12b) to New Jersey 32 [film] studio partners shall not exceed a cumulative total of 33 \$100,000,000 in fiscal year 2021 and in each fiscal year thereafter 34 prior to fiscal year 2034 to apply against the tax imposed pursuant 35 to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) and the tax imposed 36 pursuant to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 Beginning in fiscal year 2025, in addition to the et seq. 37 38 \$100,000,000 made available for New Jersey studio partners 39 pursuant to this paragraph, up to an additional \$350,000,000 may be 40 made available annually, in the discretion of the authority, to New 41 Jersey studio partners for the award of tax credits, including tax 42 credits allowed through the granting of tax credit transfer 43 certificates, pursuant to subsection a. of this section and subsection 44 a. of section 2 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54A:4-12b), from the funds 45 made available pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph (1) of 46 subsection b. of section 98 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-362). In 47 addition to the \$100,000,000 limitation on the value of tax credits 48 approved by the director for New Jersey [film] studio partners and

the \$100,000,000 limitation on the value of tax credits approved by the director for other taxpayers imposed by this paragraph, the value of tax credits, including tax credits allowed through the granting of tax credit transfer certificates, approved by the director and the authority pursuant to subsection a. of this section and pursuant to subsection a. of section 2 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54A:4-12b) to New Jersey film-lease partners shall not exceed a cumulative total of \$100,000,000 in fiscal year 2021 and in each fiscal year thereafter prior to fiscal year 2034 to apply against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) and the tax imposed pursuant to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. Approvals made to New Jersey studio partners and New Jersey film-lease partners shall be subject to award agreements with the authority detailing obligations of the awardee and outcomes relating to events of default, including, but not limited to, recapture, forfeiture, and termination. If in any privilege period, beginning following a date determined by the authority, a New Jersey film-lease partner's annual average of qualified film production expenses falls below \$50,000,000, the authority shall reduce by 20 percent any tax credit award for a film for which final documentation pursuant to N.J.A.C.19:31-21.7(c) has been submitted, until a privilege period when the annual average of qualified film production expenses has been restored to \$50,000,000. The authority shall establish a non-binding, administrative pre-certification process for potentially eligible projects.

If the cumulative total amount of tax credits, and tax credit transfer certificates, allowed to taxpayers for privilege periods or taxable years commencing during a single fiscal year under subsection a. of this section and subsection a. of section 2 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54A:4-12b) exceeds the amount of tax credits available in that fiscal year, then taxpayers who have first applied for and have not been allowed a tax credit or tax credit transfer certificate amount for that reason shall be allowed, in the order in which they have submitted an application, the amount of tax credit or tax credit transfer certificate on the first day of the next succeeding fiscal year in which tax credits and tax credit transfer certificates under subsection a. of this section and subsection a. of section 2 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54A:4-12b) are not in excess of the amount of credits available.

Notwithstanding any provision of paragraph (1) of this subsection to the contrary, for any fiscal year in which the amount of tax credits approved pursuant to this paragraph is less than the cumulative total amount of tax credits permitted to be approved in that fiscal year, the authority shall certify the amount of the remaining tax credits available for approval in that fiscal year, and shall increase the cumulative total amount of tax credits permitted to be approved for New Jersey studio partners in the subsequent

fiscal year by the certified amount remaining from the prior fiscal year. The authority shall also certify, for each fiscal year, the amount of tax credits that were previously approved, but that the taxpayer is not able to redeem or transfer to another taxpayer under this section, and shall increase the cumulative total amount of tax credits permitted to be approved for New Jersey studio partners in the subsequent fiscal year by the amount of tax credits previously approved, but not subject to redemption or transfer.

(2) The value of tax credits, including tax credits allowed through the granting of tax credit transfer certificates, approved by the authority and the director pursuant to subsection b. of this section and pursuant to subsection b. of section 2 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54A:4-12b) shall not exceed a cumulative total of \$10,000,000 in fiscal year 2019 and in each fiscal year thereafter prior to fiscal year [2029] 2035 to apply against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) and the tax imposed pursuant to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq.

If the total amount of tax credits and tax credit transfer certificates allowed to taxpayers for privilege periods or taxable years commencing during a single fiscal year under subsection b. of this section and subsection b. of section 2 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54A:4-12.b) exceeds the amount of tax credits available in that year, then taxpayers who have first applied for and have not been allowed a tax credit or tax credit transfer certificate amount for that reason shall be allowed, in the order in which they have submitted an application, the amount of tax credit or tax credit transfer certificate on the first day of the next succeeding fiscal year in which tax credits and tax credit transfer certificates under subsection b. of this section and subsection b. of section 2 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54A:4-12.b) are not in excess of the amount of credits available.

Notwithstanding any provision of this paragraph to the contrary, for any fiscal year in which the amount of tax credits approved pursuant to this paragraph is less than the cumulative total amount of tax credits permitted to be approved in that fiscal year, the authority shall certify the amount of the remaining tax credits available for approval in that fiscal year, and shall increase the cumulative total amount of tax credits permitted to be approved in the subsequent fiscal year by the certified amount remaining from the prior fiscal year. The authority shall also certify, for each fiscal year, the amount of tax credits that were previously approved, but that the taxpayer is not able to redeem or transfer to another taxpayer under this section, and shall increase the cumulative total amount of tax credits permitted to be approved in the subsequent fiscal year by the amount of tax credits previously approved, but not subject to redemption or transfer.

f. A taxpayer shall submit to the authority and the director a report prepared by an independent certified public accountant

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1 licensed in this State to verify the taxpayer's tax credit claim 2 following the completion of the production. The report shall be 3 prepared by the independent certified public accountant pursuant to 4 agreed upon procedures prescribed by the authority and the director, 5 and shall include such information and documentation as shall be 6 determined to be necessary by the authority and the director to 7 substantiate the qualified film production expenses or the qualified 8 digital media content production expenses of the taxpayer. A single 9 report with attachments deemed necessary by the authority shall be 10 submitted electronically. Upon receipt of the report, the authority 11 and the director shall review the findings of the independent 12 certified public accountant's report, and shall make a determination 13 as to the qualified film production expenses or the qualified digital 14 media content production expenses of the taxpayer. The authority's 15 and the director's review shall include, but shall not be limited to: a 16 review of all non-payroll qualified film production expense items 17 and non-payroll digital media content production expense items 18 over \$20,000; a review of 100 randomly selected non-payroll 19 qualified film production expense items and non-payroll digital 20 media content production expense items that are greater than 21 \$2,500, but less than \$20,000; a review of 100 randomly selected 22 non-payroll qualified film production expense items and non-23 payroll digital media content production expense items that are less 24 than \$2,500; a review of the qualified wages for the 15 employees, 25 independent contractors, or loan-out companies with the highest 26 qualified wages; and a review of the qualified wages for 35 27 randomly selected employees, independent contractors, or loan-out 28 companies with qualified wages other than the 15 employees, 29 independent contractors, or loan-out companies with the highest 30 qualified wages. The taxpayer's qualified film production expenses 31 and digital media content production expenses shall be adjusted 32 based on any discrepancies identified for the reviewed non-payroll 33 qualified film production expense items, non-payroll digital media 34 content production expense items and qualified wages. The 35 taxpayer's qualified film production expenses and digital media 36 content production expenses also shall be adjusted based on the 37 projection of any discrepancies identified based on the review of 38 randomly selected expense items or wages pursuant to this 39 subsection to the extent that the discrepancies exceed one percent of 40 the total reviewed non-payroll qualified film production expense 41 items, non-payroll digital media content production expense items, 42 or qualified wages. The determination shall be provided in writing 43 to the taxpayer, and a copy of the written determination shall be 44 included in the filing of a return that includes a claim for a tax 45 credit allowed pursuant to this section. 46

g. A taxpayer shall withhold from each payment to a loan out company or to an independent contractor an amount equal to 6.37 percent of the payment otherwise due. The amounts withheld shall

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be deemed to be withholding of liability pursuant to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., and the taxpayer shall be deemed to have the rights, duties, and responsibilities of an employer pursuant to chapter 7 of Title 54A of the New Jersey Statutes. The director shall allocate the amounts withheld for a taxable year to the accounts of the individuals who are employees of a loan out company in proportion to the employee's payment by the loan out company in connection with a trade, profession, or occupation carried on in this State or for the rendition of personal services performed in this State during the taxable year. A loan out company that reports its payments to employees in connection with a trade, profession, or occupation carried on in this State or for the rendition of personal services performed in this State during a taxable year shall be relieved of its duties and responsibilities as an employer pursuant to chapter 7 of Title 54A of the New Jersey Statutes for the taxable year for any payments relating to the payments on which the taxpayer withheld.

h. As used in this section:

"Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development Authority.

"Business assistance or incentive" means "business assistance or incentive" as that term is defined pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2007, c.101 (C.54:50-39).

"Commission" means the Motion Picture and Television Development Commission.

"Digital media content" means any data or information that is produced in digital form, including data or information created in analog form but reformatted in digital form, text, graphics, photographs, animation, sound, and video content. "Digital media content" shall not mean content offerings generated by the end user (including postings on electronic bulletin boards and chat rooms); content offerings comprised primarily of local news, events, weather, or local market reports; public service content; electronic commerce platforms (such as retail and wholesale websites); websites or content offerings that contain obscene material as defined pursuant to N.J.S.2C:34-2 and N.J.S.2C:34-3; websites or content that are produced or maintained primarily for private, industrial, corporate, or institutional purposes; or digital media content acquired or licensed by the taxpayer for distribution or incorporation into the taxpayer's digital media content.

"Film" means a feature film, a television series, or a television show of 22 minutes or more in length, intended for a national audience, or a television series or a television show of 22 minutes or more in length intended for a national or regional audience, including, but not limited to, a game show, award show, or other gala event filmed and produced at a nonprofit arts and cultural venue receiving State funding. "Film" shall not include a production featuring news, current events, weather, and market

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1 reports or public programming, talk show, or sports event, a 2 production that solicits funds, a production containing obscene 3 material as defined under N.J.S.2C:34-2 and N.J.S.2C:34-3, or a 4 production primarily for private, industrial, corporate, or 5 institutional purposes, or a reality show, except if the production 6 company of the reality show owns, leases, or otherwise occupies a 7 production facility of no less than 20,000 square feet of real 8 property for a minimum term of 24 months, and invests no less than 9 \$3,000,000 in such a facility within a designated enterprise zone 10 established pursuant to the "New Jersey Urban Enterprise Zones 11 Act," P.L.1983, c.303 (C.52:27H-60 et al.), or a UEZ-impacted 12 business district established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.2001, c.347 (C.52:27H-66.2). "Film" shall not include an award show or 13 14 other gala event that is not filmed and produced at a nonprofit arts 15 and cultural venue receiving State funding.

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"Full-time or full-time equivalent employee" means an individual employed by the taxpayer for consideration for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time or full-time equivalent employment, whose wages are subject to withholding as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., or who is a partner of a taxpayer, who works for the partnership for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time or full-time equivalent employment, and whose distributive share of income, gain, loss, or deduction, or whose guaranteed payments, or any combination thereof, is subject to the payment of estimated taxes, as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 "Full-time or full-time equivalent employee" shall not include an individual who works as an independent contractor or on a consulting basis for the taxpayer.

"Highly compensated individual" means an individual who directly or indirectly receives compensation in excess of \$500,000 for the performance of services used directly in a production. An individual receives compensation indirectly when the taxpayer pays a loan out company that, in turn, pays the individual for the performance of services.

"Incurred in New Jersey" means, for any application submitted after the effective date of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54:10A-5.39b et al.), pursuant to which a tax credit has not been allowed prior to the effective date of P.L., c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill), service performed within New Jersey and tangible personal property used or consumed in New Jersey. A service is performed in New Jersey to the extent that the individual performing the service is physically located in New Jersey while performing the service. Notwithstanding where the property is delivered or acquired, rented tangible property is used or consumed in New Jersey to the extent that the property is located in New Jersey

- during its use or consumption and is rented from a vendor authorized to do business in New Jersey or the film production company provides to the authority the vendor's information in a form and manner prescribed by the authority. Purchased tangible property is not used and consumed in New Jersey unless it is purchased from a vendor authorized to do business in New Jersey and is delivered to or acquired within New Jersey; provided, however, that if a production is also located in another jurisdiction, the purchased tangible property is used and consumed in New Jersey if the acquisition and delivery of purchased tangible property
- is located in either New Jersey or another jurisdiction where the
 production takes place.
 "Independent contractor" means an individual treated as an

independent contractor means an individual treated as an independent contractor for federal and State tax purposes who is contracted with by the taxpayer for the performance of services used directly in a production.

"Loan out company" means a personal service corporation or other entity that is contracted with by the taxpayer to provide specified individual personnel, such as artists, crew, actors, producers, or directors for the performance of services used directly in a production. "Loan out company" shall not include entities contracted with by the taxpayer to provide goods or ancillary contractor services such as catering, construction, trailers, equipment, or transportation.

["New Jersey film partner" means a film production company that has made a commitment to produce films or commercial audiovisual products in New Jersey and has developed, purchased, or executed a 10-year contract to lease a production facility of 250,000 square feet or more as a "transformative project" pursuant to section 65 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-333). No more than five film production companies may be designated as a New Jersey film partner.

"New Jersey film-lease partner" means a taxpayer, including any taxpayer that is a member of a combined group under P.L.2018, c.131 (C.54:10A-4.11), that has made a commitment to lease or acquire a New Jersey production facility with an aggregate square footage of at least 50,000 square feet, which includes a sound stage and production support space such as production offices or a backlot, for a period of five or more successive years and commits to spend, on a separate-entity basis or in the aggregate with other members of the taxpayer's combined group, an annual average of \$50,000,000 of qualified film production expenses over the period of at least five but not to exceed 10 years.

"New Jersey studio partner" means a film production company that has made a commitment to produce films or commercial audiovisual products in New Jersey and has developed, purchased, or executed a 10-year contract to lease a production facility of 250,000 square feet or more as a "transformative project" pursuant

to section 65 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-333). No more than three film production companies may be designated as a New Jersey studio partner.

"Partnership" means an entity classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes.

"Post-production costs" means the costs of the phase of production of a film that follows principal photography, in which raw footage is cut and assembled into a finished film with sound synchronization and visual effects.

"Pre-production costs" means the costs of the phase of production of a film that precedes principal photography, in which a detailed schedule and budget for the production is prepared, the script and location is finalized, and contracts with vendors are negotiated.

"Qualified digital media content production expenses" means an expense incurred in New Jersey for the production of digital media "Qualified digital media content production expenses" shall include but not be limited to: wages and salaries of individuals employed in the production of digital media content on which the tax imposed by the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. has been paid or is due; and the costs of computer software and hardware, data processing, visualization technologies, sound synchronization, editing, and the rental of facilities and equipment. Payment made to a loan out company or to an independent contractor shall not be deemed a "qualified digital media content production expense" unless the payment is made in connection with a trade, profession, or occupation carried on in this State or for the rendition of personal services performed in this State and the taxpayer has made the withholding required pursuant to subsection g. of this section. "Qualified digital media content production expenses" shall not include expenses incurred in marketing, promotion, or advertising digital media or other costs not directly related to the production of digital media content. Costs related to the acquisition or licensing of digital media content by the taxpayer for distribution or incorporation into the taxpayer's digital media content shall not be deemed "qualified digital media content production expenses."

"Qualified film production expenses" means an expense incurred in New Jersey for the production of a film including pre-production costs and post-production costs incurred in New Jersey. "Qualified film production expenses" shall include but not be limited to: wages and salaries of individuals employed in the production of a film on which the tax imposed by the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. has been paid or is due; and the costs for tangible personal property used, and services performed, directly and exclusively in the production of a film, such as expenditures for film production facilities, props, makeup, wardrobe, film processing, camera, sound recording, set

construction, lighting, shooting, editing, and meals. Payment made to a loan out company or to an independent contractor shall not be deemed a "qualified film production expense" unless the payment is made in connection with a trade, profession, or occupation carried on in this State or for the rendition of personal services performed in this State and the taxpayer has made the withholding required pursuant to subsection g. of this section. "Qualified film production expenses" shall not include: expenses incurred in marketing or advertising a film; and payment in excess of \$500,000 to a highly compensated individual for costs for a story, script, or scenario used in the production of a film and wages or salaries or other compensation for writers, directors, including music directors, producers, and performers, other than background actors with no scripted lines, except as follows:

(1) for a New Jersey [film] studio partner that incurs more than \$15,000,000, but less than \$50,000,000, in qualified film production expenses in the State, an amount, not to exceed \$15,000,000, of the wages or salaries or other compensation for writers, directors, including music directors, producers, and performers, other than background actors with no scripted lines, shall constitute qualified film production expenses;

- (2) for a New Jersey **[**film**]** studio partner that incurs \$50,000,000 or more, but less than \$100,000,000, in qualified film production expenses in the State, an amount, not to exceed \$25,000,000, of the wages or salaries or other compensation for writers, directors, including music directors, producers, and performers, other than background actors with no scripted lines, shall constitute qualified film production expenses;
- (3) for a New Jersey [film] studio partner that incurs \$100,000,000 or more, but less than \$150,000,000, in qualified film production expenses in the State, an amount, not to exceed \$40,000,000, of the wages or salaries or other compensation for writers, directors, including music directors, producers, and performers, other than background actors with no scripted lines, shall constitute qualified film production expenses; and
- (4) for a New Jersey **[**film**]** studio partner that incurs \$150,000,000 or more in qualified film production expenses in the State, an amount, not to exceed \$60,000,000, of the wages or salaries or other compensation for writers, directors, including music directors, producers, and performers, other than background actors with no scripted lines, shall constitute qualified film production expenses.

"Total digital media content production expenses" means costs for services performed and property used or consumed in the production of digital media content.

"Total film production expenses" means costs for services performed and tangible personal property used or consumed in the production of a film.

A business that is not a "taxpayer" as defined and used in the "Corporation Business Tax Act (1945)," P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-1 et seq.) and therefore is not directly allowed a credit under this section, but is a business entity that is classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes and is ultimately owned by a business entity that is a "corporation" as defined in subsection (c) of section 4 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-4), or a limited liability company formed under the "Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company Act," P.L.2012, c.50 (C.42:2C-1 et seq.), or qualified to do business in this State as a foreign limited liability company, with one member, and is wholly owned by the business entity that is a "corporation" as defined in subsection (c) of section 4 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-4), but otherwise meets all other requirements of this section, shall be considered an eligible applicant and "taxpayer" as that term is used in this section. (cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.110)

- 59. Section 2 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54A:4-12b) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. a. (1) A taxpayer, upon approval of an application to the authority and the director, shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due for the taxable year under the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., in an amount equal to [30] 35 percent of the qualified film production expenses of the taxpayer during a taxable year commencing on or after July 1, 2018 but before July 1, [2028] 2034, provided that:
- (a) at least 60 percent of the total film production expenses, exclusive of post-production costs, of the taxpayer are incurred for services performed, and goods purchased through vendors authorized to do business, in New Jersey, or the qualified film production expenses of the taxpayer during the taxable year <u>for services performed</u>, and goods purchased, through vendors <u>authorized to do business in New Jersey</u>, exceed \$1,000,000 per production;
- (b) principal photography of the film commences within [the earlier of] 180 days from the date of the original application for the tax credit [, or 150 days from the date of approval of the application for the tax credit];
- (c) the film includes, when determined to be appropriate by the commission, at no cost to the State, marketing materials promoting this State as a film and entertainment production destination, which materials shall include placement of a "Filmed in New Jersey" or "Produced in New Jersey" statement, or an appropriate logo approved by the commission, in the end credits of the film;
- (d) the taxpayer submits a tax credit verification report prepared by an independent certified public accountant licensed in this State in accordance with subsection g. of this section; and

(e) the taxpayer complies with the withholding requirements provided for payments to loan out companies and independent contractors in accordance with subsection h. of this section.

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- 4 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of 5 subsection a. of this section to the contrary, the tax credit allowed 6 pursuant to this subsection against the tax otherwise due for the 7 taxable year under the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," 8 N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., shall be in an amount equal to [35] 30 9 percent of the qualified film production expenses of the taxpayer 10 during a taxable year that are incurred for services performed and tangible personal property purchased [through vendors whose 11 12 primary place of business is located in Atlantic, Burlington, 13 Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Mercer, or Salem 14 County for use at a sound stage or other location that is located in 15 the State within a 30-mile radius of the intersection of Eighth 16 Avenue/Central Park West, Broadway, and West 59th Street/Central 17 Park South, New York, New York.
 - b. (1) A taxpayer, upon approval of an application to the authority and the director, shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due for the taxable year under the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., in an amount equal to: 20 percent of the qualified digital media content production expenses of the taxpayer during a taxable year commencing on or after July 1, 2018 but before July 1, **[**2028**]** 2034, provided that:
 - (a) at least \$2,000,000 of the total digital media content production expenses of the taxpayer are incurred for services performed, and goods purchased through vendors authorized to do business, in New Jersey;
 - (b) at least 50 percent of the qualified digital media content production expenses of the taxpayer are for wages and salaries paid to full-time or full-time equivalent employees in New Jersey;
 - (c) the taxpayer submits a tax credit verification report prepared by an independent certified public accountant licensed in this State in accordance with subsection g. of this section; and
 - (d) the taxpayer complies with the withholding requirements provided for payments to loan out companies and independent contractors in accordance with subsection h. of this section.
- 38 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of 39 subsection b. of this section to the contrary, the tax credit allowed 40 pursuant to this subsection against the tax otherwise due for the 41 taxable year under the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," 42 N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., shall be in an amount equal to 25 percent for 43 the qualified digital media content production expenses of the 44 taxpayer during a taxable year that are incurred for services 45 performed and tangible personal property purchased through 46 vendors whose primary place of business is located in Atlantic, 47 Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Mercer,
- 48 or Salem County.

- No tax credit shall be allowed pursuant to this section for any costs or expenses included in the calculation of any other tax credit or exemption granted pursuant to a claim made on a tax return filed with the director, or included in the calculation of an award of business assistance or incentive, for a period of time that coincides with the taxable year for which a tax credit authorized pursuant to this section is allowed. The order of priority in which the tax credit allowed pursuant to this section and any other tax credits allowed by law may be taken shall be as prescribed by the director. The amount of the tax credit applied under this section against the tax otherwise due under the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., for a taxable year, when taken together with any other payments, credits, deductions, and adjustments allowed by law shall not reduce the tax liability of the taxpayer to an amount less than zero. The amount of the tax credit otherwise allowable under this section which cannot be applied for the taxable year due to the limitations of this subsection or under other provisions of N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., may be carried forward, if necessary, to the seven taxable years following the taxable year for which the tax credit was allowed.
 - d. (1) A business entity that is classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes shall not be allowed a tax credit pursuant to this section directly, but the amount of tax credit of a taxpayer in respect of a distributive share of entity income, shall be determined by allocating to the taxpayer that proportion of the tax credit acquired by the entity that is equal to the taxpayer's share, whether or not distributed, of the total distributive income or gain of the entity for its taxable year ending within or with the taxpayer's taxable year.
 - (2) A New Jersey S Corporation shall not be allowed a tax credit pursuant to this section directly, but the amount of tax credit of a taxpayer in respect of a pro rata share of S Corporation income, shall be determined by allocating to the taxpayer that proportion of the tax credit acquired by the New Jersey S Corporation that is equal to the taxpayer's share, whether or not distributed, of the total pro rata share of S Corporation income of the New Jersey S Corporation for its privilege period ending within or with the taxpayer's taxable year.

A business entity that is not a gross income "taxpayer" as defined and used in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., and therefore is not directly allowed a credit under this section, but otherwise meets all the other requirements of this section, shall be considered an eligible applicant and "taxpayer" as that term is used in this section, and the application of an otherwise allowed credit amount shall be distributed to appropriate gross income taxpayers pursuant to the other requirements of this subsection.

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A taxpayer, with an application for a tax credit provided for in subsection a. or subsection b. of this section, may apply to the authority and the director for a tax credit transfer certificate in lieu of the taxpayer being allowed any amount of the tax credit against the tax liability of the taxpayer. The tax credit transfer certificate, upon receipt thereof by the taxpayer from the authority and the director, may be sold or assigned, in full or in part, to any other taxpayer that may have a tax liability under the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., or the "Corporation Business Tax Act (1945)," P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-1 et seq.), in exchange for private financial assistance to be provided by the purchaser or assignee to the taxpayer that has applied for and been granted the tax credit. The tax credit transfer certificate provided to the taxpayer shall include a statement waiving the taxpayer's right to claim that amount of the tax credit against the tax imposed pursuant to N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. that the taxpayer has elected to sell or assign. The sale or assignment of any amount of a tax credit transfer certificate allowed under this section shall not be exchanged for consideration received by the taxpayer of less than 75 percent of the transferred tax credit amount. Any amount of a tax credit transfer certificate used by a purchaser or assignee against a tax liability under N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. shall be subject to the same limitations and conditions that apply to the use of a tax credit pursuant to subsections c. and d. of this section. Any amount of a tax credit transfer certificate obtained by a purchaser or assignee under subsection e. of this section may be applied against the purchaser's or assignee's tax liability under P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-1 et seq.) and shall be subject to the same limitations and conditions that apply to the use of a credit pursuant to subsection c. of section 1 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54:10A-5.39b).

f. (1) The value of tax credits, including tax credits allowed through the granting of tax credit transfer certificates, approved by the director and the authority pursuant to subsection a. of this section and pursuant to subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54:10A-5.39b) to taxpayers, other than New Jersey [film] studio partners and New Jersey film-lease partners, shall not exceed a cumulative total of \$100,000,000 in fiscal year 2019 and in each fiscal year thereafter prior to fiscal year [2029] 2035 to apply against the tax imposed pursuant to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., and pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5). In addition to the \$100,000,000 limitation on the value of tax credits approved by the director for New Jersey film-lease partners and the \$100,000,000 limitation on the value of tax credits approved by the director for other taxpayers imposed by this paragraph, the value of tax credits, including tax credits allowed through the granting of tax credit transfer certificates, approved by the director and the authority pursuant to subsection a. of this section and pursuant to subsection a. of section

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[2] $\underline{1}$ of P.L.2018, c.56 [(C.54A:4-12b)] (C.54:10A-5.39b) to New 1 2 Jersey [film] studio partners shall not exceed a cumulative total of 3 \$100,000,000 in fiscal year 2021 and in each fiscal year thereafter 4 prior to fiscal year 2034 to apply against the tax imposed pursuant 5 to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) and the tax imposed 6 pursuant to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 7 Beginning in fiscal year 2025, in addition to the 8 \$100,000,000 made available for New Jersey studio partners 9 pursuant to this paragraph, up to an additional \$350,000,000 may be 10 made available annually, in the discretion of the authority, to New 11 Jersey studio partners for the award of tax credits, including tax 12 credits allowed through the granting of tax credit transfer 13 certificates, pursuant to subsection a. of this section and subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54:10A-5.39b), from the funds 14 15 made available pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph (1) of 16 subsection b. of section 98 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-362). 17 addition to the \$100,000,000 limitation on the value of tax credits 18 approved by the director for New Jersey [film] studio partners and 19 the \$100,000,000 limitation on the value of tax credits approved by 20 the director for other taxpayers imposed by this paragraph, the 21 value of tax credits, including tax credits allowed through the 22 granting of tax credit transfer certificates, approved by the director 23 and the authority pursuant to subsection a. of this section and 24 pursuant to subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.2018, c.56 [(C.54A:4-25 12b) (C.54:10A-5.39b) to New Jersey film-lease partners shall not 26 exceed a cumulative total of \$100,000,000 in fiscal year 2021 and in each fiscal year thereafter prior to fiscal year 2034 to apply 27 28 against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 29 (C.54:10A-5) and the tax imposed pursuant to the "New Jersey 30 Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. Approvals made to 31 New Jersey studio partners and New Jersey film-lease partners shall 32 be subject to award agreements with the authority detailing 33 obligations of the awardee and outcomes relating to events of 34 default, including, but not limited to, recapture, forfeiture, and 35 termination. If in any taxable year, beginning following a date 36 determined by the authority, a New Jersey film-lease partner's 37 annual average of qualified film production expenses falls below 38 \$50,000,000, the authority shall reduce by 20 percent any tax credit 39 award for a film for which final documentation pursuant to 40 N.J.A.C.19:31-21.7(c) has been submitted, until a taxable year 41 when the annual average of qualified film production expenses has 42 been restored to \$50,000,000. The authority shall establish a non-43 binding, administrative pre-certification process for potentially 44 eligible projects. 45 If the cumulative total amount of tax credits, and tax credit transfer certificates, allowed to taxpayers for taxable years or 46 47 privilege periods commencing during a single fiscal year under

subsection a, of this section and subsection a, of section 1 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54:10A-5.39b) exceeds the amount of tax credits available in that fiscal year, then taxpayers who have first applied for and have not been allowed a tax credit or tax credit transfer certificate amount for that reason shall be allowed, in the order in which they have submitted an application, the amount of tax credit or tax credit transfer certificate on the first day of the next succeeding fiscal year in which tax credits and tax credit transfer certificates under subsection a. of this section and subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54:10A-5.39b) are not in excess of the amount of credits available.

Notwithstanding any provision of paragraph (1) of this subsection to the contrary, for any fiscal year in which the amount of tax credits approved pursuant to this paragraph is less than the cumulative total amount of tax credits permitted to be approved in that fiscal year, the authority shall certify the amount of the remaining tax credits available for approval in that fiscal year, and shall increase the cumulative total amount of tax credits permitted to be approved for New Jersey studio partners in the subsequent fiscal year by the certified amount remaining from the prior fiscal year. The authority shall also certify, for each fiscal year, the amount of tax credits that were previously approved, but that the taxpayer is not able to redeem or transfer to another taxpayer under this section, and shall increase the cumulative total amount of tax credits permitted to be approved for New Jersey studio partners in the subsequent fiscal year by the amount of tax credits previously approved, but not subject to redemption or transfer.

(2) The value of tax credits, including tax credits allowed through the granting of tax credit transfer certificates, approved by the authority and the director pursuant to subsection b. of this section and pursuant to subsection b. of section 1 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54:10A-5.39b) shall not exceed a cumulative total of \$10,000,000 in fiscal year 2019 and in each fiscal year thereafter prior to fiscal year [2029] 2035 to apply against the tax imposed pursuant to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. and the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5).

If the total amount of tax credits and tax credit transfer certificates allowed to taxpayers for taxable years or privilege periods commencing during a single fiscal year under subsection b. of this section and subsection b. of section 1 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54:10A-5.39b) exceeds the amount of tax credits available in that year, then taxpayers who have first applied for and have not been allowed a tax credit or tax credit transfer certificate amount for that reason shall be allowed, in the order in which they have submitted an application, the amount of tax credit or tax credit transfer certificate on the first day of the next succeeding fiscal year in which tax credits and tax credit transfer certificates under

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subsection b. of this section and subsection b. of section 1 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54:10A-5.39b) are not in excess of the amount of credits available.

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Notwithstanding any provision of this paragraph to the contrary, for any fiscal year in which the amount of tax credits approved pursuant to this paragraph is less than the cumulative total amount of tax credits permitted to be approved in that fiscal year, the authority shall certify the amount of the remaining tax credits available for approval in that fiscal year, and shall increase the cumulative total amount of tax credits permitted to be approved in the subsequent fiscal year by the certified amount remaining from the prior fiscal year. The authority shall also certify, for each fiscal year, the amount of tax credits that were previously approved, but that the taxpayer is not able to redeem or transfer to another taxpayer under this section, and shall increase the cumulative total amount of tax credits permitted to be approved in the subsequent fiscal year by the amount of tax credits previously approved, but not subject to redemption or transfer.

g. A taxpayer shall submit to the authority and the director a report prepared by an independent certified public accountant licensed in this State to verify the taxpayer's tax credit claim following the completion of the production. The report shall be prepared by the independent certified public accountant pursuant to agreed upon procedures prescribed by the authority and the director, and shall include such information and documentation as shall be determined to be necessary by the authority and the director to substantiate the qualified film production expenses or the qualified digital media content production expenses of the taxpayer. A single report with attachments deemed necessary by the authority shall be submitted electronically. Upon receipt of the report, the authority and the director shall review the findings of the independent certified public accountant's report, and shall make a determination as to the qualified film production expenses or the qualified digital media content production expenses of the taxpayer. The authority's and the director's review shall include, but shall not be limited to: a review of all non-payroll qualified film production expense items and non-payroll digital media content production expense items over \$20,000; a review of 100 randomly selected non-payroll qualified film production expense items and non-payroll digital media content production expense items that are greater than \$2,500, but less than \$20,000; a review of 100 randomly selected non-payroll qualified film production expense items and nonpayroll digital media content production expense items that are less than \$2,500; a review of the qualified wages for the 15 employees, independent contractors, or loan-out companies with the highest qualified wages; and a review of the qualified wages for 35 randomly selected employees, independent contractors, or loan-out companies with qualified wages other than the 15 employees,

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1 independent contractors, or loan-out companies with the highest 2 qualified wages. The taxpayer's qualified film production expenses 3 and digital media content production expenses shall be adjusted 4 based on any discrepancies identified for the reviewed non-payroll 5 qualified film production expense items, non-payroll digital media 6 content production expense items and qualified wages. The 7 taxpayer's qualified film production expenses and digital media 8 content production expenses also shall be adjusted based on the 9 projection of any discrepancies identified based on the review of 10 randomly selected expense items or wages pursuant to this 11 subsection to the extent that the discrepancies exceed one percent of 12 the total reviewed non-payroll qualified film production expense 13 items, non-payroll digital media content production expense items, or qualified wages. The determination shall be provided in writing 14 15 to the taxpayer, and a copy of the written determination shall be 16 included in the filing of a return that includes a claim for a tax 17 credit allowed pursuant to this section.

A taxpayer shall withhold from each payment to a loan out company or to an independent contractor an amount equal to 6.37 percent of the payment otherwise due. The amounts withheld shall be deemed to be withholding of liability pursuant to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., and the taxpayer shall be deemed to have the rights, duties, and responsibilities of an employer pursuant to chapter 7 of Title 54A of the New Jersey Statutes. The director shall allocate the amounts withheld for a taxable year to the accounts of the individuals who are employees of a loan out company in proportion to the employee's payment by the loan out company in connection with a trade, profession, or occupation carried on in this State or for the rendition of personal services performed in this State during the taxable year. A loan out company that reports its payments to employees in connection with a trade, profession, or occupation carried on in this State or for the rendition of personal services performed in this State during a taxable year shall be relieved of its duties and responsibilities as an employer pursuant to chapter 7 of Title 54A of the New Jersey Statutes for the taxable year for any payments relating to the payments on which the taxpayer withheld.

i. As used in this section:

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"Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development Authority.

"Business assistance or incentive" means "business assistance or incentive" as that term is defined pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2007, c.101 (C.54:50-39).

"Commission" means the Motion Picture and Television Development Commission.

"Digital media content" means any data or information that is produced in digital form, including data or information created in analog form but reformatted in digital form, text, graphics,

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1 photographs, animation, sound, and video content. "Digital media 2 content" shall not mean content offerings generated by the end user 3 (including postings on electronic bulletin boards and chat rooms); 4 content offerings comprised primarily of local news, events, 5 weather or local market reports; public service content; electronic 6 commerce platforms (such as retail and wholesale websites); 7 websites or content offerings that contain obscene material as 8 defined pursuant to N.J.S.2C:34-2 and N.J.S.2C:34-3; websites or 9 content that are produced or maintained primarily for private, 10 industrial, corporate, or institutional purposes; or digital media 11 content acquired or licensed by the taxpayer for distribution or 12 incorporation into the taxpayer's digital media content.

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"Film" means a feature film, a television series, or a television show of 22 minutes or more in length, intended for a national audience, or a television series or a television show of 22 minutes or more in length intended for a national or regional audience, including, but not limited to, a game show, award show, or other gala event filmed and produced at a nonprofit arts and cultural venue receiving State funding. "Film" shall not include a production featuring news, current events, weather, and market reports or public programming, talk show, sports event, or reality show, a production that solicits funds, a production containing obscene material as defined under N.J.S.2C:34-2 and N.J.S.2C:34-3, or a production primarily for private, industrial, corporate, or institutional purposes. "Film" shall not include an award show or other gala event that is not filmed and produced at a nonprofit arts and cultural venue receiving State funding.

"Full-time or full-time equivalent employee" means an individual employed by the taxpayer for consideration for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time or full-time equivalent employment, whose wages are subject to withholding as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., or who is a partner of a taxpayer, who works for the partnership for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time or full-time equivalent employment, and whose distributive share of income, gain, loss, or deduction, or whose guaranteed payments, or any combination thereof, is subject to the payment of estimated taxes, as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 "Full-time or full-time equivalent employee" shall not include an individual who works as an independent contractor or on a consulting basis for the taxpayer.

"Highly compensated individual" means an individual who directly or indirectly receives compensation in excess of \$500,000 for the performance of services used directly in a production. An individual receives compensation indirectly when the taxpayer pays

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1 a loan out company that, in turn, pays the individual for the performance of services.

3 "Incurred in New Jersey" means, for any application submitted 4 after the effective date of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54:10A-5.39b et al.), 5 pursuant to which a tax credit has not been allowed prior to the 6 effective date of P.L. , c. (pending before the Legislature as this 7 bill), service performed within New Jersey and tangible personal 8 property used or consumed in New Jersey. A service is performed 9 in New Jersey to the extent that the individual performing the 10 service is physically located in New Jersey while performing the 11 service. Notwithstanding where the property is delivered or 12 acquired, rented tangible property is used or consumed in New 13 Jersey to the extent that the property is located in New Jersey 14 during its use or consumption and is rented from a vendor 15 authorized to do business in New Jersey or the film production 16 company provides to the authority the vendor's information in a 17 form and manner prescribed by the authority. Purchased tangible 18 property is not used and consumed in New Jersey unless it is 19 purchased from a vendor authorized to do business in New Jersey 20 and is delivered to or acquired within New Jersey; provided, 21 however, that if a production is also located in another jurisdiction, 22 the purchased tangible property is used and consumed in New 23 Jersey if the acquisition and delivery of purchased tangible property 24 is located in either New Jersey or another jurisdiction where the 25 production takes place.

"Independent contractor" means an individual treated as an independent contractor for federal and State tax purposes who is contracted with by the taxpayer for the performance of services used directly in a production.

"Loan out company" means a personal service corporation or other entity that is contracted with by the taxpayer to provide specified individual personnel, such as artists, crew, actors, producers, or directors for the performance of services used directly in a production. "Loan out company" shall not include entities contracted with by the taxpayer to provide goods or ancillary contractor services such as catering, construction, trailers, equipment, or transportation.

["New Jersey film partner" means a film production company that has made a commitment to produce films or commercial audiovisual products in New Jersey and has developed, purchased, or executed a 10-year contract to lease a production facility of 250,000 square feet or more as a "transformative project" pursuant to section 65 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-333). No more than five

to section 65 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-333). No more than five film production companies may be designated as a New Jersey film

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"New Jersey film-lease partner" means a taxpayer, including any taxpayer that is a member of a combined group under P.L.2018, c.131 (C:54:10A-4.11), that has made a commitment to lease or

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1 acquire a New Jersey production facility with an aggregate square

2 footage of at least 50,000 square feet, which includes a sound stage

3 and production support space such as production offices or a

4 backlot, for a period of five or more successive years and commits

5 to spend, on a separate-entity basis or in the aggregate with other

6 members of the taxpayer's combined group, an annual average of

\$50,000,000 of qualified film production expenses over the period

8 of at least five but not to exceed 10 years.

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"New Jersey studio partner" means a film production company that has made a commitment to produce films or commercial audiovisual products in New Jersey and has developed, purchased, or executed a 10-year contract to lease a production facility of 250,000 square feet or more as a "transformative project" pursuant to section 65 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-333). No more than three film production companies may be designated as a New Jersey studio partner.

"Partnership" means an entity classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes.

"Post-production costs" means the costs of the phase of production of a film that follows principal photography, in which raw footage is cut and assembled into a finished film with sound synchronization and visual effects.

"Pre-production costs" means the costs of the phase of production of a film that precedes principal photography, in which a detailed schedule and budget for the production is prepared, the script and location is finalized, and contracts with vendors are negotiated.

"Qualified digital media content production expenses" means an expense incurred in New Jersey for the production of digital media "Qualified digital media content production expenses" shall include but not be limited to: wages and salaries of individuals employed in the production of digital media content on which the tax imposed by the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. has been paid or is due; and the costs of computer software and hardware, data processing, visualization technologies, sound synchronization, editing, and the rental of facilities and equipment. Payment made to a loan out company or to an independent contractor shall not be deemed a "qualified digital media content production expense" unless the payment is made in connection with a trade, profession, or occupation carried on in this State or for the rendition of personal services performed in this State and the taxpayer has made the withholding required pursuant to subsection h. of this section. "Qualified digital media content production expenses" shall not include expenses incurred in marketing, promotion, or advertising digital media or other costs not directly related to the production of digital media content. Costs related to the acquisition or licensing of digital media content by the taxpayer for distribution or incorporation into the taxpayer's

digital media content shall not be deemed "qualified digital media content production expenses."

"Qualified film production expenses" means an expense incurred in New Jersey for the production of a film including pre-production costs and post-production costs incurred in New Jersey. "Qualified film production expenses" shall include but not be limited to: wages and salaries of individuals employed in the production of a film on which the tax imposed by the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. has been paid or is due; and the costs for tangible personal property used, and services performed, directly and exclusively in the production of a film, such as expenditures for film production facilities, props, makeup, wardrobe, film processing, camera, sound recording, construction, lighting, shooting, editing, and meals. Payment made to a loan out company or to an independent contractor shall not be deemed a "qualified film production expense" unless the payment is made in connection with a trade, profession, or occupation carried on in this State or for the rendition of personal services performed in this State and the taxpayer has made the withholding required by subsection h. of this section. "Qualified film production expenses" shall not include: expenses incurred in marketing or advertising a film; and payment in excess of \$500,000 to a highly compensated individual for costs for a story, script, or scenario used in the production of a film and wages or salaries or other compensation for writers, directors, including music directors, producers, and performers, other than background actors with no scripted lines, except as follows:

- (1) for a New Jersey [film] studio partner that incurs more than \$15,000,000, but less than \$50,000,000, in qualified film production expenses in the State, an amount, not to exceed \$15,000,000, of the wages or salaries or other compensation for writers, directors, including music directors, producers, and performers, other than background actors with no scripted lines, shall constitute qualified film production expenses;
- (2) for a New Jersey [film] studio partner that incurs \$50,000,000 or more, but less than \$100,000,000, in qualified film production expenses in the State, an amount, not to exceed \$25,000,000, of the wages or salaries or other compensation for writers, directors, including music directors, producers, and performers, other than background actors with no scripted lines, shall constitute qualified film production expenses;
- (3) for a New Jersey **[**film**]** studio partner that incurs \$100,000,000 or more, but less than \$150,000,000, in qualified film production expenses in the State, an amount, not to exceed \$40,000,000, of the wages or salaries or other compensation for writers, directors, including music directors, producers, and performers, other than background actors with no scripted lines, shall constitute qualified film production expenses; and

1 (4) for a New Jersey **[**film**]** studio partner that incurs \$150,000,000 or more in qualified film production expenses in the State, an amount, not to exceed \$60,000,000, of the wages or salaries or other compensation for writers, directors, including music directors, producers, and performers, other than background actors with no scripted lines, shall constitute qualified film production expenses.

"Total digital media content production expenses" means costs for services performed and property used or consumed in the production of digital media content.

"Total film production expenses" means costs for services performed and tangible personal property used or consumed in the production of a film.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.111)

- 60. Section 9 of P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-9) is amended to read as follows:
- 9. a. (1) The trust may make and contract to make loans to local government units, or to a local government unit on behalf of another local government unit, in accordance with and subject to the provisions of P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-1 et seq.) or P.L.1997, c.224 (C.58:11B-10.1 et al.) to finance the cost of any wastewater treatment system project or water supply project, which the local government unit may lawfully undertake or acquire and for which the local government unit is authorized by law to borrow money.
- (2) The trust may make and contract to make loans to public water utilities, or to any other person or local government unit on behalf of a public water utility, in accordance with and subject to the provisions of P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-1 et seq.) or P.L.1997, c.224 (C.58:11B-10.1 et al.) to finance the cost of any water supply project, which the public water utility may lawfully undertake or acquire.
- (3) The trust may make and contract to make loans to private persons other than local government units, or to any other person or local government unit on behalf of a private person, in accordance with and subject to the provisions of P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-1 et seq.) or P.L.1997, c.224 (C.58:11B-10.1 et al.) to finance the cost of stormwater management systems.
- (4) The trust may make and contract to make loans and provide other assistance to a local government unit or consortia thereof to finance the cost of transportation projects pursuant to sections 22 and 34 through 38 of P.L.2016, c.56 (C.58:11B-10.3 through C.58:11B-10.5, C.58:11B-20.2, C.58:11B-22.3, and C.58:11B-22.4), and provided that the federally-funded subaccount is operated in accordance with the provisions of the federal infrastructure bank program.
- The loans may be made subject to those terms and conditions as the trust shall determine to be consistent with the purposes thereof.

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1 Each loan by the trust and the terms and conditions thereof shall be 2 subject to approval by the State Treasurer, and the trust shall make 3 available to the State Treasurer all information, statistical data and 4 reports of independent consultants or experts as the State Treasurer 5 shall deem necessary in order to evaluate the loan. Each loan to a 6 local government unit, public water utility or any other person shall 7 be evidenced by notes, bonds or other obligations thereof issued to 8 the trust. In the case of each local government unit, notes and 9 bonds to be issued to the trust and, if applicable, the State, acting by 10 and through the Department of Environmental Protection, by the 11 local government unit (1) shall be authorized and issued as provided 12 by law for the issuance of notes and bonds by the local government 13 unit, (2) notwithstanding any provisions of the "Local Authorities 14 Fiscal Control Law," P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.) to the 15 contrary, shall be approved by the Director of the Division of Local 16 Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs, and 17 (3) notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.S.40A:2-27, N.J.S.40A:2-18 28 and N.J.S.40A:2-29 or any other provisions of law to the 19 contrary, may be sold at private sale to the trust or the State, as the 20 case may be, at any price, whether or not less than par value, and 21 shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity at any times and at 22 any prices as the trust or the State, as the case may be, and local 23 government units may agree. Each loan to a local government unit, 24 public water utility or any other person and the notes, bonds or 25 other obligations thereby issued shall bear interest at a rate or rates 26 per annum as the trust or the State, as the case may be, and the local 27 government unit, public water utility or any other person, as the 28 case may be, may agree. 29

b. The trust is authorized to guarantee or contract to guarantee the payment of all or any portion of the principal and interest on bonds, notes or other obligations issued by a local government unit to finance the cost of any wastewater treatment system project, water supply project, [or] transportation project, or redevelopment project that includes, as a portion thereof, any wastewater treatment system project, water supply project, or transportation project, which the local government unit may lawfully undertake or acquire and for which the local government unit is authorized by law to borrow money, and the guarantee shall constitute an obligation of the trust, and shall be in furtherance of the corporate purposes of the trust, for the purposes of P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-1 et seq.), P.L.1997, c.224 (C.58:11B-10.1 et al.), or sections 22 and 34 through 38 of P.L.2016, c.56 (C.58:11B-10.3 through C.58:11B-10.5, C.58:11B-20.2, C.58:11B-22.3, and C.58:11B-22.4). Each guarantee by the trust and the terms and conditions thereof shall be subject to approval by the State Treasurer, and the trust shall make available to the State Treasurer all information, statistical data and reports of independent consultants or experts as the State Treasurer shall deem necessary in order to evaluate the guarantee.

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c. The trust shall not make or contract to make any loans or guarantees to local government units, public water utilities or any other person, or otherwise incur any additional indebtedness, on or after June 30, 2033.

d. Notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1985, (C.58:11B-1 et seq.) or P.L.1997, c.224 (C.58:11B-10.1 et al.) to the contrary, the trust may receive funds from any source including, without limitation, any funds drawn by the trust from a revolving line of credit or other similar financial vehicle that may be procured by the trust, either through a competitive or negotiated process, pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-5), for deposit into the Interim Environmental Financing Program Fund or the trust may issue its bonds, notes or other obligations, including commercial paper issued through a competitive or negotiated process, in any principal amounts, in either case, as in the judgment of the trust shall be necessary to provide sufficient funds to finance or refinance short-term or temporary loans to local government units, public water utilities or private persons for any wastewater treatment system projects included on the Department of Environmental Protection project priority list and eligible for approval pursuant to section 20 of P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-20) or water supply projects included on the Department of Environmental Protection project priority list and eligible for approval pursuant to section 24 of P.L.1997, c.224 (C.58:11B-20.1), as applicable, without regard to any other provisions of P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-1 et seq.) or P.L.1997, c.224 (C.58:11B-10.1 et al.), including, without limitation, any administrative or legislative approvals.

The trust shall create and establish a special fund to be known as the "Interim Environmental Financing Program Fund" for the short-term or temporary loan financing or refinancing program to be known as the "Interim Environmental Financing Program." The monies in the fund shall be used for short-term or temporary loans for clean water and drinking water projects pursuant to the New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Financing Program.

Except as provided in section 1 of P.L.2013, c.93 (C.58:11B-9.5), any short-term or temporary loans made by the trust pursuant to this subsection may only be made in advance of the anticipated loans the trust may make and contract to make under the provisions of subsection a. of this section from any source of funds anticipated to be received by the trust. Any such short-term or temporary loan made pursuant to the Interim Environmental Financing Program shall mature no later than the last day of the third succeeding fiscal year following the closing date on which the short-term or temporary loan was made by the trust to the project sponsor; except a planning, design, and construction loan shall mature no later than the last day of the fifth succeeding fiscal year following the closing date of the planning, design, and construction loan or the last day of

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1 the third succeeding fiscal year following the date of construction 2 certification following the closing date of the planning, design, and 3 construction loan, whichever is sooner, provided that, in either case, 4 project planning or engineering design activities shall not exceed 5 two years from the closing date of the planning, design, and 6 construction loan; and except a short-term or temporary loan made 7 pursuant to this subsection for environmental planning and 8 engineering design costs associated with long-term control plans for 9 combined sewer overflow projects shall mature no later than the last 10 day of the 10th succeeding fiscal year following the closing date on 11 which the short-term or temporary loan was made by the trust to the 12 project sponsor. With respect to any short-term or temporary loan 13 or planning, design, and construction loan made by the trust 14 pursuant to this subsection, the trust may authorize one short-term 15 supplemental loan for residual project expenses thereof upon receipt 16 by the trust from the Department of Environmental Protection of a 17 certification that states that the time required by the project sponsor 18 to complete construction of the project exceeds the maximum 19 maturity date of the project sponsor's outstanding short-term or 20 temporary loan or planning, design, and construction loan. Any 21 such short-term supplemental loan shall not exceed in duration the 22 last day of the third succeeding fiscal year following the loan 23 closing of the supplemental loan. The trust may make short-term or 24 temporary loans pursuant to the Interim Environmental Financing 25 Program to any one or more of the project sponsors, for the 26 respective projects thereof, identified in the interim financing 27 project priority list to be known as the "Interim Environmental 28 Financing Program Project Priority List" in the form provided to the 29 Legislature by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection. 30

The Interim Environmental Financing Program Project Priority List, including any revision thereof or supplement thereto, shall be submitted to the Legislature pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1) at least once in each fiscal year as provided in section 20 of P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-20) and section 24 of P.L.1997, c.224 (C.58:11B-20.1). The Secretary and the Clerk shall cause the date of submission to be entered upon the Senate Journal and the Minutes of the General Assembly, respectively. The trust may revise or supplement the Interim Environmental Financing Program Project Priority List no more than four times during the fiscal year and shall submit the revised list to the Legislature when the revisions are made. Any environmental infrastructure project or project sponsor thereof not identified in the Interim Environmental Financing Program Project Priority List shall not be eligible for a short-term or temporary loan from the Interim Environmental Financing Program Fund. The trust may issue shortterm or temporary loans pursuant to this subsection only if a project is listed on an Interim Environmental Financing Program Project Priority List that has been submitted to the Legislature. No funds

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may be disbursed pursuant to this section for project activities prior to a determination and certification, in writing, from the Department of Environmental Protection, that the project activities satisfy the provisions of P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-1 et seq.).

5 Notwithstanding any provisions of the "Local Bond Law" 6 (N.J.S.40A:2-1 et seq.), the "sewerage authorities law," P.L.1946, 7 c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.), or the "municipal and county utilities 8 authorities law," P.L.1957, c.183 (C.40:14B-1 et seq.) to the 9 contrary, short-term or temporary loans made by the trust pursuant 10 to section 9 of P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-9) or section 1 of 11 P.L.2013, c.93 (C.58:11B-9.5), and the obligations issued by project 12 sponsors to evidence such loans, may, at the discretion of the trust and upon application by the project sponsor, bear interest at a 13 14 variable rate determined pursuant to a methodology as may be 15 established by the trust from time to time.

16 Further, notwithstanding any provisions of the "Local Bond 17 Law" (N.J.S.40A:2-1 et seq.), the "sewerage authorities law," 18 P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.), or the "municipal and county 19 utilities authorities law," P.L.1957, c.183 (C.40:14B-1 et seq.) to 20 the contrary, any short-term or temporary loans made by the trust 21 pursuant to section 9 of P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-9) or section 1 22 of P.L.2013, c.93 (C.58:11B-9.5), and any notes or other 23 obligations issued by project sponsors to evidence such short-term 24 or temporary loans, as such loans, notes, or other obligations may 25 be refinanced or extended, as provided in subsections d. and g. of 26 this section and section 1 of P.L.2013, c.93 (C.58:11B-9.5), except 27 for loans for environmental planning and engineering design costs 28 associated with long-term control plans for combined sewer 29 overflow projects as provided in subsection d. of this section, shall 30 mature no later than the maturity date as established pursuant to 31 subsections d. and g. of this section and section 1 of P.L.2013, c.93 32 (C.58:11B-9.5), without payment by project sponsors of any portion 33 of the principal thereof prior to maturity.

34 Any balances remaining in the Emergency Loan Fund 35 established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.2007, c.138 (C.58:11B-9.1), 36 the Planning and Design Fund established pursuant to section 1 of 37 P.L.2009, c.59 (C.58:11B-9.2), the Onsite Wastewater Disposal 38 Loan Fund established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2009, c.103 39 (C.58:11B-9.3), the Supplemental Loan Fund established pursuant 40 to section 2 of P.L.2011, c.94 (C.58:11B-9.4), and the Equipment 41 Loan Fund established pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2014, c.28 42 (C.58:11B-9.6) after the date of enactment of P.L.2016, c.30 shall 43 be transferred to the Interim Environmental Financing Program 44 Fund, and any loan repayments to the trust of principal and interest 45 or premium on loans made from those funds shall be credited to the 46 Interim Environmental Financing Program Fund.

g. The trust shall create and establish a special fund to be known as the "Interim Transportation Financing Program Fund" for

the short-term or temporary loan financing or refinancing program to be known as the "Interim Transportation Financing Program."

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3 Notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-1 4 et seq.) or P.L.1997, c.224 (C.58:11B-10.1 et al.) to the contrary, 5 the trust may receive funds from any source including, without 6 limitation, any funds drawn by the trust from a revolving line of 7 credit or other similar financial vehicle that may be procured by the 8 trust, either through a competitive or negotiated process, pursuant to 9 section 5 of P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-5), for deposit into the 10 Interim Transportation Financing Program Fund or the trust may 11 issue its bonds, notes or other obligations in any principal amounts, 12 in either case, as in the judgment of the trust shall be necessary to 13 provide sufficient funds to finance or refinance short-term or 14 temporary loans to local government units or private persons for 15 any transportation project included on the Department of 16 Transportation Interim Transportation Financing Program Project 17 Priority List for the ensuing fiscal year and eligible for approval 18 pursuant to sections 22 and 34 through 38 of P.L.2016, c.56 19 (C.58:11B-10.3 through C.58:11B-10.5, C.58:11B-20.2, C.58:11B-20 22.3, and C.58:11B-22.4), without regard to any other provisions of 21 P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-1 et seq.), P.L.1997, c.224 (C.58:11B-10.1 et al.), or sections 22 and 34 through 38 of P.L.2016, c.56 22 23 (C.58:11B-10.3 through C.58:11B-10.5, C.58:11B-20.2, C.58:11B-24 22.3, and C.58:11B-22.4), including, without limitation, any 25 administrative or legislative approvals.

Any short-term or temporary loans made by the trust pursuant to this subsection may only be made in advance of the anticipated loans the trust may make and contract to make under the provisions of subsection a. of this section from any source of funds anticipated to be received by the trust. Any such short-term or temporary loan made pursuant to the Interim Transportation Financing Program shall mature no later than the last day of the third succeeding fiscal year following the closing date on which the short-term or temporary loan was made by the trust to the project sponsor; except a planning, design, and construction loan shall mature no later than the last day of the fifth succeeding fiscal year following the closing date of the planning, design, and construction loan or the last day of the third succeeding fiscal year following the date of construction certification following the closing date of the planning, design, and construction loan, whichever is sooner, provided that, in either case, project planning or engineering design activities shall not exceed two years from the closing date of the planning, design, and construction loan. With respect to any short-term or temporary loan or planning, design, and construction loan made by the trust pursuant to this subsection, the trust may authorize one short-term supplemental loan for residual expenses thereof upon receipt by the trust from the Department of Transportation of a certification that states that the time required by the project sponsor to complete

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1 construction of the project exceeds the maximum maturity date of 2 the short-term or temporary loan or planning, design, and 3 construction loan. Any such short-term supplemental loan shall not 4 exceed in duration the last day of the third succeeding fiscal year 5 following the loan closing of the short-term supplemental loan. The 6 trust may make short-term or temporary loans pursuant to the 7 Interim Transportation Financing Program to any one or more of the 8 project sponsors, for the respective projects thereof, only if a 9 project is identified in the Department of Transportation Interim 10 Transportation Financing Program Project Priority List to be known 11 as the "Interim Transportation Financing Program Project Priority 12 List" in the form provided to the Legislature by the Commissioner 13 of Transportation.

14 The Interim Transportation Financing Program Project Priority List, including any revision thereof or supplement thereto, shall be 15 16 submitted to the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the 17 General Assembly on or before July 1 of each year. The Interim 18 Transportation Financing Program Project Priority List shall be 19 submitted to the Legislature pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, 20 c.164 (C.52:14-19.1) at least once in each fiscal year. 21 Secretary and the Clerk shall cause the date of submission to be 22 entered upon the Senate Journal and the Minutes of the General 23 Assembly, respectively. Any transportation infrastructure project or 24 the project sponsor thereof not identified in the Interim 25 Transportation Financing Program Project Priority List shall not be 26 eligible for a short-term or temporary loan from the Interim 27 Transportation Financing Program Fund. The trust may revise or 28 supplement the Interim Transportation Financing Program Project 29 Priority List no more than four times during the fiscal year, and 30 shall submit the revised list to the Legislature when the revisions 31 are made.

No funds may be disbursed pursuant to this subsection for project activities prior to written notification of award concurrence from the Department of Transportation and certification in writing, from the trust, that the project activities satisfy the provisions of P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-1 et seq.), P.L.1997, c.224 (C.58:11B-10.1 et al.), or sections 22 and 34 through 38 of P.L.2016, c.56 (C.58:11B-10.3 through C.58:11B-10.5, C.58:11B-20.2, C.58:11B-22.3, and C.58:11B-22.4).

39 22.3, and C.58:11B-22.4) 40 (cf: P.L.2019, c.516, s.2)

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- 42 61. Section 2 of P.L.2011, c.149 (C.34:1B-243) is amended to 43 read as follows:
- 44 2. As used in P.L.2011, c.149 (C.34:1B-242 et seq.):

"Affiliate" means an entity that directly or indirectly controls, is under common control with, or is controlled by the business.

Control exists in all cases in which the entity is a member of a controlled group of corporations as defined pursuant to section 1563

- of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.1563) or the
- 2 entity is an organization in a group of organizations under common
- 3 control as defined pursuant to subsection (b) or (c) of section 414 of
- 4 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.414). A taxpayer
- 5 may establish by clear and convincing evidence, as determined by
- 6 the Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the
- 7 Treasury, that control exists in situations involving lesser
- 8 percentages of ownership than required by those statutes. An
- 9 affiliate of a business may contribute to meeting either the qualified
- investment or full-time employee requirements of a business that
- applies for a credit under section 3 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-
- 12 209).

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- "Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development Authority established by section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-4).
- 15 "Aviation district" means all areas within the boundaries of the
- 16 "Atlantic City International Airport," established pursuant to section
- 17 24 of P.L.1991, c.252 (C.27:25A-24), and the Federal Aviation
- 18 Administration William J. Hughes Technical Center and the area
- within a one-mile radius of the outermost boundary of the "Atlantic
- 20 City International Airport" and the Federal Aviation Administration
- 21 William J. Hughes Technical Center.
- "Business" means an applicant proposing to own or lease premises in a qualified business facility that is:
 - a corporation that is subject to the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5);
- a corporation that is subject to the tax imposed pursuant to sections 2 and 3 of P.L.1945, c.132 (C.54:18A-2 and C.54:18A-3),
- 28 section 1 of P.L.1950, c.231 (C.17:32-15) or N.J.S.17B:23-5;
- a partnership;
- an S corporation;
- a limited liability company; or
- a non-profit corporation.
- If the business or tenant is a cooperative or part of a cooperative,
- 34 then the cooperative may qualify for credits by counting the full-
- 35 time employees and capital investments of its member
- 36 organizations, and the cooperative may distribute credits to its
- 37 member organizations. If the business or tenant is a cooperative
- that leases to its member organizations, the lease shall be treated as
- a lease to an affiliate or affiliates.
- A business shall include an affiliate of the business if that business applies for a credit based upon any capital investment made by or full-time employees of an affiliate.
- "Capital investment" in a qualified business facility means expenses by a business or any affiliate of the business incurred after
- 45 application for:
- a. site preparation and construction, repair, renovation,
- 47 improvement, equipping, or furnishing on real property or of a
- building, structure, facility, or improvement to real property;

- b. obtaining and installing furnishings and machinery, apparatus, or equipment, including but not limited to material goods subject to bonus depreciation under sections 168 and 179 of the federal Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.168 and s.179), for the operation of a business on real property or in a building, structure, facility, or improvement to real property;
 - c. receiving Highlands Development Credits under the Highlands Transfer Development Rights Program authorized pursuant to section 13 of P.L.2004, c.120 (C.13:20-13); or
 - d. any of the foregoing.

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In addition to the foregoing, in a Garden State Growth Zone, the following qualify as a capital investment: any development, redevelopment, and relocation costs, including, but not limited to, site acquisition if made within 24 months of application to the authority, engineering, legal, accounting, and other professional services required; and relocation, environmental remediation, and infrastructure improvements for the project area, including, but not limited to, on- and off-site utility, road, pier, wharf, bulkhead, or sidewalk construction or repair.

In addition to the foregoing, if a business acquires or leases a qualified business facility, the capital investment made or acquired by the seller or owner, as the case may be, if pertaining primarily to the premises of the qualified business facility, shall be considered a capital investment by the business and, if pertaining generally to the qualified business facility being acquired or leased, shall be allocated to the premises of the qualified business facility on the basis of the gross leasable area of the premises in relation to the total gross leasable area in the qualified business facility. The capital investment described herein may include any capital investment made or acquired within 24 months prior to the date of application so long as the amount of capital investment made or acquired by the business, any affiliate of the business, or any owner after the date of application equals at least 50 percent of the amount of capital investment, allocated to the premises of the qualified business facility being acquired or leased on the basis of the gross leasable area of the premises in relation to the total gross leasable area in the qualified business facility made or acquired prior to the date of application.

"College or university" means a county college, an independent institution of higher education, a public research university, or a State college.

"Commitment period" means the period of time that is 1.5 times the eligibility period.

"County college" means an educational institution established by one or more counties, pursuant to chapter 64A of Title 18A of the New Jersey Statutes.

"Deep poverty pocket" means a population census tract having a poverty level of 20 percent or more, and which is located within the

qualified incentive area and has been determined by the authority to be an area appropriate for development and in need of economic development incentive assistance.

"Disaster recovery project" means a project located on property that has been wholly or substantially damaged or destroyed as a result of a federally-declared disaster which, after utilizing all disaster funds available from federal, State, county, and local funding sources, demonstrates to the satisfaction of the authority that access to additional funding authorized pursuant to the "New Jersey Economic Opportunity Act of 2013," P.L.2013, c.161 (C.52:27D-489p et al.), is necessary to complete the redevelopment project, and which is located within the qualified incentive area and has been determined by the authority to be in an area appropriate for development and in need of economic development incentive assistance.

"Distressed municipality" means a municipality that is qualified to receive assistance under P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.), a municipality under the supervision of the Local Finance Board pursuant to the provisions of the "Local Government Supervision Act (1947)," P.L.1947, c.151 (C.52:27BB-1 et seq.), a municipality identified by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs to be facing serious fiscal distress, a SDA municipality, or a municipality in which a major rail station is located.

"Doctoral university" means a university located within New Jersey that is classified as a doctoral university under the Carnegie Classification of Institutions of Higher Education's Basic Classification methodology on the effective date of P.L.2017, c.221.

"Eligibility period" means the period in which a business may claim a tax credit under the Grow New Jersey Assistance Program, beginning with the tax period in which the authority accepts certification of the business that it has met the capital investment and employment requirements of the Grow New Jersey Assistance Program and extending thereafter for a term of not more than 10 years, with the term to be determined solely at the discretion of the applicant.

"Eligible position" or "full-time job" means a full-time position in a business in this State, which position the business has filled with a full-time employee, who shall have their primary office at the qualified business facility and spend at least 60 percent of their time at the qualified business facility. This requirement shall supersede any law, regulation, or incentive agreement that imposes a requirement that the employee be present at the qualified business facility for a specified percentage of time greater than 60 percent. This amendment shall not alter or terminate any waiver of the requirement that an employee spend time at the qualified business facility implemented by the authority due to COVID-19 public health emergency and state of emergency.

1 "Full-time employee" means a person:

- a. who is employed by a business for consideration for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time employment; or
- b. who is employed by a professional employer organization pursuant to an employee leasing agreement between the business and the professional employer organization, in accordance with P.L.2001, c.260 (C.34:8-67 et seq.) for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time employment, and whose wages are subject to withholding as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq.; or
- c. who is a resident of another State but whose income is not subject to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. or who is a partner of a business who works for the partnership for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time employment, and whose distributive share of income, gain, loss, or deduction, or whose guaranteed payments, or any combination thereof, is subject to the payment of estimated taxes, as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq.; and
- d. who, except for purposes of the Statewide workforce, is provided, by the business, with employee health benefits under a health benefits plan authorized pursuant to State or federal law.

With respect to a logistics, manufacturing, energy, defense, aviation, or maritime business, excluding primarily warehouse or distribution operations, located in a port district having a container terminal:

the requirement that employee health benefits are to be provided shall be deemed to be satisfied if the benefits are provided in accordance with industry practice by a third party obligated to provide such benefits pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement;

full-time employment shall include, but not be limited to, employees that have been hired by way of a labor union hiring hall or its equivalent;

35 hours of employment per week at a qualified business facility shall constitute one "full-time employee," regardless of whether or not the hours of work were performed by one or more persons.

For any project located in a Garden State Growth Zone which qualifies under the "Municipal Rehabilitation and Economic Recovery Act," P.L.2002, c.43 (C.52:27BBB-1 et al.), or any project located in the Atlantic City Tourism District as established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2011, c.18 (C.5:12-219) and regulated by the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority, and which will include a retail facility of at least 150,000 square feet, of which at least 50 percent will be occupied by either a full-service

supermarket or grocery store, 30 hours of employment per week at a qualified business facility shall constitute one "full-time employee," regardless of whether the hours of work were performed by one or more persons, and the requirement that employee health benefits are to be provided shall be deemed to be satisfied if the employees of the business are covered by a collective bargaining agreement.

"Full-time employee" shall not include any person who works as an independent contractor or on a consulting basis for the business.

Full-time employee shall also not include any person who at the time of project application works in New Jersey for consideration for at least 35 hours per week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time employment but who prior to project application was not provided, by the business, with employee health benefits under a health benefits plan authorized pursuant to State or federal law.

"Garden State Create Zone" means the campus of a doctoral university, and the area within a three-mile radius of the outermost boundary of the campus of a doctoral university, according to a map appearing in the doctoral university's official catalog or other official publication on the effective date of P.L.2017, c.221.

"Garden State Growth Zone" or "growth zone" means the four New Jersey cities with the lowest median family income based on the 2009 American Community Survey from the US Census, (Table 708. Household, Family, and Per Capita Income and Individuals, and Families Below Poverty Level by City: 2009); a municipality which contains a Tourism District as established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2011, c.18 (C.5:12-219) and regulated by the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority; or an aviation district.

"Highlands development credit receiving area or redevelopment area" means an area located within a qualified incentive area and designated by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council for the receipt of Highlands Development Credits under the Highlands Transfer Development Rights Program authorized pursuant to section 13 of P.L.2004, c.120 (C.13:20-13).

"Incentive agreement" means the contract between the business and the authority, which sets forth the terms and conditions under which the business shall be eligible to receive the incentives authorized pursuant to the program.

"Incentive effective date" means the date a business submits the documentation required pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection b. of section 6 of P.L.2011, c.149 (C.34:1B-247) in a form satisfactory to the authority.

"Independent institution of higher education" means a college or university incorporated and located in New Jersey, which by virtue of law or character or license is a nonprofit educational institution authorized to grant academic degrees and which provides a level of education which is equivalent to the education provided by the State's public institutions of higher education, as attested by the

- 1 receipt of and continuation of regional accreditation by the Middle
- 2 States Association of Colleges and Schools, and which is eligible to
- 3 receive State aid under the provisions of the Constitution of the
- 4 United States and the Constitution of the State of New Jersey, but
- 5 does not include any educational institution dedicated primarily to
- 6 the education or training of ministers, priests, rabbis or other 7 professional persons in the field of religion.

"Major rail station" means a railroad station located within a qualified incentive area which provides access to the public to a minimum of six rail passenger service lines operated by the New Jersey Transit Corporation.

"Mega project" means:

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- a. a qualified business facility located in a port district housing a business in the logistics, manufacturing, energy, defense, or maritime industries, either:
- (1) having a capital investment in excess of \$20,000,000, and at which more than 250 full-time employees of the business are created or retained; or
- (2) at which more than 1,000 full-time employees of the business are created or retained;
 - b. a qualified business facility located in an aviation district housing a business in the aviation industry, in a Garden State Growth Zone, or in a priority area housing the United States headquarters and related facilities of an automobile manufacturer, either:
 - (1) having a capital investment in excess of \$20,000,000, and at which more than 250 full-time employees of the business are created or retained, or
- (2) at which more than 1,000 full-time employees of the business are created or retained;
- c. a qualified business facility located in an urban transit hub housing a business of any kind, having a capital investment in excess of \$50,000,000, and at which more than 250 full-time employees of the business are created or retained;
- d. a project located in an area designated in need of redevelopment, pursuant to P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-1 et al.) prior to the enactment of P.L.2014, c.63 (C.34:1B-251 et al.) within Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Ocean, or Salem counties having a capital investment in excess of \$20,000,000, and at which more than 150 full-time employees of
- 41 the business are created or retained; or
- e. a qualified business facility primarily used by a business principally engaged in research, development, or manufacture of a drug or device, as defined in R.S.24:1-1, or primarily used by a business licensed to conduct a clinical laboratory and business facility pursuant to the "New Jersey Clinical Laboratory
- 47 Improvement Act," P.L.1975, c.166 (C.45:9-42.26 et seq.), either:

(1) having a capital investment in excess of \$20,000,000, and at which more than 250 full-time employees of the business are created or retained, or

(2) at which more than 1,000 full-time employees of the business are created or retained.

"Minimum environmental and sustainability standards" means standards established by the authority in accordance with the green building manual prepared by the Commissioner of Community Affairs pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2007, c.132 (C.52:27D-130.6), regarding the use of renewable energy, energy-efficient technology, and non-renewable resources in order to reduce environmental degradation and encourage long-term cost reduction.

"Moderate-income housing" means housing affordable, according to United States Department of Housing and Urban Development or other recognized standards for home ownership and rental costs, and occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to more than 50 percent but less than 80 percent of the median gross household income for households of the same size within the housing region in which the housing is located.

"Municipal Revitalization Index" means the 2007 index by the Office for Planning Advocacy within the Department of State measuring or ranking municipal distress.

"New full-time job" means an eligible position created by the business at the qualified business facility that did not previously exist in this State. For the purposes of determining a number of new full-time jobs, the eligible positions of an affiliate shall be considered eligible positions of the business.

"Other eligible area" means the portions of the qualified incentive area that are not located within a distressed municipality, or the priority area.

"Partnership" means an entity classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes.

"Port district" means the portions of a qualified incentive area that are located within:

- a. the "Port of New York District" of the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, as defined in Article II of the Compact Between the States of New York and New Jersey of 1921; or
- b. a 15-mile radius of the outermost boundary of each marine terminal facility established, acquired, constructed, rehabilitated, or improved by the South Jersey Port District established pursuant to "The South Jersey Port Corporation Act," P.L.1968, c.60 (C.12:11A-1 et seq.).
- "Priority area" means the portions of the qualified incentive area that are not located within a distressed municipality and which:
- a. are designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act," P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), as Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan), Planning Area 2 (Suburban), a designated center

- 1 under the State Development and Redevelopment Plan, or a
- 2 designated growth center in an endorsed plan until June 30, 2013, or
- 3 until the State Planning Commission revises and readopts New
- 4 Jersey's State Strategic Plan and adopts regulations to revise this
- 5 definition;

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- b. intersect with portions of: a deep poverty pocket, a port
 district, or federally-owned land approved for closure under a
 federal Commission on Base Realignment and Closure action;
- 9 c. are the proposed site of a disaster recovery project, a 10 qualified incubator facility, a highlands development credit 11 receiving area or redevelopment area, a tourism destination project, 12 or transit oriented development; or
- d. contain: a vacant commercial building having over 400,000 square feet of office, laboratory, or industrial space available for occupancy for a period of over one year; or a site that has been negatively impacted by the approval of a "qualified business facility," as defined pursuant to section 2 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-208).
 - "Professional employer organization" means an employee leasing company registered with the Department of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to P.L.2001, c.260 (C.34:8-67 et seq.).
- "Program" means the "Grow New Jersey Assistance Program" established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.2011, c.149 (C.34:1B-244).
 - "Public research university" means a public research university as defined in section 3 of P.L.1994, c.48 (C.18A:3B-3).
 - "Qualified business facility" means any building, complex of buildings or structural components of buildings, and all machinery and equipment located within a qualified incentive area, used in connection with the operation of a business that is not engaged in final point of sale retail business at that location unless the building, complex of buildings or structural components of buildings, and all machinery and equipment located within a qualified incentive area, are used in connection with the operation of:
 - a. a final point of sale retail business located in a Garden State Growth Zone that will include a retail facility of at least 150,000 square feet, of which at least 50 percent is occupied by either a full-service supermarket or grocery store; or
- b. a tourism destination project located in the Atlantic City Tourism District as established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2011, c.18 (C.5:12-219).
- 41 "Qualified incentive area" means:
- 42 a. an aviation district;
- b. a port district;
- c. a distressed municipality or urban transit hub municipality;
- d. an area (1) designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act,"
- 46 P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), as:
- 47 (a) Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan);
- 48 (b) Planning Area 2 (Suburban); or

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(c) Planning Area 3 (Fringe Planning Area);

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- 2 (2) located within a smart growth area and planning area 3 designated in a master plan adopted by the New Jersey 4 Meadowlands Commission pursuant to subsection (i) of section 6 of 5 P.L.1968, c.404 (C.13:17-6) or subject to a redevelopment plan 6 adopted by the New Jersey Meadowlands Commission pursuant to 7 section 20 of P.L.1968, c.404 (C.13:17-21);
- 8 (3) located within any land owned by the New Jersey Sports and
 9 Exposition Authority, established pursuant to P.L.1971, c.137
 10 (C.5:10-1 et seq.), within the boundaries of the Hackensack
 11 Meadowlands District as delineated in section 4 of P.L.1968, c.404
 12 (C.13:17-4);
- (4) located within a regional growth area, rural development area zoned for industrial use as of the effective date of P.L.2016, c.75, town, village, or a military and federal installation area designated in the comprehensive management plan prepared and adopted by the Pinelands Commission pursuant to the "Pinelands Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.);
 - (5) located within the planning area of the Highlands Region as defined in section 3 of P.L.2004, c.120 (C.13:20-3) or a highlands development credit receiving area or redevelopment area;
 - (6) located within a Garden State Growth Zone;
 - (7) located within land approved for closure under any federal Commission on Base Realignment and Closure action; or
 - (8) located only within the following portions of the areas designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act," P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), as Planning Area 4A (Rural Planning Area), Planning Area 4B (Rural/Environmentally Sensitive) or Planning Area 5 (Environmentally Sensitive) if Planning Area 4A (Rural Planning Area), Planning Area 4B (Rural/Environmentally
- 31 Sensitive) or Planning Area 5 (Environmentally Sensitive) is
- 32 located within:
- (a) a designated center under the State Development andRedevelopment Plan;
- 35 (b) a designated growth center in an endorsed plan until the 36 State Planning Commission revises and readopts New Jersey's State 37 Strategic Plan and adopts regulations to revise this definition as it 38 pertains to Statewide planning areas;
- 39 (c) any area determined to be in need of redevelopment pursuant 40 to sections 5 and 6 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-5 and 41 C.40A:12A-6) or in need of rehabilitation pursuant to section 14 of 42 P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-14);
- (d) any area on which a structure exists or previously existed including any desired expansion of the footprint of the existing or previously existing structure provided the expansion otherwise complies with all applicable federal, State, county, and local permits and approvals;

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(e) the planning area of the Highlands Region as defined in section 3 of P.L.2004, c.120 (C.13:20-3) or a highlands development credit receiving area or redevelopment area; or

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(f) any area on which an existing tourism destination project is located.

"Qualified incentive area" shall not include any property located within the preservation area of the Highlands Region as defined in section 3 of P.L.2004, c.120 (C.13:20-3).

"Qualified incubator facility" means a commercial building located within a qualified incentive area: which contains 50,000 or more square feet of office, laboratory, or industrial space; which is located near, and presents opportunities for collaboration with, a research institution, teaching hospital, college, or university; and within which, at least 50 percent of the gross leasable area is restricted for use by one or more technology startup companies during the commitment period.

"Retained full-time job" means an eligible position that currently exists in New Jersey and is filled by a full-time employee but which, because of a potential relocation by the business, is at risk of being lost to another state or country, or eliminated. For the purposes of determining a number of retained full-time jobs, the eligible positions of an affiliate shall be considered eligible positions of the business. For the purposes of the certifications and annual reports required in the incentive agreement pursuant to subsection e. of section 4 of P.L.2011, c.149 (C.34:1B-245), to the extent an eligible position that was the basis of the award no longer exists, a business shall include as a retained full-time job a new eligible position that is filled by a full-time employee provided that the position is included in the order of date of hire and is not the basis for any other incentive award. For a project located in a Garden State Growth Zone which qualified for the "Municipal Rehabilitation and Economic Recovery Act," P.L.2002, c.43 (C.52:27BBB-1 et al.), retained full-time job shall include any employee previously employed in New Jersey and transferred to the new location in the Garden State Growth Zone which qualified for the "Municipal Rehabilitation and Economic Recovery Act," P.L.2002, c.43 (C.52:27BBB-1 et al.).

"SDA district" means an SDA district as defined in section 3 of P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-3).

"SDA municipality" means a municipality in which an SDA district is situate.

"State college" means a State college or university established pursuant to chapter 64 of Title 18A of the New Jersey Statutes.

"Targeted industry" means any industry identified from time to time by the authority which shall initially include advanced transportation and logistics, advanced manufacturing, aviation, autonomous vehicle and zero-emission vehicle research or development, clean energy, life sciences, hemp processing,

information and high technology, finance and insurance, professional services, film and digital media, non-retail food and beverage businesses including food innovation, and other innovative industries that disrupt current technologies or business models.

"Technology startup company" means a for profit business that has been in operation fewer than five years and is developing or possesses a proprietary technology or business method of a hightechnology or life science-related product, process, or service which the business intends to move to commercialization.

"Tourism destination project" means a qualified non-gaming business facility that will be among the most visited privately owned or operated tourism or recreation sites in the State, and which is located within the qualified incentive area and has been determined by the authority to be in an area appropriate for development and in need of economic development incentive assistance, including a non-gaming business within an established Tourism District with a significant impact on the economic viability of that District.

"Transit oriented development" means a qualified business facility located within a 1/2-mile radius, or one-mile radius for projects located in a Garden State Growth Zone, surrounding the mid-point of a New Jersey Transit Corporation, Port Authority Transit Corporation, or Port Authority Trans-Hudson Corporation rail, bus, or ferry station platform area, including all light rail stations.

"Urban transit hub" means an urban transit hub, as defined in section 2 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-208), that is located within an eligible municipality, as defined in section 2 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-208) and also located within a qualified incentive area.

"Urban transit hub municipality" means a municipality: a. which qualifies for State aid pursuant to P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.), or which has continued to be a qualified municipality thereunder pursuant to P.L.2007, c.111; and b. in which 30 percent or more of the value of real property was exempt from local property taxation during tax year 2006. The percentage of exempt property shall be calculated by dividing the total exempt value by the sum of the net valuation which is taxable and that which is tax exempt.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.156, s.120)

- 42 62. Section 2 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-208) is amended to 43 read as follows:
 - 2. As used in this act:

"Affiliate" means an entity that directly or indirectly controls, is under common control with, or is controlled by the business. Control exists in all cases in which the entity is a member of a controlled group of corporations as defined pursuant to section 1563

of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C.s.1563) or the entity is an organization in a group of organizations under common control as defined pursuant to subsection (b) or (c) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C.s.414). A taxpayer may establish by clear and convincing evidence, as determined by the Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury, that control exists in situations involving lesser percentages of ownership than required by those statutes. affiliate of a business may contribute to meeting either the qualified investment or full-time employee requirements of a business that applies for a credit under section 3 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-209).

"Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development Authority established by section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-4).

"Business" means a corporation that is subject to the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5), a corporation that is subject to the tax imposed pursuant to sections 2 and 3 of P.L.1945, c.132 (C.54:18A-2 and 54:18A-3), section 1 of P.L.1950, c.231 (C.17:32-15) or N.J.S.17B:23-5, or is a partnership, an S corporation, or a limited liability corporation. A business shall include an affiliate of the business if that business applies for a credit based upon any capital investment made by or full-time employees of an affiliate.

"Capital investment" in a qualified business facility means expenses incurred after, but before the end of the eighth year after, the effective date of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-207 et seq.) for: a. the site preparation and construction, repair, renovation, improvement, equipping, or furnishing of a building, structure, facility or improvement to real property; and b. obtaining and installing furnishings and machinery, apparatus or equipment for the operation of a business in a building, structure, facility or improvement to real property.

"Eligible municipality" means a municipality: (1) which qualifies for State aid pursuant to P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.) or which was continued to be a qualified municipality thereunder pursuant to P.L.2007, c.111; and (2) in which 30 percent or more of the value of real property was exempt from local property taxation during tax year 2006. The percentage of exempt property shall be calculated by dividing the total exempt value by the sum of the net valuation which is taxable and that which is tax exempt.

"Full-time employee" means a person employed by the business for consideration for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time employment, or a person who is employed by a professional employer organization pursuant to an employee leasing agreement between the business and the professional employer organization, in accordance with P.L.2001, c.260 (C.34:8-67 et seq.) for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard

- 1 of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time
- 2 employment, and whose wages are subject to withholding as
- 3 provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1
- 4 et seq. or an employee who is a resident of another State but whose
- 5 income is not subject to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act,"
- 6 N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. or who is a partner of a business who works
- 7 for the partnership for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any
- 8 other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice
- 9 as full-time employment, and whose distributive share of income,
- 10 gain, loss, or deduction, or whose guaranteed payments, or any
- 11 combination thereof, is subject to the payment of estimated taxes, as
- provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1
- 13 et seq. "Full-time employee" shall not include any person who
- works as an independent contractor or on a consulting basis for the
- 15 business.

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"Full-time employee at the qualified business facility" means a full-time position in a business in this State, which position the business has filled with a full-time employee, who shall have their primary office at the qualified business facility and spend at least 60 percent of their time at the qualified business facility. This requirement shall supersede any law, regulation, or incentive agreement that imposes a requirement that the employee be present at the qualified business facility for a specified percentage of time greater than 60 percent. This amendment shall not alter or terminate any waiver of the requirement that an employee spend time at the qualified business facility implemented by the authority due to COVID-19 public health emergency and state of emergency.

"Mixed use project" means a project comprising both a qualified business facility and a qualified residential project.

"Partnership" means an entity classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes.

"Professional employer organization" means an employee leasing company registered with the Department of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to P.L.2001, c.260 (C.34:8-67 et seq.).

"Qualified business facility" means any building, complex of buildings or structural components of buildings, and all machinery and equipment located within a designated urban transit hub in an eligible municipality, used in connection with the operation of a business.

"Qualified residential project" shall have the meaning ascribed to that term under section 34 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.34:1B-209.2).

"Residential unit" means a residential dwelling unit such as a rental apartment, a condominium or cooperative unit, a hotel room, or a dormitory room.

"Urban transit hub" means:

a. (1) property located within a 1/2-mile radius surrounding the mid point of a New Jersey Transit Corporation, Port Authority

- 1 Transit Corporation or Port Authority Trans-Hudson Corporation 2 rail station platform area, including all light rail stations, and
- 3 (2) property located within a one-mile radius of the mid point of 4 the platform area of such a rail station if the property is in a 5 qualified municipality under the "Municipal Rehabilitation and Economic Recovery Act," P.L.2002, c.43 (C.52:27BBB-1 et seq.) or 6 7 in an area that is the subject of a Choice Neighborhoods Transformation Plan funded by the federal Department of Housing 8 9 and Urban Development, and
 - (3) the site of the campus of an acute care medical facility located within a one-mile radius of the mid point of the platform area of such a rail station, and
 - (4) the site of a closed hospital located within a one-mile radius of the mid point of the platform area of such a rail station;
 - b. property located within a 1/2-mile radius surrounding the mid point of one of up to two underground light rail stations' platform areas that are most proximate to an interstate rail station;
 - property adjacent to, or connected by rail spur to, a freight rail line if the business utilizes that freight line at any rail spur located adjacent to or within a one-mile radius surrounding the entrance to the property for loading and unloading freight cars on trains;
 - which property shall have been specifically delineated by the authority pursuant to subsection e. of section 3 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-209).

A property which is partially included within the radius shall only be considered part of the urban transit hub if over 50 percent of its land area falls within the radius.

"Rail station" shall not include any rail station located at an international airport, except that any property within a 1/2-mile radius surrounding the mid point of a New Jersey Transit Corporation rail station platform area at an international airport upon which a qualified business facility is constructed or renovated commencing after the effective date of P.L.2011, c.149 (C.34:1B-242 et al.) shall be deemed an urban transit hub, excluding any property owned or controlled by the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey.

38 (cf: P.L.2011, c.149, s.10)

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- 40 63. Section 2 of P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-125) is amended to read as follows:
- 42 2. As used in sections 1 through 17 of P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-124 et seq.) and in sections 9 through 11 of P.L.2003, 43 44 c.166 (C.34:1B-139.1 through C.34:1B-139.3), unless a different 45 meaning clearly appears from the context:

46 "Advanced computing" means a technology used in the 47 designing and developing of computing hardware and software, 48 including innovations in designing the full spectrum of hardware

from hand-held calculators to super computers, and peripheral equipment.

"Advanced computing company" means a person, whose headquarters or base of operations is located in New Jersey, engaged in the research, development, production, or provision of advanced computing for the purpose of developing or providing products or processes for specific commercial or public purposes.

"Advanced materials" means materials with engineered properties created through the development of specialized processing and synthesis technology, including ceramics, high value-added metals, electronic materials, composites, polymers, and biomaterials. "Advanced materials company" means a person, whose headquarters or base of operations is located in New Jersey, engaged in the research, development, production, or provision of advanced materials for the purpose of developing or providing products or processes for specific commercial or public purposes.

"Application year" means the grant year for which an eligible partnership submits the information required under section 8 of P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-131).

"Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development Authority created pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-4)

"Base years" means the first two complete calendar years following the effective date of an agreement.

"Biotechnology" means the continually expanding body of fundamental knowledge about the functioning of biological systems from the macro level to the molecular and sub-atomic levels, as well as novel products, services, technologies, and sub-technologies developed as a result of insights gained from research advances which add to that body of fundamental knowledge.

"Biotechnology company" means a person, whose headquarters or base of operations is located in New Jersey, engaged in the research, development, production, or provision of biotechnology for the purpose of developing or providing products or processes for specific commercial or public purposes, including but not limited to, medical, pharmaceutical, nutritional, and other health-related purposes, agricultural purposes, and environmental purposes, or a person, whose headquarters or base of operations is located in New Jersey, engaged in providing services or products necessary for such research, development, production, or provision.

"Bonds" means bonds, notes, or other obligations issued by the authority pursuant to P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-124 et seq.).

"Business" means a corporation; sole proprietorship; partnership; corporation that has made an election under Subchapter S of Chapter One of Subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any other business entity through which income flows as a distributive share to its owners; limited liability company; nonprofit corporation; or any other form of business organization located

- 1 either within or outside this State. A grant received under
- 2 P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-124 et seq.) by a partnership, Subchapter
- 3 S-Corporation, or other business entity shall be apportioned among
- 4 the persons to whom the income or profit of the partnership,
- 5 Subchapter S-Corporation, or other entity is distributed, in the same
- 6 proportions as those in which the income or profit is distributed.

"Business employment incentive agreement" or "agreement" means the written agreement between the authority and a business proposing a project in this State in accordance with the provisions of P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-124 et seq.) which establishes the terms and conditions of a grant to be awarded pursuant to P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-124 et seq.).

"Designated industry" means a business engaged in the field of biotechnology, pharmaceuticals, financial services, transportation and logistics, advanced computing, advanced materials, electronic device technology, environmental technology, or medical device technology.

"Director" means the Director of the Division of Taxation.

"Division" means the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury.

"Electronic device technology" means a technology involving microelectronics, semiconductors, electronic equipment, and instrumentation, radio frequency, microwave, and millimeter electronics, and optical and optic-electrical devices, or data and digital communications and imaging devices.

"Electronic device technology company" means a person, whose headquarters or base of operations is located in New Jersey, engaged in the research, development, production, or provision of electronic device technology for the purpose of developing or providing products or processes for specific commercial or public purposes.

"Eligible partnership" means a partnership or limited liability company that is qualified to receive a grant as established in P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-124 et seq.).

"Eligible position" is a new full-time position created by a business in New Jersey or transferred from another state by the business under the terms and conditions set forth in P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-124 et seq.) during the base years or in subsequent years of a grant. In determining if positions are eligible positions, the authority shall give greater consideration to positions that average at least 1.5 times the minimum hourly wage during the term of an agreement authorized pursuant to P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-124 et seq.). For grants awarded on or after July 1, 2003, eligible position includes only a position for which a business provides employee health benefits under a group health plan as defined under section 14 of P.L.1997, c.146 (C.17B:27-54), a health benefits plan as defined under section 1 of P.L.1992, c.162 (C.17B:27A-17), or a policy or contract of health insurance covering more than one

1 person issued pursuant to Article 2 of Title 17B of the New Jersey 2 Statutes. An "eligible position" shall also include all current and 3 future partners or members of a partnership or limited liability 4 company created by a business in New Jersey or transferred from 5 another state by the business pursuant to the conditions set forth in 6 P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-124 et seq.) during the base years or in 7 subsequent years of a grant. An "eligible position" shall also 8 include a position occupied by a resident of this State whose 9 position is relocated to this State from another state but who does 10 not qualify as a "new employee" because prior to relocation the 11 resident's wages or the resident's distributive share of income from 12 a gain, from a loss or deduction, or the resident's guaranteed 13 payments or any combination thereof, prior to the relocation, were 14 not subject to income taxes imposed by the state or municipality in which the position was previously located. An "eligible position" 15 16 shall also include a position occupied by a resident of another State 17 whose position is relocated to this State but whose income is not 18 subject to the New Jersey gross income tax pursuant to the "New 19 Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. An "eligible 20 position" shall not include any position located within New Jersey, 21 which, within a period either three months prior to the business' application for a grant under P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-124 et seq.) 22 23 or six months after the date of application, ceases to exist or be 24 located within New Jersey. 25

"Employment incentive" means the amount of a grant, either in cash or in tax credits, determined pursuant to subsection a. of section 6 of P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-129).

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"Environmental technology" means assessment and prevention of threats or damage to human health or the environment, environmental cleanup, or the development of alternative energy sources.

"Environmental technology company" means a person, whose headquarters or base of operations is located in New Jersey, engaged in the research, development, production, or provision of environmental technology for the purpose of developing or providing products or processes for specific commercial or public purposes.

"Estimated tax" means an amount calculated for a partner in an eligible position equal to 6.37 percent of the lesser of: a. the amount of the partner's net income from the eligible partnership that is sourced to New Jersey as reflected in Column B of the partner's Schedule NJK-1 of the application year less the amount of the partner's net income from the eligible partnership that is sourced to New Jersey as reflected in column B of the partner's Schedule NJK-1 in the foundation year; or b. the net of all items of partnership income upon which tax has been paid as reflected on the partner's New Jersey Gross Income Tax return in the application year.

"Foundation year" means the year immediately prior to the creation of the eligible position.

"Full-time employee" means a person who is employed for consideration for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as fulltime employment, whose wages are subject to withholding as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., and who is determined by the authority to be employed in a permanent position according to criteria it develops, or who is a partner of an eligible partnership, who works for the partnership for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time employment, and whose distributive share of income, gain, loss, or deduction, or whose guaranteed payments, or any combination thereof, is subject to the payment of estimated taxes, as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. "Full-time employee" shall not include any person who works as an independent contractor or on a consulting basis for the business.

"Full-time employee at the qualified business facility" means a full-time position in a business in this State, which position the business has filled with a full-time employee, who shall have their primary office at the qualified business facility and spend at least 60 percent of their time at the qualified business facility. This requirement shall supersede any law, regulation, or incentive agreement that imposes a requirement that the employee be present at the qualified business facility for a specified percentage of time greater than 60 percent. This amendment shall not alter or terminate any waiver of the requirement that an employee spend time at the qualified business facility implemented by the authority due to COVID-19 public health emergency and state of emergency.

"Grant" means a business employment incentive grant as established in P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-124 et seq.).

"Medical device technology" means a technology involving any medical equipment or product, other than a pharmaceutical product, that has therapeutic value, diagnostic value, or both, and is regulated by the federal Food and Drug Administration.

"Medical device technology company" means a person, whose headquarters or base of operations is located in New Jersey, engaged in the research, development, production, or provision of medical device technology for the purpose of developing or providing products or processes for specific commercial or public purposes.

"Net income from the eligible partnership" means the net combination of a partner's distributive share of the eligible partnership's income, gain, loss, deduction, or guaranteed payments.

"New employee" means a full-time employee first employed in an eligible position on the project which is the subject of an agreement or who is a partner of an eligible partnership, who works

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1 for the partnership for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any 2 other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice 3 as full-time employment, and whose distributive share of income, 4 gain, loss or deduction, or whose guaranteed payments, or any 5 combination thereof, is subject to the payment of estimated taxes, as 6 provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 7 et seq.; except that a New Jersey resident whose position is 8 relocated to this State shall not be classified as a "new employee" 9 unless the employee's wages, or the employee's distributive share of 10 income from a gain, from a loss or deduction, or the employee's 11 guaranteed payments or any combination thereof, prior to the 12 relocation, were subject to income taxes imposed by the state or municipality in which the position was previously located. "New 13 14 employee" may also include an employee rehired or called back 15 from a layoff during or following the base years to a vacant position 16 previously held by that employee or to a new position established 17 during or following the base years. "New employee" shall not 18 include any employee who was previously employed in New Jersey 19 by the business or by a related person as defined in section 2 of 20 P.L.1993, c.170 (C.54:10A-5.5) if the employee is transferred to the 21 business, which is the subject of an agreement, unless the 22 employee's position at the employee's previous employer is filled by 23 a new employee. "New employee" also shall not include a child, 24 grandchild, parent, or spouse of an individual associated with the 25 business who has direct or indirect ownership of at least 15 percent 26 of the profits, capital, or value of the business. New employee shall 27 also include an employee whose position is relocated to this State 28 but whose income is not subject to the New Jersey gross income tax 29 pursuant to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 30 et seq. 31

"Partner" means a person who is entitled to either a distributive share of a partnership's income, gain, loss, or deduction, or guaranteed payments, or any combination thereof, by virtue of holding an interest in the partnership. "Partner" also includes a person who is a member of a limited liability company which is treated as a partnership, as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq.

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"Refunding Bonds" means bonds, notes or other obligations issued to refinance bonds, notes or other obligations previously issued by the authority pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-124 et seq.).

"Residual withholdings" means for any period of time, the excess of the estimated cumulative withholdings for all executed agreements eligible for payments under P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-124 et seq.) over the cumulative anticipated grant amounts.

"Schedule NJK-1" means Schedule NJK-1 as the form existed for taxable year 1997.

"Withholdings" means the amount withheld by a business from the wages of new employees or estimated taxes paid by, or on behalf of, partners that are new employees, or any combination thereof, pursuant to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., and, if the new employee is an employee whose position has moved to New Jersey but whose income is not subject to the New Jersey gross income tax pursuant to N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., the amount of withholding that would occur if the employee were to move to New Jersey.

10 (cf: P.L.2015, c.194, s.1)

64. Section 2 of P.L.1996, c.25 (C.34:1B-113) is amended to read as follows:

2. As used in this act:

"Affiliate" means an entity that directly or indirectly controls, is under common control with, or is controlled by the business. Control exists in all cases in which the entity is a member of a controlled group of corporations as defined pursuant to section 1563 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.1563) or the entity is an organization in a group of organizations under common control as defined pursuant to subsection (b) or (c) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.414). An entity may establish by clear and convincing evidence, as determined by the Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury, that control exists in situations involving lesser percentages of ownership than required by those statutes;

"Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development Authority created pursuant to P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.);

"Business retention or relocation grant of tax credits" or "grant of tax credits" means a grant which consists of the value of corporation business tax credits against the liability imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5) or credits against the taxes imposed on insurers pursuant to P.L.1945, c.132 (C.54:18A-1 et al.), section 1 of P.L.1950, c.231 (C.17:32-15), and N.J.S.17B:23-5, provided to fund a portion of retention and relocation costs pursuant to P.L.1996, c.25 (C.34:1B-112 et seq.);

"Business" means an employer located in this State that has operated continuously in the State, in whole or in part, in its current form or as a predecessor entity for at least 10 years prior to filing an application pursuant to P.L.1996, c.25 (C.34:1B-112 et seq.) and which is subject to the provisions of R.S.43:21-1 et seq. and may include a sole proprietorship, a partnership, or a corporation that has made an election under Subchapter S of Chapter One of Subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any other business entity through which income flows as a distributive share to its owners, limited liability company, nonprofit corporation, or any other form of business organization located either within or outside the State. A business shall include an affiliate of the business if that

1 business applies for a credit based upon any capital investment 2 made by an affiliate or based upon retained full-time jobs of an 3 affiliate;

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"Capital investment" means expenses that the business incurs 5 following its submission of an application to the authority pursuant 6 to section 5 of P.L.1996, c.25 (C.34:1B-116), but prior to the 7 Capital Investment Completion Date, as shall be defined in the 8 project agreement, for: (1) the site preparation and construction, 9 renovation, improvement, equipping of, or obtaining and installing 10 fixtures and machinery, apparatus or equipment in, a newly 11 constructed, renovated or improved building, structure, facility, or 12 improvement to real property in this State; and (2) obtaining and 13 installing fixtures and machinery, apparatus or equipment in a 14 building, structure, or facility in this State. Provided however, that 15 "capital investment" shall not include soft costs such as financing 16 and design, furniture or decorative items such as artwork or plants, 17 or office equipment if the office equipment is property with a 18 recovery period of less than five years. The recovery period of any 19 property, for purposes of this section, shall be determined as of the 20 date such property is first placed in service or use in this State by the business, determined in accordance with section 168 of the 21 22 federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.168). 23 business that acquires or leases a qualified business facility shall 24 also be deemed to have acquired the capital investment made or 25 acquired by the seller or landlord, as the case may be;

"Certificate of compliance" means a certificate issued by the authority pursuant to section 9 of P.L.1996, c.25 (C.34:1B-120);

"Chief executive officer" means the chief executive officer of the New Jersey Economic Development Authority;

"Commitment duration" means the tax credit term and five years from the end of the tax credit term specified in the project agreement entered into pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1996, c.25 (C.34:1B-116);

"Designated industry" means an industry identified by the authority as desirable for the State to maintain, which may be designated and amended via the promulgation of rules by the authority to reflect changing market conditions;

"Designated urban center" means an urban center designated in the State Development and Redevelopment Plan adopted by the State Planning Commission;

"Eligible position" means a full-time position retained by a business in this State for which a business provides employee health benefits under a group health plan as defined under section 14 of P.L.1997, c.146 (C.17B:27-54), a health benefits plan as defined under section 1 of P.L.1992, c.162 (C.17B:27A-17), or a policy or contract of health insurance covering more than one person issued pursuant to Article 2 of Chapter 27 of Title 17B of the New Jersey Statutes;

"Full-time employee" means a person employed by the business for consideration for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice, as determined by the authority, as full-time employment, or a person who is employed by a professional employer organization pursuant to an employee leasing agreement between the business and the professional employer organization, in accordance with P.L.2001, c.260 (C.34:8-67 et seq.) for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice, as determined by the authority, as full-time employment, and whose wages are subject to withholding as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. or an employee who is a resident of another State but whose income is not subject to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. or who is a partner of a business who works for the partnership for at least 35 hours a week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice, as determined by the authority, as full-time employment, and whose distributive share of income, gain, loss, or deduction, or whose guaranteed payments, or any combination thereof, is subject to the payment of estimated taxes, as provided in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. "Full-time employee" shall not include any person who works as an independent contractor or on a consulting basis for the business;

"Full-time employee at the qualified business facility" means a full-time position in a business in this State, which position the business has filled with a full-time employee, who shall have their primary office at the qualified business facility and spend at least 60 percent of their time at the qualified business facility. This requirement shall supersede any law, regulation, or incentive agreement that imposes a requirement that the employee be present at the qualified business facility for a specified percentage of time greater than 60 percent. This amendment shall not alter or terminate any waiver of the requirement that an employee spend time at the qualified business facility implemented by the authority due to COVID-19 public health emergency and state of emergency.

"New business location" means the premises to which a business will relocate that the business has either purchased or built or for which the business has entered into a purchase agreement or a written lease for a period of no less than the commitment duration or eight years, whichever is greater, from the date of relocation. A "new business location" also means the business's current location or locations if the business makes a capital investment equal to the total value of the business retention or relocation grant of tax credits to the business at that location or locations;

"Program" means the Business Retention and Relocation Assistance Grant Program created pursuant to P.L.1996, c.25 (C.34:1B-112 et seq.);

"Project agreement" means an agreement between a business and the authority that sets the forecasted schedule for completion and occupancy of the project, the date the commitment duration shall commence, the amount and tax credit term of the applicable grant of tax credits, and other such provisions which further the purposes of P.L.1996, c.25 (C.34:1B-112 et seq.);

"Retained full-time job" means an eligible position that currently exists in New Jersey and is filled by a full-time employee but which, because of a potential relocation by the business, is at risk of being lost to another state or country. For the purposes of determining a number of retained full-time jobs, the eligible positions of an affiliate shall be considered the eligible positions of the business;

"Tax credit term" means the period of time commencing with the first issuance of tax credits and continuing during the period in which the recipient of a grant of tax credits is eligible to apply the tax credits pursuant to section 7 of P.L.2004, c.65 (C.34:1B-115.3); and

"Yearly tax credit amount" means \$1,500 times the number of retained full-time jobs. "Yearly tax credit amount" does not include the amount of any bonus award authorized pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2004, c.65 (C.34:1B-115.1).

23 (cf: P.L.2011, c.149, s.12)

65. (New section) Sections 65 through 68 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be known and may be cited as the "New Jersey Innovation Fellows Program Act."

- 66. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares that:
- a. One of the most difficult challenges for upstart entrepreneurs is forgoing employment to launch their businesses.
- b. For diverse entrepreneurs from underserved populations, this challenge is often exacerbated as these entrepreneurs historically lack funding from family and friends to support their living expenses while building a business without income.
- c. Having alternative sources of capital and new ways to deploy capital to entrepreneurs can be crucial for disadvantaged entrepreneurs in particular.
- d. Although many universities provide fellowships for advancing business ideas, this assistance is often only available to students, and there is a dearth of programs designed specifically to support non-student entrepreneurs.
- e. The New Jersey Economic Development Authority, through the New Jersey Innovation Fellows Program, shall seek to consolidate public and private economic development efforts through various funding sources into one targeted program to invest

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in diverse talent critical to New Jersey having a vibrant innovation
 ecosystem.

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- 4 67. (New section) As used in sections 65 through 68 of P.L. 5 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill):
- 6 "Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development 7 Authority established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80 8 (C.34:1B-4).
- 9 "Chief executive officer" means the Chief Executive Officer of 10 the New Jersey Economic Development Authority.
- "Eligible municipality" means a city of the first class, a municipality with a private research university, a municipality that
- is qualified to receive assistance under P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-14 178 et seq.), a municipality under the supervision of the Local
- Finance Board pursuant to the provisions of the "Local Government"
- 16 Supervision Act (1947)," P.L.1947, c.151 (C.52:27BB-1 et seq.), a
- municipality identified by the Director of the Division of Local
- 18 Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs to
- be facing serious fiscal distress, a SDA municipality, or a municipality in which a major rail station is located.
 - "Entrepreneur" means an individual starting a small business and who meets the eligibility criteria established by the authority for the program.
 - "Program" means the New Jersey Innovation Fellows Program, established pursuant to section 68 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
 - "Targeted industry" means any industry identified from time to time by the authority that shall initially include advanced transportation and logistics, advanced manufacturing, aviation, autonomous vehicle and zero-emission vehicle research or development, clean energy, life sciences, hemp processing, information and high technology, finance and insurance, professional services, film and digital media, non-retail food and beverage businesses including food innovation, and other innovative industries that disrupt current technologies or business models.

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- 68. (New section) a. There is established the "New Jersey Innovation Fellows Program" within the authority for the purpose of providing seed funding to teams of entrepreneurs, through the disbursement of fellowship grants, and facilitating economic growth and job creation in eligible municipalities. The award of a fellowship grant to a team of entrepreneurs shall be limited to \$350,000 per team and shall be used as income-replacement for entrepreneurs who leave the workforce to open and operate a business in an eligible municipality.
- b. The chief executive officer shall award fellowship grants through a competitive grant solicitation to teams of no less than

three entrepreneurs, in which at least half of the team members are 2 first time entrepreneurs, with well-written business plans who:

- (1) are seeking to open and operate a business in a targeted industry, which business is located in an eligible municipality;
- (2) commit to working at the business on a full-time basis for two years next following receipt of the fellowship grant;
 - (3) participate in a mentorship program; and

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- (4) pay gross income tax pursuant to N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. at the time of applying for the fellowship grant and remain New Jersey taxpayers during the time in which fellowship grants are disbursed and the next following two years. If any member of the original awarded team of entrepreneurs ceases to be a New Jersey taxpayer during the time in which fellowship grants are disbursed and the next following two years, the fellowship grant may be rescinded, and any amount paid may be recouped, by the authority.
- A team of entrepreneurs seeking to participate in the program shall submit an application in a form determined by the chief executive officer. The application shall include information that the chief executive officer determines is necessary to administer the program.
- d. The chief executive officer shall award fellowship grants in intervals determined by the chief executive officer following application approval and the submission of proof by a team of entrepreneurs that the team has fulfilled the eligibility requirements pursuant to subsection b. of this section and any other requirements determined by the authority. The submission of proof shall be subject to review and audit by the authority.
- e. A team of entrepreneurs that includes at least one member who is a graduate of a New Jersey college or university or is a diverse entrepreneur, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1997, c.349 (C.54:10A-5.29), and meets the eligibility requirements may receive a fellowship grant up to \$400,000.
- Within one year of the effective date of P.L., c. (C. (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the authority shall undertake a disparity study analyzing the relative availability of seed money and capital for diverse entrepreneurs, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1997, c.349 (C.54:10A-5.29), in this State and the authority's historic support of such businesses. If recommended by the study, the authority shall establish policies, practices, protocols, and, if appropriate, minimum percentages of the funds to be set aside to eligible teams of entrepreneurs that include at least one diverse entrepreneur or one female entrepreneur. Regardless of whether the disparity study recommends a set-aside for diverse entrepreneurs, the authority may make up to 35 percent of the funds available for the award of fellowship grants to teams of entrepreneurs that include at least one a member that either resides in an New Jersey State opportunity zone, as defined in section 45 of

P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-313), or is seeking to open and operate a business in an opportunity zone eligible census tract.

69. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the New Jersey Economic Development Authority the sum of \$10,000,000 for the award of fellowship grants to teams of entrepreneurs pursuant to sections 65 through 68 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) and for the costs of administering the "New Jersey Innovation Fellows Program."

70. This act shall take effect immediately, and the amendments made to P.L.2020, c.156 by this act, P.L. , c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill), shall apply to applications submitted pursuant section 72 of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-340), section 1 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54A:4-12a), and 2 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54A:4-12b) on or after the effective date of P.L.2020, c.156, except the amendments made by this act to paragraph (2) of subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54A:4-12a) and paragraph (2) of subsection a. of section 2 of P.L.2018, c.56 (C.54A:4-12b) shall apply to applications submitted on and after the effective date of this act. The amendments made to P.L.2020, c.156 by this act shall apply to all other applications submitted under P.L.2020, c.156 on and after the effective date of this act.

STATEMENT

This bill revises various provisions of the "New Jersey Economic Recovery Act of 2020," P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et al.) and establishes the "New Jersey Innovation Fellows Program" within the New Jersey Economic Development Authority (EDA).

The New Jersey Innovation Fellows Program. Under the program, the EDA would provide fellowship grants, through a competitive process, for teams of entrepreneurs who operate businesses in targeted industries within certain eligible municipalities. The bill provides that the fellowship grants, which may not exceed \$250,000 per team, would be used as income replacement for entrepreneurs who leave the workforce to open and operate the business. The bill appropriates \$10 million from the General Fund to support the program.

The New Jersey Aspire Program. The bill revises various provisions of the New Jersey Aspire Program, including:

- (1) expanding the definition of "incentive area" to include aviation and port districts;
- 47 (2) removing the requirement for commercial projects to 48 demonstrate that increases in incremental State revenues would

exceed the amounts needed to support the developer's project financing gap;

- (3) increasing the tax credit allowance for certain residential projects, which also receive an allocation of federal four-percent low income housing tax credits, to 60 percent of total project costs;
- (4) increasing the total value of tax credits that may be awarded per redevelopment project to: (i) \$60 million for residential projects that receive federal four-percent low income housing tax credits, or redevelopment projects located in certain designated areas; and (ii) \$42 million for all other redevelopment projects;
- (5) reducing the amount for which the developers of residential projects may assign tax credit certificates;
- (6) revising the requirements for new residential projects to dedicate certain units for affordable housing purposes;
- (7) providing that the EDA may allow up to six years to elapse from the date on which an incentive award agreement is executed to the date in which a certificate of occupancy is issued for certain higher-cost projects;
 - (8) defining the term "technology startup company";
- (9) revising the procedures and calculations for recapturing tax credit financing when the developer's actual project financing gap is less than initially approved and when the developer's actual return on investment is more than initially approved;
- (10) reducing the requirements for mixed-use projects to qualify as transformative projects;
- (11) establishing additional requirements for certain residential projects to qualify as transformative projects;
- (12) removing the limitation on the number of incentive awards that may be awarded to transformative projects;
- (13) increasing the tax credit award for transformative projects from 30 percent to 40 percent of total project costs, or \$350 million, whichever is less;
- (14) establishing standards for the execution of transformative phase agreements and the completion of transformative projects in phases;
- (15) requiring transformative projects, other than those that include certain film production infrastructure, to be located within an incentive area, distressed municipality, or enhanced area;
- (16) allowing the acquisition of land to count towards the calculation of project costs;
- (17) revising the definition of "enhanced area" to include any municipality that contains an urban transit hub;
- (18) revising the definitions of "food desert community" to include areas designated under the Food Desert Relief Program and "food delivery service" to reduce the square footage requirement;
- 46 (19) modifying the definition of "qualified childcare facility" to 47 include registered family child care homes, and providing that the 48 term includes facilities that maintain a licensed capacity for

children aged 13 or younger who attend for less than 24 hours per day; and

(20) revising the definition of "cash flow" to include government payments.

The New Jersey Emerge Program. The bill also revises various provisions of the New Jersey Emerge Program, including:

- (1) amending the definition of "full-time employee" to remove certain language concerning the minimum wage requirements;
- (2) replacing references to "incentive agreement" and "incentive phase agreement" with "project agreement" and "project phase agreement," respectively;
 - (3) defining the term "technology startup company";
- (4) modifying the job retention and creation requirements for eligible projects and providing preferential treatment for projects located in certain areas, including government-restricted municipalities, enhanced areas, and qualified census tracts;
- (5) allowing the EDA to designate the time period in which a business should demonstrate that it has obtained project approval;
- (6) expanding the tax credit bonus for solar energy projects to include projects that generate geo-thermal, wind, or any other renewable or distributive energy;
- (7) eliminating the tax credit bonus for projects located in qualified incentive tracts;
- (8) providing that when one-third or more of the members of an eligible business's governing body self-identify as members of an underrepresented community, then the \$2,000 per year tax credit bonus would be calculated based on each new or retained full-time job;
- (9) reducing the amount of bonus credits awarded for excess capital investment and higher-paid employees;
- (10) requiring the EDA to reduce the tax credits awarded to a project located in a government-restricted municipality if the median salary of new and retained positions is less than the existing median salary in the municipality;
- (11) adjusting the starting point, to the EDA's first issuance of a certificate of compliance, for the two-year period in which the payment of prevailing wages is required for construction work;
- (12) revising the definition of "incentive area" to include enhanced areas and remove the requirement for certain suburban planning areas and rural centers to be located nearby certain transportation facilities;
- (13) modifying the definition of "qualified childcare facility" to include registered family child care homes, and providing that the term includes facilities that maintain a licensed capacity for children aged 13 or younger who attend for less than 24 hours per day;

- (14) revising the definition of "enhanced area" to include any municipality that contains an urban transit hub; and
- (15) expands the definition of "capital investment to include costs incurred on behalf of a business by its landlord.

The Historic Property Reinvestment Program. The bill revises the amount of credits that may be awarded to eligible business entities under the program. Specifically, the credits would be limited to \$8 million for the rehabilitation of qualified properties located in a qualified incentive tract or government-restricted municipality, \$50 million for the rehabilitation of a transformative project, and \$4 million for any other project. The bill also expands the definition of "transformative project" to include certain projects that are located within government-restricted municipalities. Lastly, the bill provides that prevailing wage requirements would also apply to building services work.

The Brownfields Redevelopment Incentive Program. revises the manner in which tax credit awards are calculated under the program. Specifically, projects located in a qualified incentive tract or government-restricted municipality would receive credits equal to 60 percent of actual remediation costs, 60 percent of projected remediation costs, or \$8 million, whichever is least. All other projects would receive credits equal to 50 percent of actual remediation costs, 50 percent of projected remediation costs, or \$4 million, whichever is least. The bill also allows the credit to be claimed against the tax imposed under sections 2 and 3 of P.L.1945, c.132 (C.54:18A-2 and C.54:18A-3), section 1 of P.L.1950, c.231 (C.17:32-15), or N.J.S.17B:23-5. The bill also requires developers to provide the EDA with additional forms of evidence concerning actual remediation costs and completion of remediation. Lastly, the bill provides that prevailing wage requirements would also apply to building services work.

The New Jersey Innovation Evergreen Program. The bill reduces the minimum amount of tax credits, from \$1 million to \$500,000, that a potential purchaser may bid for through the competitive auction. The bill also requires a potential purchaser of tax credits to pay not less than 90 percent of the dollar value of the credits.

The Food Desert Relief Program. The bill revises various requirements governing the program. Notably, the bill requires the authority to designate the State's "food desert communities" based on the geographical areas having limited access to nutritious foods. The bill also allows the authority to consider various additional factors when making this determination. Additionally, the bill expands the definition of "small-food retailer" to include non-

traditional retailers such as mobile vendors and farmers' markets.

The bill also allows the authority to award grants to other eligible entities to support initiatives to strengthen the food security of residents in food desert communities.

The Main Street Recovery Finance Program. The bill amends various provisions of the program, including:

- (1) revises the definition of "microbusiness" to include businesses with less than \$1.5 million in annual gross revenue, as opposed to \$1 million;
- (2) requires the authority to undertake a disparity study of the relative availability of capital and related banking resources for small businesses and microbusinesses that are women- and minority-owned business enterprises in this State. As recommended by the study, the authority would also establish policies for the set-aside of funds for eligible small businesses and microbusinesses that are minority-owned business enterprises or women-owned business enterprises;
- (3) allows the authority to provide grants to for-profit and non-profit entities that provide technical assistance to microbusinesses;
- (4) exempts capital improvements in excess of \$50,000 from certain requirements regarding the use of renewable energy, energy-efficient technology, and non-renewable resources; and
- (5) provides that minority deposit institutions are eligible to receive grants and loans under the program.

Other Changes to Specific Programs in the "New Jersey Economic Recovery Act of 2020." The bill makes changes to other constituent programs of the "New Jersey Economic Recovery Act of 2020." The bill amends the definition of "experienced non-profit or governmental or community development entity" under the Community-Anchored Development Program to remove the requirement for these entities to own or control significant real estate assets.

Additionally, the bill expands program eligibility under the New Jersey Ignite Program to include companies founded within the last seven years, as opposed to three years. Under the bill, the maximum aggregate amount of start-up rent grants that may be provided to an approved collaborative workspace could not exceed \$100,000 per calendar year. The bill also provides additional guidance concerning the application of bonus months under the New Jersey Ignite Program.

The bill revises parts of the "Economic Development Authority Integrity and Protection Act" to clarify the responsibilities of the Chief Compliance Officer and authorize the authority to recapture any economic development incentive in the case of substantial noncompliance, fraud, or abuse by the recipient. The bill also provides that the Office of the Economic Development Inspector

General would be situated in, but not of, the Department of the Treasury.

The bill also increases the number of members who will serve on the Working Group on Entrepreneur Zones in the authority from seven to 14 members.

General Changes to the "New Jersey Economic Recovery Act of 2020." The bill also makes certain changes that apply to multiple components of the "New Jersey Economic Recovery Act of 2020."

Notably, the bill provides that up to \$350 million in tax credits, which credits were originally allocated for the New Jersey Aspire Program and the Emerge Program, would instead be made available for qualified offshore wind projects pursuant to section 6 of P.L.2010, c.57 (C.34:1B-209.4). As part of this change, the bill also revises certain elements of that law.

Additionally, the bill provides that if the EDA awards less than the annual limitation of tax credits under the New Jersey Aspire Program and the Emerge Program, then the uncommitted credits would be made available to qualified offshore wind projects and New Jersey studio partners, pursuant to P.L.2018, c.56. The bill also provides that beginning in fiscal year 2025, additional tax credits would be made available to New Jersey studio partners.

The bill also revises the manner in which the EDA would review the compliance of tax credit recipients. Specifically, the bill requires the EDA to confirm whether the business entity is in substantial good standing with respective State departments, or has entered into an agreement with a department that includes a practical corrective action plan. Additionally, the business entity would be required to confirm whether any contractors or subcontractors that perform work at a project site: (1) are registered under "The Public Works Contractor Registration Act," N.J.S.A. 34:11-56.48 et seq.; (2) have not been debarred by Department of Labor and Workforce Development from engaging in or bidding on Public Works Contracts in New Jersey; and (3) possess a tax clearance certificate issued by the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury.

Additionally, the bill exempts eligible businesses from the requirement to enter a community benefits agreement under the New Jersey Aspire Program and the Emerge Program when the business submits a copy of the business's approval letter from the EDA or a redevelopment agreement, provided that such documentation is certified by the host municipality and includes provisions that meet or exceed the standards for community benefit agreements.

The bill makes changes to the Historic Property Reinvestment Program and the Brownfields Redevelopment Incentive Program to provide that prevailing wage requirements also apply to building services work.

The bill also amends the definition of "project financing gap" under the "Historic Property Reinvestment Act," the "Brownfields Redevelopment Incentive Act," and the "New Jersey Aspire Program Act." Specifically, the bill modifies the capital contribution requirements for projects located in a government-restricted municipality, clarifies the meaning of contributed capital, and clarifies the determination of project value.

The bill also amends various sections of law to correct typographical errors.

Other Economic Development Programs. The bill revises certain other economic development programs that predated the "New Jersey Economic Recovery Act of 2020."

Notably, the bill amends the laws governing the film and digital media tax credit program. Specifically, the bill increases the amount of the film production tax credit to 35 percent of the qualified film production expenses incurred by the taxpayer. The bill also extends the period in which film production credits may be claimed to those expenses incurred before July 1, 2034. Additionally, the bill provides additional requirements concerning the review of tax credit recipients. for The bill also replaces references to "New Jersey film partners" with "New Jersey studio partners," and reduces the number of New Jersey studio partners that may be designated throughout the State.

Additionally, the bill amends the various economic development programs, including the Grow New Jersey Assistance Program, the Business Employment Incentive Program, and the Business Retention and Relocation Assistance Grant Program, by adding a new definition for "full-time employee at a qualified business facility." This provision would supersede any existing requirements for employees to be present at the qualified business facility for at least 60 percent of their time.

Under the "New Jersey Economic Recovery Act of 2020," the Economic Redevelopment and Growth Grant (ERGG) Program was extended to provide \$200 million in new tax credits, including \$150 for certain commercial projects and \$50 million for residential projects. The bill revises this allocation, providing instead that \$125 million in tax credits would be made available for residential projects and \$75 million in State incentive grants would be made available for commercial properties. The bill also requires the authority to apply certain standards set forth in the New Jersey Aspire Program when determining the repayment amount for recipients under the ERGG program.

In addition, the bill revises the New Jersey Emerging Technology and Biotechnology Financial Assistance Program by increasing, from \$10 million to \$15 million, the amount allocated for the surrender of transferable tax benefits for new and expanding emerging technology and biotechnology companies operating in

1 certain areas. The bill also expands eligibility for these funds to 2 include new and expanding emerging technology and biotechnology 3 companies that operate in opportunity zones, or that are certified as 4 a woman- or minority-owned business. 5 Lastly, the bill amends current law to allow the New Jersey 6 Infrastructure Bank to guarantee debt instruments issued by local 7 government units to support redevelopment projects that include wastewater treatment system projects, water supply projects, or 8 9 transportation projects.