[First Reprint] SENATE, No. 1997

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 214th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 27, 2010

Sponsored by: Senator JIM WHELAN District 2 (Atlantic) Senator FRED H. MADDEN, JR. District 4 (Camden and Gloucester)

Co-Sponsored by: Senators Goodwin, Beach and Oroho

SYNOPSIS

Eliminates various inactive boards, commissions, committees, councils, and task forces.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Senate State Government, Wagering, Tourism & Historic Preservation Committee on July 19, 2010, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 8/24/2010)

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1 AN ACT to eliminate inactive boards, commissions, committees, 2 councils, and task forces, and amending and repealing various 3 parts of the statutory law. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. Section 5 of P.L.1977, c.240 (C.24:6E-4) is amended to read 9 as follows: 10 5. As used in this act unless the context clearly indicates 11 otherwise: 12 a. "Drug product" means a dosage form containing one or more active therapeutic ingredients along with other substances included 13 14 during the manufacturing process. 15 b. "Brand name" means the proprietary name assigned to a 16 drug by the manufacturer thereof. "Established name" with respect to a drug or ingredient 17 c. 18 thereof, means (1) the applicable official name designated pursuant 19 to the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (Title 21, USC 301 et 20 seq.), or (2) if there is no such official name and such drug or 21 ingredient is recognized in an official compendium, then the official 22 title thereof in such compendium, except that where a drug or 23 ingredient is recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia and in 24 the Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia under different official titles, the 25 official title used in the United States Pharmacopoeia shall apply unless it is labeled and offered for sale as a homeopathic drug, in 26 27 which case the official title used in the Homeopathic 28 Pharmacopoeia shall apply, or (3) if neither (1) nor (2) is 29 applicable, then the common or usual name, if any, of such drug or 30 ingredient. 31 d. "Prescription" means an order for drugs or combinations or 32 mixtures thereof, written or signed by a duly licensed physician, 33 dentist, veterinarian or other medical practitioner licensed to write 34 prescriptions intended for the treatment or prevention of disease in 35 man or animals, and includes orders for drugs or medicines or 36 combinations or mixtures thereof transmitted to pharmacists 37 through word of mouth, telephone, telegraph or other means of 38 communication by a duly licensed physician, dentist, veterinarian or 39 other medical practitioner licensed to write prescriptions intended 40 for the treatment or prevention of disease in man or animals. 41 e. "Council" means the Drug Utilization Review Council.] 42 "Department" means the Department of Health and Senior Services. 43 f. "Chemical equivalents" means those drug products that 44 contain the same amounts of the same therapeutically active

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: ¹Senate SSG committee amendments adopted July 19, 2010.

ingredients in the same dosage forms and that meet present
 compendial standards.
 g. "Reference drug product" means the product which is
 adopted by the [council] department as the standard for other

chemically equivalent drugs in terms of testing for the therapeutic
equivalence. In all cases, the reference drug product shall be a
currently marketed drug which is the subject of a full (not
abbreviated) new drug application approved by the Federal Food
and Drug Administration.

h. "Therapeutic equivalents" means chemical equivalents
which, when administered to the same individuals in the same
dosage regimen, will provide essentially the same efficacy or
toxicity as their respective reference drug products.

i. "Bioavailability" means the extent and rate of absorption
from a dosage form as reflected by the time-concentration curve of
the administered drug in the systemic circulation.

j. "Bioequivalents" means chemical equivalents which, when
administered to the same individuals in the same dosage regimen,
will result in comparable bioavailability.

k. "Pharmaceutical equivalents" means those drug products that
contain the same amounts of the same therapeutically active
ingredients in the same dosage form and that meet established
standards.

1. "Interchangeable drug products" means pharmaceutical
equivalents or bioequivalents that are determined to be therapeutic
equivalents by the [council] department.

m. "Present compendial standards" means the official standards
for drug excipients and drug products listed in the latest revision of
the United States Pharmacopoeia (USP) and the National Formulary
(NF).

31 n. "Dosage form" means the physical formulation or medium in 32 which the product is intended, manufactured and made available for 33 use, including, but not limited to: tablets, capsules, oral solutions, 34 aerosols, inhalers, gels, lotions, creams, ointments, transdermals 35 and suppositories, and the particular form of the above which 36 utilizes a specific technology or mechanism to control, enhance or 37 direct the release, targeting, systemic absorption or other delivery of 38 a dosage regimen in the body.

39 (cf: P.L.1993, c.256, s.1)

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41 2. Section 7 of P.L.1977, c.240 (C.24:6E-6) is amended to read 42 as follows:

7. a. The [council] <u>department</u> shall prepare a list of
interchangeable drug products. This list shall be periodically
reviewed in accordance with a schedule of and procedure for such
review as shall be established by the [council] <u>department</u>. In
development of the list, distinctions shall be made when: (1)
evidence of bioequivalence is considered critical and when it is not;

1 (2) when levels of toxicity are considered critical and when they are 2 not. The list may include interchangeable drug products used by 3 the United States Government and its agencies, where the 4 government or such agency has established the reliability of the 5 drug products interchanged.

6 b. No drug products shall be included in such list until after a 7 public hearing has been held thereon after at least 20 days notice. Such notice shall be mailed to every drug company that is 8 9 authorized to do business in the State of New Jersey and to all persons who have made a timely request of the [council] 10 department for advance notice of its public hearings and shall be 11 12 published in the New Jersey Register.

Manufacturers shall, upon the request of the [council] 13 c. 14 department, be required to submit any information in their files that 15 relates manufacturing processes and in vivo and in vitro tests to the 16 bioavailability of any drug product. This requirement shall also 17 apply to technical information obtained during research related to 18 the development of new drug products, even when such information 19 bears only an indirect relationship to the final dosage form. The 20 [council] <u>department</u> shall not make such information public when 21 there is a proprietary interest on the part of the manufacturer.

22 d. Any manufacturer of drug products shall have the right to 23 request the [council] department to evaluate its drug products for 24 the purpose of inclusion on the list of interchangeable drug 25 products, or to request that the [council] department consider 26 removal of any drug product from the list. Any such request shall 27 be accompanied by such information as the [council] department shall require, and any drug product involved shall be evaluated in 28 29 the same manner and shall be subject to the same procedures and 30 requirements as all other drug products evaluated by the [council] 31 department for inclusion on or removal from the list.

32 e. Prior to any drug product being approved by the [council] 33 department, the manufacturer shall be required to demonstrate that 34 it has complied with the standards set forth in the Current Good 35 Manufacturing Practices of Title 21 USC or in such standards 36 relating to drug manufacturing practices as may be promulgated by 37 the [Department of Health] department from time to time and must 38 show evidence of a satisfactory inspection by the Federal Food and 39 Drug Administration or the [Department of Health] department.

f. 40 The [council] department shall distribute copies of the list 41 of interchangeable drug products and revisions thereof and 42 additions thereto among physicians and other authorized prescribers 43 and licensed pharmacists, and shall supply a copy to any person 44 upon request, upon payment of the price established by the 45 [council] <u>department</u>.

The [council] department shall be authorized to adopt 46 g. 47 reasonable rules and regulations, in accordance with the provisions

1 of the Administrative Procedure Act, P.L.1966, c. 410 (C. 54:14B-2 1 et seq.)] "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to carry out its functions and duties under this 3 4 act and to effectuate its purposes. 5 (cf: P.L.1977, c.240, s.7) 7 3. Section 35 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-12) is amended to 8 read as follows: 9 35. a. The Department of Environmental Protection shall adopt 10 minimum remediation standards for soil, groundwater, and surface 11 water quality necessary for the remediation of contamination of real 12 property. The remediation standards shall be developed to ensure that the potential for harm to public health and safety and to the environment is minimized to acceptable levels, taking into consideration the location, the surroundings, the intended use of the property, the potential exposure to the discharge, and the surrounding ambient conditions, whether naturally occurring or man-made. public health and safety as described herein are adopted, the department shall apply public health and safety remediation standards for contamination at a site on a case-by-case basis based upon the considerations and criteria enumerated in this section. 24 The department shall not propose or adopt remediation standards protective of the environment pursuant to this section, 25 26 except standards for groundwater or surface water, until 27 recommendations are made by the Environment Advisory Task 28 Force created pursuant to section 37 of P.L.1993, c.139. Until the 29 Environment Advisory Task Force issues its recommendations and 30 the department adopts remediation standards protective of the 31 environment as required by this section, the department shall continue to determine the need for and the application of 32 remediation standards protective of the environment on a case-by-33 34 case basis in accordance with the guidance and regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to the 35 36 "Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and 37 Liability Act of 1980," 42U.S.C. s.9601 et seq. and other statutory 38 authorities as applicable. 39 The department may not require any person to perform an 40 ecological evaluation of any area of concern that consists of an underground storage tank storing heating oil for on-site 41 42 consumption in a one to four family residential building. 43 b. In developing minimum remediation standards the 44 department shall: 45 (1) base the standards on generally accepted and peer reviewed 46 scientific evidence or methodologies; (2) base the standards upon reasonable assumptions of exposure

47 48 scenarios as to amounts of contaminants to which humans or other

18 19 Until the minimum remediation standards for the protection of 20 21 22 23

13 14 15 16 17

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receptors will be exposed, when and where those exposures will
 occur, and the amount of that exposure;

3 (3) avoid the use of redundant conservative assumptions. The department shall avoid the use of redundant conservative 4 5 assumptions by the use of parameters that provide an adequate 6 margin of safety and which avoid the use of unrealistic conservative 7 exposure parameters and which guidelines make use of the guidance 8 and regulations for exposure assessment developed by the United 9 States Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to the 10 "Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and 11 Liability Act of 1980," 42U.S.C. s.9601 et seq. and other statutory 12 authorities as applicable;

(4) where feasible, establish the remediation standards as
numeric or narrative standards setting forth acceptable levels or
concentrations for particular contaminants; and

(5) consider and utilize, in the absence of other standards used
or developed by the Department of Environmental Protection and
the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the toxicity
factors, slope factors for carcinogens and reference doses for noncarcinogens from the United States Environmental Protection
Agency's Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS).

22 c. (1) The department shall develop residential and 23 nonresidential soil remediation standards that are protective of 24 public health and safety. For contaminants that are mobile and 25 transportable to groundwater or surface water, the residential and 26 nonresidential soil remediation standards shall be protective of 27 groundwater and surface water. Residential soil remediation standards shall be set at levels or concentrations of contamination 28 29 for real property based upon the use of that property for residential 30 or similar uses and which will allow the unrestricted use of that 31 property without the need of engineering devices or any 32 institutional controls and without exceeding a health risk standard greater than that provided in subsection d. of this section. 33 34 Nonresidential soil remediation standards shall be set at levels or 35 concentrations of contaminants that recognize the lower likelihood 36 of exposure to contamination on property that will not be used for 37 residential or similar uses, which will allow for the unrestricted use 38 of that property for nonresidential purposes, and that can be met 39 without the need of engineering controls. Whenever real property is 40 remediated to a nonresidential soil remediation standard, except as 41 otherwise provided in paragraph (3) of subsection g. of this section, 42 the department shall require, pursuant to section 36 of P.L.1993, 43 c.139 (C.58:10B-13), that the use of the property be restricted to 44 nonresidential or other uses compatible with the extent of the 45 contamination of the soil and that access to that site be restricted in 46 a manner compatible with the allowable use of that property.

47 (2) The department may develop differential remediation48 standards for surface water or groundwater that take into account

1 the current, planned, or potential use of that water in accordance 2 with the "Clean Water Act" (33U.S.C. s.1251 et seq.) and the 3 "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.). 4 The department shall develop minimum remediation d. 5 standards for soil, groundwater, and surface water intended to be 6 protective of public health and safety taking into account the 7 provisions of this section. In developing these minimum health risk 8 remediation standards the department shall identify the hazards 9 posed by a contaminant to determine whether exposure to that 10 contaminant can cause an increase in the incidence of an adverse 11 health effect and whether the adverse health effect may occur in 12 humans. The department shall set minimum soil remediation health 13 risk standards for both residential and nonresidential uses that:

(1) for human carcinogens, as categorized by the United States
Environmental Protection Agency, will result in an additional
cancer risk of one in one million;

(2) for noncarcinogens, will limit the Hazard Index for anygiven effect to a value not exceeding one.

The health risk standards established in this subsection are forany particular contaminant and not for the cumulative effects ofmore than one contaminant at a site.

22 Remediation standards and other remediation requirements e. 23 established pursuant to this section and regulations adopted 24 pursuant thereto shall apply to remediation activities required 25 pursuant to the "Spill Compensation and Control Act," P.L.1976, 26 c.141 (C.58:10-23.11 et seq.), the "Water Pollution Control Act," 27 P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), the "Industrial Site Recovery Act," P.L.1983, c.330 28 29 (C.13:1K-6 et al.), the "Solid Waste Management Act," P.L.1970, 30 c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), the "Comprehensive Regulated Medical 31 Waste Management Act," sections 1 through 25 of P.L.1989, c.34 32 (C.13:1E-48.1 et seq.), the "Major Hazardous Waste Facilities 33 Siting Act," P.L.1981, c.279 (C.13:1E-49 et seq.), the "Sanitary 34 Landfill Facility Closure and Contingency Fund Act," P.L.1981, 35 c.306 (C.13:1E-100 et seq.), the "Regional Low-Level Radioactive 36 Waste Disposal Facility Siting Act," P.L.1987, c.333 (C.13:1E-177 37 et seq.), or any other law or regulation by which the State may 38 compel a person to perform remediation activities on contaminated 39 property. However, nothing in this subsection shall be construed to 40 limit the authority of the department to establish discharge limits 41 for pollutants or to prescribe penalties for violations of those limits 42 pursuant to P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), or to require the 43 complete removal of nonhazardous solid waste pursuant to law.

f. (1) A person performing a remediation of contaminated real
property, in lieu of using the established minimum soil remediation
standard for either residential use or nonresidential use adopted by
the department pursuant to subsection c. of this section, may submit
to the department a request to use an alternative residential use or

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1 nonresidential use soil remediation standard. The use of an 2 alternative soil remediation standard shall be based upon site 3 specific factors which may include (1) physical site characteristics 4 which may vary from those used by the department in the 5 development of the soil remediation standards adopted pursuant to 6 this section; or (2) a site specific risk assessment. If a person 7 performing a remediation requests to use an alternative soil 8 remediation standard based upon a site specific risk assessment, that 9 person shall demonstrate to the department that the requested 10 deviation from the risk assessment protocol used by the department 11 in the development of soil remediation standards pursuant to this 12 section is consistent with the guidance and regulations for exposure 13 assessment developed by the United States Environmental 14 Protection Agency pursuant to the "Comprehensive Environmental 15 Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980," 42 16 U.S.C.s.9601 et seq. and other statutory authorities as applicable. A 17 site specific risk assessment may consider exposure scenarios and 18 assumptions that take into account the form of the contaminant 19 present, natural biodegradation, fate and transport of the 20 contaminant, available toxicological data that are based upon 21 generally accepted and peer reviewed scientific evidence or 22 methodologies, and physical characteristics of the site, including, 23 but not limited to, climatic conditions and topographic conditions. 24 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the use of 25 an alternative soil remediation standard in those instances where an 26 engineering control is the appropriate remedial action, as 27 determined by the department, to prevent exposure to 28 contamination.

29 Upon a determination by the department that the requested 30 alternative remediation standard satisfies the department's 31 regulations, is protective of public health and safety, as established 32 in subsection d. of this section, and is protective of the environment 33 pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the alternative residential 34 use or nonresidential use soil remediation standard shall be 35 approved by the department. The burden to demonstrate that the 36 requested alternative remediation standard is protective rests with 37 the person requesting the alternative standard and the department 38 may require the submission of any documentation as the department 39 determines to be necessary in order for the person to meet that 40 burden.

41 (2) The department may, upon its own initiative, require an 42 alternative remediation standard for a particular contaminant for a 43 specific real property site, in lieu of using the established minimum 44 residential use or nonresidential use soil remediation standard 45 adopted by the department for a particular contaminant pursuant to 46 this section. The department may require an alternative remediation 47 standard pursuant to this paragraph upon a determination by the 48 department, based on the weight of the scientific evidence, that due to specific physical site characteristics of the subject real property,
including, but not limited to, its proximity to surface water, the use
of the adopted residential use or nonresidential use soil remediation
standards would not be protective, or would be unnecessarily
overprotective, of public health or safety or of the environment, as
appropriate.

g. The development, selection, and implementation of any
remediation standard or remedial action shall ensure that it is
protective of public health, safety, and the environment, as
applicable, as provided in this section. In determining the
appropriate remediation standard or remedial action that shall occur
at a site, the department and any person performing the remediation,
shall base the decision on the following factors:

14 (1) Unrestricted use remedial actions, limited restricted use 15 remedial actions and restricted use remedial actions shall be 16 allowed except that unrestricted use remedial actions and limited 17 restricted use remedial actions shall be preferred over restricted use 18 remedial actions. For any remediation initiated one year after the 19 date of enactment of P.L.2009, c.60 (C.58:10C-1 et al.), the 20 department shall require the use of an unrestricted use remedial 21 action, or a presumptive remedy or an alternative remedy as 22 provided in paragraph (10) of this subsection, at a site or area of 23 concern where new construction is proposed for residential 24 purposes, for use as a child care center licensed pursuant to 25 P.L.1983, c.492 (C.30:5B-1 et seq.), or as a public school or private 26 school as defined in N.J.S.18A:1-1, as a charter school established 27 pursuant to P.L.1995, c.426 (C.18A:36A-1 et seq.), or where there 28 will be a change in the use of the site to residential, child care, or 29 public school, private school, or charter school purposes or another 30 purpose that involves use by a sensitive population. For any 31 remediation initiated on or after the date of enactment of P.L.2009, 32 c.60 (C.58:10C-1 et al.), the department may require the use of an 33 unrestricted use remedial action or a presumptive remedy as 34 provided in guidelines adopted pursuant to paragraph (10) of this 35 subsection for a site or area of concern that is to be used for 36 residential, child care, or public school, private school, or charter 37 school purposes or another purpose that involves use by a sensitive 38 population. Except as provided in this subsection, and section 27 of 39 P.L.2009, c.60 (C.58:10C-27), the department, however, may not 40 disapprove the use of a restricted use remedial action or a limited 41 restricted use remedial action so long as the selected remedial 42 action meets the health risk standard established in subsection d. of 43 this section, and where, as applicable, is protective of the 44 environment. Except as provided in this subsection and section 27 45 of P.L.2009, c.60 (C.58:10C-27), the choice of the remedial action 46 to be implemented shall be made by the person responsible for 47 conducting the remediation in accordance with regulations adopted 48 by the department and that choice of the remedial action shall be

1 approved by the department if all the criteria for remedial action 2 selection enumerated in this section, as applicable, are met. Except 3 as provided in section 27 of P.L.2009, c.60 (C.58:10C-27), the 4 department may not require a person to compare or investigate any 5 alternative remedial action as part of its review of the selected 6 remedial action. The department may disapprove the selection of a 7 remedial action for a site on which the proposed remedial action 8 will render the property unusable for future redevelopment or for 9 recreational use;

10 (2) Contamination may, upon the department's approval, be left 11 onsite at levels or concentrations that exceed the minimum soil 12 remediation standards for residential use if the implementation of institutional or engineering controls at that site will result in the 13 14 protection of public health, safety and the environment at the health 15 risk standard established in subsection d. of this section, if the 16 requirements established in subsections a., b., c. and d. of section 36 17 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-13), and paragraphs (1) and (10) of 18 this subsection, are met. The department may also require the 19 treatment or removal of contaminated material that would pose an 20 acute health or safety hazard in the event of failure of an 21 engineering control;

22 (3) Real property on which there is soil that has not been 23 remediated to the residential soil remediation standards, or real 24 property on which the soil, groundwater, or surface water has been 25 remediated to meet the required health risk standard by the use of 26 engineering or institutional controls, may be developed or used for 27 residential purposes, or for any other similar purpose, if (a) all areas 28 of that real property at which a person may come into contact with 29 soil are remediated to meet the residential soil remediation 30 standards, (b) it is clearly demonstrated that for all areas of the real 31 property, other than those described in subparagraph (a) above, 32 engineering and institutional controls can be implemented and 33 maintained on the real property sufficient to meet the health risk 34 standard as established in subsection d. of this section, and (c) a 35 presumptive remedy established and approved by the department 36 pursuant to paragraph (10) of this subsection, or an alternative 37 remedy approved by the department pursuant to paragraph (10) of 38 this subsection, has been approved, as provided in paragraphs (1) 39 and (10) of this subsection;

40 (4) Remediation shall not be required beyond the regional 41 natural background levels for any particular contaminant. The 42 department shall develop regulations that set forth a process to 43 identify background levels of contaminants for a particular region. 44 For the purpose of this paragraph "regional natural background 45 levels" means the concentration of a contaminant consistently 46 present in the environment of the region of the site and which has 47 not been influenced by localized human activities;

1 (5) Remediation shall not be required of the owner or operator 2 of real property for contamination coming onto the site from 3 another property owned and operated by another person, unless the 4 owner or operator is the person who is liable for cleanup and 5 removal costs pursuant to P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11 et seq.);

6 (6) Groundwater that is contaminated shall not be required to be 7 remediated to a level or concentration for any particular 8 contaminant lower than the level or concentration that is migrating 9 onto the property from another property owned and operated by 10 another person;

11 (7) The technical performance, effectiveness and reliability of 12 the proposed remedial action in attaining and maintaining compliance with applicable remediation standards and required 13 14 health risk standards shall be considered. In reviewing a proposed 15 remedial action, the department or the licensed site remediation 16 professional shall also consider the ability of the owner or operator 17 to implement the proposed remedial action within a reasonable time 18 frame without jeopardizing public health, safety or the environment; 19 (8) The use of a remedial action for soil contamination that is 20 determined by the department to be effective in its guidance 21 document created pursuant to section 38 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-14), is presumed to be an appropriate remedial action if 22 23 it is to be implemented on a site in the manner described by the 24 department in the guidance document and applicable regulations 25 and if all of the conditions for remedy selection provided for in this 26 section are met. The burden to prove compliance with the criteria 27 in the guidance document is with the person responsible for 28 conducting the remediation;

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(9) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.278);

30 (10) The department shall, by rule or regulation, establish 31 presumptive remedies, use of which shall be required on any site or 32 area of concern to be used for residential purposes, as a child care 33 center licensed pursuant to P.L.1983, c.492 (C.30:5B-1 et seq.), as a 34 public school or private school as defined in N.J.S.18A:1-1, or as a 35 charter school established pursuant to P.L.1995, c.426 (C.18A:36A-36 1 et seq.). The department may also issue guidelines that provide 37 for presumptive remedies that may be required as provided in 38 paragraph (1) of this subsection, on a site to be used for residential 39 purposes, as a child care center, or as a public school, private school 40 or charter school. The presumptive remedies shall be based on the 41 historic use of the property, the nature and extent of the 42 contamination at the site, the future use of the site and any other 43 factors deemed relevant by the department. The department may 44 include the use of engineering and institutional controls in the 45 presumptive remedies authorized pursuant to this subsection. If the 46 person responsible for conducting the remediation demonstrates to 47 the department that the use of an unrestricted use remedial action or 48 a presumptive remedy is impractical due to conditions at the site, or

that an alternative remedy would be equally protective over time as
a presumptive remedy, then an alternative remedy for the site that is
protective of the public health and safety may be proposed for
review and approval by the department;

5 (11) The department may authorize a person conducting a 6 remediation to divide a contaminated site into one or more areas of 7 concern. For each area of concern, a different remedial action may 8 be selected provided the requirements of this subsection are met and 9 the remedial action selected is consistent with the future use of the 10 property; and

(12) The construction of single family residences, public
schools, private schools, or charter schools, or child care centers
shall be prohibited on a landfill that undergoes a remediation if
engineering controls are required for the management of landfill gas
or leachate.

16 The burden to demonstrate that a remedial action is protective of 17 public health, safety and the environment, as applicable, and has 18 been selected in conformance with the provisions of this subsection 19 is with the person responsible for conducting the remediation.

The department may require the person responsible for conducting the remediation to supply the information required pursuant to this subsection as is necessary for the department to make a determination.

24 h. (1) The department shall adopt regulations which establish a 25 procedure for a person to demonstrate that a particular parcel of 26 land contains large quantities of historical fill material. Upon a 27 determination by the department that large quantities of historic fill material exist on that parcel of land, there is a rebuttable 28 29 presumption that the department shall not require any person to 30 remove or treat the fill material in order to comply with applicable 31 health risk or environmental standards. In these areas the 32 department shall establish by regulation the requirement for 33 engineering or institutional controls that are designed to prevent 34 exposure of these contaminants to humans, that allow for the 35 continued use of the property, that are less costly than removal or treatment, which maintain the health risk standards as established in 36 37 subsection d. of this section, and, as applicable, are protective of the 38 environment. The department may rebut the presumption only upon 39 a finding by the preponderance of the evidence that the use of 40 engineering or institutional controls would not be effective in 41 protecting public health, safety, and the environment. The 42 department may not adopt any rule or regulation that has the effect 43 of shifting the burden of rebutting the presumption. For the 44 purposes of this paragraph "historic fill material" means generally 45 large volumes of non-indigenous material, no matter what date they 46 were emplaced on the site, used to raise the topographic elevation 47 of a site, which were contaminated prior to emplacement and are in 48 no way connected with the operations at the location of emplacement and which include, but are not limited to, construction debris, dredge spoils, incinerator residue, demolition debris, fly ash, and non-hazardous solid waste. Historic fill material shall not include any material which is substantially chromate chemical production waste or any other chemical production waste or waste from processing of metal or mineral ores, residues, slags or tailings.

7 (2) The department shall develop recommendations for remedial 8 actions in large areas of historic industrial contamination. These 9 recommendations shall be designed to meet the health risk 10 standards established in subsection d. of this section, and to be 11 protective of the environment and shall take into account the 12 industrial history of these sites, the extent of the contamination that may exist, the costs of remedial actions, the economic impacts of 13 14 these policies, and the anticipated uses of these properties. The 15 department shall issue a report to the Senate Environment 16 Committee and to the Assembly Environment and Solid Waste 17 Committee, or their successors, explaining these recommendations 18 and making any recommendations for legislative or regulatory 19 action.

(3) The department may not, as a condition of allowing the use
of a nonresidential use soil remediation standard, or the use of
institutional or engineering controls, require the owner of that real
property, except as provided in section 36 of P.L.1993, c.139
(C.58:10B-13), to restrict the use of that property through the filing
of a deed easement, covenant, or condition.

i. The department may not require a remedial action workplan
to be prepared or implemented or engineering or institutional
controls to be imposed upon any real property unless sampling
performed at that real property demonstrates the existence of
contamination above the applicable remediation standards.

31 Upon the approval by the department or by a licensed site j. 32 remediation professional of a remedial action workplan, or similar 33 plan that describes the extent of contamination at a site and the 34 remedial action to be implemented to address that contamination, 35 the department may not subsequently require a change to that 36 workplan or similar plan in order to compel a different remediation 37 standard due to the fact that the established remediation standards 38 have changed; however, the department may compel a different 39 remediation standard if the difference between the new remediation 40 standard and the remediation standard approved in the workplan or 41 other plan differs by an order of magnitude. The limitation to the 42 department's authority to change a workplan or similar plan 43 pursuant to this subsection shall only apply if the workplan or 44 similar plan is being implemented in a reasonable timeframe, as 45 may be indicated in the approved remedial action workplan or 46 similar plan.

47 k. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, all48 remediation standards and remedial actions that involve real

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1 property located in the Pinelands area shall be consistent with the 2 provisions of the "Pinelands Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 3 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.), any rules and regulations promulgated 4 pursuant thereto, and with section 502 of the "National Parks and Recreation Act of 1978," 16 U.S.C. s.471i; and all remediation 5 6 standards and remedial actions that involve real property located in 7 the Highlands preservation area shall be consistent with the 8 provisions of the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," 9 P.L.2004, c.120 (C.13:20-1 et al.), and any rules and regulations 10 and the Highland regional master plan adopted pursuant thereto.

11 Upon the adoption of a remediation standard for a particular 1. 12 contaminant in soil, groundwater, or surface water pursuant to this section, the department may amend that remediation standard only 13 14 upon a finding that a new standard is necessary to maintain the 15 health risk standards established in subsection d. of section 35 of 16 P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-12) or to protect the environment, as 17 applicable. The department may not amend a public health based 18 soil remediation standard to a level that would result in a health risk 19 standard more protective than that provided for in subsection d. of 20 section 35 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-12).

m. Nothing in P.L.1993, c.139 shall be construed to restrict or
in any way diminish the public participation which is otherwise
provided under the provisions of the "Spill Compensation and
Control Act," P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11 et seq.).

n. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection a. of section 36 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-13) to the contrary, the department may not require a person intending to implement a remedial action at an underground storage tank facility storing heating oil for onsite consumption at a one to four family residential dwelling to provide advance notice to a municipality prior to implementing that remedial action.

32 o. A person who has remediated a site pursuant to the 33 provisions of this section, who was liable for the cleanup and 34 removal costs of that discharge pursuant to the provisions of 35 paragraph (1) of subsection c. of section 8 of P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11g), and who remains liable for the discharge on that 36 37 site due to a possibility that a remediation standard may change, 38 undiscovered contamination may be found, or because an 39 engineering control was used to remediate the discharge, shall 40 maintain with the department a current address at which that person 41 may be contacted in the event additional remediation needs to be 42 performed at the site. The requirement to maintain the current 43 address shall be made part of the conditions of the permit issued 44 pursuant to section 19 of P.L.2009, c.60 (C.58:10C-19) and the final 45 remediation document.

46 (cf: P.L.2009, c.60, s.47)

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48 4. Section 1 of P.L.2003, c.112 (C.17B:30-41) is amended to

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1 read as follows: 1. 2 The Legislature finds and declares that: 3 The rising cost of hospital-based health care in this State a. impedes the ability of the State and insurers to provide reasonably 4 5 priced, comprehensive health insurance to the citizens of the State. Hospitals located within the State report more than \$1 6 b. 7 billion annually in debts that they are unable to collect. 8 The cost of covering the unpaid care represented by the debt c. 9 is spread among citizens, private insurers, hospitals and the State in 10 the form of higher bills for hospital-based care. 11 d. A significant portion of the uncollected debt is related to 12 copayments and deductibles that are difficult for hospitals to collect 13 efficiently. e. The State's Set off of Individual Liability (SOIL) program 14 15 has proven to be an administratively efficient means of collecting 16 debts owed to State agencies. 17 It is, therefore, in the public interest to create a New Jersey f. 18 Hospital Care Payment Commission, the duties of which would 19 include, but not be limited to, creating a] system for using the State's SOIL program to collect valid hospital debts. 20 21 (cf: P.L.2003, c.112, s.1) 22 23 5. Section 2 of P.L.2003, c.112 (C.17B:30-42) is amended to 24 read as follows: 25 2. As used in this act: "Coinsurance" means the percentage of a charge covered by a 26 27 health plan that must be paid by a person covered under the health 28 plan. 29 "Collection agency" means the Department of the Treasury and 30 any company, agency or law firm engaged in collecting debts that the Department of the Treasury may determine to engage to assist it 31 32 in collecting debts. 33 "Commission" means the Hospital Care Payment Commission 34 created pursuant to this act. "Debt" means money owed by a patient to a hospital, or by 35 someone who is legally responsible for payment for a patient, and 36 37 includes late payment penalties and interest thereon. It does not 38 include monies owed to a hospital by a health plan for services 39 provided by the hospital to a person with coverage under that plan, 40 or amounts subject to dispute between a health plan and a hospital. "Debtor" means an individual owing money to or having a 41 42 delinquent account with a hospital, which obligation has not been 43 adjudicated, satisfied by court order, set aside by court order or 44 discharged in bankruptcy. "Deductible" means the amount of covered charges under a 45 46 health plan that an individual must pay for a services before a health 47 plan begins to pay on a covered charge.

1 "Department" means the Department of Health and Senior 2 Services. 3 "General Hospital" and "hospital" have the meanings set forth in 4 N.J.A.C.8:43G-1.2. 5 "Health plan" means an individual or group health benefits plan 6 that provides or pays the cost of hospital and medical expenses, 7 dental or vision care, or prescription drugs, and is provided by or through an insurer, health maintenance organization, the Medicaid 8 9 program, the Medicare program, a Medicare+Choice provider or 10 Medicare supplemental insurer, an employer-sponsored group health benefits plan, government or church-sponsored health 11 12 benefits plan or a multi-employer welfare arrangement. 13 "Medicaid" means the program established pursuant to P.L.1968, 14 c.413 (C.30:4D-1 et seq.). 15 "Medicare" means the program established by Pub.L.89-97 (42 16 U.S.C. s.1395 et seq.) as amended, or its successor plan or plans. 17 "Patient" means a person who receives services in a hospital on 18 an inpatient or outpatient basis. 19 (cf: P.L.2003, c.112, s.2) 20 21 6. Section 4 of P.L.2003, c.112 (C.17B:30-44) is amended to 22 read as follows: 23 4. a. There is established the "New Jersey Hospital Care 24 Payment Fund" in the Department of the Treasury. 25 b. The fund shall be comprised of monies collected from 26 debtors of hospitals pursuant to this act, and any other monies 27 appropriated thereto to carry out the purposes of this act. 28 c. The fund shall be a nonlapsing fund, from which costs shall 29 be paid in the following order, for each hospital participating: 30 (1) administrative costs of the [commission] department to 31 implement the provisions of P.L.2003, c.112 (C.17B:30-41 et seq.); 32 (2) administrative fees to the collection agency; (3) 50% of the remainder, but only from monies collected from 33 34 debtors of hospitals pursuant to this act after paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection are paid, shall be payable to the hospital from 35 36 which the debt originated within 90 days of receipt of monies 37 related to discharge of the assigned debt into the fund; and 38 (4) the remainder, after paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) of this 39 subsection are paid, shall be deposited into the General Fund. 40 (cf: P.L.2003, c.112, s.4) 41 42 7. Section 5 of P.L.2003, c.112 (C.17B:30-45) is amended to 43 read as follows: 44 5. The [commission] department is authorized to: 45 Accept assignment of debts from hospitals which have a. followed the procedures outlined in section 7 of this act, or such 46

47 other procedures as the [commission] <u>department</u> shall adopt.

1 b. Pursue collection of debts pursuant to this act. The 2 commission department shall initiate the program in phases. The 3 first phase may involve acceptance of assignment of debt that: 4 (1) derives from a limited number of hospitals; 5 (2) consists of coinsurance and deductibles that remain payable 6 after adjudication by a health plan; 7 (3) is assigned by a general hospital; 8 (4) is less than two years old at the date of assignment to the 9 [commission] department, as determined by the date of discharge 10 for inpatient services and date of service for outpatient services; 11 (5) involves any of the above or any combination of the above, 12 or includes such other limitations as the [commission] department 13 determines are desirable to smooth implementation of the program 14 created by this act. 15 After the first phase, the [commission] department may expand 16 acceptance of assignments as it shall determine pursuant to this act. 17 Test assignment data received from the hospitals to c. 18 determine whether the records are sufficient to make set-off 19 practicable, and return records that do not pass the test to the 20 hospitals. 21 d. Conduct such fact-finding, as is necessary, in preparation for 22 making a determination as to the validity of debts. 23 Make final determinations as to the validity of debts. e 24 Determine the payment to be collected from the debtor, f. 25 based upon a "fairness formula" to be determined by the 26 [commission] department. For debt processed by the [commission] 27 department during the fiscal year starting on July 1, 2003, the 28 fairness formula shall be based upon the Department of Health and 29 Senior Services'] department's report entitled "Net Patient Revenue 30 to Charge Ratio," for the most recent year available. For debt 31 processed by the [commission] department during the fiscal year 32 starting on July 1, 2004 and thereafter, the fairness formula shall be 33 based upon the most recent available "Net Patient Revenue to 34 Charge Ratio" report, or such other measure as the [commission] department determines would most fairly reimburse hospitals for 35 36 treatment. 37 g. Offset liability for the hospital debts against the New Jersey 38 Gross Income Tax pursuant to N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., including an 39 earned income tax credit provided as a refund pursuant to P.L.2000, 40 c.80 (C.54A:4-6 et al.), or whenever any individual is eligible to 41 receive an NJ SAVER rebate or a homestead rebate pursuant to 42 P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.57 et al.) or P.L.1999, c.63 (C.54:4-8.58a 43 et al.), and if the rebate is not required to be paid over to the 44 municipal tax collector under the provisions of section 8 of 45 P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.64), and including any other financial 46 resource authorized as a source capable of offset for any reason by 47 section 1 of P.L.1981, c.239 (C.54A:9-8.1 et seq.).

1 h. Adjudicate the validity of all set-off challenges pursuant to 2 N.J.A.C. 18:35-10.1 et seq. 3 Make such decisions as to compromise and waiver of i. interest, penalties, post-judgment interest and write-off as it shall 4 5 deem prudent. Refer assigned debts under section 7 of this act to a 6 j. 7 collection agency in the event that offsetting is not practical or is 8 not successful in fully resolving the debt. 9 k. Create standards for settlement of debts through the 10 collection agency process. 11 Determine to cease accepting debt from a hospital until such 1. 12 time as the hospital can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the 13 [commission] department that its accuracy has improved to acceptable levels where the [commission] department determines 14 15 that data forwarded by a hospital to the [commission] department has an unacceptable level of inaccuracies regarding validity or 16 17 quality of the debt forwarded to the [commission] department. 18 m. Contract with other State agencies for services, including 19 administrative services necessary to carry out the duties of the 20 [commission] department. 21 n. Fund the cost of its operations from the fund created by 22 section 4 of this act. 23 o. Adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative 24 Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to effectuate 25 the purposes of this act; except that, notwithstanding any provision 26 of P.L.1968, c.410 to the contrary, the [commission] department may adopt, immediately upon filing with the Office of 27 28 Administrative Law, such regulations as the [commission] 29 department deems necessary to implement the provisions of this act, 30 which shall be effective for a period not to exceed six months and 31 may thereafter be amended, adopted or readopted by the 32 [commission] department in accordance with the requirements of 33 P.L.1968, c.410. 34 (cf: P.L.2003, c.112, s.5) 35 8. Section 6 of P.L.2003, c.112 (C.17B:30-46) is amended to 36 37 read as follows: 6. Decisions of the [commission] department, regarding the 38 39 fairness formula, the validity of debts, the adequacy of data 40 provided to the commission department by hospitals for use in 41 the program, and other such matters as shall arise concerning the 42 administration of the program, shall constitute final agency action. 43 (cf: P.L.2003, c.112, s.6) 44 45 9. Section 7 of P.L.2003, c.112 (C.17B:30-47) is amended to

read as follows: 46

7. a. The following procedures shall apply for those hospitals
 that wish to participate in the voluntary assignment program created
 by this act.

b. The hospital shall file with the [commission] department a
notice signifying its intent to participate voluntarily and certifying
the following:

(1) the hospital has determined that the patient is not eligible for
charity care under the New Jersey Hospital Care Payment
Assistance Program established by the Department of Health and
Senior Services pursuant to section 10 of P.L.1992, c.160 (C.26:2H18.60);

(2) the hospital has submitted a "clean claim" pursuant to
P.L.1999, c.154 (C.17B:30-23 et al.) and P.L.1999, c.155
(C.17B:30-26 et seq.) to the patient, a responsible party, Medicaid,
Medicare or a health plan, as applicable, within a reasonable time
following the patient's discharge, or in the case of outpatient
service, the date of service;

(3) the claims have been fully adjudicated by a health plan,
Medicare or Medicaid, where applicable, and a debt remains
outstanding;

(4) the hospital has not initiated collection procedures against
the patient or responsible party while a claim was pending
adjudication with Medicare or a health plan, for which a debt
remains outstanding;

(5) the hospital has notified the patient of the hospital's
intention, if the account is not paid in full, or alternatively through a
payment plan with the hospital, to proceed with legal action, or to
turn the bill over to the [State Hospital Care Payment Commission]
<u>department</u> for collection.

c. Nothing herein shall be deemed to create any new right to
collection of hospital debts by hospitals beyond existing law; nor
shall it be deemed to preclude any existing right to collection.

d. The [commission] <u>department</u> may determine the content of
the notice required by paragraph (5) of subsection b. of this section
to the patient concerning the likelihood that the account will be
turned over to the [commission] <u>department</u> for collection.

e. The minimum amount of an unpaid bill that may be assigned
to the [commission] department by a hospital is \$100, or such other
minimum as the [commission] department shall determine by
regulation.

f. Upon receipt of the voluntary assignment, the Department of
the Treasury shall send, on behalf of the [commission] department,
a notice to the person named as a debtor of the hospital, notifying
the person as to receipt of the assignment by the [commission]
department, providing the person with 30 days to challenge the
validity of the debt, and providing notice that in the absence of such
challenge, a Certificate of Debt will be filed with the Superior Court

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of New Jersey. The notice shall also include a statement on the
 [commission's] department's intention to take action to set off the
 liability against any refund of taxes pursuant to the "New Jersey
 Gross Income Tax Act" including an earned income tax credit, a NJ
 SAVER rebate or a homestead rebate, or other such funds as may be
 authorized by law.

7 g. If the person named as a debtor responds within the 30-day period, the person shall be provided with an opportunity to present, 8 either in writing or in person, evidence as to why the person does 9 10 not believe he is responsible for the debt. The [commission] 11 department shall provide written notice to both the person and the 12 hospital as to its determination regarding the validity of the debt, 13 including the imposition of collection fees and interest, if 14 applicable.

h. If the person fails to respond within 30 days to the [commission] <u>department</u>, the [commission] <u>department</u> may utilize the provisions of the Set off of Individual Liability (SOIL) program established pursuant to P.L.1981, c.239 (C.54A:9-8.1 et seq.), to collect any surcharge levied under this section that is unpaid on or after the effective date of this act.

21 As additional remedies, the [commission] department may 22 utilize the services of a collection agency to settle the debt and may 23 also issue a certificate to the Clerk of the Superior Court stating that 24 the person identified in the certificate is indebted under this law in 25 such amount as shall be stated in the certificate. The certificate 26 shall reference this act. Thereupon the clerk to whom such 27 certificate shall have been issued shall immediately enter upon the 28 record of docketed judgments: the name of the person as debtor; the 29 State as creditor; the address of the person, if shown in the 30 certificate; the amount of the debt so certified; a reference to this 31 act under which the debt is assessed; and the date of making the 32 entries. The docketing of the entries shall have the same force and 33 effect as a civil judgment docketed in the Superior Court, and the 34 [commission] department shall have all the remedies and may take 35 all of the proceedings for the collection thereof which may be had 36 or taken upon the recovery of a judgment in an action, but without 37 prejudice to any right of appeal. Upon entry by the clerk of the 38 certificate in the record of docketed judgments in accordance with 39 this provision, interest in the amount specified by the court rules for 40 post-judgment interest shall accrue from the date of the docketing 41 of the certificate; however, payment of the interest may be waived 42 by the [commission] department.

i. Any collection efforts undertaken pursuant to this act shall
be undertaken in accordance with the "Health Insurance Portability
and Accountability Act of 1996," Pub.L.104-191 and 45C.F.R.
160.101 to 164.534, or any other similar law. The [commission]
department and any other entity performing collection activities

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1 pursuant to this act is authorized to enter into any agreements 2 required to comply with such laws, including, but not limited to, 3 entering into agreements with the hospitals and collection agencies 4 to provide for appropriate safeguarding of information. 5 (cf: P.L.2003, c.112, s.7) 6 7 10. Section 1 of P.L.2001, c.192 (C.52:9YY-1) is amended to read as follows: 8 9 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Health Data [Commission] Act." 10 (cf: P.L.2001, c.192, s.1) 11 12 13 11. Section 2 of P.L.2001, c.192 (C.52:9YY-2) is amended to 14 read as follows: 15 2. The Legislature finds and declares that: It is the intention of the Legislature to establish a single 16 a. 17 point of contact for members of the public to obtain health data [through the creation of the New Jersey Health Data Commission]; 18 19 b. The purpose of this [commission] initiative is to compile 20 health care access, quality and cost data produced within the State 21 from public and private entities and maximize the usefulness of the 22 data for the public without duplicating existing data collection 23 efforts by State agencies; and 24 c. It is anticipated that the expense to the State of compiling 25 and disseminating the available and useful health data for the 26 benefit of the public will be minimal and will be partially offset by 27 subscriptions to routinely published [commission] documents of 28 the Department of Health and Senior Services, the purchase of special [commission] reports of the Department of Health and 29 30 Senior Services, and the receipt of grants to provide health data 31 information to the public. 32 (cf: P.L.2001, c.192, s.2) 33 34 12. Section 3 of P.L.2001, c.192 (C.52:9YY-3) is amended to 35 read as follows: 36 3. As used in this act: ["Commission" means the New Jersey Health Data Commission 37 38 established pursuant to this act. "Department" means the Department of Health and Senior 39 40 Services. 41 "Disclosure" means the disclosure of health data to a person or 42 entity outside the [commission] department. 43 "Health data" means any information, except vital statistics as 44 defined in R.S.26:8-1, relating to the health status of people, the 45 availability of health care resources and services, or the use and cost of these resources and services. Health data shall not include 46

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1 information that is created or received by members of the clergy or 2 others who use spiritual means alone for healing. 3 "Identifiable health data" means any item, collection or grouping of health data which makes the person supplying it or described in it 4 5 identifiable. "Research and statistical purposes" means the performance of 6 7 certain activities relating to health data, including, but not limited 8 to: describing the group characteristics of persons or entities; 9 analyzing the interrelationships among various characteristics of 10 persons or entities; the conduct of statistical procedures or studies 11 to improve the quality of health data; the design of sample surveys 12 and the selection of samples of persons or entities; the preparation and publication of reports describing these activities; and other 13 related functions; but excluding the use of health data for a person 14 15 or entity to make a determination directly affecting the rights, 16 benefits or entitlements of that person or entity. 17 (cf: P.L.2001, c.192, s.3) 18 19 13. Section 5 of P.L.2001, c.192 (C.52:9YY-5) is amended to 20 read as follows: 21 5. a. The [commission] <u>department</u> may: 22 (1) collect and maintain health data from State government 23 agencies or other entities on: 24 (a) the extent, nature and impact of illness and disability on the 25 population of the State; 26 (b) the determinants of health and health hazards; 27 (c) health resources, including the extent of available personnel 28 and resources; 29 (d) utilization of health care; 30 (e) health care costs and financing; and 31 (f) other health-related matters; 32 (2) undertake and support research, demonstrations and evaluations concerning new or improved methods for obtaining 33 current data with respect to any of the health data described in 34 paragraph (1) of this subsection; and 35 36 (3) promote standards for health data that will facilitate the comparison of information and ease the burden of data preparation 37 38 and reporting. 39 b. The [commission] department may collect health data on 40 behalf of other entities. 41 c. The [commission] department shall collect health data only 42 on a voluntary basis from persons and entities, except to the extent that specific statutory authority exists to compel the reporting of 43 44 such data. When requesting health data from a person or entity, the 45 agency shall notify the person or entity in writing as to the 46 following: 47 (1) whether the person or entity is required to supply the health 48 data and any sanctions which may be imposed for noncompliance;

1 (2) the purposes for which the health data is being collected; and 2 (3) if the [commission] department intends to disclose 3 identifiable health data for other than research and statistical 4 purposes, the information to be disclosed, to whom it is to be 5 disclosed, and for what purposes. d. No health data obtained by the [commission] department 6 7 under this section may be used for any purpose other than the 8 purpose for which they were supplied or for which the person or 9 entity described in the data has otherwise consented. 10 e. The [commission] department shall: (1) take such actions as may be necessary to assure that the 11 12 health data which it obtains and maintains are accurate, timely and 13 comprehensive, as well as specific, standardized and adequately 14 analyzed and indexed; and 15 (2) publish, disseminate and otherwise make available these data 16 on as wide a basis as practicable. 17 The commission department shall take such actions as are f. 18 appropriate to effect the collection and compilation of health data 19 produced within the State and to maximize the usefulness of the data collected. 20 21 g. The [commission] department shall: 22 (1) participate with federal, State and local government agencies 23 in the design and implementation of a cooperative system of 24 producing comparable and uniform health data at the federal, State 25 and local levels; 26 (2) undertake and support research, development, 27 demonstrations and evaluations concerning such a cooperative 28 system; and 29 (3) assume its fair share of the data costs associated with 30 implementing and maintaining such a system. 31 (cf: P.L.2001, c.192, s.5) 32 14. Section 6 of P.L.2001, c.192 (C.52:9YY-6) is amended to 33 34 read as follows: 35 6. a. The [commission] department shall make no disclosure of any health data which identifies a person's health status or 36 37 utilization of health care unless the person described in the data has 38 consented to the disclosure. 39 b. A person or entity to whom the [commission] department has disclosed health data shall make no disclosure of any health 40 41 data which identifies a person's health status or utilization of health 42 care unless the person described in the data has consented to the 43 disclosure. 44 c. No identifiable health data obtained by the [commission] 45 department shall be subject to subpoena or similar compulsory process in a civil or criminal, judicial, administrative or legislative 46 47 proceeding, nor shall a person or entity with lawful access to

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1 identifiable health data pursuant to this act be compelled to testify 2 with regard to that data; except that data pertaining to a party in 3 litigation may be subject to subpoena or similar compulsory process in an action brought by or on behalf of that party to enforce a 4 5 liability arising under this act. (cf: P.L.2001, c.192, s.6 6 7 8 15. Section 7 of P.L.2001, c.192 (C.52:9YY-7) is amended to 9 read as follows: 10 7. The [commission] department shall take appropriate measures to protect the security of health data which it obtains, 11 12 including: 13 a. limiting access to the data to authorized persons; 14 b. designating a person to be responsible for the physical 15 security of the data; developing and implementing a system for monitoring the 16 c. 17 security of the data; 18 periodically reviewing all health data to evaluate whether it d. 19 is appropriate to remove identifying characteristics from the data; 20 and 21 e. developing a program for the routine scheduled destruction 22 of all forms, records or electronic files maintained by the [commission] department which contain identifiable health data. 23 24 (cf: P.L.2001, c.192, s.7) 25 16. Section 8 of P.L.2001, c.192 (C.52:9YY-8) is amended to 26 27 read as follows: 28 8. [In] To effectuate the purposes of P.L.2001, c.192 29 (C.52:9YY-1 et seq.), and in addition to any other powers authorized by law, the [commission] department shall have the 30 31 authority, in accordance with State law, to: a. make and enter into contracts to purchase services and 32 33 supplies and to hire consultants; b. develop and submit a proposed budget; 34 35 c. accept gifts and charitable contributions; 36 d. apply for, receive and expend grants; 37 adopt regulations, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure e. 38 Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to effectuate the 39 purposes of this act; 40 f. establish charges for and collect payment from persons and entities for the provision of services, including the dissemination of 41 42 health data: 43 g. receive and expend appropriations; 44 h. enter into a reimbursable work program with other State government agencies or private entities under which funds are 45 46 transferred from the other agencies or entities to the commission

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1 department for the performance of activities pursuant to this act; 2 and 3 i. provide such other services and perform such other functions 4 as the [commission] department deems necessary to fulfill its 5 responsibilities under this act. 6 (cf: P.L.2001, c.192, s.8) 7 8 17. Section 9 of P.L.2001, c.192 (C.52:9YY-9) is amended to 9 read as follows: 10 9. a. A person or entity whom the [commission] department determines has violated the provisions of section 6 of [this act] 11 P.L.2001, c.192 (C.52:9YY-6), regarding the disclosure of health 12 13 data shall be subject, in addition to any other penalties that may be 14 prescribed by law, to: a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 for 15 each such violation, but not to exceed \$50,000 in the aggregate for 16 multiple violations; or a civil penalty of not more than \$250,000, if 17 the [commission] department finds that these violations have occurred with such frequency as to constitute a general business 18 19 practice. 20 The penalty shall be sued for and collected in the name of the 21 [commission] department in a summary proceeding in accordance 22 with the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 23 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). 24 The [commission] department or an entity acting on its b. 25 behalf shall be liable to a person or entity injured by the intentional or negligent violation of the provisions of section 6 of [this act] 26 P.L.2001, c.192 (C.52:9YY-6), in an amount equal to the damages 27 28 sustained by the person or entity, together with the cost of the 29 action and reasonable attorney's fees, as determined by the court. 30 (cf: P.L.2001, c.192, s.9) 31 32 18. Section 3 of P.L.1991, c.235 (C.13:1D-37) is amended to 33 read as follows: 34 3. As used in this act: 35 ["Board" means the Pollution Prevention Advisory Board established pursuant to section 5 of this act. 36 37 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department of 38 **Environmental Protection.** 39 "Consume" means to change or alter the molecular structure of a 40 hazardous substance within a production process. 41 "Department" means the Department of Environmental 42 Protection. 43 "Facility" means all buildings, equipment, structures, and other 44 property that are located on a single site or on contiguous or 45 adjacent sites and that are owned or operated by the same person. 46 "Facility-wide permit" means a single permit issued by the 47 department to the owner or operator of a priority industrial facility

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1 incorporating the permits, certificates, registrations, or any other 2 relevant department approvals previously issued to the owner or 3 operator of the priority industrial facility pursuant to P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), or 4 5 P.L.1954, c.212 (C.26:2C-1 et seq.), and the appropriate provisions of the pollution prevention plan prepared by the owner or operator 6 7 of the priority industrial facility pursuant to section 7 and section 8 8 of this act. 9 "Hazardous substance" means any substance on the list 10 established by the United States Environmental Protection Agency 11 for reporting pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.11023, and any other substance which the department, pursuant to the provisions of 12 subsection i. of section 8 of this act, defines as a hazardous 13 14 substance for the purposes of this act. 15 "Hazardous waste" means any solid waste defined as hazardous 16 waste by the department pursuant to P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et 17 seq.). 18 "Industrial facility" means any facility having a Standard 19 Industrial Classification, as designated in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual prepared by the federal Office of 20 Management and Budget, within the Major Group Numbers, Group 21 22 Numbers, or Industry Numbers listed in subsection h. of section 3 23 of P.L.1983, c.315 (C.34:5A-3) and which is subject to the 24 regulatory requirements of P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), 25 P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), or P.L.1954, c.212 (C.26:2C-1 26 et seq.). 27 "Manufacture" means to produce, prepare, import, or compound 28 a hazardous substance. 29 "Multimedia release" means the release of a hazardous substance 30 to any environmental medium, or any combination of media, 31 including the air, water or land, and shall include any release into 32 workplaces. 33 "Nonproduct output" means all hazardous substances or 34 hazardous wastes that are generated prior to storage, recycling, 35 treatment, control, or disposal and that are not intended for use as a 36 product. 37 "Office" means the Office of Pollution Prevention established in the department pursuant to section 4 of this act. 38 39 "Operator" means any person in control of, or exercising responsibility for, the daily operation of an industrial facility or a 40 41 priority industrial facility. 42 "Owner" means any person who owns an industrial facility or a 43 priority industrial facility. 44 "Person" means any individual, partnership, company, 45 corporation, society, firm, consortium, joint venture, or any 46 commercial or other legal entity. 47 "Pilot facility" means a facility or designated area of a facility 48 used for pilot-scale development of products or processes.

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1 "Pollution prevention" means: changes in production 2 technologies, raw materials or products, that result in the reduction 3 of the demand for hazardous substances per unit of product 4 manufactured and the creation of hazardous products or nonproduct 5 outputs; or changes in the use of raw materials, products, or 6 production technologies that result in the reduction of the input use 7 of hazardous substances and the creation of hazardous by-products 8 or destructive results; or on-site facility changes in production 9 processes, products, or the use of substitute raw materials that result 10 in the reduction of the amount of hazardous waste generated and 11 disposed of on the land or hazardous substances discharged into the 12 air or water per unit of product manufactured prior to treatment, and 13 that reduce or eliminate, without shifting, the risks that the use of 14 hazardous substances at an industrial facility pose to employees, 15 consumers, and the environment and human health. "Pollution 16 prevention" shall include, but need not be limited to, raw material 17 substitution, product reformulation, production process redesign or 18 modification, in-process recycling, and improved operation and 19 maintenance of production process equipment. "Pollution 20 prevention" shall not include any action or change entailing a 21 substitution of one hazardous substance, product or nonproduct 22 output for another that results in the creation of substantial new 23 risk, and shall not include treatment, increased pollution control, 24 out-of-process recycling, or incineration, except as otherwise 25 provided pursuant to subsection f. of section 7 of this act.

26 "Pollution prevention plan" means a plan required to be prepared
27 by an industrial facility pursuant to the provisions of section 7 of
28 this act.

"Pollution prevention plan progress report" means a report
required to be submitted annually to the department by the owner or
operator of an industrial facility pursuant to the provisions of
section 7 of this act.

"Pollution prevention plan summary" means a summary of a
pollution prevention plan required to be prepared by an industrial
facility and submitted to the department pursuant to the provisions
of section 7 of this act.

"Priority industrial facility" means any industrial facility
required to prepare and submit a toxic chemical release form
pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.11023, or any other facility designated a
priority industrial facility pursuant to rules and regulations adopted
by the department pursuant to the provisions of subsection h. of
section 8 of this act.

"Process" means the preparation of a hazardous substance, after
its manufacture, for sale or use in the same form or physical state,
or in a different form or physical state, as that in which it was
received at the industrial facility where it is processed, or as part of
an article or product containing the hazardous substance.

"Product" means a desired result of a production process that is
 used as a commodity in trade in the channels of commerce by the
 general public in the same form as it is produced.

4 "Production process" means a process, line, method, activity or
5 technique, or a series or combination of processes, lines, methods or
6 techniques used to produce a product or reach a planned result.

"Research and development laboratory" means a facility or a
specially designated area of a facility used primarily for research,
development, and testing activity, and not primarily involved in the
production of goods for commercial sale, in which hazardous
substances are used by, or under, the direct supervision of a
technically qualified person.

"Source" means a point or location in a production process at
which a nonproduct output is generated or released, provided,
however, that similar, related, or identical kinds of sources may be
considered a single source for the purposes of this act.

"Targeted production process" means any production process
which significantly contributes to the use or release of hazardous
substances or the generation of hazardous waste or nonproduct
output, as determined by the owner or operator of an industrial
facility pursuant to criteria established by the department.

"Targeted source" means any source which significantly
contributes to the generation of nonproduct output, as determined
by the owner or operator of an industrial facility pursuant to criteria
established by the department.

26 "Use" means to process or otherwise use a hazardous substance.

27 "Violation of this act" means a violation of any provision of this
28 act, or any rule or regulation, administrative order, or facility-wide
29 permit adopted or issued pursuant thereto.

30 (cf: P.L.1991, c.235, s.3)

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32 19. Section 21 of P.L.1983, c.315 (C.34:5A-21) is amended to 33 read as follows:

34 21. The Department of Health and Senior Services, the 35 Department of Environmental Protection, and the Department of 36 Labor [, in conjunction with the council,] and Workforce Development shall jointly establish a procedure for annually 37 receiving information [, advice, testimony, and recommendations] 38 from the [council, the] public [,] and any other interested party, 39 concerning [the implementation of this act] any revision of the 40 41 workplace hazardous substance list and any revision of the 42 environmental hazardous substance list. This procedure shall 43 include a mechanism for revising the workplace hazardous 44 substance list and the environmental hazardous substance list. Any 45 revision of the workplace hazardous substance list or environmental hazardous substance list shall be based on documented scientific 46 47 evidence. The Department of Health and Senior Services and the 48 Department of Environmental Protection shall publicly announce

1 any revisions of the workplace hazardous substance list or the 2 environmental hazardous substance list, and any such additions or 3 revisions shall be made pursuant to the provisions of the 4 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c. 410 (C.52:14B-1 et 5 seq.). 6 (cf: P.L.1983, c.315, s.21) 7 8 20. Section 8 of P.L.1998, c.108 (C.27:5F-41) is amended to 9 read as follows: 10 8. a. The Director of the Office of Highway Traffic Safety in 11 the Department of Law and Public Safety, after consultation with the [Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles] Chief 12 Administrator of the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission in, but 13 14 not of, the Department of Transportation and the Review Board on 15 Driver Education established in section 10 of P.L.1998, c.108 16 (C.27:5F-43)], shall develop curriculum guidelines for use by 17 teachers of approved classroom driver education courses. The 18 course of instruction for approved courses shall be no less than 30 19 hours in length and be designed to develop and instill the knowledge and attitudes necessary for the safe operation and 20 21 driving of motor vehicles. Defensive driving, highway courtesy, 22 accident avoidance, understanding and respect for the State's motor 23 vehicle laws, insurance fraud and State requirements for and 24 benefits of maintaining automobile insurance shall be emphasized. 25 The incorporation of these curriculum guidelines in these classroom 26 courses and the use of related instructional materials shall be a 27 requirement for approval of the course by the Director of the 28 Division of Motor Vehicles chief administrator. 29 The Director of the Office of Highway Traffic Safety, in b. 30 consultation with the [Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles] Chief Administrator of the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission, 31 32 shall produce an informational brochure for parents and guardians 33 of beginning drivers under the age of 18 years. The [division] 34 commission shall ensure that the parents or guardians of a permit 35 holder receive these brochures at the time a permit is issued to a 36 beginning driver. The brochures shall include, but not be limited to, 37 the following information: 38 (1) Setting an example for the beginning driver; 39 (2) Accident and fatality statistics about beginning drivers; 40 (3) Causes of accidents among beginning drivers; 41 (4) The need to supervise vehicle operation by a beginning 42 driver;

43 (5) Methods to coach a beginning driver on how to reduce44 accidents;

45 (6) A description of the graduated driver's license program; and

1 (7) Benefits of classroom and behind-the-wheel driver education 2 under the direction of State certified or licensed driving instructors, 3 as the case may be. 4 (cf: P.L.2001, c.420, s.1) 5 6 21. Section 9 of P.L.1998, c.108 (C.27:5F-42) is amended to 7 read as follows: 8 9. a. There is created in the Department of Transportation a 9 special non-lapsing fund to be known as the "Graduated Driver 10 License Fund." There shall be deposited in the fund up to \$5 from 11 each special learner's permit fee and examination permit fee for a 12 passenger automobile that is established pursuant to R.S.39:3-13 13 and any other monies that may be made available for graduated 14 license program start-up costs. The [Division of Motor Vehicles] New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission shall administer 15 16 expenditures from this fund. 17 b. Amounts necessary to reimburse the Division of Motor 18 Vehicles] New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission in, but not of, the Department of Transportation and the Office of Highway 19 20 Traffic Safety in the Department of Law and Public Safety for all 21 costs reasonably and actually incurred in the initial implementation 22 and continuing administration of this act shall be appropriated from the fund. The [Division of Motor Vehicles] <u>New Jersey Motor</u> 23 24 Vehicle Commission and the Office of Highway Traffic Safety shall 25 certify to the State Treasurer their start-up costs to carry out their responsibilities under [this act] P.L.1998, c.108, and the program's 26 costs annually thereafter. This amount shall be reimbursed to the 27 [Division of Motor Vehicles] New Jersey Motor Vehicle 28 Commission and the Office of Highway Traffic Safety from the 29 Graduated Driver License Fund. In the event the fund's balance is 30 insufficient to fully reimburse these costs, the State Treasurer shall 31 32 provide to the Graduated Driver License Fund a loan from the General Fund in the amount needed to fully defray these costs. This 33 34 loan shall be repaid to the General Fund when the balance in the 35 Graduated Driver License Fund exceeds the amount necessary to 36 reimburse these costs. 37 (cf: P.L.1998, c.108, s.9) 38 39 22. Section 10 of P.L.1998, c.108 (C.27:5F-43) is amended to 40 read as follows: 41 10. a. [There is established a State Review Board on Driver 42 Education.] The Director of the Office of Highway Traffic Safety 43 or his designee shall be ex officio the chairman of the board. The 44 Governor shall appoint to the board a certified secondary school 45 driver education teacher and representatives from the Department of 46 Education, the Department of Transportation, the AAA Clubs of 47 New Jersey, the Driving School Association of New Jersey, the

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1 Insurance Council of New Jersey, the New Jersey Association of 2 Chiefs of Police, the New Jersey State Safety Council and the New Jersey Traffic Safety Officers Association. The board shall make 3 4 recommendations to the Director of the Division of Motor 5 Vehicles Chief Administrator of the New Jersey Motor Vehicle 6 Commission with respect to rules and regulations promulgated 7 under [this act] P.L.1998, c.108 including, but not limited to, the 8 development of uniform curriculum guidelines for approved 9 classroom and behind-the-wheel driver education. [Any vacancies 10 occurring in the membership shall be filled in the same manner as 11 the original appointments.

b. The course of instruction for behind-the-wheel driver
education shall be designed to develop the skills necessary for the
safe and lawful operation of a motor vehicle. Defensive driving,
highway courtesy, appropriate driving behavior and attitudes,
accident avoidance, safe passing and lane changing, and a general
understanding of and respect for the State's motor vehicle laws shall
be emphasized.

19 (cf: P.L.2001, c.420, s.2)

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21 23. Section 4 of P.L.1969, c.95 (C.18A:61A-4) is amended to 22 read as follows:

23 4. The board of trustees shall organize at a meeting to be 24 called by the Commissioner of Education and annually thereafter by 25 election from their number of a chairman and a vice chairman and 26 appointment of a secretary, who may but need not be a member of 27 the board of trustees, and such other officers as the board shall 28 The meeting for the election and appointment of determine. 29 officers shall be held not earlier than July 1 and not later than 30 October 1 of each year. Officers shall serve for terms of one year, 31 and until their successors are selected and qualified. The board of 32 trustees shall be known as "The Trustees of the New Jersey School 33 of the Arts" and shall be a body corporate, with all the powers 34 usually conferred upon such bodies and necessary to enable it to make contracts, and to exercise such other rights and privileges as 35 36 may be necessary for carrying out the provisions and purposes of 37 this act. The school shall employ northern, central and southern 38 coordinators and hire appropriate professional staff to implement 39 programs in music, dance, visual arts and creative writing in each of 40 the 21 counties of the State.

41 (cf: P.L.2000, c.115, s.4)

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43 24. Section 6 of P.L.1969, c.95 (C.18A:61A-6) is amended to 44 read as follows:

6. The [board of trustees of the] school shall [, within] be
governed by the Commissioner of Education under the general
policies and guidelines set by the State Board of Education, and the

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<u>commissioner shall</u> have general supervision over, and shall be
 vested with the conduct of, the school. [It] <u>The commissioner</u>
 shall, within the general policies and guidelines set by the State
 Board of Education, have the power and duty to:

5 a. Determine the educational curriculum and program of the 6 school in accordance with the arts standards, frameworks and 7 assessments;

8 b. Determine policies for the organization, administration and9 development of the school;

c. Study the educational and financial needs of the school;
annually acquaint the Governor and Legislature with the condition
of the school; and prepare, and after concurrence by and jointly
with the State Board of Education, present the annual budget to the
Governor and Legislature, in accordance with law;

15 d. Subject to the provisions of P.L.1944, c.112 (C.52:27B-1 et seq.), direct and control the expenditures of the school in 16 17 accordance with the provisions of the budget and the appropriations 18 acts of the Legislature, except that with respect to transfers of funds 19 pursuant to P.L.1944, c.112 (C.52:27B-1 et seq.), the school shall 20 be deemed a spending agency, and as to funds received or solicited 21 from other sources, in accordance with the terms of any applicable 22 trusts, gifts, bequests, or other special provisions, the counsel, 23 advice and assistance of the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury shall be available to the [board of 24 25 trustees] commissioner in the establishment and maintenance of 26 endowment and trust funds:

e. With the approval of the State Board of Education appoint
and fix the compensation of a director of the school who shall be its
executive officer and shall serve at the pleasure of the [board of
trustees] commissioner;

f. Appoint members of the academic, administrative and
teaching staffs as shall be required and fix their compensation and
terms of employment in accordance with salary policies adopted by
the State Board of Education, which salary policies shall prescribe
qualifications for the education staff that may be in any given
classification;

g. Appoint, remove, promote and transfer such other officers,
agents or employees as may be required for carrying out the
purposes of the school and assign their duties, determine their
salaries and prescribe qualifications for all positions, all in
accordance with the provisions of Title 11A, Civil Service, of the
New Jersey Statutes;

h. Subject to the provisions of P.L.1954, c.48 (C.52:34-6 et
seq.), to enter into contracts and agreements with the State or any of
its political subdivisions or with the United States, or with any
public body, department or other agency of the State or the United
States or with any individual, firm, or corporation which are

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1 deemed necessary or advisable by the [board] commissioner for 2 carrying out the purposes of the school; 3 Adopt bylaws and make and promulgate such rules, i. 4 regulations and orders, not inconsistent with the provisions of this 5 act that are necessary and proper for the administration and 6 operation of the school and the carrying out of its purposes; 7 Receive and accept private and corporate contributions for j. 8 such purposes and upon such terms as the donor may prescribe 9 consistent with the purposes of the school and general policies and 10 guidelines set by the State Board of Education. 11 (cf: P.L.2000, c.115, s.5) 12 13 25. Section 7 of P.L.1969, c.95 (C.18A:61A-7) is amended to 14 read as follows: 15 7. Subject to the approval of the State Board of Education or 16 the board of education of a school district, as the case may be, the 17 [board of trustees] Commissioner of Education may contract for 18 the use of existing facilities, courses of instruction and programs in 19 academic and other nonarts courses and instruction of other 20 educational institutions and to employ faculty and other personnel 21 jointly or on a co-operative or cost sharing basis with such other 22 educational institutions. 23 (cf: P.L.1969, c.95, s.7) 24 25 26. Section 2 of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-2) is amended to 26 read as follows: 27 2. As used in this act: 28 "Accessorial service" means the preparation of articles for a. 29 shipment, including, but not limited to, the packing, crating, boxing 30 and servicing of appliances, the furnishing of containers, 31 unpacking, uncrating and reassembling of articles, placing them at 32 final destination and the moving or shifting of articles from one 33 location to another within a building, or at a single address; 34 b. "Board" means the State Board of Public Movers and 35 Warehousemen established under this act; (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.)(pending before the Legislature as this bill) 36 37 (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1993, c.365). c. 38 "Department" means the Department of Law and Public d. 39 Safety; 40 e. "Household goods" means personal effects, fixtures, equipment, stock and supplies or other property usually used in or 41 42 as part of the stock of a dwelling, when it is put into storage or 43 when it is transported by virtue of its removal, in whole or in part, 44 by a householder from one dwelling to another, or from the 45 dwelling of a householder to the dwelling of another householder, 46 or between the dwelling of a householder and a repair or storage 47 facility, or from the dwelling to an auction house or other place of 48 sale. The term "household goods" shall not apply to property

moving from a factory or store, except property which the
householder has purchased and which is transported at his request
as part of the movement by the householder from one dwelling to
another;

f. "Intrastate commerce" means commerce moving wholly
between points within the State over all public highways, or at a
single location;

g. "License" means a license issued by the [board] director;

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h. "Motor vehicle" means any vehicle, machine, tractor, truck
or semitrailer, or any combination thereof, propelled, driven or
drawn by mechanical power, and used upon the public highways in
the transportation of household goods, office goods and special
commodities in intrastate commerce;

i. "Mover's services" means all of the services rendered by apublic mover;

j. "Storage services" means all of the services rendered by awarehouseman;

18 "Office goods" means personal effects, fixtures, furniture, k. 19 equipment, stock and supplies or other property usually used in or as part of the stock of any office, or commercial, institutional, 20 21 professional or other type of establishment, when it is put into 22 storage or when the property is transported by virtue of its removal, 23 in whole or in part, from one location to another, but does not mean 24 or include stock and supplies or other property usually used in or as 25 part of the stock of any office, or commercial, institutional, 26 professional or other type of establishment, when put into storage;

1. "Person" means any individual, copartnership, association,
 company, or corporation, and includes any trustee, receiver,
 assignee, lessee, or personal representative of any person herein
 defined;

m. "Place of business" means a business office located in New
Jersey from which the mover or warehouseman conducts his daily
business and where records are kept;

n. "Property" means all of the articles in the definition of
household goods, office goods or special commodities;

o. "Public highway" or "highway" means any public street,
road, thoroughfare, bridge and way in this State open to the use of
the public as a matter of right for purposes of motor vehicular
travel, including those that impose toll charges;

40 p. "Public mover" or "mover" means any person who engages 41 in the transportation of household goods, office goods or special 42 commodities by motor vehicle for compensation in intrastate 43 commerce between points in this State, including the moving of 44 household goods, office goods or special commodities from one 45 location to another at a single address, and any person who engages 46 in the performance of accessorial services; except that the term 47 "public mover" or "mover" shall not apply to an owner-operator, or any person who engages in, or holds himself out to the general 48

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1 public as engaging in, the transportation of special commodities 2 when such commodities are not transported by virtue of a removal, 3 in whole or in part, and who does not engage, nor hold himself out 4 to the general public as engaging in, the transportation of household 5 or office goods; 6 q. "Special commodities" means uncrated or unboxed works of 7 art, fixtures, appliances, business machines, electronic equipment, displays, exhibits, home, office, store, theatrical or show equipment, 8 9 musical instruments, or other articles being put into storage or being 10 moved, and which require the use of equipment and personnel 11 usually furnished or employed by warehousemen or public movers, 12 except that the provisions of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) 13 shall not apply to any person engaged in the transportation or 14 storage of special commodities when these commodities are not 15 transported by virtue of a removal, in whole or in part; 16 "Storage" means the safekeeping of property in a depository r. 17 for compensation; "Tariff" means a schedule of rates and charges for the 18 s. 19 storage or transportation of property in intrastate commerce on file 20 with the [board] director, which shall be used, except in the use of binding estimates by movers, in computing all charges on the 21 22 storage or transportation of property as of the date of the time in 23 storage or transportation; 24 t. "Warehouseman" means a person engaged in the business of 25 storage; u. "Removal" means the physical relocation, in whole or in 26 27 part, of either household goods, office goods or special 28 commodities from one location to another location, including internal relocations within the same room or facility, for 29 30 compensation; 31 v. "Bill of lading" means "bill of lading" as defined by 32 paragraph (6) of N.J.S.12A:1-201; 33 w. "Consumer" means a person who contracts with a public 34 mover for mover's services; x. "Contracting public mover" means a licensed public mover 35 who contracts with an owner-operator to provide any mover's 36 37 service of the licensed public mover, and is liable for any mover's 38 services performed or agreed to be performed by the owner-39 operator pursuant to that contract; 40 y. "Director" means the Director of the Division of Consumer 41 Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety; 42 z. "Owner-operator" means a person who owns, leases, or rents 43 one or more motor vehicles and who uses the vehicles to provide 44 mover's services for a contracting public mover. 45 (cf: P.L.2007, c.50, s.1) 46 47 27. Section 6 of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-6) is amended to 48 read as follows:

1 The [board] director shall, in addition to such other powers 6. 2 and duties as [it] the director may possess by law: 3 a. Administer and enforce the provisions of this act; Adopt and promulgate rules and regulations, pursuant to the 4 b. 5 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to effectuate the purposes of this act; 6 7 c. Examine and pass on the qualifications of all applicants for 8 license under this act, and issue a license to each qualified applicant; 9 10 d. Establish professional standards for persons licensed under 11 this act; 12 Conduct hearings pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure e. 13 Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.); except that the [board] 14 director shall have the right to administer oaths to witnesses, and 15 shall have the power to issue subpoenas for the compulsory 16 attendance of witnesses and the production of pertinent books, 17 papers, or records; 18 f. Conduct proceedings before any board, agency or court of 19 competent jurisdiction for the enforcement of the provisions of this 20 act: g. Annually publish a list of the names, addresses and tariffs of 21 22 all persons who are licensed under this act; 23 h. Establish reasonable requirements with respect to proper and 24 adequate movers' and warehousemen's services and the furnishing 25 of estimates, and prescribe a uniform system of accounts, records 26 and reports; 27 i. Adopt and promulgate rules and regulations to protect the interests of the consumer, including, but not limited to, regulations 28 29 concerning the contents of information brochures which a mover or 30 warehouseman shall give to a customer prior to the signing of a 31 contract for moving or storage services. 32 (cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.3) 33 34 28. Section 7 of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-7) is amended to 35 read as follows: 36 7. The [board] director may, after notice and opportunity for a 37 hearing, revoke, suspend or refuse to renew or issue any license 38 issued pursuant to this act upon a finding that the applicant or 39 holder of a license: 40 a. Has obtained a license by means of fraud, misrepresentation 41 or concealment of material facts; 42 b. Has engaged in the use or employment of dishonesty, fraud, 43 deception, misrepresentation, false promise or false pretense; 44 c. Has engaged in gross negligence or gross incompetence; 45 Has engaged in repeated acts of negligence or incompetence; d. 46 e. Has repeatedly failed to discharge contractual obligations to 47 any person contracting for moving or storage services; 48 f. Has engaged in occupational misconduct;

1 g. Has been convicted of any crime involving moral turpitude 2 or any crime relating adversely to the activities regulated by 3 P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.). For the purpose of this 4 subsection, a plea of guilty, non vult, nolo contendere or any other 5 similar disposition of alleged criminal activity shall be deemed a conviction; 6 7 h. Has had his authority to engage in the activities regulated by 8 P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) revoked or suspended by any 9 other state, agency or authority for reasons consistent with that act; 10 or 11 Has violated or failed to comply with the provisions of i. P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) or any regulation adopted 12 13 thereunder. 14 The licensee or applicant shall be furnished with an official 15 statement of the reasons for the [board's] director's proposed action and shall be afforded an opportunity for a hearing. 16 17 (cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.4) 18 19 29. Section 8 of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-8) is amended to 20 read as follows: 21 8. The [board] director may, after one year from the date of 22 the revocation of any license, restore the license. 23 (cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.5) 24 25 30. Section 9 of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-9) is amended to 26 read as follows: 27 9. a. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the 28 business of public moving or storage unless he shall have obtained from the [board] director a license to engage in the business and 29 30 shall have a permanent place of business in this State; 31 b. Application for a license shall be made in writing to the 32 [board] director, be verified under oath by the agent in charge and 33 shall contain the following information: (1) the name and location 34 of the applicant; (2) description of the applicant's moving vehicles 35 and storage facilities; (3) identification of the issuer and amount of any insurance or surety bonds maintained by the applicant. A 36 37 license shall be issued to a qualified applicant if it is found that the 38 applicant is fit, willing and able to perform the service of a mover 39 or warehouseman, and to conform to the provisions of this act; 40 c. Every person advertising moving or storage services shall 41 include in any advertisement the number of his license, and his New 42 Jersey business address and telephone number; 43 d. No license shall be issued to an applicant if the applicant 44 has: (1) committed any act which if committed by a licensee would be grounds for suspension or revocation; (2) misrepresented any 45 46 material fact on his application; (3) not registered each vehicle 47 which will be performing intrastate moves in New Jersey, except on 48 vehicles which have been rented or leased and are operated by a

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1 public mover licensed under this act; (4) not established or 2 maintained a place of business in New Jersey; 3 e. A copy of the license shall be carried on each truck, tractor, 4 trailer or semitrailer or combination thereof at all times when the 5 vehicle is being used in operations subject to this act. (cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.6) 6 7 8 31. Section 11 of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-11) is amended to 9 read as follows: 10 11. Every warehouseman or mover shall provide safe, proper 11 and adequate service and shall observe the [board's] director's 12 rules and regulations concerning the storage or transportation of 13 property. 14 (cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.7) 15 16 32. Section 14 of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-14) is amended to 17 read as follows: 14. a. Public movers and warehousemen shall file their tariffs 18 19 with the [board] <u>director</u> semiannually; 20 b. Except in the use of binding estimates provided for in 21 section 6 of P.L.1998, c.60 (C.45:14D-29), no public mover or 22 warehouseman shall charge, demand, collect or receive a greater 23 compensation for his service than specified in the tariff. 24 (cf: P.L.1998, c.60, s.2) 25 33. Section 15 of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-15) is amended to 26 27 read as follows: 28 15. a. The [board] director shall by rule or regulation establish, 29 prescribe or change the fees for licenses, renewals of licenses or 30 other services. Licenses shall expire one year from the date of issue 31 unless the holder thereof shall, 30 days before such expiration, pay 32 to the [board] director a renewal fee accompanied by a renewal 33 application on a form prescribed by the [board] director. 34 The [board's] director's fees established, prescribed or b. 35 changed pursuant to this section shall be established, prescribed or 36 changed to such extent as shall be necessary to defray all proper 37 expenses incurred by the [board] director and any staff employed 38 to administer this act; but such fees shall not be fixed at a level that 39 will raise amounts in excess of the amount estimated to be so 40 required. 41 c. All fees and any fines imposed by the [board] <u>director</u> shall 42 be paid to the [board] director and shall be forwarded by the 43 board <u>director</u> to the State Treasurer and become part of the General Fund. 44 d. There shall be annually appropriated to the Department of 45 46 Law and Public Safety for the use of the [board] director such sums

1	as shall be necessary to implement and effectuate the provisions of
2	this act.
3	(cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.9)
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5	34. Section 16 of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-16) is amended to
6	read as follows:
7	16. Any person violating any provision of P.L.1981, c.311
8	(C.45:14D-1 et seq.) shall, in addition to any other sanctions
9	provided herein, be liable to a civil penalty of not more than
10	\$2,500.00 for the first offense and not more than \$5,000.00 for the
11	second and each subsequent offense. For the purpose of this
12	section, each transaction or violation shall constitute a separate
13	offense; except a second or subsequent offense shall not be deemed
14	to exist unless an administrative or court order has been entered in a
15	prior, separate and independent proceeding. In lieu of an
16	administrative proceeding or an action in the Superior Court, the
17	Attorney General may bring an action in the name of the [board]
18	director for the collection or enforcement of civil penalties for the
19	violation of any provision of that act. The action may be brought in
20	a summary manner pursuant to ["the penalty enforcement law"
21	(N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.)] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999,"
22	P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.), and the rules of court
23	governing actions for the collection of civil penalties in the
24	municipal or Special Civil Part of the Law Division of the Superior
25	Court where the offense occurred. Process in the action may be by
26	summons or warrant and if the defendant in the action fails to
27	answer the action, the court shall, upon finding an unlawful act or
28	practice to have been committed by the defendant, issue a warrant
29	for the defendant's arrest in order to bring the person before the
30	court to satisfy the civil penalties imposed. In an action
31	commenced pursuant to this section, the court may order restored to
32	any person in interest any moneys or property acquired by means of
33	an unlawful act or practice. Any action alleging the unlicensed
34	practice of the activities regulated by P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1
35	et seq.) shall be brought pursuant to this section or, where
36	injunctive relief is sought, by an action commenced in the Superior
37	Court. In an action brought pursuant to that act, the [board]
38	director or the court may order the payment of costs for the use of
39	the State.
40	(cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.10)
41	
42	35. Section 7 of P.L.1984, c.140 (C.45:14D-17) is amended to

43 read as follows:

44 7. Whenever it shall appear to the [board] <u>director</u> or the
45 Attorney General that a person has engaged in, or is engaging in,
46 any act or practice declared unlawful by P.L.1981, c.311
47 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.), or when the [board] <u>director</u> or the Attorney

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1 General shall deem it to be in the public interest to inquire whether 2 a violation may exist, the [board] director through the Attorney 3 General, or the Attorney General acting independently, may: 4 Require any person to file, on a form to be prescribed, a a. 5 statement or report in writing under oath, or otherwise, as to the 6 facts and circumstances concerning the rendition of any service or conduct of any sale incidental to the discharge of any act or practice 7 8 subject to that act: 9 b. Examine under oath any person in connection with any act 10 or practice subject to that act; Inspect any premises from which the activity regulated by 11 c. 12 that act is conducted; 13 d. Examine any goods, ware or item used in the rendition of 14 any service by a public mover or warehouseman; 15 e. Examine any record, book, document, account or paper 16 maintained by or for any public mover or warehouseman in the 17 regular course of engaging in the activities regulated by that act or 18 regulations promulgated pursuant to that act; 19 For the purpose of preserving evidence of an unlawful act or f. 20 practice, pursuant to an order of the Superior Court, impound any 21 record, book, document, account, paper, goods, ware, or item used 22 or maintained by or for any public mover or warehouseman in the 23 regular course of engaging in the activities regulated by that act or 24 regulations promulgated pursuant to that act. When necessary, the 25 Superior Court may, on application of the Attorney General, issue 26 an order sealing items or material subject to this subsection. 27 In order to accomplish the objectives of P.L.1981, c.311 28 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) or the regulations promulgated pursuant to that 29 act, the [board] director or the Attorney General may hold 30 investigative hearings as necessary and may issue subpoenas to 31 compel the attendance of any person or the production of books, 32 records or papers at a hearing or inquiry. 33 (cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.11) 34 35 36. Section 8 of P.L.1984, c.140 (C.45:14D-18) is amended to 36 read as follows: 37 8. If a person fails or refuses to file any statement or report, or 38 refuses access to premises from which activities regulated by 39 P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) are conducted in any lawfully 40 conducted investigative matter or fails to obey a subpoena issued 41 pursuant to that act, the [board] director or the Attorney General 42 may apply to the Superior Court and obtain an order: 43 a. Adjudging that person in contempt of court and assessing 44 civil penalties in accordance with the amounts prescribed by that 45 act: or 46 b. Granting other relief as required; or 47 Suspending the license of that person until compliance with c.

1 the subpoena or investigative demand is effected.

2 (cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.12)

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4 37. Section 10 of P.L.1984, c.140 (C.45:14D-20) is amended to 5 read as follows:

6 10. In addition or as an alternative, as the case may be, to 7 revoking, suspending or refusing to renew any license, the [board] 8 <u>director</u> may, after affording an opportunity to be heard:

9 a Assess civil penalties in accordance with P.L.1981, c.311 10 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.);

b. Order that any person violating any provision of that act 11 12 cease and desist from future violations thereof or take affirmative 13 corrective action as necessary with regard to any act or practice found to be unlawful by the [board] director; 14

15 c. Order any person found to have violated any provision of 16 that act to restore or to return to any person aggrieved by an 17 unlawful act or practice any moneys or property, real or personal, 18 acquired by means of that act or practice; except that the [board] director shall not order restoration in a dollar amount greater than 19 those moneys received by a licensee or his agent or any other 20 21 person violating that act.

22 In any administrative proceeding on a complaint alleging a violation of that act, the [board] director may issue subpoenas to 23 24 compel the attendance of witnesses or the production of books, 25 records, or documents at the hearing on the complaint.

- 26 (cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.13)
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28 38. Section 11 of P.L.1984, c.140 (C.45:14D-21) is amended to 29 read as follows:

30 11. Whenever it shall appear to the [board] director or the 31 Attorney General that a violation of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et 32 seq.), including the unlicensed practice of the activities regulated 33 therein, has occurred, is occurring, or will occur, the Attorney 34 General, in addition to any other proceeding authorized by law, may 35 seek and obtain in a summary proceeding in the Superior Court an 36 injunction prohibiting the act or practice. In the proceeding the 37 court may assess a civil penalty in accordance with the provisions 38 of that act, order restoration to any person in interest of any moneys 39 or property, real or personal, acquired by means of an unlawful act 40 or practice and may enter any orders necessary to prevent the 41 performance of an unlawful practice in the future and to remedy 42 fully any past unlawful activity. In any action brought pursuant to 43 this section, the court shall not suspend or revoke any license issued 44 by the [board] director.

45 (cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.14)

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47 39. Section 12 of P.L.1984, c.140 (C.45:14D-22) is amended to 1 read as follows:

2 12. Upon the failure of any person to comply within 10 days 3 after service of any order of the [board] director directing payment 4 of penalties or restoration of moneys or property, the Attorney 5 General or the [board] director may issue a certificate to the Clerk 6 of the Superior Court that the person is indebted to the State for the payment of the penalty and the moneys or property ordered 7 8 restored. A copy of the certificate shall be served upon the person 9 against whom the order was entered. Thereupon the clerk shall 10 immediately enter upon his record of docketed judgments the name 11 of the person so indebted and of the State, a designation of the 12 statute under which the penalty is imposed, the amount of the 13 penalty imposed, and amount of moneys ordered restored, a listing of property ordered restored, and the date of the certification. The 14 15 entry shall have the same force and effect as the entry of a docketed 16 judgment in the Superior Court, and the Attorney General shall 17 have all rights and remedies of a judgment creditor, in addition to 18 exercising any other available remedies. The entry, however, shall 19 be without prejudice to the right of appeal to the Appellate Division 20 of the Superior Court from the [board's] director's order.

21 An action to enforce the provisions of an order entered by the 22 [board] director or to collect a penalty levied thereby may be 23 brought in any municipal or Special Civil Part of the Law Division 24 of the Superior Court or the Superior Court in a summary manner 25 pursuant to ["the penalty enforcement law" (N.J.S. 2A:58-1 et seq.)] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 26 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.) and the rules of court governing the collection 27 of civil penalties. Process in the action shall be by summons or 28 29 warrant, and if the defendant fails to answer the action, the court 30 shall issue a warrant for the defendant's arrest for the purpose of 31 bringing the person before the court to satisfy any order entered. 32 (cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.15)

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34 40. Section 13 of P.L.1984, c.140 (C.45:14D-23) is amended to
 35 read as follows:

36 13. When it shall appear to the board <u>director</u> or the Attorney 37 General that a person against whom a cease and desist order has 38 been entered has violated the order, the [board] director or the 39 Attorney General may initiate a summary proceeding in the 40 Superior Court for the violation thereof. Any person found to have 41 violated a cease and desist order shall pay to the State of New 42 Jersey civil penalties in the amount of not more than \$25,000.00 for 43 each violation of the order. If a person fails to pay a civil penalty 44 assessed by the court for violation of a cease and desist order, the 45 court assessing the unpaid penalty is authorized, upon application of 46 the [board] director or the Attorney General, to grant any relief

1 which may be obtained under any statute or court rule governing the 2 collection and enforcement of penalties. 3 (cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.16) 4 5 41. Section 15 of P.L.1984, c.140 (C.45:14D-25) is amended to 6 read as follows: 7 15. No license shall be issued to a warehouseman or mover or remain in force unless the warehouseman or mover complies with 8 9 the rules or regulations that the [board] director shall prescribe governing policies of insurance, qualifications as a self-insurer or 10 11 other securities or agreements in the amount that the [board] 12 director may require. 13 (cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.17) 14 15 42. Section 3 of P.L.1998, c.60 (C.45:14D-26) is amended to 16 read as follows: 17 3. The [board] director shall notify the Board of Public Utilities of the business location and telephone number of any 18 19 public mover that does not have a valid license issued by the 20 [board] <u>director</u>. 21 (cf: P.L.1998, c.60, s.3) 22 23 43. Section 4 of P.L.1998, c.60 (C.45:14D-27) is amended to 24 read as follows: 25 4. When notified by the [State Board of Public Movers and Warehousemen] director pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1998, c.60 26 27 (C.45:14D-26), the Board of Public Utilities shall order the 28 servicing telecommunications company to disconnect that mover's 29 telephone number that is published in any commercial listing. 30 (cf: P.L.1998, c.60, s.4) 31 32 ¹44. Section 12 of P.L.1969, c.158 (C.18A:73-27) is amended to 33 read as follows: 34 12. The State Library shall consist of the State Librarian and [an advisory council and such other personnel as the President of 35 Thomas Edison State College may deem necessary for the efficient 36 37 administration thereof. (cf: P.L.2001, c.137, s.4)¹ 38 39 40 ¹45. N.J.S.18A:74-10 is amended to read as follows: 41 18A:74-10. In order to participate in any apportionment made 42 according to the provisions of this chapter, municipalities and 43 counties shall comply with the regulations and standards which 44 have been, or which may be, prescribed by law or recommended by 45 the [advisory council of the State Library] State Librarian for the 46 operation and improvement of free public libraries to provide

1 efficient and effective library services, to insure public benefit and 2 convenience therefrom and to achieve the objects of this chapter. 3 (cf: P.L.2001, c.137, s.34)¹ 4 5 ¹46. Section 4 of P.L.1973, c.381 (C.18A:74-17) is amended to 6 read as follows: 7 4. The administration of this act shall be governed by rules and 8 regulations[,] recommended [by the Advisory Council of the State 9 Library, and promulgated by the State Librarian with the approval 10 of the President of Thomas Edison State College. (cf: 2001, c.137, s.38)¹ 11 12 ¹47. Section 3 of P.L.1999, c.184 (C.18A:74-26) is amended to 13 14 read as follows: 15 3. There is created a Public Library Construction Advisory 16 Board to be comprised of seven members as follows: the Secretary 17 of State or the secretary's designee who shall serve as the chair; the 18 State Librarian or the librarian's designee; [a member of the State Library Advisory Council established pursuant to section 13 of 19 20 P.L.1969, c.158 (C.18A:73-28), or the council's designee, who shall 21 be chosen by the council and shall serve at the pleasure of the 22 council and until a successor is chosen] the President of Thomas 23 Edison State College, or the president's designee; and four persons 24 with library, construction, or finance experience who shall be 25 appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the 26 Senate and who shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor and until their successors are appointed and shall have qualified. 27 28 Moneys in the fund shall be distributed as grants to public libraries for part of eligible project costs as enumerated in section 4

29 30 of P.L.1999, c.184 (C.18A:74-27), based on criteria and a 31 competitive selection process established by the board. The board 32 shall promulgate regulations prescribing procedures for applying for 33 a grant and the terms and conditions for receiving a grant. A grant 34 application shall include a complete description of the project to be 35 financed and an identification of additional sources of revenue to be used. An application shall be reviewed, and approved or denied by 36 37 the board in accordance with uniform procedures by resolution of the board. When a grant is approved by the board, the board shall 38 39 establish the recommended grant amount and shall submit to the 40 Joint Budget Oversight Committee, or its successor, the board's 41 approved amount of the grant and a brief description of the project 42 for approval by the committee. Any grant not disapproved by the 43 Joint Budget Oversight Committee within 30 days of such 44 submission shall be deemed approved by the committee. After a 45 grant application is approved by the committee, the board shall

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     forward a copy of the application and certify the approved amount
 2
     of the grant to the authority.
 3
     (cf: P.L.1999, c.184, s.3)<sup>1</sup>
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 5
         [44.] <u>48.</u> The following are repealed:
         <sup>1</sup>Sections 13, 15, and 16 of P.L.1969, c.158 (C.18A:73-28,
 6
 7
     18A:73-30 and 31);
 8
        Section 7 of P.L.1983, c.486 (C.18A:73-31.1);<sup>1</sup>
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        P.L.1979, c.443;
10
        Section 9 of P.L.1999, c.156 (C.52:27D-118.30b);
        P.L.1983, c.378 (C.52:9V-1 et <sup>1</sup>[seq] seq.<sup>1</sup>);
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12
        Section 12 of P.L.1971, c.134 (C.52:17B-129);
13
        Section 1 of P.L.2000, c.138 (C.18A:44-5);
14
        P.L.1978, c.68;
15
        Section 1 of P.L.1994, c.191;
16
        Section 31 of P.L.2002, c.40 (C.54:10A-41);
17
        Sections 2 through 4 of P.L.1985, c.1 (C.52:17B-77.1 through
18
     52:17B-77.3, inclusive);
19
        Sections 8 through 12 of P.L.1991, c.344;
20
        Section 6 of P.L.1977, c.240 (C.24:6E-5);
        Section 37 of P.L.1993, c.139;
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22
        P.L.2003, c.58;
23
        Section 2 of P.L.1999, c.419 (C.18A:65-87);
24
        Section 2 of P.L.1995, c.419 (C.6:1-99);
25
        Section 3 of P.L.2003, c.112 (C.17B:30-43);
        P.L.2003, c.47;
26
27
        Section 5 of P.L.1998, c.37;
28
        P.L.2004, c.121;
29
        P.L.1997, J.R.7;
        Section 4 of P.L.2001, c.192 (C.52:9YY-4);
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31
        P.L.2003, c.303;
32
        Sections 1 through 7 of P.L.1993, c.209 (C.52:16A-43 through
33
     52:16A-49, inclusive);
34
        P.L.1993, J.R.7;
35
        Section 4 of P.L.1999, c.111 (C.2A:34-12.4);
36
        Section 43 of P.L.2000, c.126;
37
        Section 5 of P.L.1991, c.235 (C.13:1D-39);
38
        Sections 1 through 17 of P.L.2001, c.262 (C.18A:71B-64
39
     through 18A:71B-80, inclusive);
40
        P.L.2004, c.85;
41
        P.L.1993, J.R.8;
42
        P.L.1998, J.R.7;
43
        Sections 18 through 20 of P.L.1983, c.315 (C.34:5A-18 through
44
     34:5A-20, inclusive);
45
        P.L.2005, c.117;
46
        Section 4 of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-4);
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        P.L.1984, J.R.8;
48
        P.L.1992, c.75 (C.52:9H-31 et seq.);
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- 1 P.L.1994, c.146;
- 2 P.L.2002, c.49;
- 3 P.L.2004, J.R.1;
- 4 Section 3 of P.L.1969, c.95 (C.18A:61A-3); and
- 5 Sections 1 through 7 of P.L.2001, c.203.
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- 7 ¹[45.] <u>49.</u>¹ This act shall take effect immediately.